

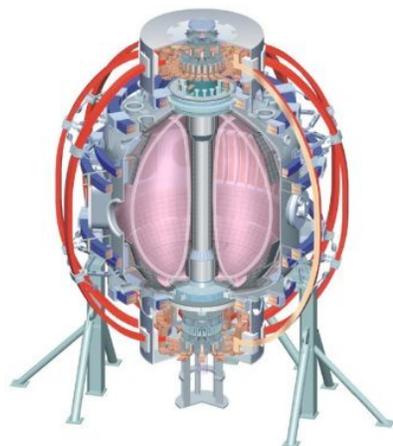
Triggered Enhancement Confinement and Pedestal Expansion in NSTX: The Enhanced Pedestal H-mode

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R. Maingi, J.M. Canik
S. Gerhardt, S. Kaye,
and the NSTX team



MIT PSFC Seminar
Boston, MA
2 Aug 2010

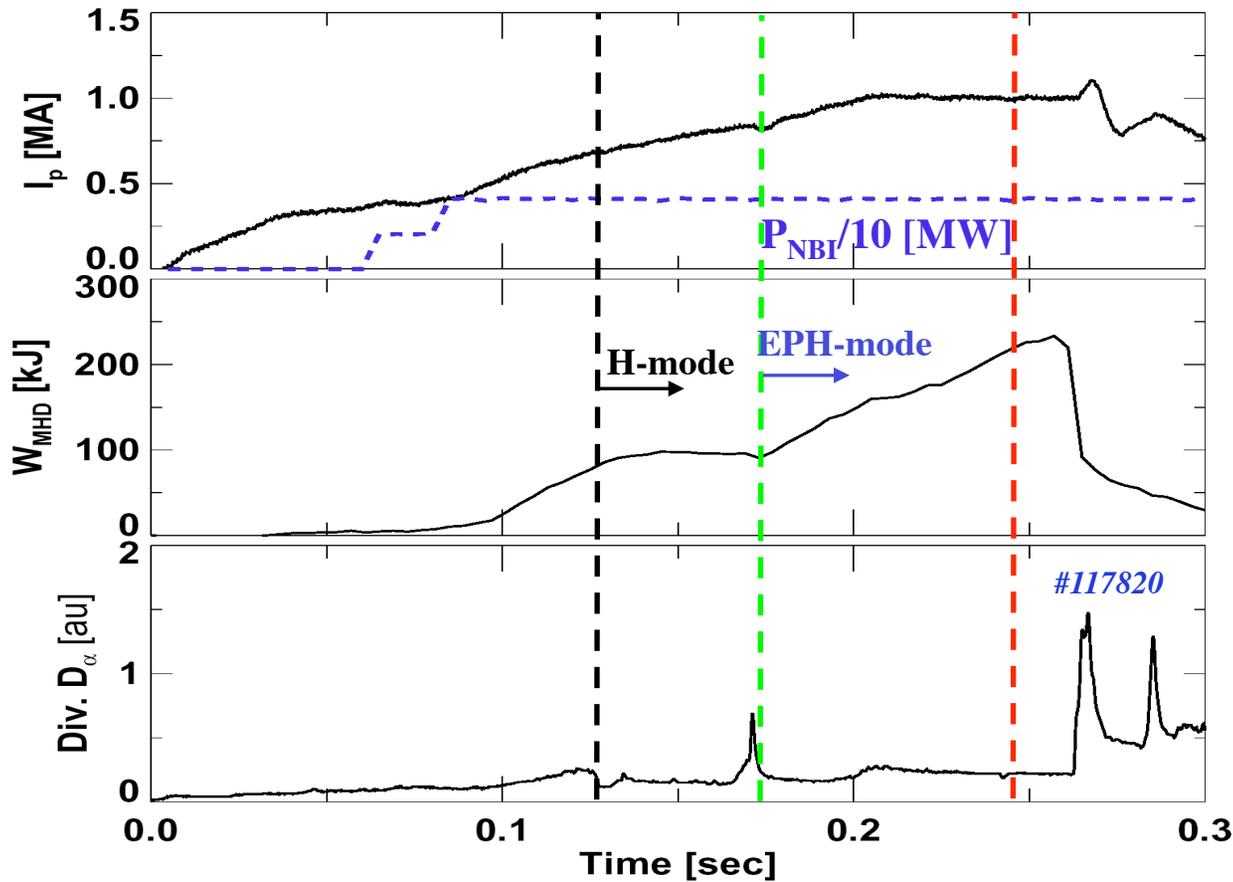


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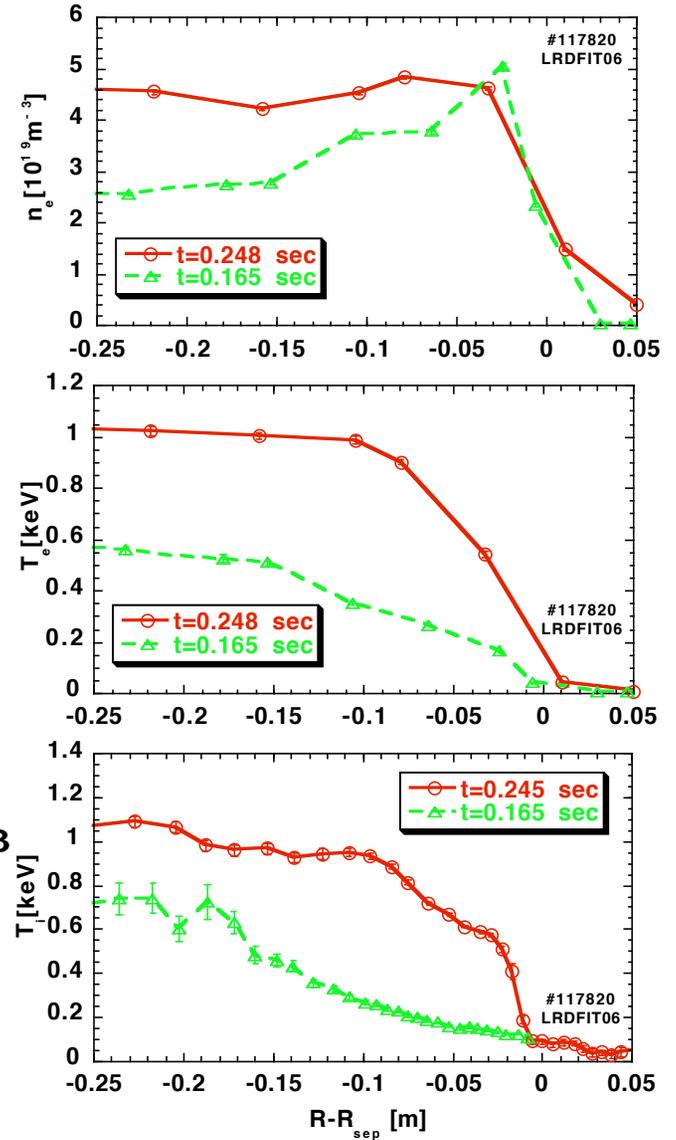
The Enhanced Pedestal H-mode (EPH) has favorable characteristics and improved long pulse prospects

