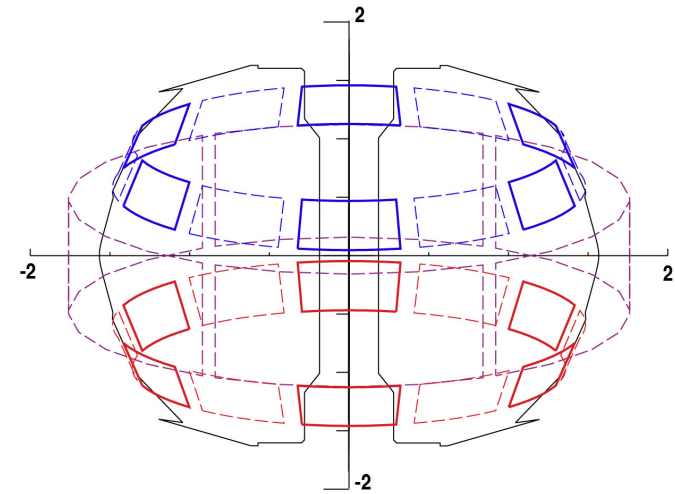


NCC Spectral Modeling Using 2x6 n = 3 Even and Odd Coil Options

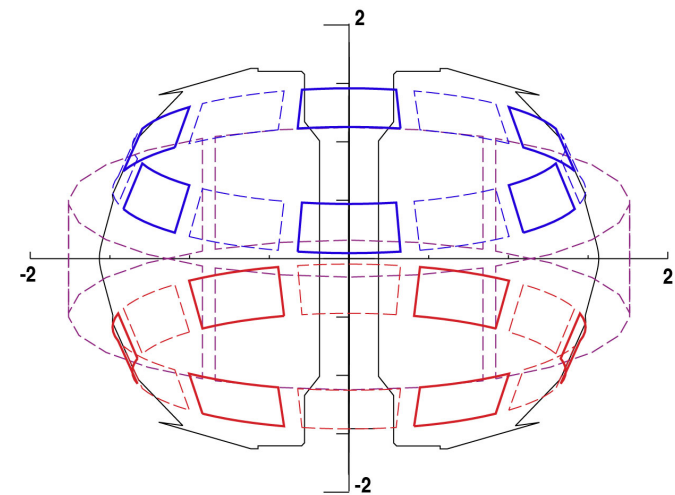
T. E. Evans (GA)

