

# Motion of Edge Turbulence in NSTX

S.J. Zweben

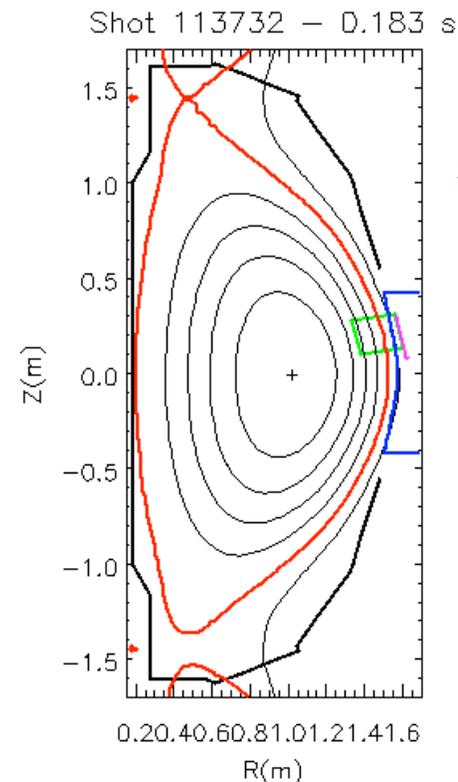
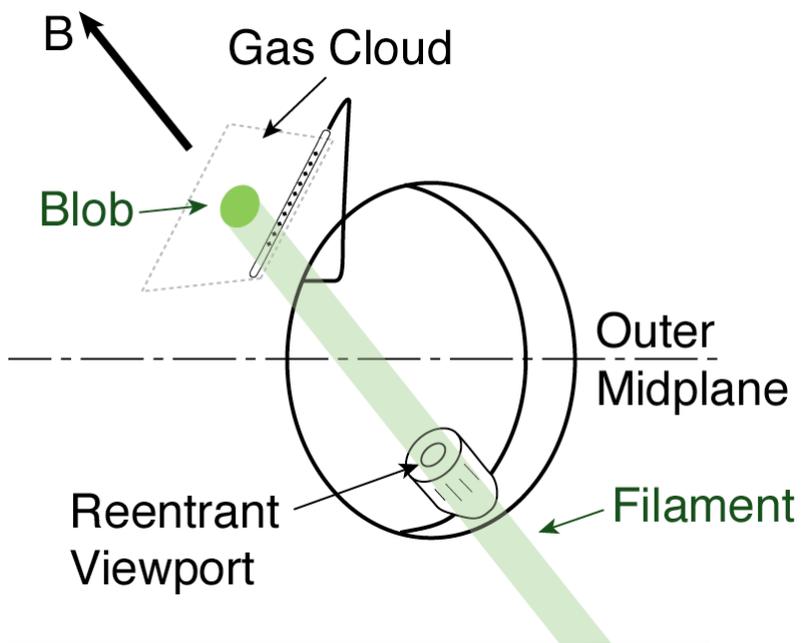
NSTX PAC 2/23/06

- Gas puff imaging diagnostic (GPI)
  - GPI fluctuation data from NSTX
  - Images from L-H transition
  - Analysis via 2-point cross-correlation function
  - Results on structure and motion
  - Work in progress
- => note: this analysis gives only *turbulence* flow,  
*not* background plasma (ExB) flow !

