

**David Swain** 

#### Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN, USA

NSTX Research Forum PPPL September 11 – 12, 2002

\* This research was sponsored by the Office of Fusion Energy, U. S. Department of Energy, under contract DE-AC05-00OR22725 with Oak Ridge National Laboratory managed by UT-Battelle and under contract DE-AC02-76CH03073 with Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory.



# XMP to measure rf noise generation



It appeared that for fast phase velocity shots last time (e.g., inter-loop phasing of 30 - 60°) the rf noisepickup on the magnetic diagnostics increased. We need to see how bad this is; if it is a real problem, we need to figure out how to reduce it.

This needs to be done early in the run period if possible.



### Pressure rise experiments



We observe the pressure behind the antenna rises during rf. Assuming we get a direct pressure meas. in an antenna box, do experiments with plasma and rf to map out the dependence of the pressure on rf power, gas density, etc.



## Breakdown studies



These might be an XMP, an XP, or a combination. We still don't understand why the antenna voltage limit is lower in plasma than during conditioning. Here are some possible things we could do:

- a) Run antennas in vacuum, B=0; measure max voltage before breakdown.
- b) Increase neutral gas pressure, plot Vbreakdown vs pressure. Probably use D for fill gas; maybe He later on.
- c) Add magnetic field (0.3T), repeat a) and b)
- d) Possibly repeat c) for other values of field
- e) Now add plasma from ECH breakdown only to c)
- f) Finally do complete plasma shot(s)



# Antenna conditioning study



Study effects of different antenna conditioning regimes on HHFW operating capabilities.

We need to determine if:

- long pulse (> 1s) vacuum conditioning is preferred,
- conditioning pulses between shots is needed,
- high temperature operation of the antennas would be beneficial (this would be inferred from outgassing measurements and pressure/breakdown studies).