- Energy confinement in NSTX H-modes is generally 0.8-1.2* ITER98y2 scaling
 - Note that τ_E increases stronger with B_t and weaker with I_p than 98y2
 - Several next step ST designs based on $\sim 50\%$ higher τ_E
- A transition to a (transiently) improved confinement with enhanced H-mode pedestal T_e , T_i observed a few years ago
- Characteristics of EP H-mode
 - Highest normalized energy confinement of any regime in NSTX, with $H_{89P} \leq 3.5$ and $H_{98y2} \leq 1.8$
- Prospects for increasing pulse length
 - Can be triggered by large ELM or RMP-triggered ELM(!), with pulse length $\leq 3 \tau_E$ (up to 300 msec) observed in 2009

Transition to an Enhanced Pedestal H-mode enables lower pedestal $\nu_{e,ped}^* \sim 0.1$ in NSTX

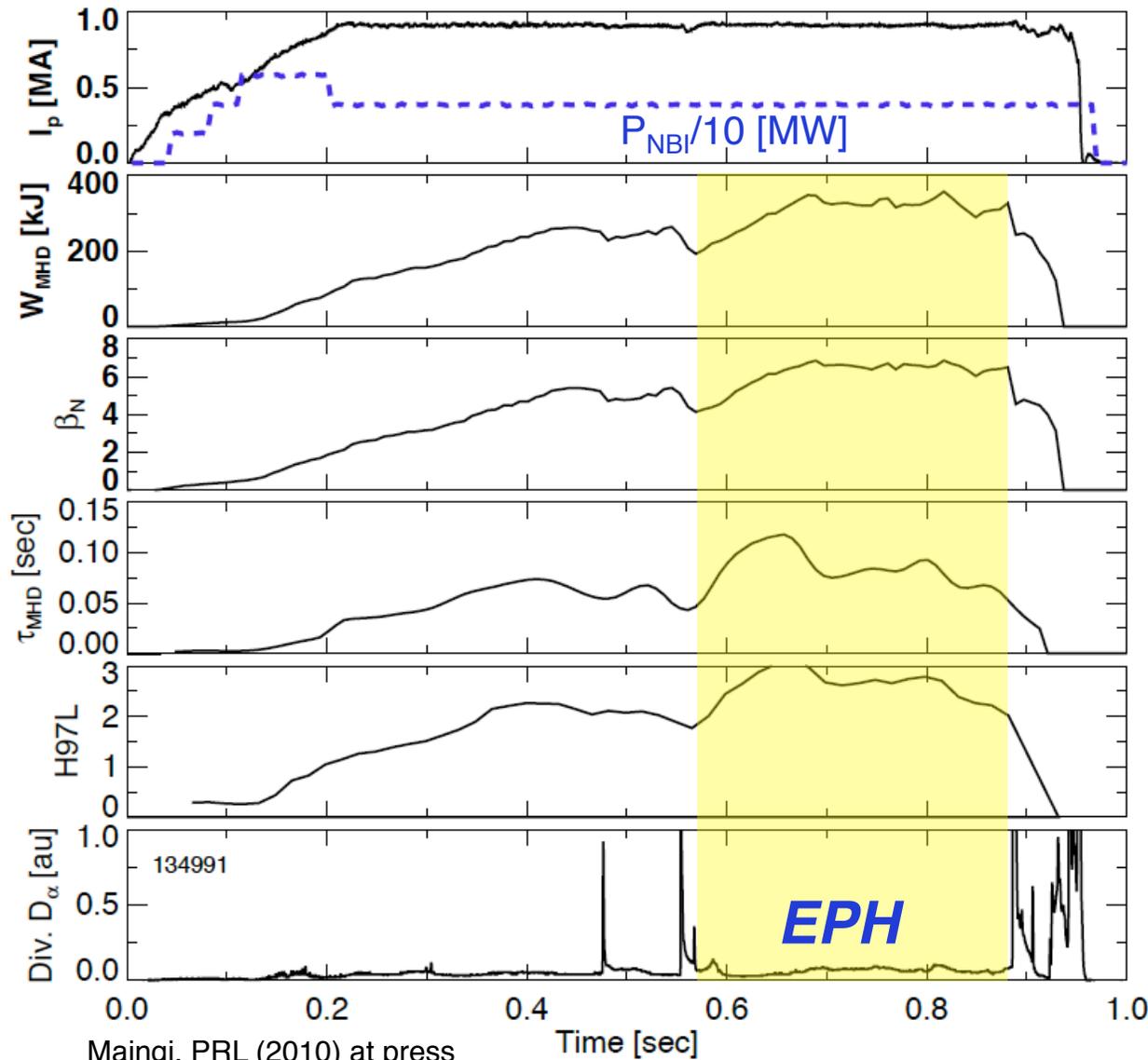


- Note: Pedestal $\nu_e^* \sim 0.5-1$ in H-mode



Maingi, JNM 390-391 (2009) 440

EPH-mode phases up to several hundred msec observed recently (more common with lithium?)