# Gas Puff Imaging (GPI) Diagnostic

- Looks at  $D_{\alpha}$  line of neutral deuterium from a gas puff
- View  $\approx$  along B field line to see 2-D structure  $\perp$  B

view from center column

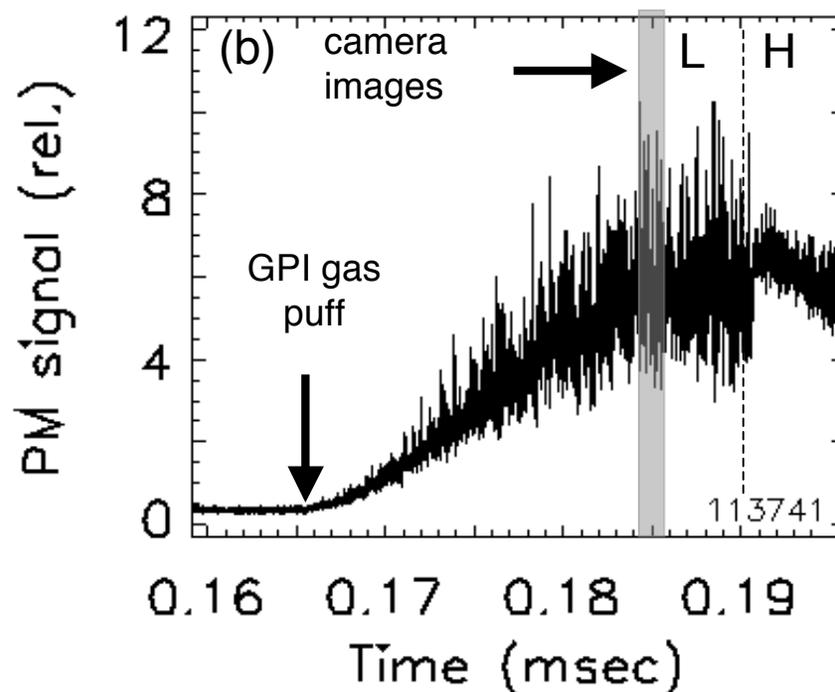
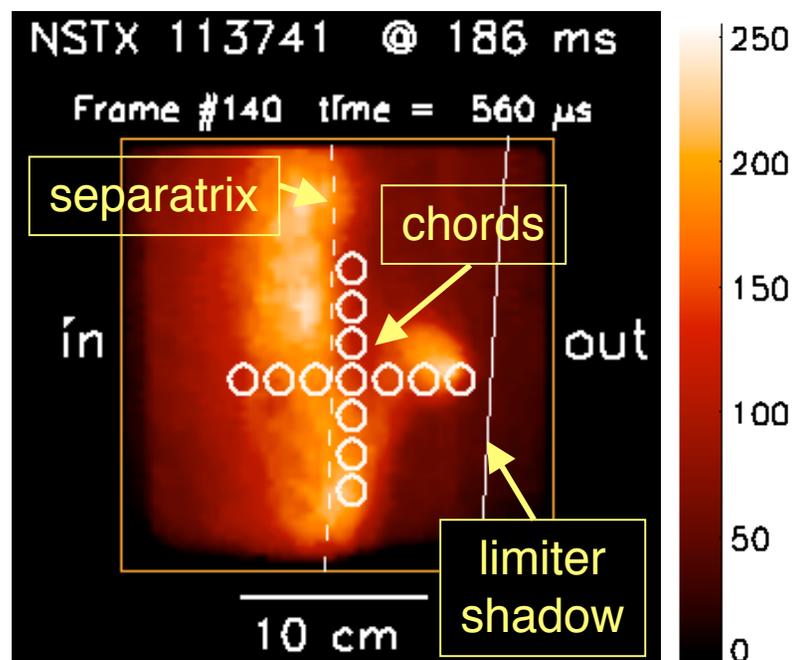


viewing area  
 $\approx 25 \times 25$  cm  
spatial resolution  
 $\approx 1-2$  cm

see: R.J. Maqueda et al, Rev. Sci. Inst. 2003

# GPI Fluctuation Data in NSTX

- PSI-5 camera records 300 frames at  $\leq 250,000$  frames/sec with  $64 \times 64$  pixels / frame  $\Rightarrow$  1.2 msec of data per shot
- Additional PM tube array digitized radial vs. poloidal array at 500,000 Hz  $\Rightarrow$  64 msec of data per shot



