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Discussion of PFC strategy for NSTX-U

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NSTX-U research targets predictive physics understanding needed for fusion energy development facilities

- Enable key ST applications
 - Move toward steady-state ST FNSF, pilot plant
 - Close key gaps to DEMO
- Extend understanding to tokamak / ITER
 - Leverage ST to develop predictive capability

Research Goals:

- Develop key physics understanding to be tested in unexplored, hotter ST plasmas
 - Study high beta plasma transport and stability at reduced collisionality, extended pulse
 - Prototype methods to mitigate very high heat/particle flux
 - Move toward fully non-inductive operation with profile control (current and rotation profiles)





Particle control is the most critical component

- PFC / facility elements that require staging:
 - Cryo-pump
 - Enables density / collisionality control
 - directly contributing toward NSTX-U goals
 - Opens up operations window and new scenarios
 - Contributes to research in all TSGs
 - Enables major contributions to Boundary research (divertor, SOL, PFC)
 - Molybdenum PFCs
 - Enable initial (arguably complete) assessment of moly PFC in NSTX-U
 - Enable initial (arguably complete) assessment of lithium coatings on moly PFC
 - Desirable but not necessary for NSTX-U goals
 - "Enhanced" lithium tools (e.g., upper LITER, etc)
 - Enable assessment of pumping and particle control by lithium coatings
 - Contributes to many TSGs
 - Desirable but arguably necessary for NSTX-U goals
 - Results do not scale to future devices





- Discussion
 - Year 1-2 no new elements, establish baseline NSTX-U scenarios and results in PFC / Boundary area (pedestal, SOL, divertor), clarify the need for particle control
 - Year 2-3 implement cryo-pump
 - Year 2-5 plan and implement moly PFC and enhanced lithium tools as necessary

