#### Quiet Periods in Edge Turbulence Preceding the L-H Transition in NSTX

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What triggers the L-H transition in NSTX ?

also thanks to: R. Bell, C.S. Chang, E.D. Fredrickson, T.S. Hahm, S. Kubota, B. LeBlanc, K.C. Lee, D.A. Russell, S. Sabbagh, and K. Tritz

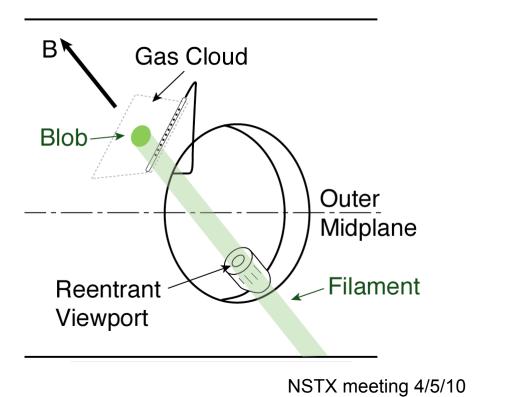
## **Outline and Summary**

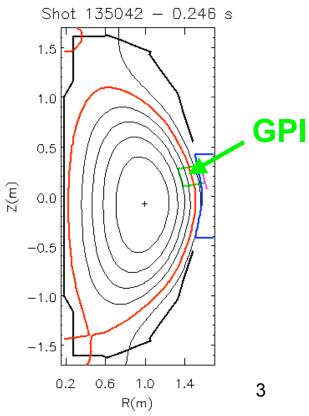
- Ultra-fast GPI movies of L-H transition (XP #929)
- Quiet periods observed preceding L-H transition
- Estimate of poloidal shear flow from turbulence
- Theory and directions for further data analysis

- => the 'quiet periods' do *not* appear to trigger L-H transition
- => local shear flow does *not* appear to trigger L-H transition

# **Gas Puff Imaging Diagnostic on NSTX**

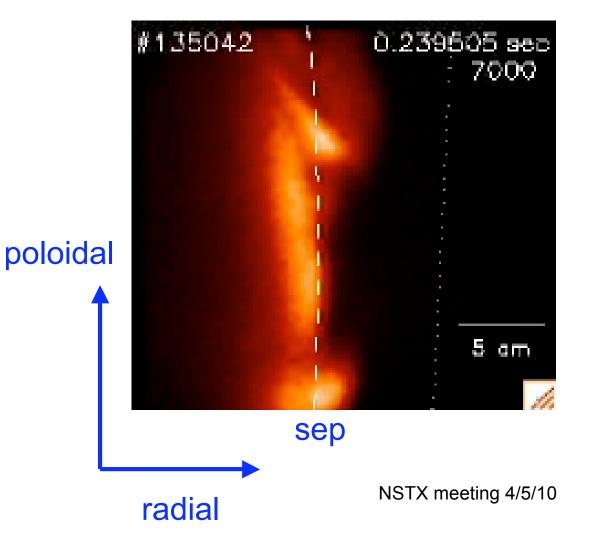
- Views  $\mathsf{D}_{\alpha}$  light along B to get 2D radial vs. poloidal view
- Turbulence structure and motion derived using  $D_{\alpha}(n,T_e)$