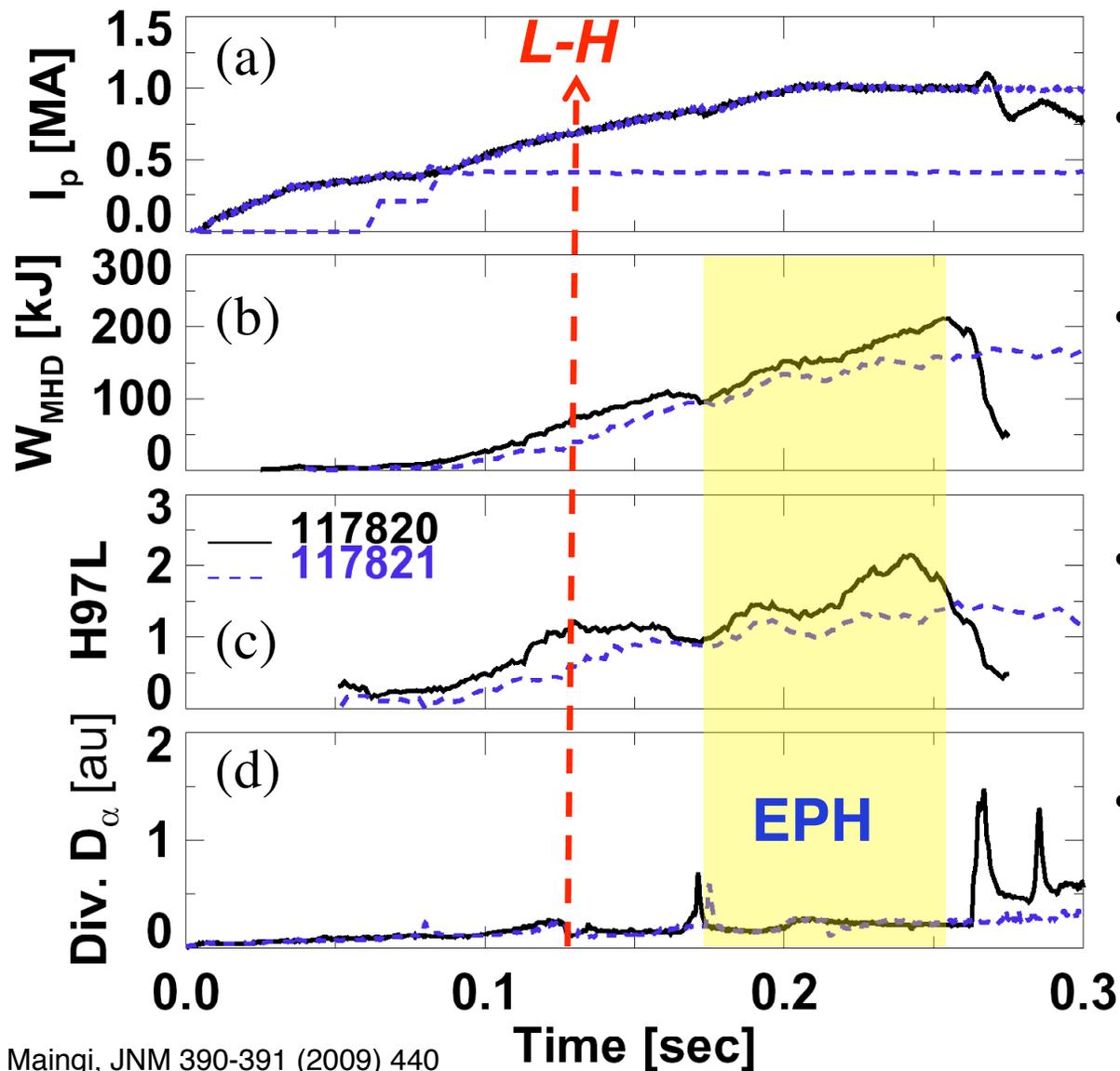


- $I_p = 0.9$ MA,
 $P_{\text{NBI}} = 3.8$ MW
- $W_{\text{MHD}} \leq 350$ kJ
- $\beta_N > 6.5$
- $\tau_E \geq 80$ msec for
225 msec
- $H_{97L} \leq 3$
- Natural ELM
trigger for EPH
- Not sure of termination
event

Common Enhanced Pedestal H-mode Characteristics

- A second transition to enhanced confinement and high pedestal $T_e, T_i \leq 700$ eV
 - Second transition after large ELM, either natural or triggered by 3D fields
 - W_{MHD} ramps \sim linearly in time for ~ 0.1 s, typically $dW/dt \sim 0.4 * P_{\text{NBI}}$
 - $H_{97L} \geq 2.5$, and as high as 3.5 transiently
 - EP H-mode phase observed during I_p ramp or flat-top
- Common feature: edge v_ϕ develops large gradient, with a large drag, often near the $q=3$ surface
- Low loop voltage, high β_N (due partly to low pressure peaking factor)
 - ✓ *high performance, long pulse candidate*

Comparison of Standard and EP H-mode evolution



- Same I_p , P_{NBI}

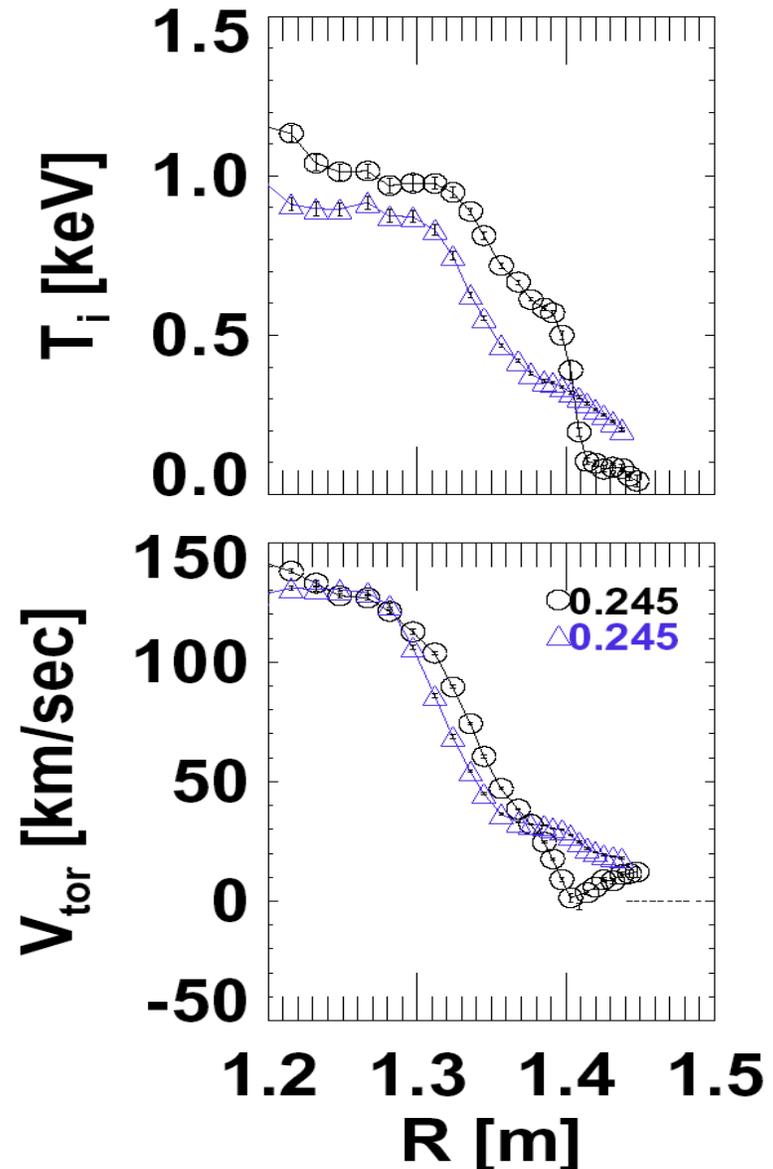
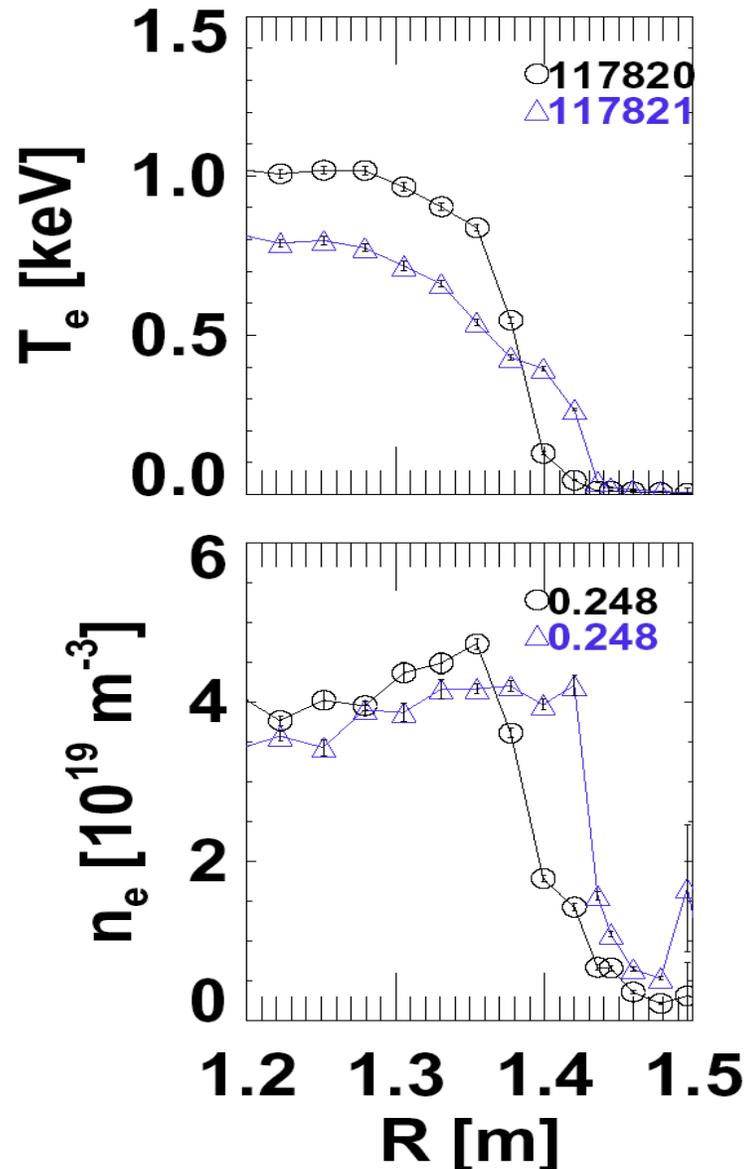
- Higher W_{MHD} during EPH