NSTX-U NCC Working
Group Meeting

March 23, 2015



2x6 Even L00 NSTX-U

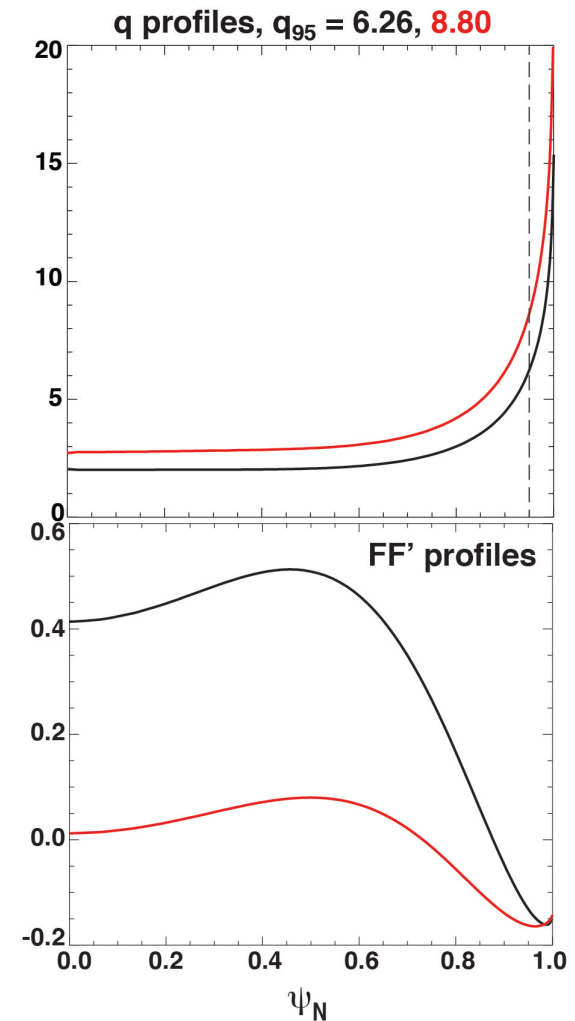
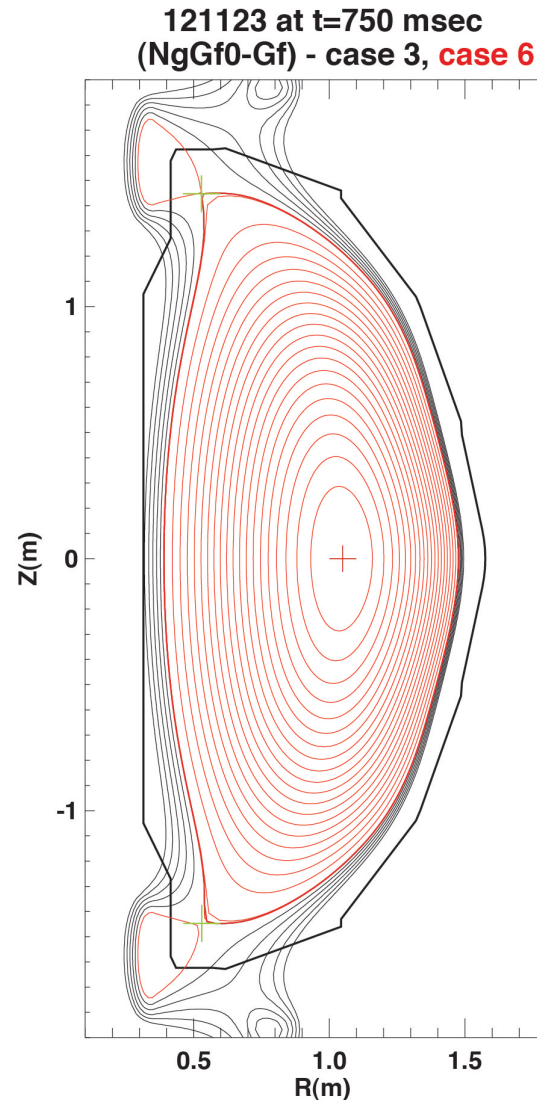