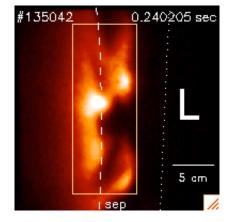


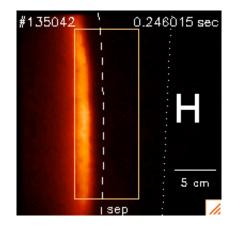


## **GPI Images Across L-H Transition**

#### ~100 µs/sec (285,000 frames/sec)

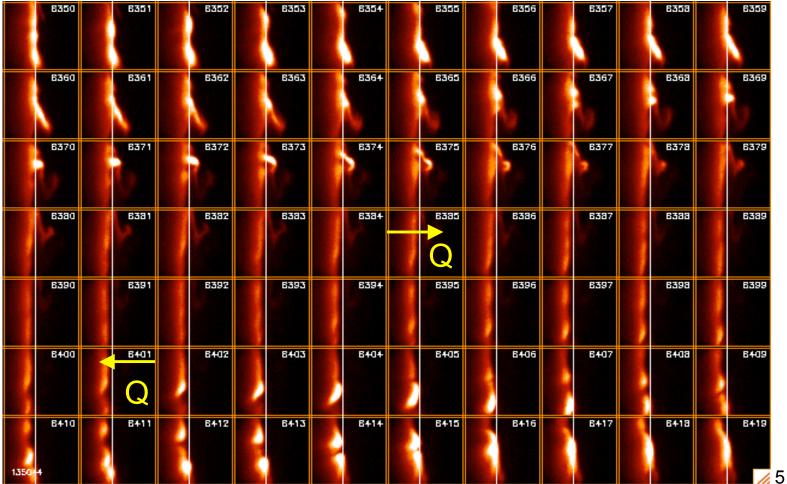






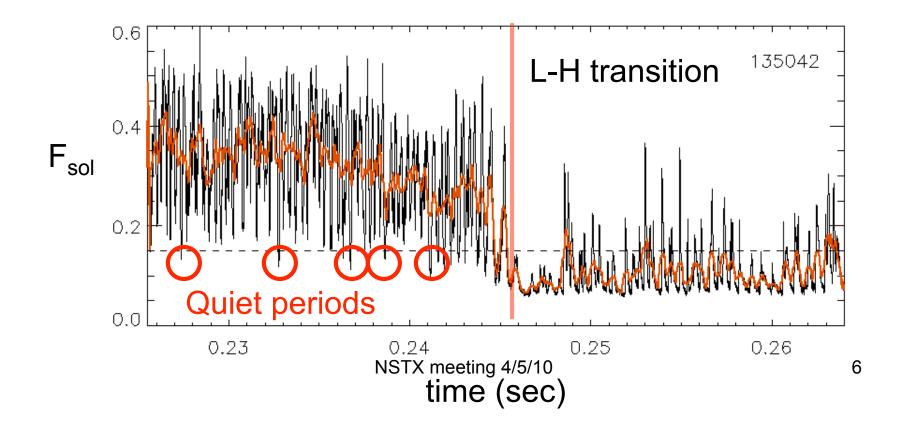
### **Quiet Periods Preceding Transition**

Sometimes GPI images in L-mode look like H-mode ! •



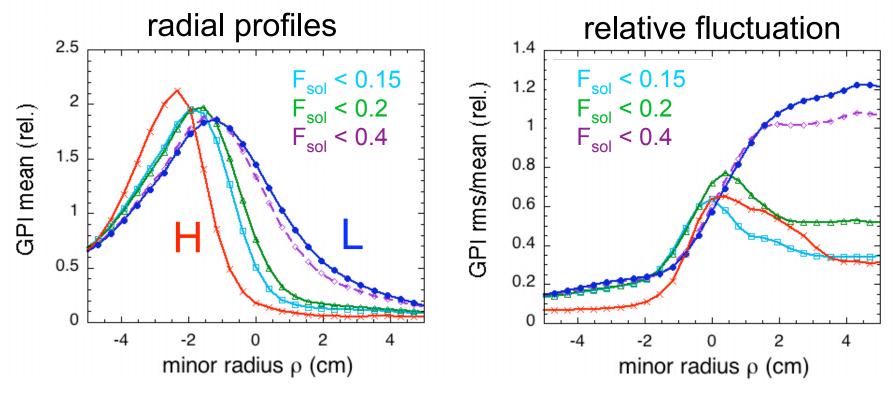
#### **Define "Scrape-off Layer Fraction"**

