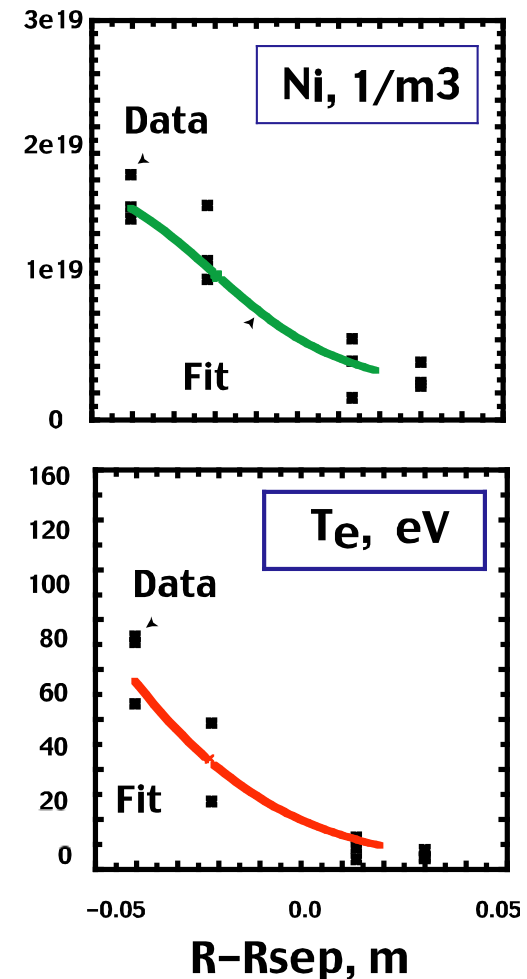

Status of BOUT modeling of NSTX

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Presented at NSTX Research Opportunities Forum
Sep. 21, 2004

Setting a BOUT case for NSTX

- Using a well-diagnosed NSTX shot 109033
- EFIT-based geometry
- Regression fit to radial profiles of T_e , N_i from Thomson data



NSTX case presents difficulties for BOUT due to relatively weak toroidal field

- **Large gyro-radius:** In BOUT coords (normalized by ρ_{ci}) the radial boundaries appear too close. This leads to numerical problems in inversion of potential vorticity

- **Small B_{tor}/B_{pol} :**

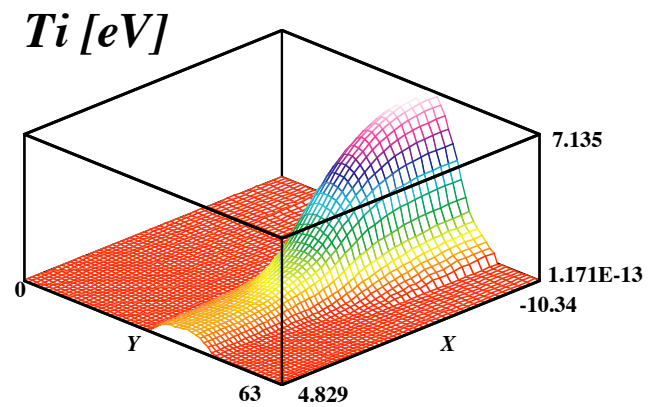
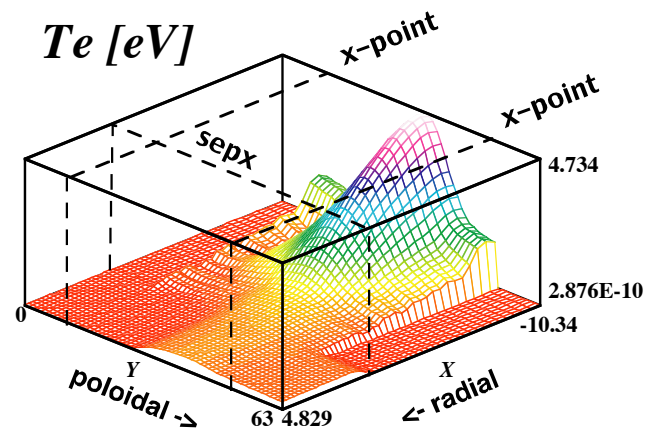
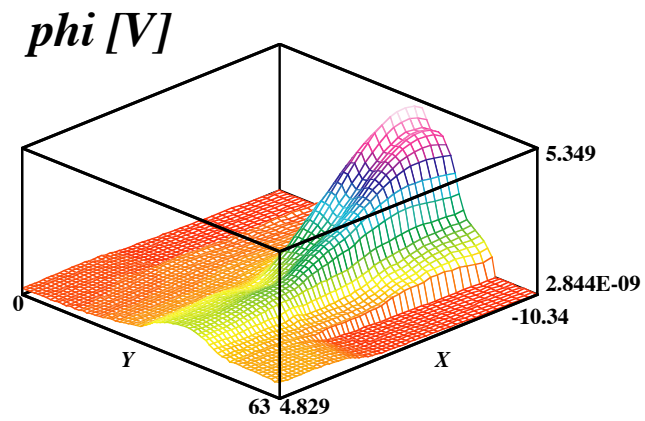
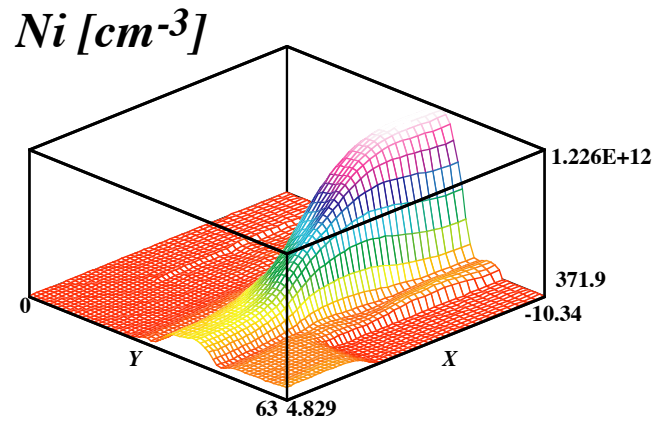
Time step is limited by electrostatic shear Alfvén modes