- Higher H97L during EPH

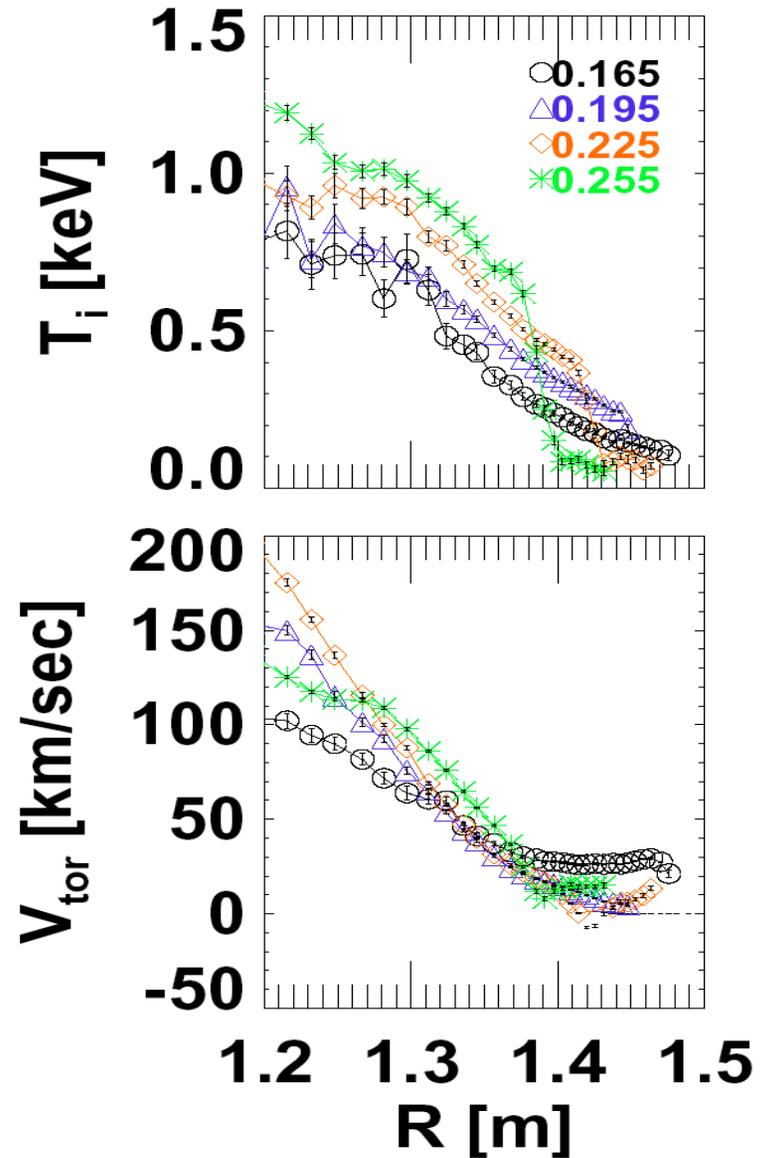
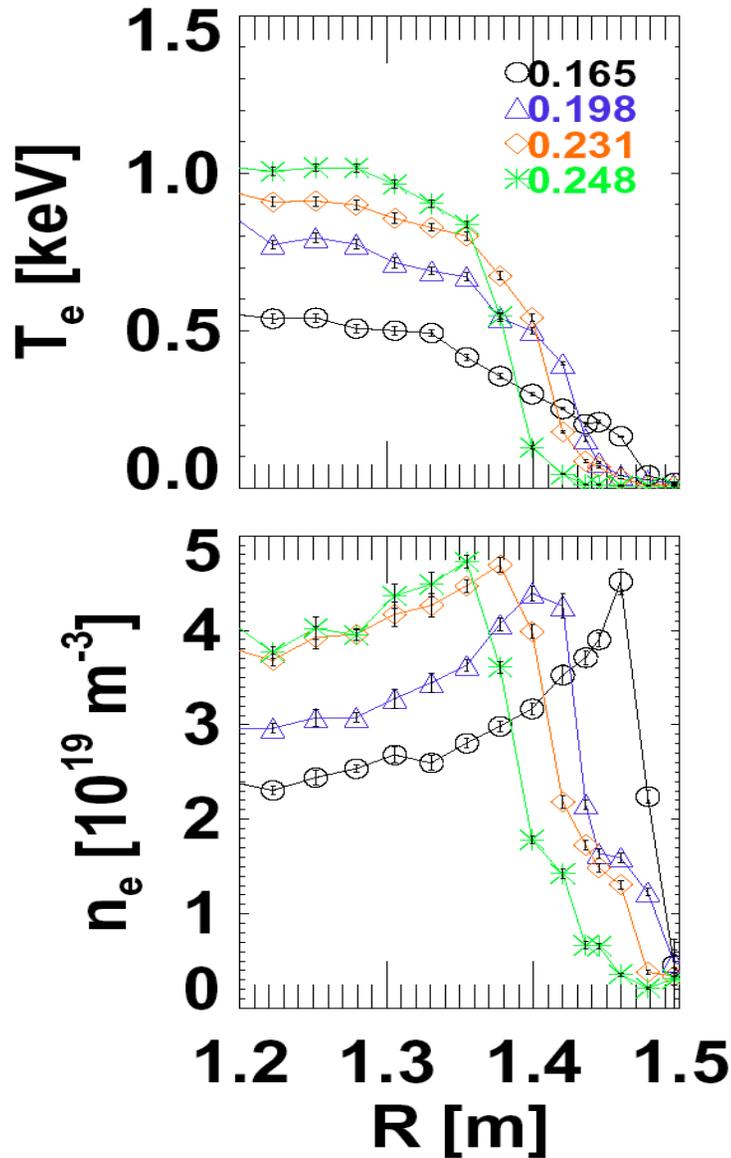
- ELM trigger for EPH