2x6 Odd L30 NSTX-U

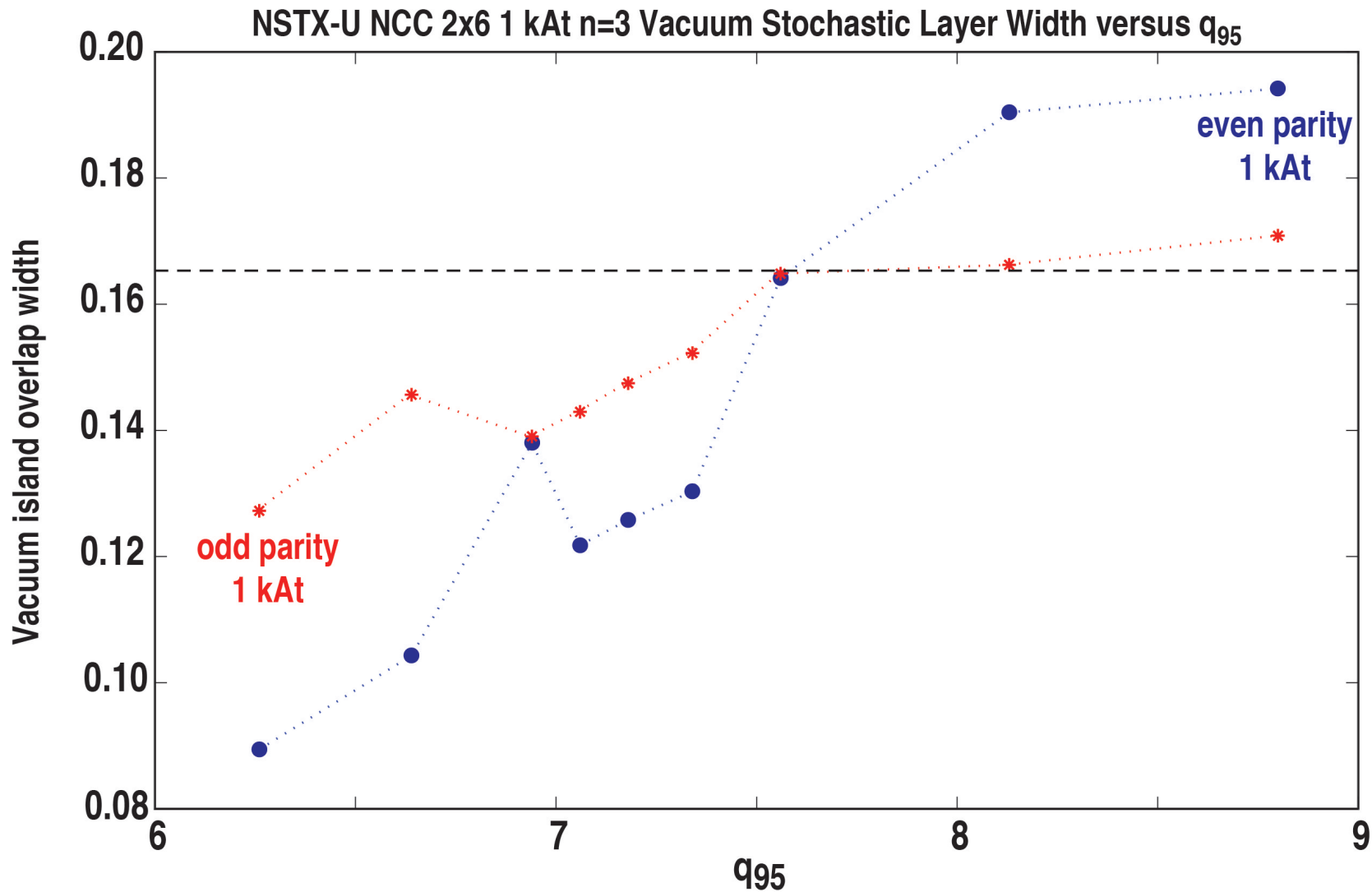


Identical NSTX-U Fixed Boundary Equilibria Used Over a Range of FF' and q Profiles

- **Nine cases examined:**
 - q_{95} scanned from 6.26 (case 3) to 8.80 (case 6)
- **Vacuum island overlap widths calculated for each q_{95} using $n = 3$:**
 - 2x6 even parity 1 kAt
 - 2x6 odd parity 1 kAt
 - 2x6 even parity 2 kAt
 - 2x6 odd parity 2 kAt