- $F_{sol}$  = fraction of GPI  $D_{\alpha}$  light located outside separatrix
- Measures "H-mode-ness",  $F_{sol} \le 0.15$  seen in H-mode
- F<sub>sol</sub> determined by shape of n, T<sub>e</sub> profiles near separatrix

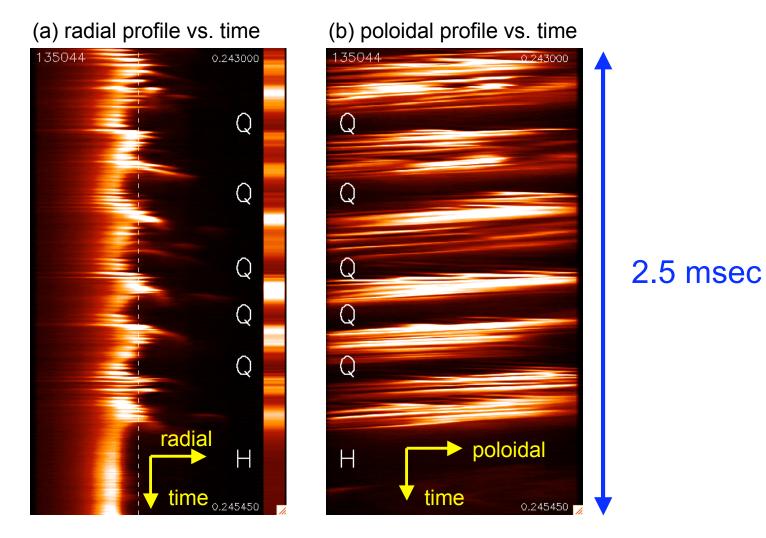


## **Radial Profiles vs. F**<sub>sol</sub>

- GPI radial profiles and relative GPI fluctuation levels in L-mode for  $F_{sol}$  < 0.2 look like those in H-mode