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Comparison of Standard and EP H-mode profiles

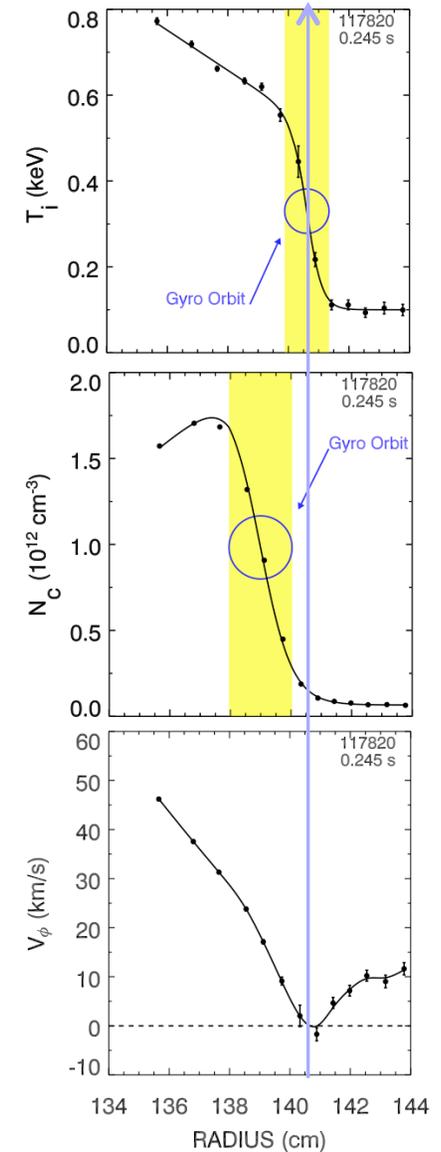


EP H-mode profiles evolved continuously during I_p ramp



Enhanced Pedestal H-mode barrier width size comparable to gyro-diameter

- Edge scale lengths for both T_i and n_C approach the gyro-diameter during EPH-mode
- Ion gyroradius $\rho_i \sim 0.7$ cm relative to IBI, owing to combination of local $T_i \sim 350$ eV and and IBI ~ 0.35 T at outer midplane
 - Approaching or at the fundamental limit on the gradient scale length?
- Minimum v_ϕ seems to be in center of highest ∇T_i region

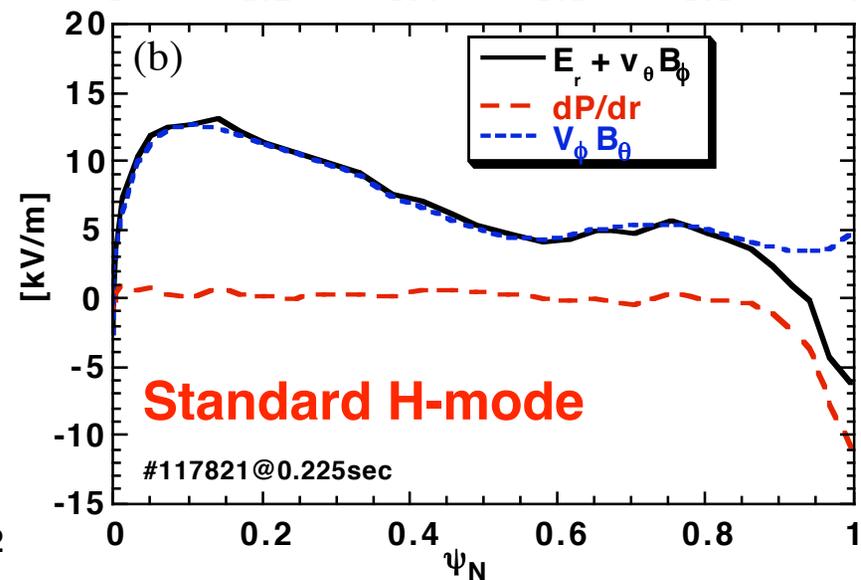
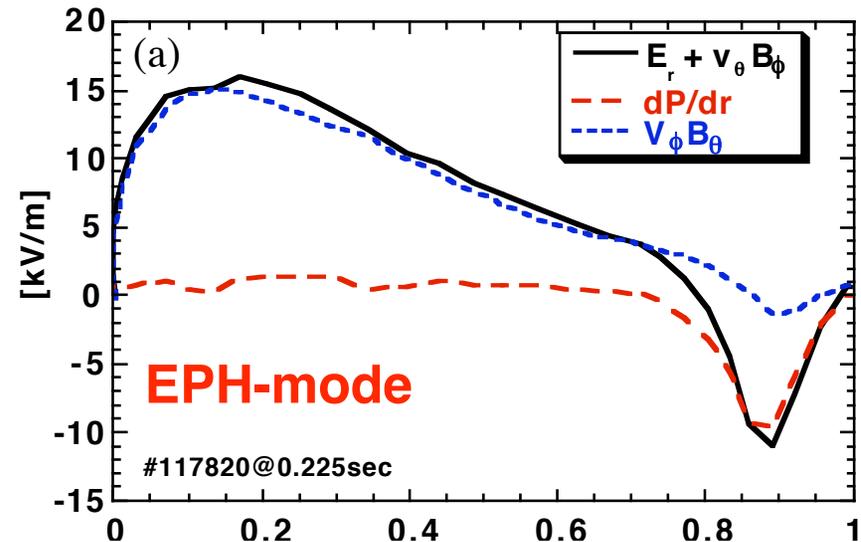
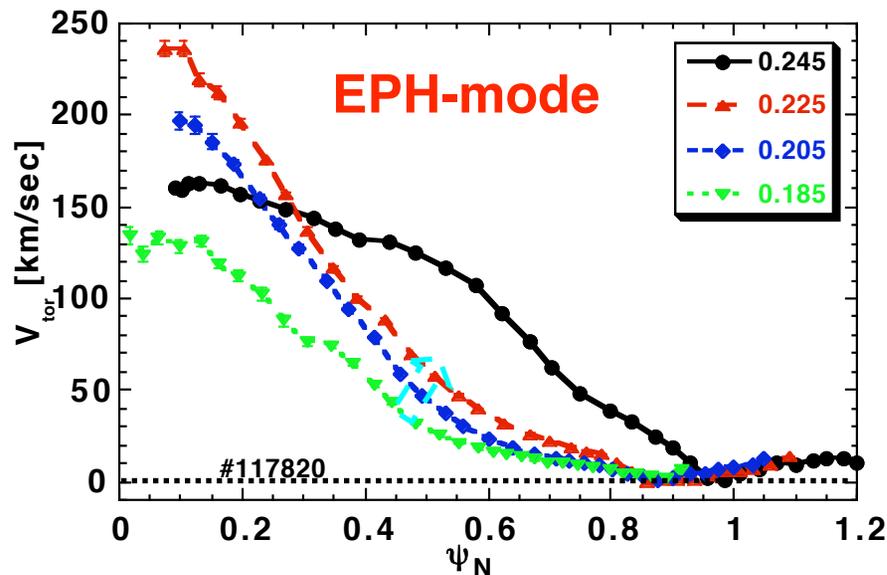