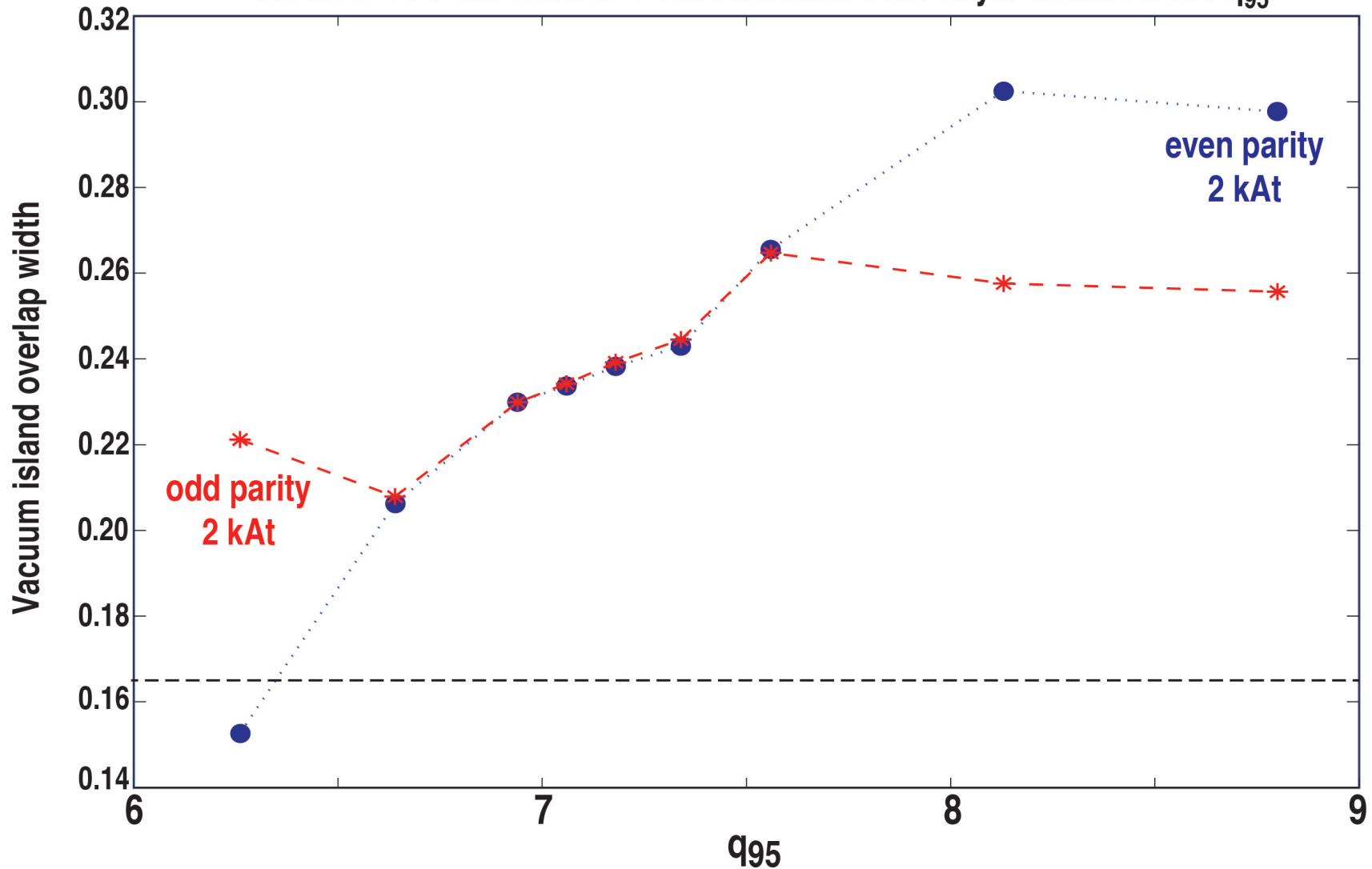


Odd and Even Parity Vacuum Island Overlap Width (VIOW) using 1 kAt $n = 3$ Fields Exceeds 16.5% with $7.5 \leq q_{95} \leq 8.8$

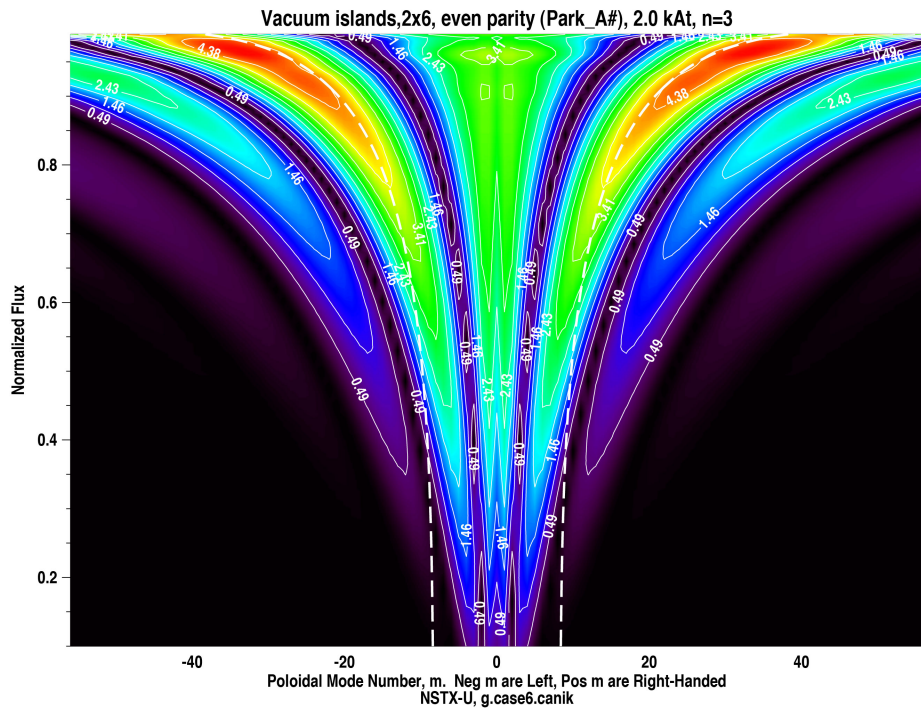


Odd Parity Exceeds 16.5% VIOW with $6.26 \leq q_{95} \leq 8.8$ using 2 kAt n = 3 Fields; Even Parity is below 16.5% at $q_{95} = 6.26$