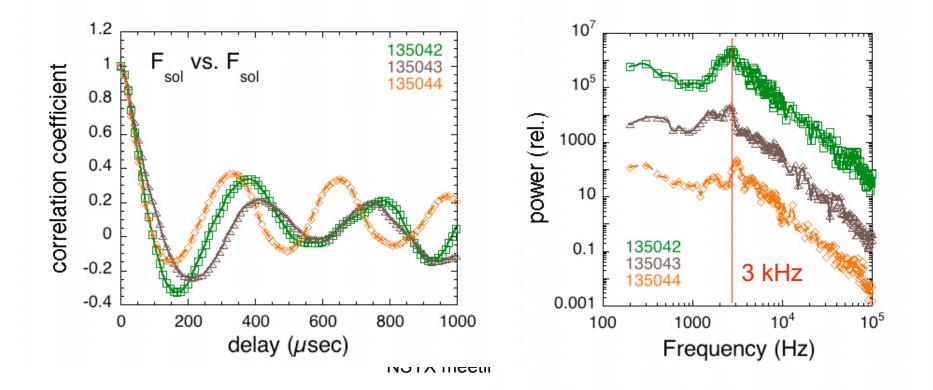


## **Quiet Periods Across L-H Transition**



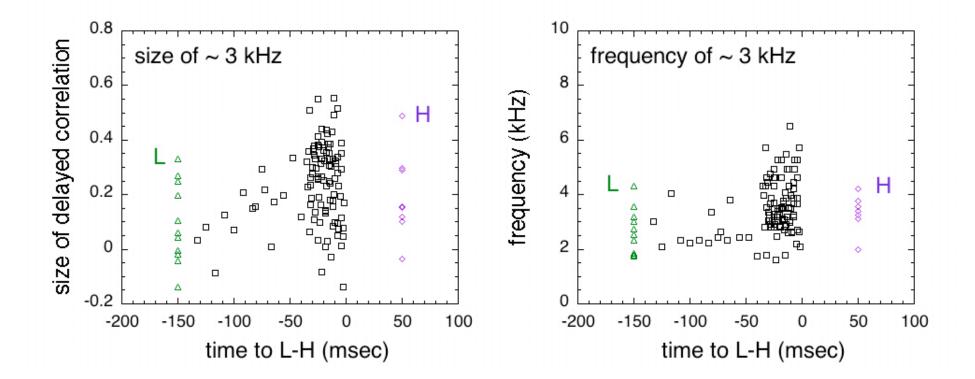
#### **Frequency of Quiet Periods**

- Autocorrelation of  $F_{sol}$  shows quasi-periodicity of ~ 300 µs
- Quiet periods have frequency of roughly ~ 3 kHz



## **Duration of Quiet Periods**

• Size and frequency of quiet periods is not changing before L-H transition, so does not appear to trigger transition



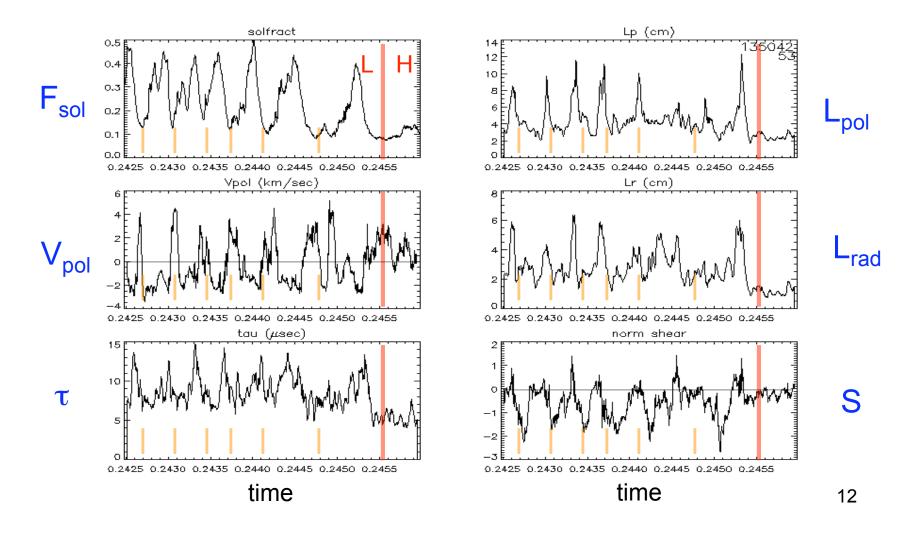
## **Estimate of Shear Flow from GPI**

- Dimensionless shear:  $S = (dV_{pol} / dr) (L_{rad} / L_{pol}) \tau$
- Scale lengths and times derived from correlation functions
- Poloidal velocity from delayed-time cross-correlations
- Average over ~40  $\mu sec,$  and ~ 1.5 cm radial for  $dV_{\text{pol}}$  / dr
- $L_{rad} \sim 3 \text{ cm}, L_{pol} \sim 4 \text{ cm}, \tau \sim 8 \mu \text{sec}, dV_{pol}/dr \sim \pm 10^5 \text{ sec}^{-1}$

=> S ~ ± 1-2 (interesting coincidence !?)

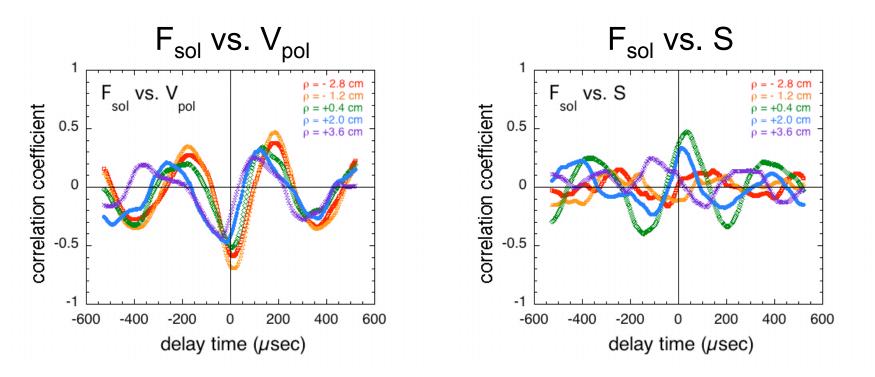
## **<u>Shear Preceding Transition (ρ ~ 0)</u>**

