

The dependence of the power threshold on drsep and X-point height

Rajesh MaingiOak Ridge National LaboratoryHendrik MeyerUKAEA FusionTed BiewerMassachusetts Institute of Technology

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Summary: P_{LH} was lower in DN than in LSN and USN for all NBI and RF heated cases that were measured

- NBI power threshold for $I_p=600 \text{ kA}$, $B_t=0.45 \text{ T}$
 - → DN #117752 ≤ 0.6 MW: κ =2.0, δ_{l} =0.47, δ_{u} =0.49, Δ_{r}^{sep} =0.0
 - \succ LSN#117747 ≤ 1.1 MW: κ=1.76, δ_l =0.52, δ_u =0.35, Δ_r^{sep} =-2.0
 - ➤ USN#117750 ≤ 4 MW: κ=1.72, δ_l=0.35, δ_u=0.55, Δ_r^{sep}=1.4 (USN H-mode for first time ?! with large Δ_r^{sep})
- RF power threshold for $I_p = 600 \text{ kA}$, $B_t = 0.45 \text{ T}$
 - > DN#117767/#117776 \leq 0.6-1.1MW ($\Delta_r^{sep}=0.0$ cm)
 - ► LSN#117777 \leq 1.7MW (Δ_r^{sep} =-0.5cm)
 - ► LSN#117782 \leq 2.7 MW (Δ_r^{sep} =-1.8cm)
- Ohmic H-mode obtained for $I_p=900 \text{ kA}$, $B_t=0.45 \text{ T}$ in LSN#117754 and DN#117756(USN not attempted) with $\kappa=2.0, 2.1, \ \delta_l=0.40, 0.38, \ \delta_u=0.32, 0.38, \ \Delta_r^{sep}=-2.4, 0.0 \text{ cm}$



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P_{LH} increased with decreasing drsep with RF heating