# GPI Images During L-H Transition

L-H Transition

**NSTX #113732**

**B=3.0 kG, I=780 kA, 2.0 MW NBI**

**$\langle n \rangle = 2.2 \times 10^{13} \text{ cm}^{-3}$**

**250,000 frames/sec**

- large data set of images from 2004 run ( $\geq 300$  shots)
- many on web: <http://www.pppl.gov/~szweben/NSTX04><sub>4</sub>

# Analysis of Structure and Motion

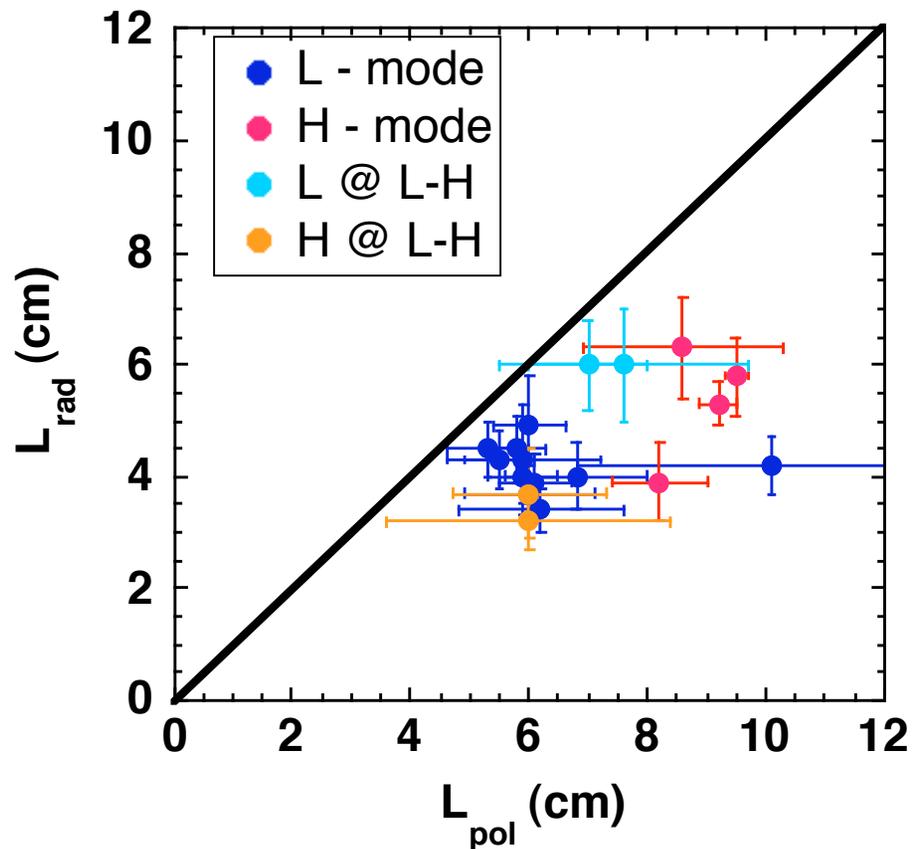
- Use simplest analysis via 2-point cross-correlation function of fluctuations in GPI light signals vs. space and time:

$$C(\Delta x, \Delta t) = \sum_t \tilde{S}_0(t) \tilde{S}_{\Delta x}(t+\Delta t)$$

- Correlation length from FWHM of  $C(\Delta x, 0)$  [ $\approx 1.6 \times \sigma_{\text{Gaussian}}$ ]
- Velocity from time the delay of the peak in  $C(\Delta x, \Delta t)$  vs.  $\Delta x$
- $C(\Delta x, \Delta t)$  averages over space and time spectrum of signals