•  $V_{pol}$  and S reverse sign during quiet periods ( $F_{sol} < 0.2$ )



# **Correlation of F**<sub>sol</sub> with V<sub>pol</sub> and S

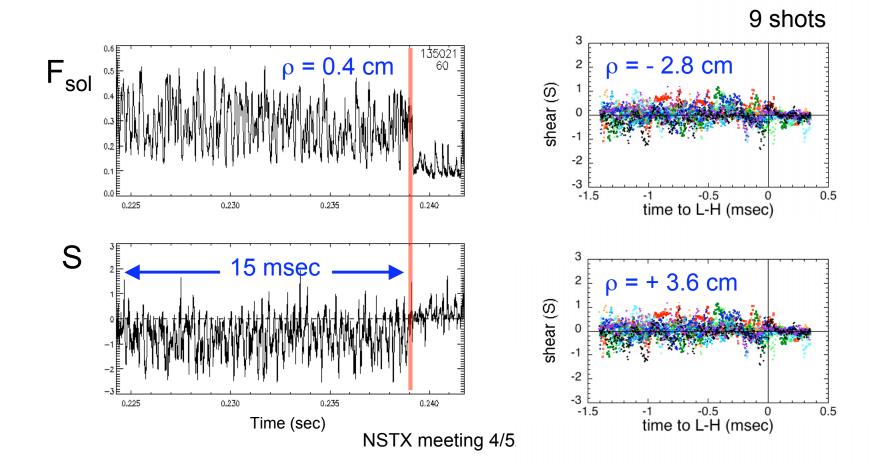
- $V_{pol} \sim 50\%$  correlated with  $F_{sol}$ , phase varying with radius
- S ~ 40% correlated with  $F_{sol}$ , but mainly near  $\rho$  ~ 0-2 cm



#135042 just before transition

#### **Shear Preceding Transition**

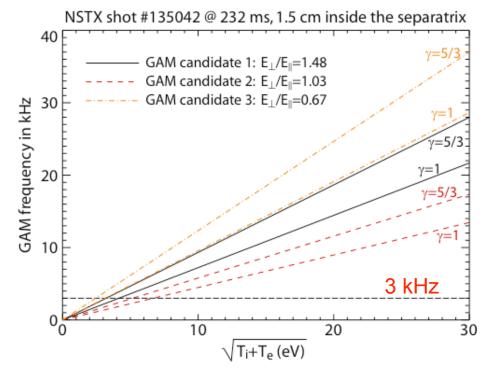
 Turbulence shear S is not changing before L-H transition, so does not appear to trigger transition



#### **Geodesic Acoustic Mode (GAM) Analysis**

R. Hager, K. Hallatschek, IPP Garching

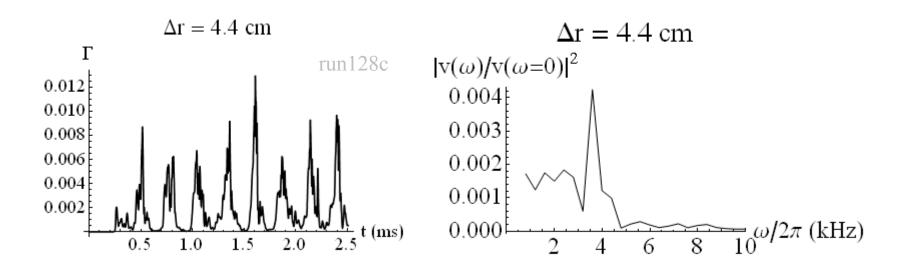
- GAM expected roughly at f(Hz)=  $(1/\pi R) [\gamma(T_i+T_e)/m_i]^{1/2} G$
- linear simulations show three GAM candidates for NSTX #135042
- nonlinear simulations show low frequency mode (red) excited at ~ 6.3 kHz for T<sub>i</sub>+T<sub>e</sub> ~ 100 eV