$$\Delta t = \sqrt{\frac{M}{m}} \rho_{ci} \frac{k_{\parallel}}{k_{\perp}} \quad 1/q$$

- **Leads to extremely small time step!**

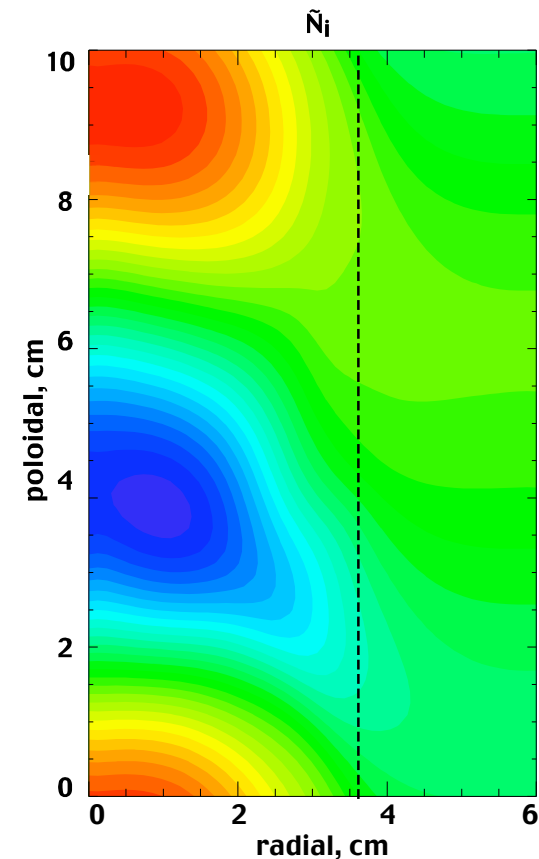
$$\Delta t \sim O(1e-3/\rho_{ci})$$

Turbulent activity peaks near the core boundary. An artifact of vorticity inversion?



BOUT fluctuations from NSTX case appear to have reasonable spatial and temporal scales

- δN_i at the level $\sim 10\%$
- δT_{ei} at the level a few eV
- $\delta \Phi$ at the level ~ 10 V
- Spatial scale ~ 2 cm
- Frequency $f \sim 1e5$ s $^{-1}$



Summary/Conclusions

- **Modeling of NSTX presents a challenge for BOUT, due to the relatively weak B-field**
- **The time step is extremely small, limited by high-frequency electrostatic shear-Alfven modes**
- **Small Δr^* leads to difficulties in the potential solver through the radial boundary conditions**
- **Nevertheless, we have obtained some preliminary results with BOUT for NSTX**
- **With collecting a longer time history we will attempt quantitative comparison with the experiment**