# 2-D Turbulence Structure

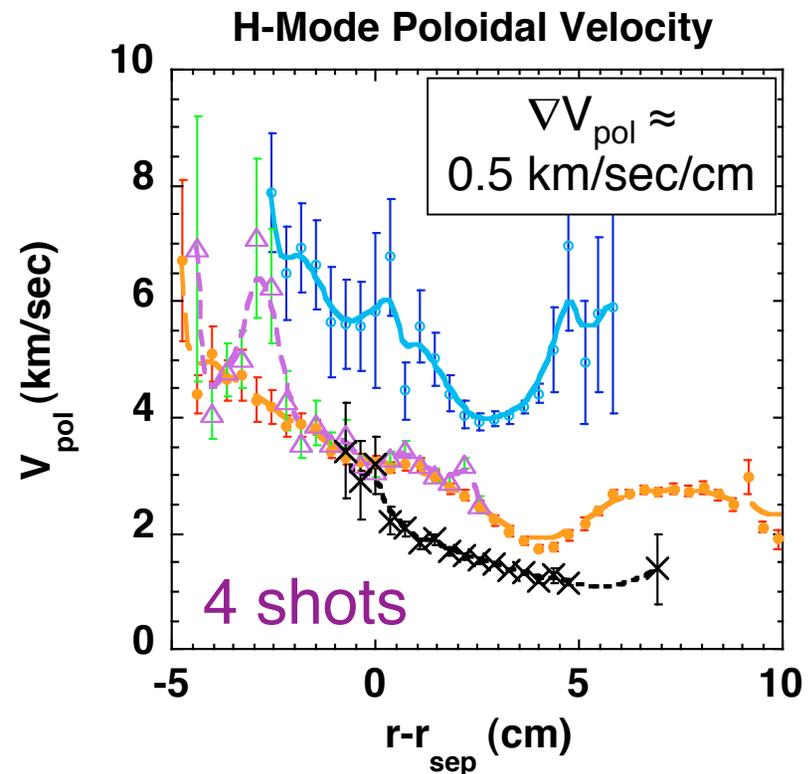
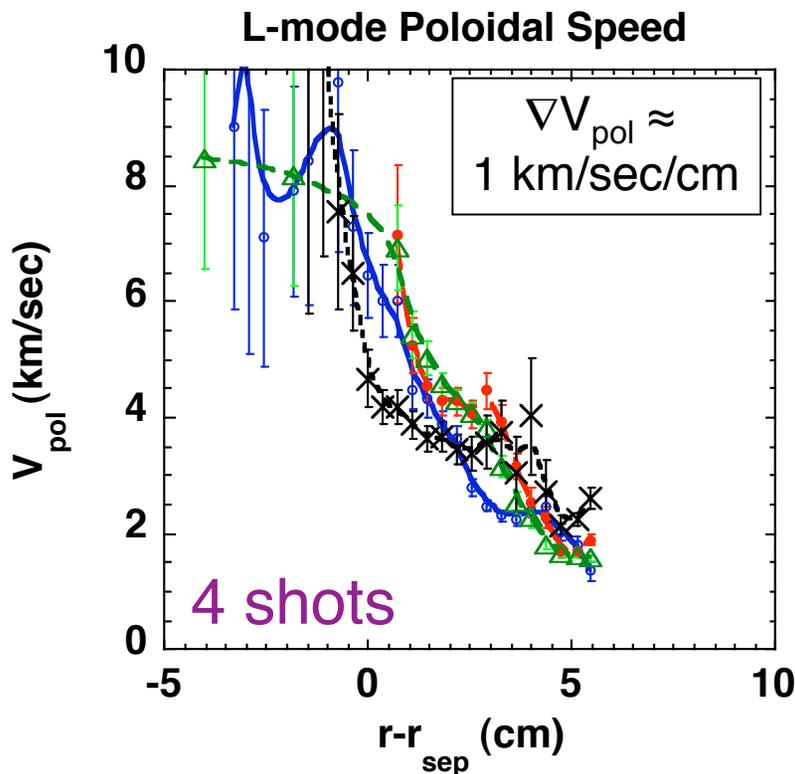
- Evaluated near radial peak of GPI signal  $\sim$  separatrix
- No statistically significant changes from L- to H-mode