#### **Edge Zonal Flow Analysis**

T.S. Hahm, PPPL, D.A. Russell, Lodestar

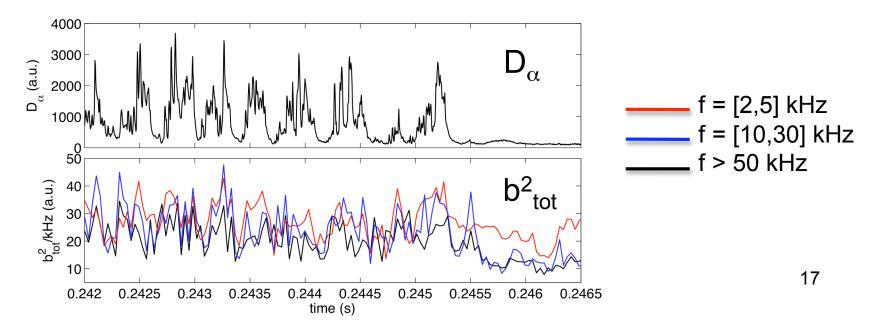
- Zonal flow expected from theory at f ~ ν<sub>ii</sub>(R/a) ~ 3 kHz (assuming n=10<sup>13</sup> cm<sup>-3</sup>, T<sub>i</sub>=50 eV, μ=2)
- SOLT 2-D simulation of NSTX shows 'bursty' behavior in SOL quasi-periodic V<sub>pol</sub> modulation at ~ 4 KHz (D.A. Russell et al Phys. Plasmas 16, 122304 (2009)



#### **Nonlinear Bicoherence Analysis**

#### F.M. Poli, U. Warwick

- Total bicoherence b<sup>2</sup><sub>tot</sub> has minima during quiet periods in all frequency ranges until 2 ms before L-H transition
- Total bicoherence slightly increases ~0.5 ms before transition in the low- to intermediate- frequency range



# **Velocimetry Analysis**

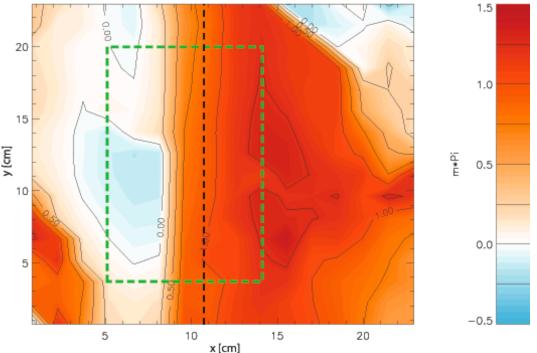
#### Y. Sechrest, T. Munsat, U. Colorado

 Advanced Pattern Matching Technique

Optimizes "error function" of correlation between local subsections of sequential GPI image pairs

- Able to study 2-D structure of time resolved turbulent flow
- Characterize properties of turbulent flow
  - Reynolds stress
  - Flow shear
  - Possible zonal flows
  - Vorticity and moments of flow

Cross-phase for Vp and GPI signal near 3 kHz



Contour map of Cross-phase between poloidal velocity and GPI intensity. Cross-phase values correspond to the cross-power peak near 3 kHz. Inside the boxed region the cross-power shows an easily identifiable peak (not shown here).

## **Conclusions**

- So far: "the role of turbulence in triggering the L-H transition must be considered open." [G.R. Tynan et al, PPCF (2009)]
- Possibilities:
  - L-H transition is triggered by slow or slight changes
  - the trigger is non-local, i.e. outside GPI field of view
  - creative data analysis might yet identify the trigger