

Heat Flux and Radiated Power in the NSTX Divertor

S.F Paul NSTX Research Forum FY2002 Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory Princeton, NJ

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Divertor power balance a part of boundary research program in NSTX

- The major goals of the Divertor and Boundary Physics studies are the control of impurities, <u>efficient heat removal</u> and understanding a role of the edge plasma that plays in the global energy confinement of the plasma.
- Implementation of diagnostics and plasma modeling are needed to understand both detached and attached divertors and their effect on the core and SOL plasmas.
- Diagnostics installed for determining <u>divertor power balance</u>:
 - 4-channel divertor bolometer array to measure radiation for emission profiles
 - Infrared camera to measure the surface temperature from which the heat flux is derived

IR camera view allows radial profile measurements

IR camera: 7-13 μ m range, 30 Hz, 25 ms thermal e-folding time, spatial resolution ~ 1 cm with present optics





Carbon

September 12, 2002

S. Paul--NSTX Research forum

Divertor bolometer view resolves vertically

V\$7X ——



H-mode power scan: Higher heat flux,wall temp. width of strikepoint independent of P_{NBI}







Higher divertor heat flux in L-mode Radiated power flux increases from 30 to 42 W/cm² in L-mode



R. Maingi



The Five Main Diagnostic Components of XP 217

- <u>The Four Main Component XPs are</u>
 - Heat Flux -- IRTV cameras (R. Maingi)
 - Edge Profiles -- Fast Probe (J. Boedo)
 - D_{α} camera Core Fueling (V. Soukanovskii)
 - Divertor Radiation -- Bolometry (S. Paul)
 - Edge-turbulence GPI camera (S. Zweben, R. Maqueda)
- New diagnostics implemented successfully
 - Fast Probe
 - Divertor Bolometers



Stated goals of ECX (XP-217)

- Main mode of operation for the XP:
 - Expect lower single null divertor geometry
 - Mostly NBI Later HHFW
 - Need L-mode, H-mode -- ELM-Free
 - Need some Center Stack Limited comparison shots
 - Configuration scan -- need DND
- Achieved conditions:
 - LSN achieved with 1 and 2 NBI sources
 - 1 source L-mode/H-mode comparison
 - L-mode had higher peak heat flux



Remaining Objectives in XP 217

- Power scan is first priority -- higher power levels + Ohmic comparison
 - Still need about 15 shots per power scan
 - It will take (with plasma operation) awhile to get accurate probe position.
 - Will have to place probe at safe position with each new condition then move in on subsequent shots
 - Helium puff (for GPI) does not need dedicated shot
 - Pitch angle for GPI restricts I_p and B_t : shot development
- Configuration scan requires double null divertor (DND)
- Need 200 ms heat flux equilibrium
- Shape scan requires about six shots