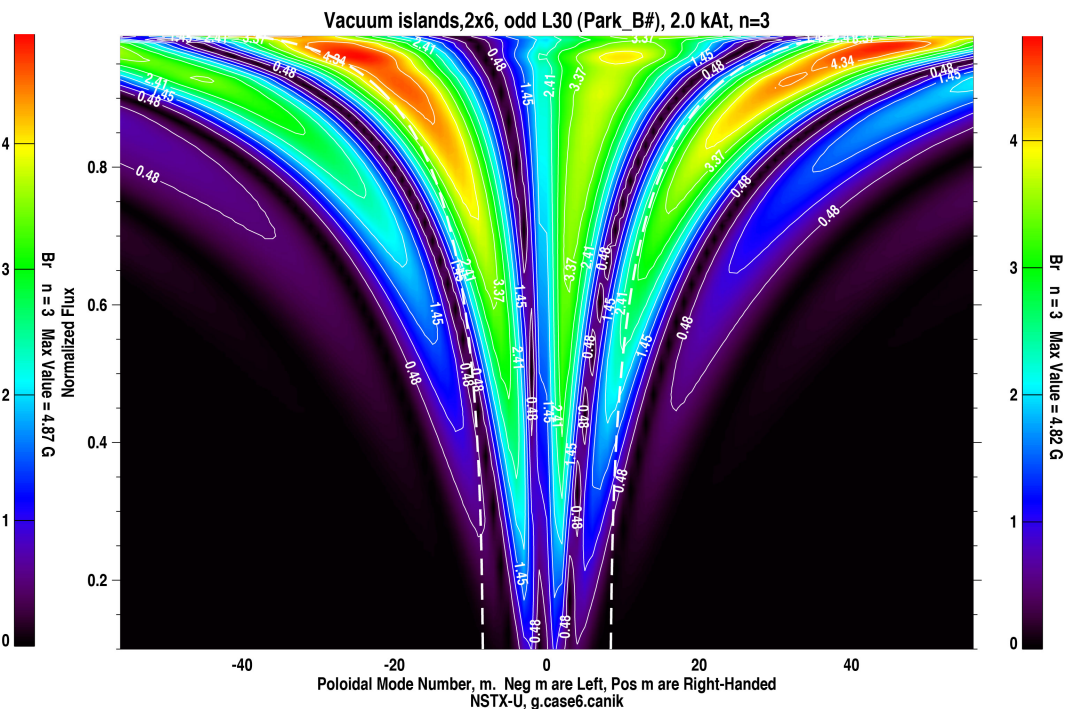
NSTX-U NCC 2x6 2 kAt n=3 Vacuum Stochastic Layer Width versus q_{95}



Odd Parity $q_{95} = 8.80$ Spectrum is Strongly Left-Right Asymmetric Compared to Even Parity Spectrum