R. Bell

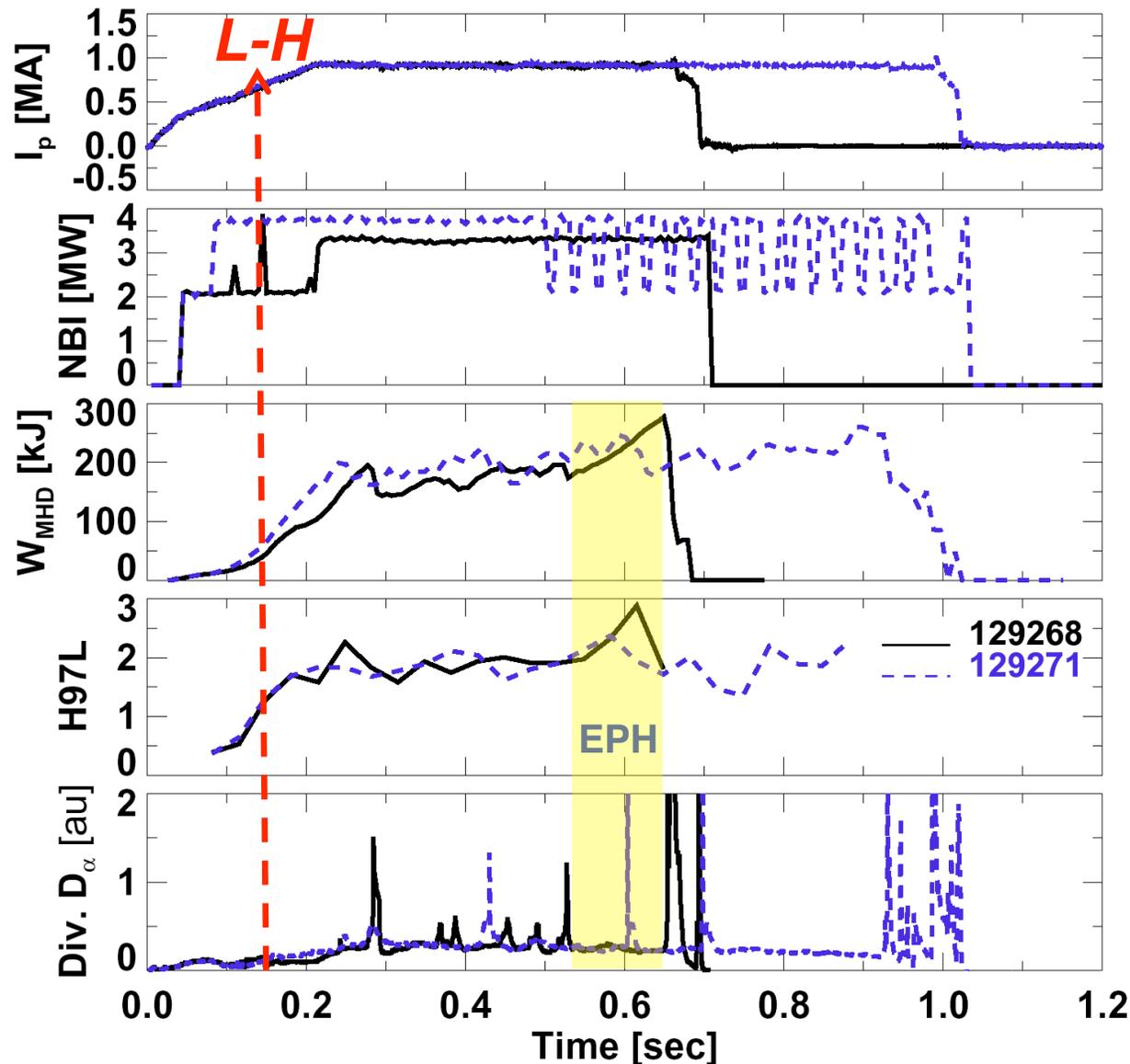
Changes in v_ϕ accompany high $T_{e,i}^{ped}$ in Enhanced Pedestal H-mode

- First order radial force balance:

$$E_r + v_\theta B_\phi = v_\phi B_\theta + \nabla P_c / 6eN_c$$
- EPH mode has $v_\phi \sim 0$ near separatrix, probably due to drag from an island, such that ∇P term dominates v_ϕ over large region
- Large ∇v_ϕ indicative of large E_r'
- v_θ negligible (recent measurement)

