## LH power threshold scaling with X-point radius and the role of X-point loss

- Exp. Results: P<sub>LH</sub> decreases with larger X-point radius
  - Also, P<sub>LH</sub> lower for grad-B in favorable direction
  - Prior to LH transition, increased  $D_{\alpha}$  at inboard divertor and ~ 1 kA divertor current toward the outboard divertor
    - Reverse effect for unfavorable grad-B
  - Edge  $T_e$  at LH transition is similar over a large range in heating power, neutral fueling and lithium conditions for a matched shape
- Connection to X-point loss and LH transition physics
  - Ion orbit loss can be a source of  $E_r$  at the plasma edge (sets a min  $|E_r|$ )
    - Transition is predicted to occur at some threshold E<sub>r</sub>xB or E<sub>r</sub>xB shear
  - Velocity hole calculations indicate:
    - Critical edge T<sub>I</sub> for appreciable X-point ion loss (~ 100 eV) is about 60% larger for high-δ shape vs low-δ shape
    - Ions primarily lost to inboard (outboard) divertor for favorable (unfavorable)
    - Very sensitive to edge  $T_i (\approx T_e \text{ at edge})$  and magnetic geometry
  - Could also tie in  $\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{LH}}$  vs  $\mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{p}}$  and/or  $\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{LH}}$  vs  $\mathsf{d}_{\mathsf{rsep}}$  results
- Need/Strong Desire: XGC0 calculations