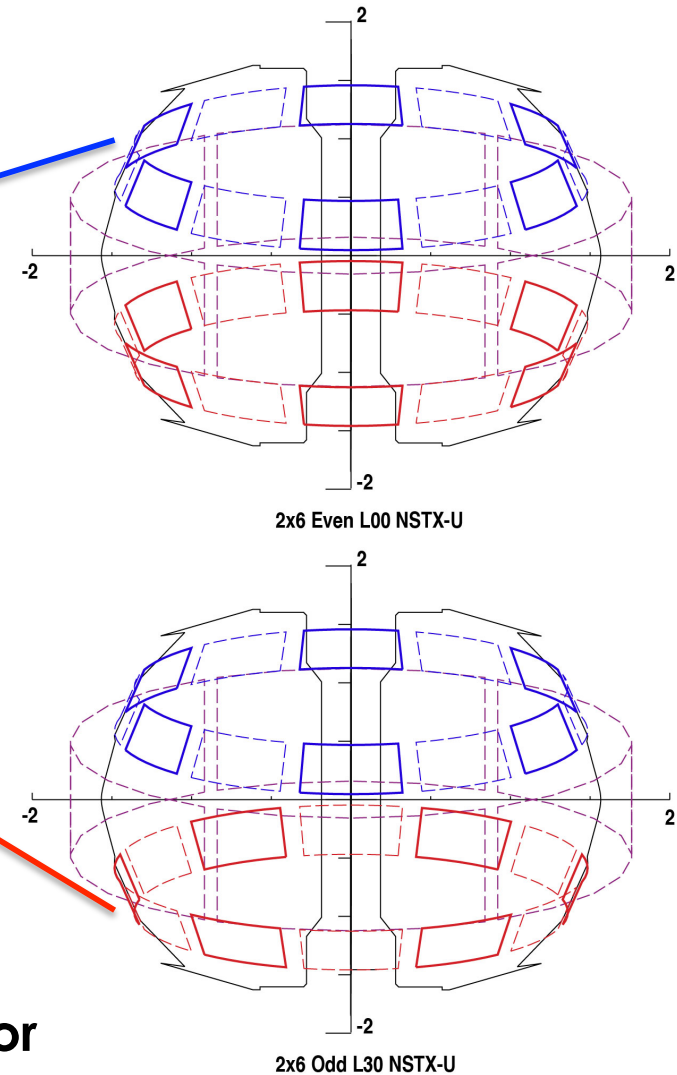
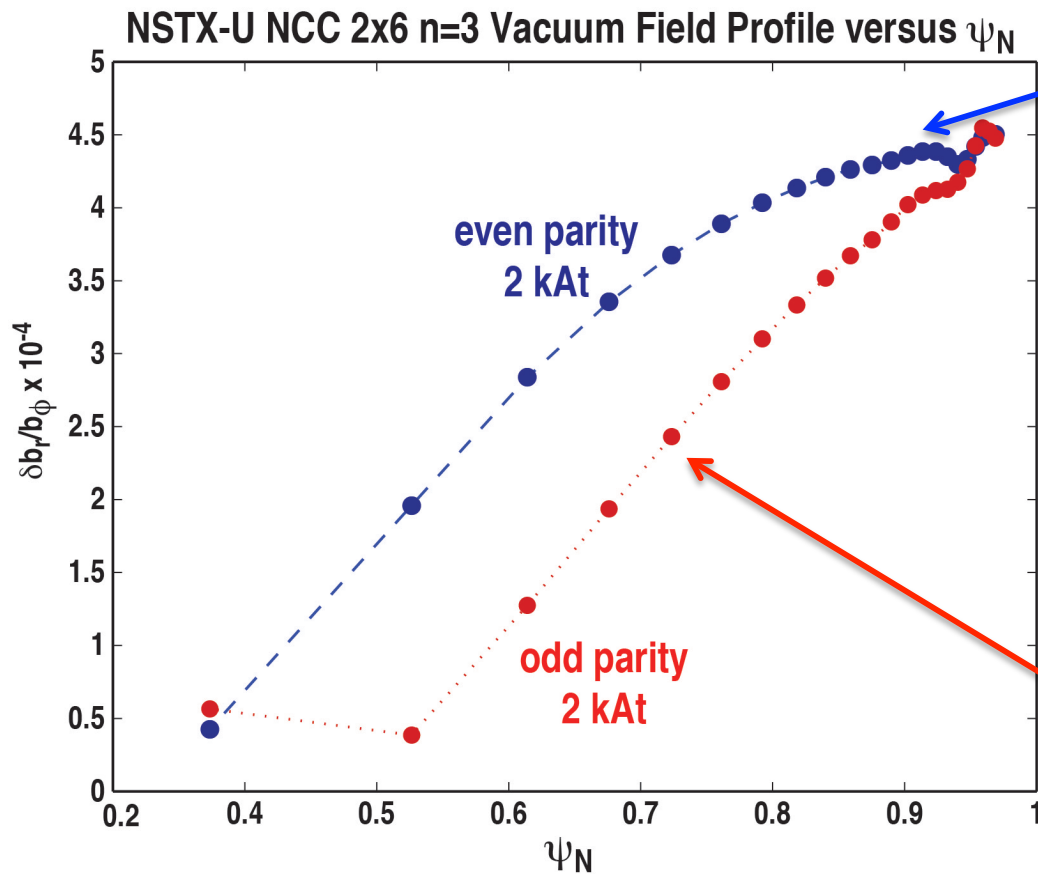


Even Parity



Odd Parity

$\delta b_r \geq 4 \times 10^{-4} b_\phi$ Across the Pedestal ($0.9 \leq \psi_N \leq 1.0$) in Both Odd and Even Parity Configurations with 2 kAt n = 3 Fields



- Pedestal $\delta b_r \geq 4 \times 10^{-4} b_\phi$ typically needed for ELM suppression in DIII-D

Comments

- **2 kAt capability required to obtain minimum VIOW and pedestal**
 $\delta b_r \geq 4 \times 10^{-4} b_\phi$
 - Odd parity (lower row shifted by 30°) is slightly better than even parity
 - VIOW generally increases with q_{95}
 - Core perturbation is about a factor of 3 smaller with odd parity
- **M3D-C¹ simulations are underway using equilibrium file**
g.142301C94_2MA_bN5.5_q6.9
 - TRIP3D-SURFMN code is unable to read this equilibrium file
 - Developing an alternative approach