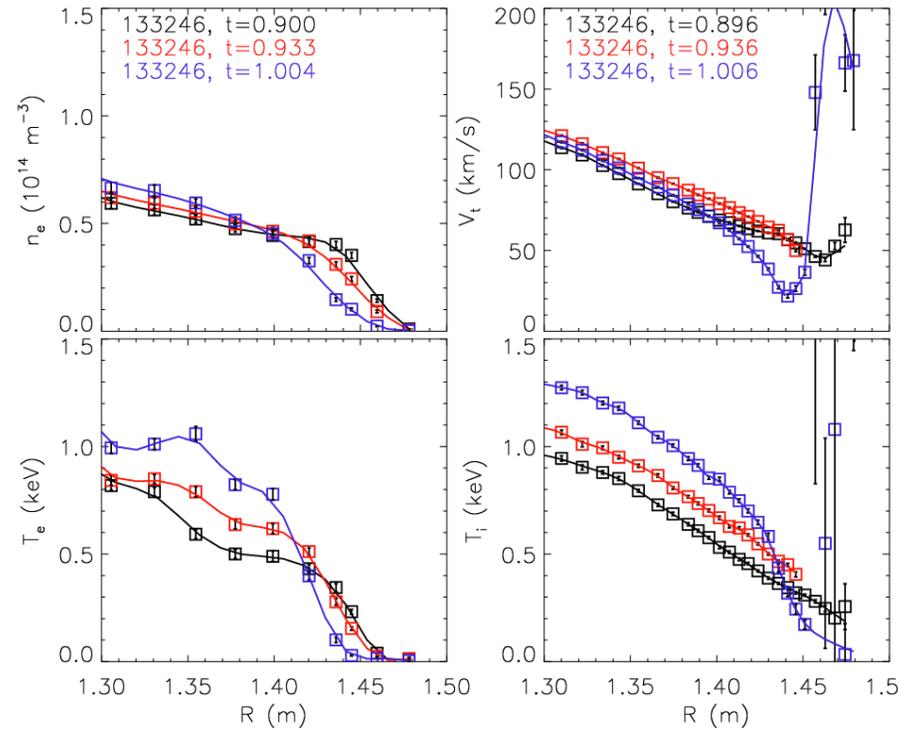
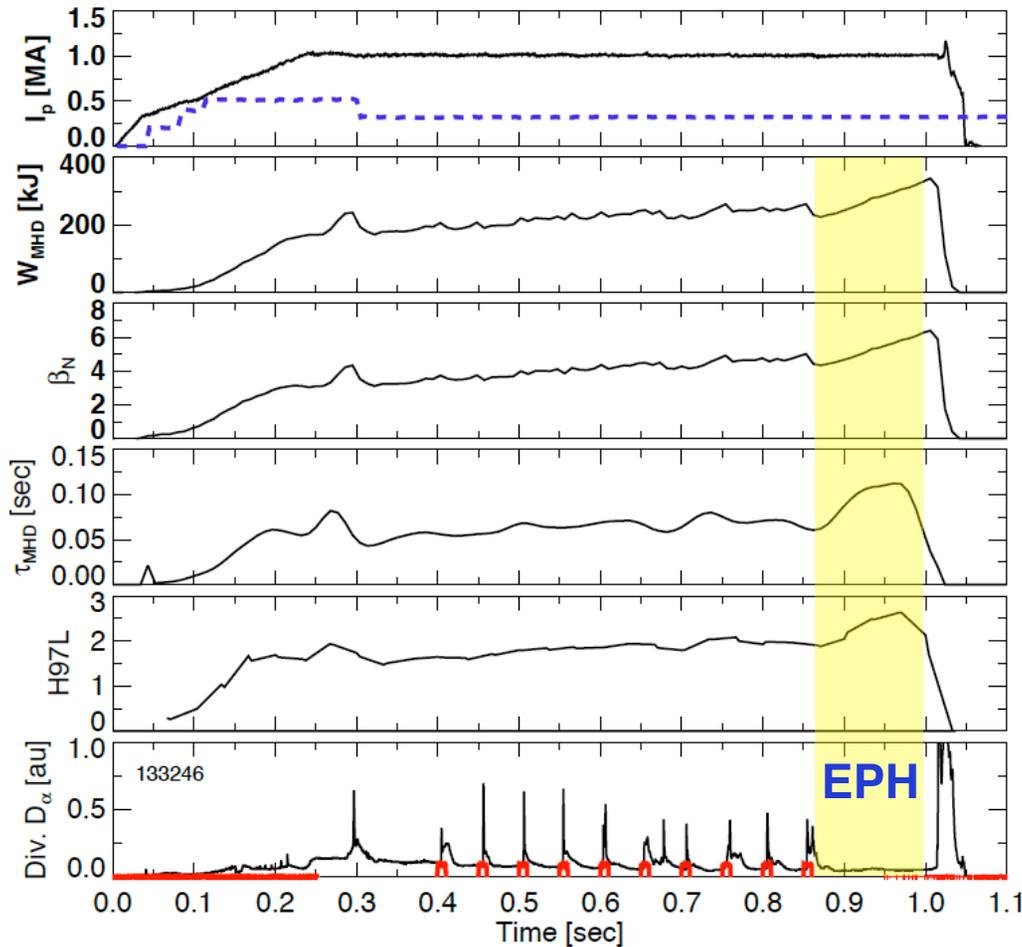