	$L_{\text{rad}}$ (cm)	$L_{\text{pol}} / L_{\text{rad}}$
L	$4.2 \pm 0.4$	$1.5 \pm 0.4$
H	$5.3 \pm 1.0$	$1.9 \pm 0.4$

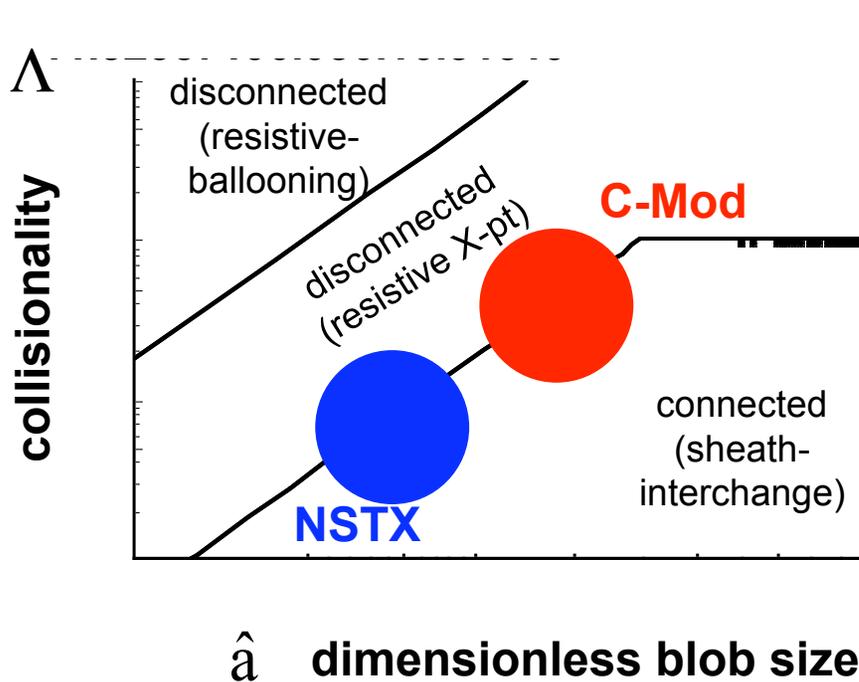
# Poloidal Turbulence Motion

- Average flow is generally in ion diamagnetic drift direction
- $V_{\text{pol}}$  gradient tend to be lower for H-mode than L-mode



# Comparison with “Blob Model”

- Model for dynamics of isolated structures in SOL
- Explains similar radial velocity on NSTX and C-Mod



$$V_{\text{rad}} = 5.1 \times 10^6 \frac{L_{\parallel}^{1/5} T_e^{7/10}}{B^{2/5} R^{3/5}}$$

