

## XP 734 - T<sub>e</sub> Gradient and magnetic shear effects on Core Transport

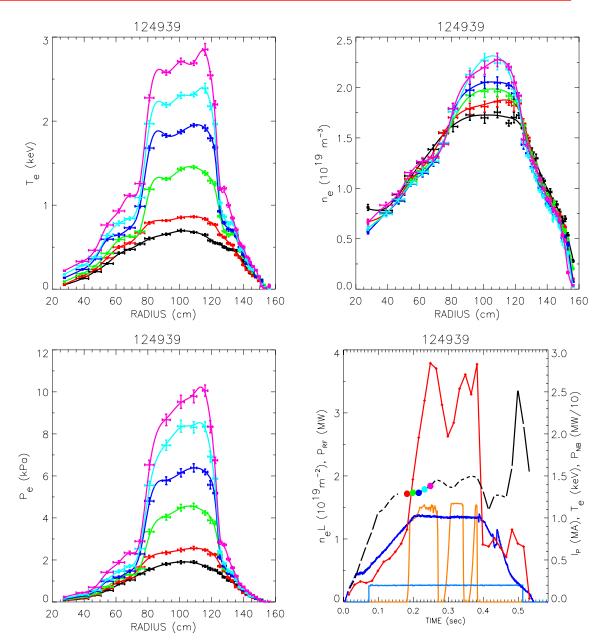
H.Yuh, F.M. Levinton, Nova Photonics R.E. Bell, J.C. Hosea, B.P. LeBlanc, D.R. Smith, E. Mazzucato,H.K. Park, S.M. Kaye, PPPL S. Kubota, UCLA



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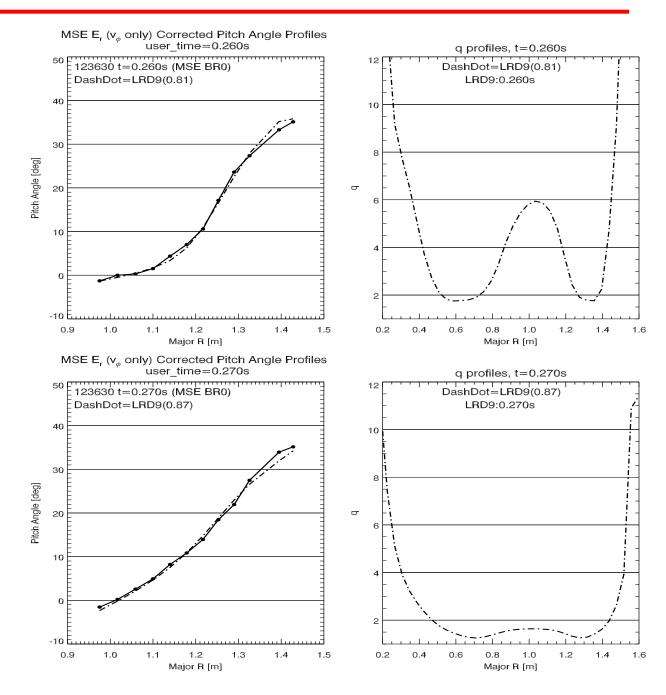
## XP734 explores confinement in RS plasmas

- Continues previous RS work at 5.5kG. Adds HHFW to increase ⊽Te
- Used beam timing to affect early current profile while scanning HHFW power
- Achieved strong ITB behavior in the electron and ion thermal channels
- Affects temperature more than density (HHFW not a particle source, NBI is)
- ITBs can occur with and without RF
- High-k data obtained at peak ∇Te region

