

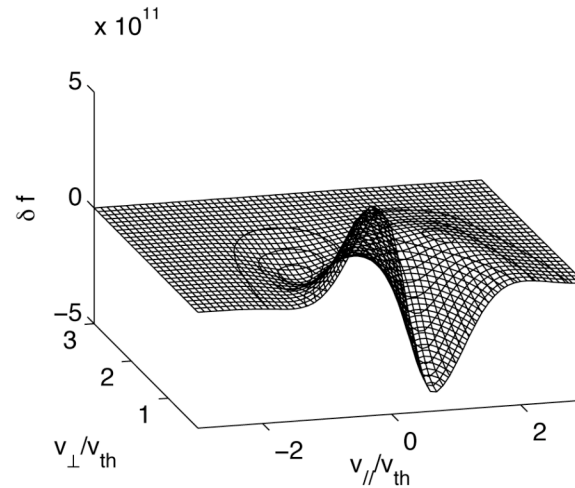
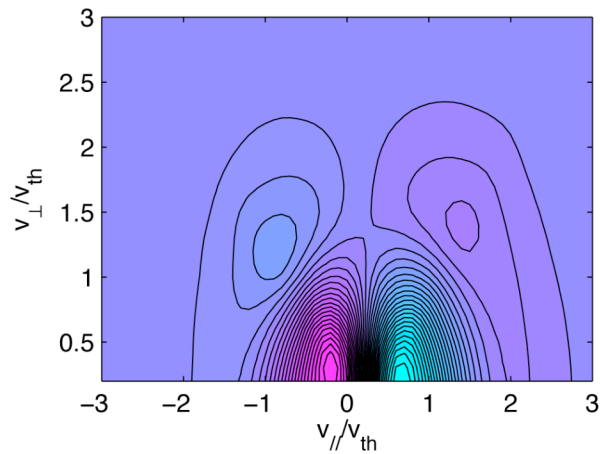
# Nonlocal Neoclassical Calculation of Anisotropic Properties in NSTX

W.X. Wang, G. Rewoldt, M. Bell, S. Kaye, ...

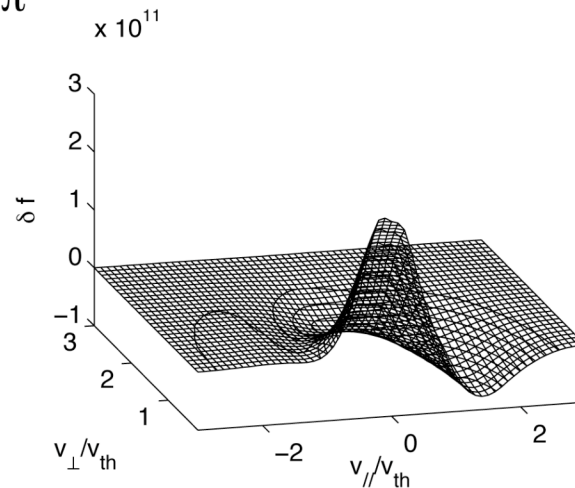
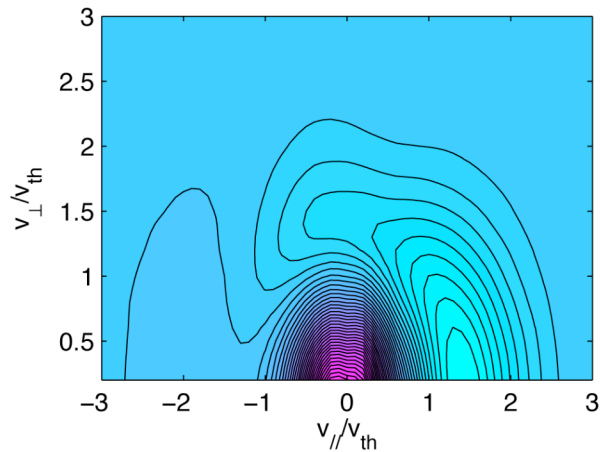
- Aside: GEM code is still being debugged by Y. Chen (U. Colorado - Boulder) and G. Rewoldt, but is not yet producing usable results for realistic experimental cases.
- GTC-Neo is Weixing Wang's  $\delta f$  particle-in-cell code, with finite-orbit-width (banana width) width, which make the transport nonlocal. We are now extending it to examine temperature perturbations  $\delta T_{\perp}$  and  $\delta T_{\parallel}$  coming from  $\delta f$  (see following slides for preliminary NSTX results).
- Also plan to extend GTC-Neo to calculate toroidal angular momentum transport, and also poloidal velocity and poloidal angular momentum transport.