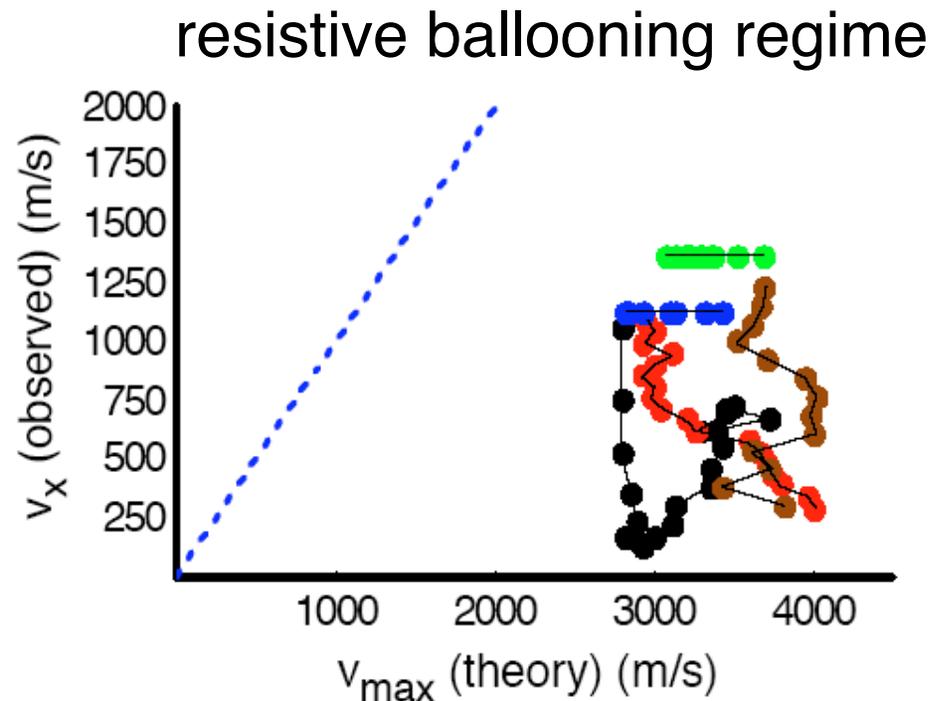
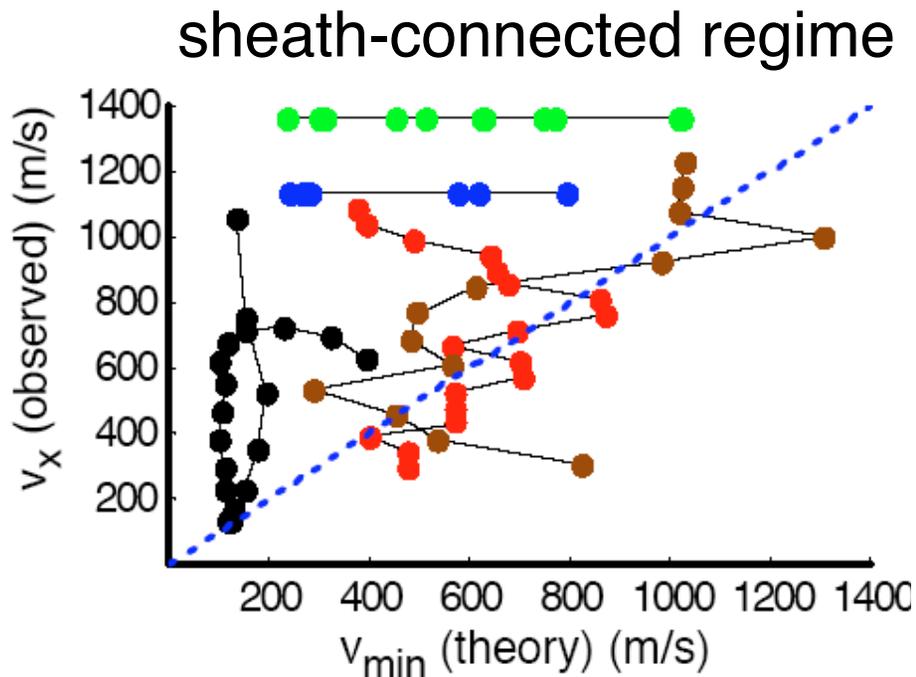
~ 2 km/s in both  
**C-Mod** & **NSTX**

Myra et al, Poster RP1.00019  
Thursday PM (NSTX)