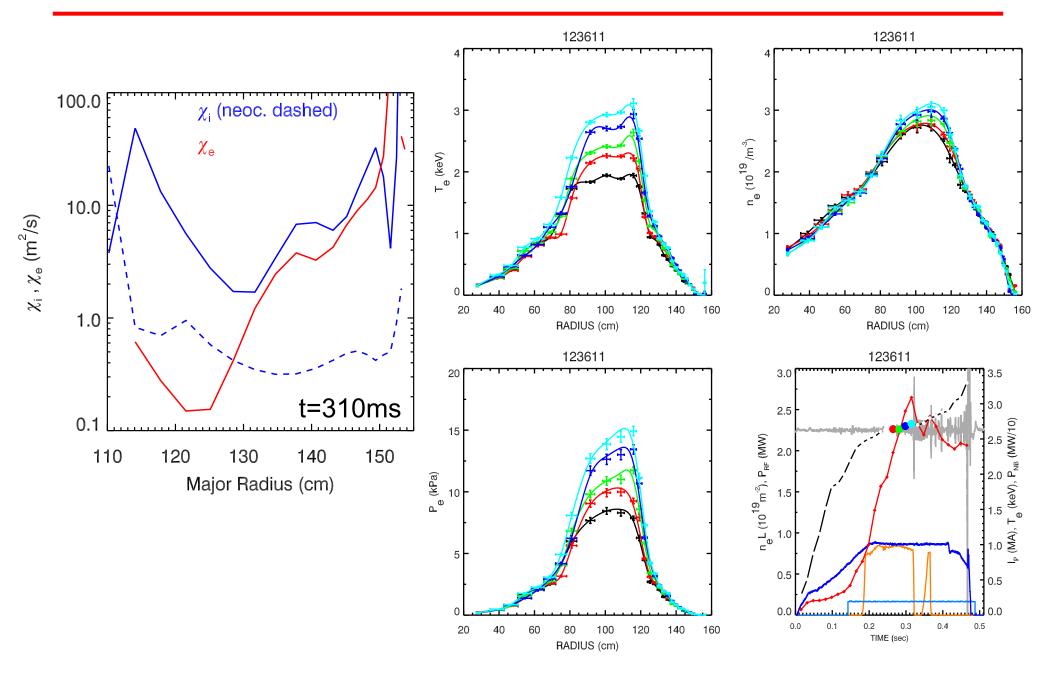


## Good fits using LRDfit crucial for RS discharges

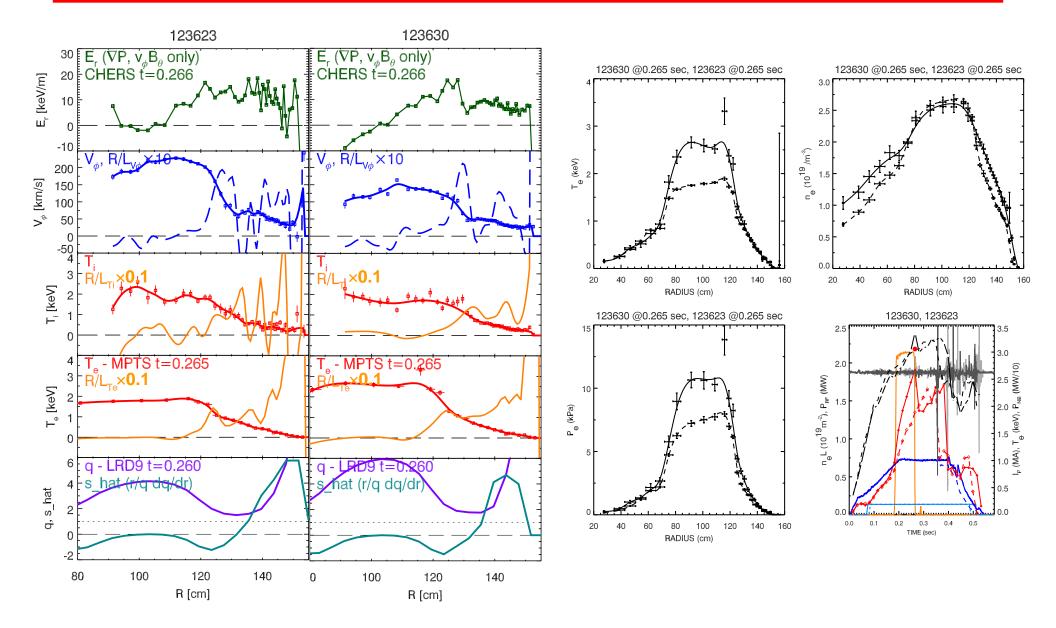
- LRDfit09 fits are run manually to good RS equilibria
- Good fits to MSE and MPTS profiles require substantial effort
- Starting point for accurate ŝ studies



### Preliminary TRANSP runs

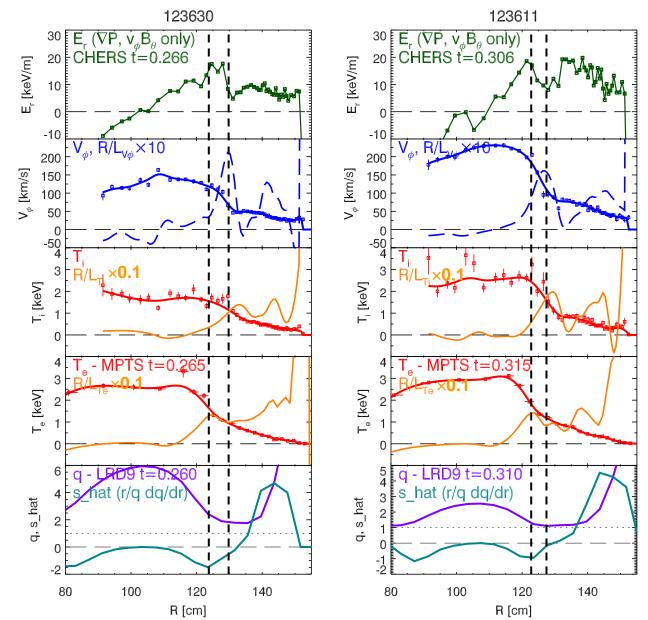


#### ITB can occur with and without RF heating



# High $\nabla T_{e_i} \nabla T_i$ not necessarily in same region

- Region of highest ∇Te strongly correlates with minimum ŝ, but not ∇Ti
- ∇Ti correlates better with the region of maximum v<sub>φ</sub>', but not perfectly
- Diagnostic misalignment possible but unlikely, 4 diagnostics involved



- Relationship between  $\hat{s}$ ,  $E_r'$ ,  $\chi_i$ ,  $\chi_e$
- Does  $\nabla T_e^{CRIT}$  exist? Is it a function of  $\hat{s}$ 
  - GS2  $\gamma$  sensitivity studies, analytical theory
  - Optimized shear on NSTX?
- Fast ion loss modelling, CURRAY need to be used properly in TRANSP.
- High-k, reflectometry, x-ray data
- Compare with menagerie of ITBs.  $T_e$  only,  $T_e/n_e$ ,  $n_e$ ,  $n_{imp}$ ,  $n_i$ , momentum. Heating, particles, shear different
- Future: Confinement is too good in RS to avoid hitting β limit. Is "steady state" (>1 current relaxation time) discharge possible with reduced heating (similar to TFTR strategy). MSE-LIF necessary?