# GTC-Neo Preliminary results for NSTX 121314a01, $t = 0.325$ s

$r/a = 0.5, \theta = 0$

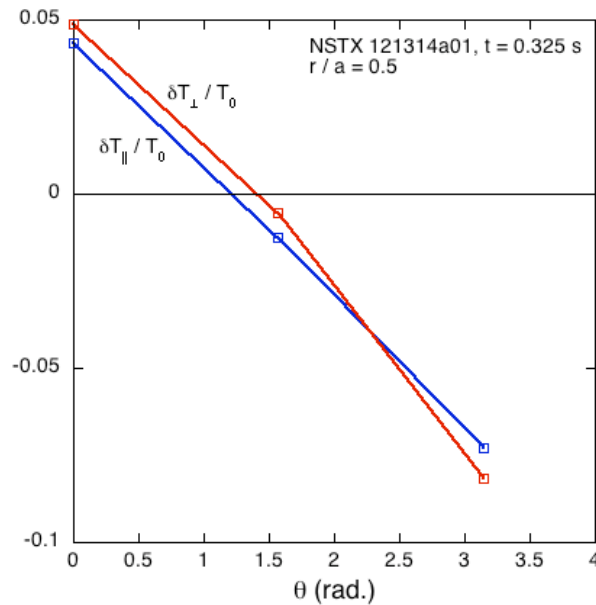
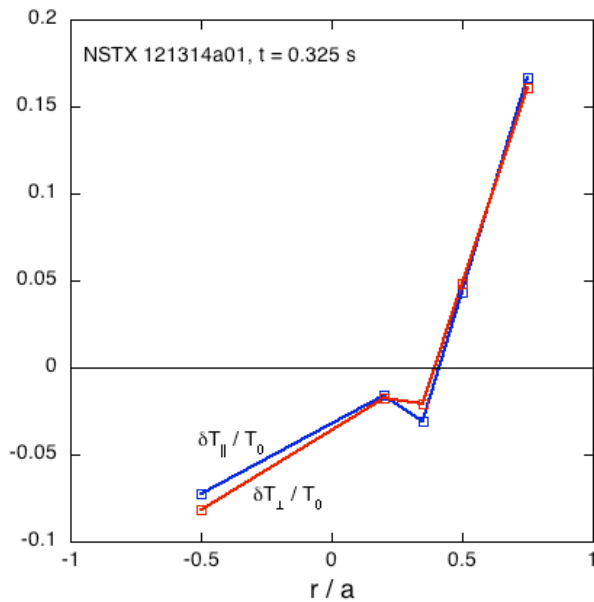
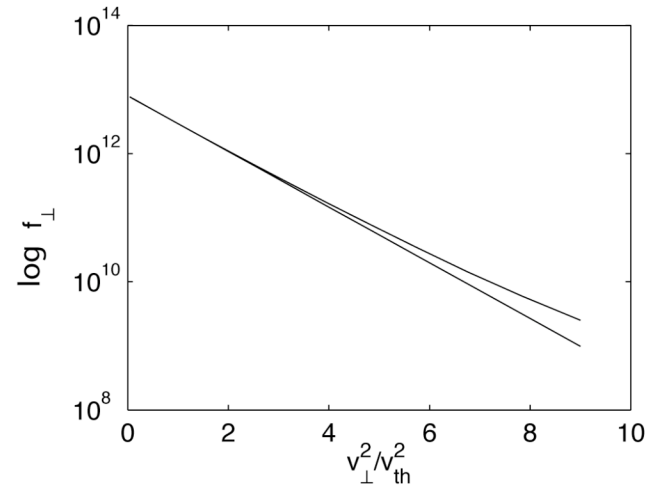
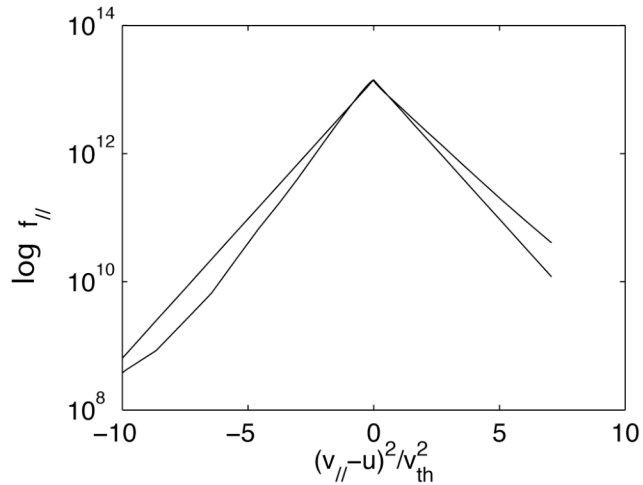


$r/a = 0.5, \theta = \pi$



- Contour plots and perspective plots of  $\delta f$  on outboard midplane and inboard midplane
- Strong differences in  $\delta f$  at two locations

# GTC-Neo Preliminary results for NSTX 121314a01, $t = 0.325$ s



- In  $v_{\parallel}$  and  $v_{\perp}$  distributions, log plots should be straight lines for Maxwellians. Some departure from Maxwellians
- $\delta T_{\parallel}$  and  $\delta T_{\perp}$  not very different
- Corresponding  $\delta T_{\parallel}$  and  $\delta T_{\perp}$  have strong  $r$  and  $\theta$  variation. Thus flux surface is not temperature isosurface! Variation may be big enough to measure with PCHERS