*Lodestar*

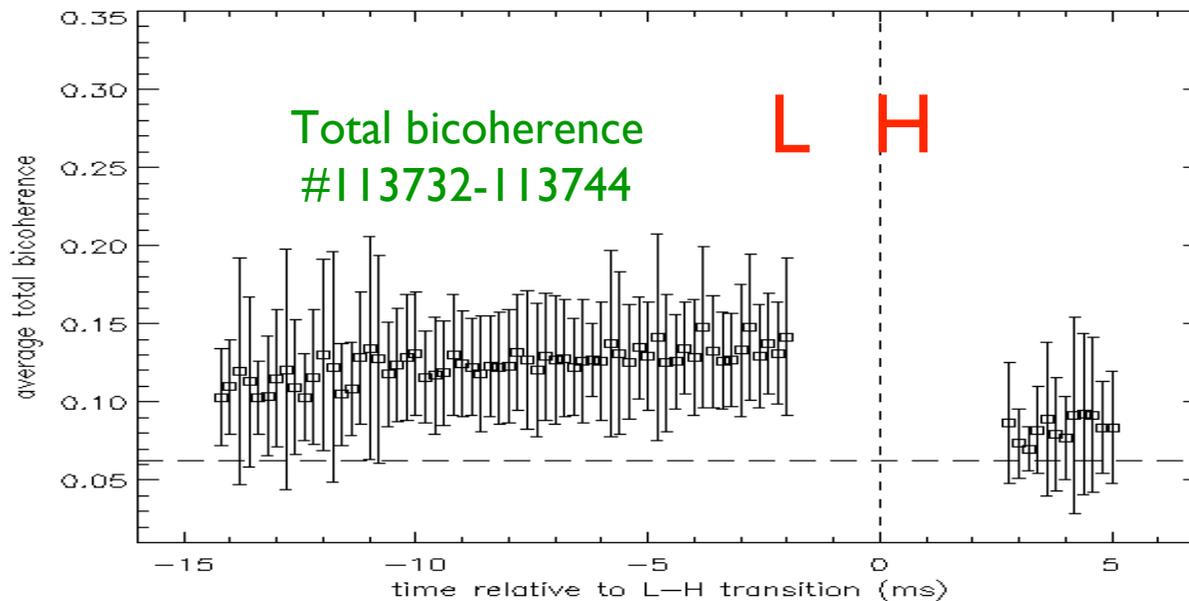
# Comparison with NSTX Data

- Measure radial blob speed vs. time for one typical NSTX shot
- Compare with theory using some assumptions (Myra APS '05)



# Bicoherence at L-H Transition

- An increase in total bicoherence, suggesting an increase in coupling between low frequency flows and high frequency turbulence, was seen at L-H transition DIII-D (Moyer 2001)
- The same analysis was applied to NSTX chord data, but no significant increase in bicoherence was observed at L-H.



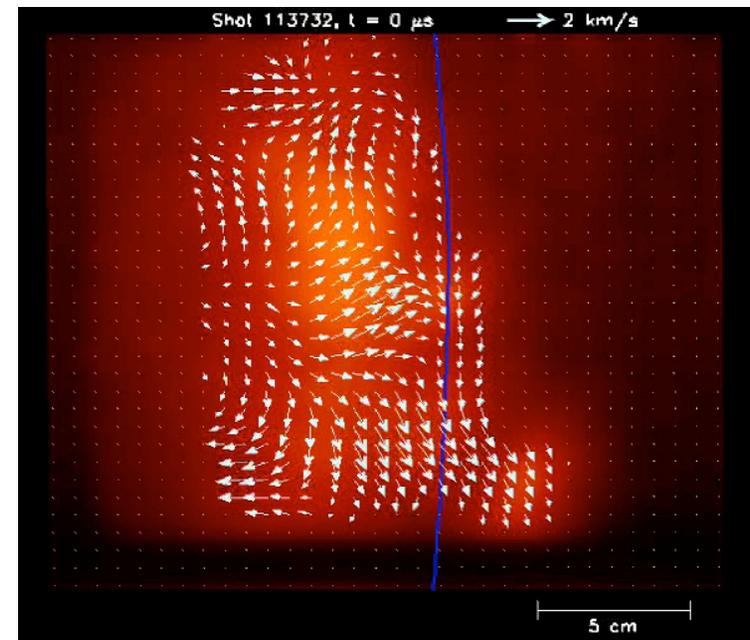
Anne White (UCLA)  
APS DPP '05

# Work in Progress

- Analysis of 2-D turbulence velocity fields vs. time
- Tracking motion of coherent structures (blobs)
- Getting new and better data from GPI on NSTX
- Comparisons with theory and simulation
- Comparisons with other experiments

# 2-D Turbulence Velocity Fields

- Munsat (Colorado) has written codes to derive local velocity fields from images using ‘optical flow’ and ‘2-D tiling’
- But needs more work to complete comparison with 1-D CCF method (proposals not funded)
- Stolfus-Dueck (PPPL) trying alternate technique based on PCA (in progress)
- Terry (MIT) wrote code to find 2-D time-averaged velocity fields (will apply to NSTX)

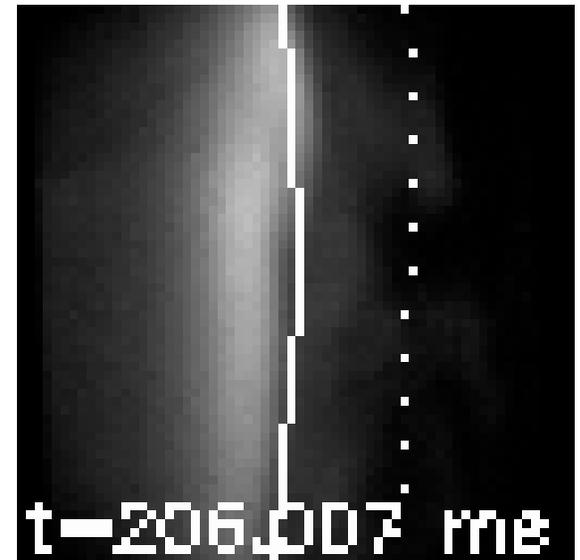


# Tracking Motion of Blobs

- Tracking blob motion is *not* the same as determining local turbulence velocity fields (blob tracking may be more relevant for determining radial transport)
- Myra (Lodestar) has done tracking of local maxima of blobs in GPI images in a few shots ('by hand')
- Maqueda (FP&T) has written a code to automatically track blobs with certain (arbitrary) selection criteria
- Kamath (LLNL) is writing Sci/Dac/SAPP proposal to apply 'advanced' image processing and coherent structure algorithms to NSTX data

# New Data from GPI on NSTX

- Maqueda has new GPI camera which can record  $\geq 100,000$  frames/shot at up to 120,000 frames/sec
- New tangential view near lower divertor should allow us to determine if blobs form there, and if so, which way they move (out in r or R ?)
- New XP's this year will focus on GPI measurements during density scan (Boedo) and Ohmic density limit (Williams)



# Comparisons with Theory

- Detailed comparisons of analytic 'blob model' with GPI images from specific shots (Myra et al, Lodestar)
- Attempt to understand origin of blobs from first principles (Krommes, Stoltfus-Dueck, PPPL)
- Attempt to compare GPI results with turbulence simulations
  - BOUT (Umansky, Xu, LLNL)
  - ESEL (Garcia, Naulin, Riso and Grulke, Greifswald)
  - GEM (Scott, Garching)
- Plan to compare with CPES (Chang) and ESL (Cohen)

(GPI data is available to compare with any theory or simulation)

# Comparisons with Other Experiments

- Alcator C-Mod - very similar diagnostic and generally similar results, as reported at APS, IAEA (Terry)
- TJ-II stellarator (Madrid) - collaboration on developing GPI diagnostic and analysis of images (Hidalgo)
- RFX (Padova) - collaboration starting this summer on GPI diagnostic and analysis (Scarin, Antoni)
- JET (possibly) - discussions of GPI diagnostic and fast edge imaging (Gonsalves, Hidalgo)

(many other collaborations/comparisons possible)