Spontaneous EPH-mode also observed during I_p flat-top

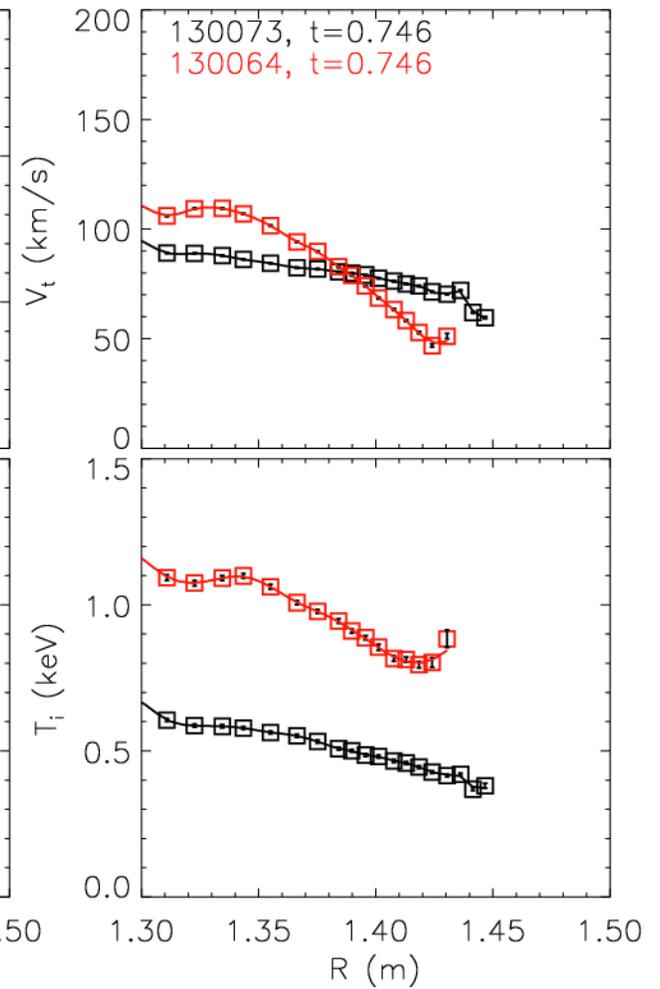
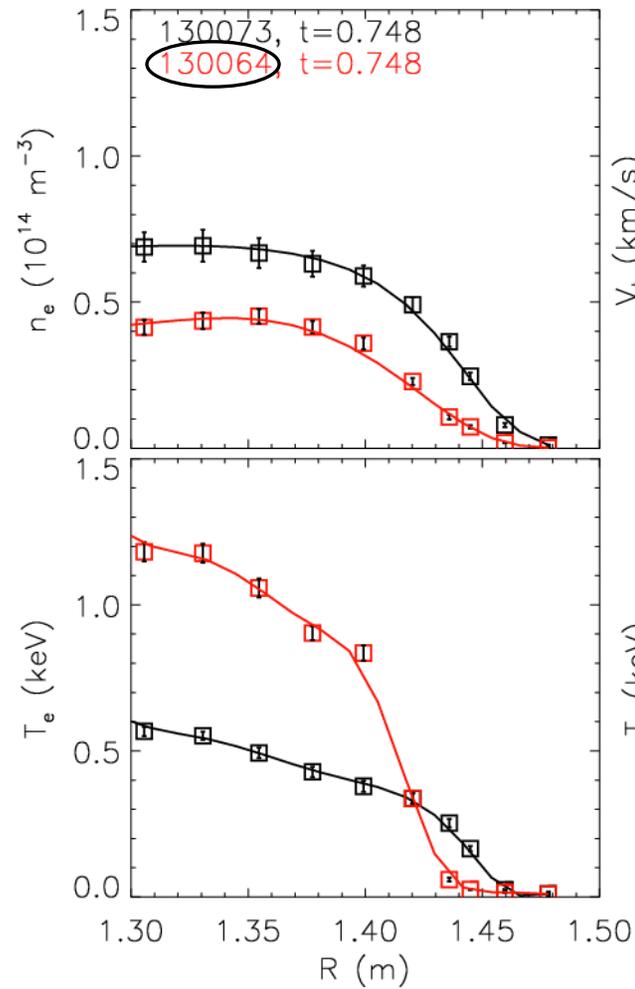
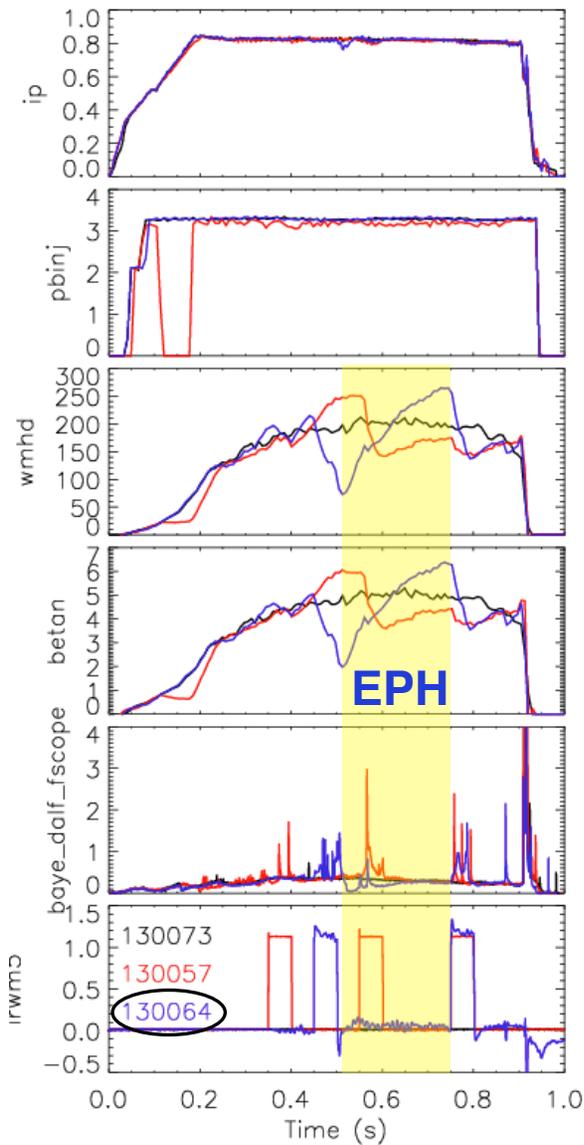


- Same I_p , P_{NBI}
- Lower P_{NBI}
- Higher W_{MHD} during EPH
- Higher H97L during EPH
- ELM trigger for EPH

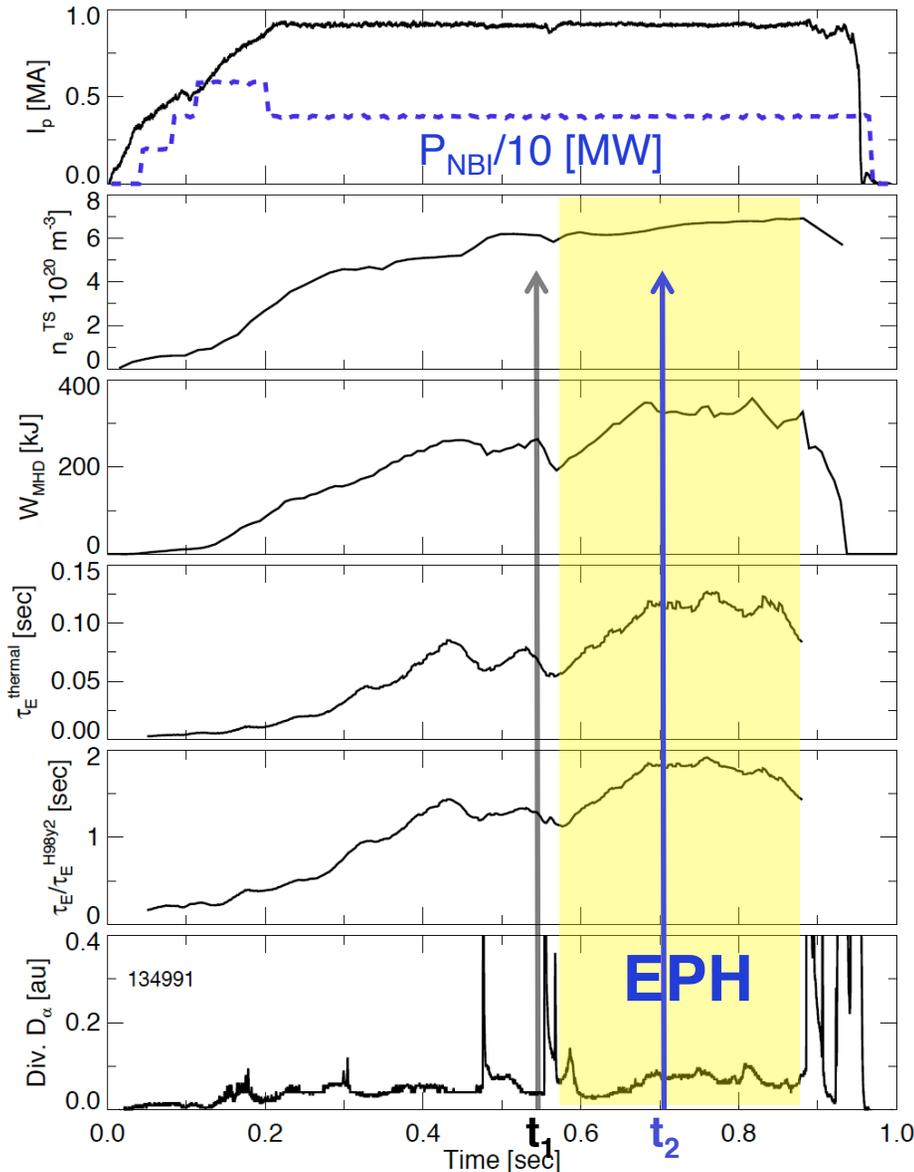
3D fields used for ELM pace making may trigger EPH during periods when 3D fields switched off



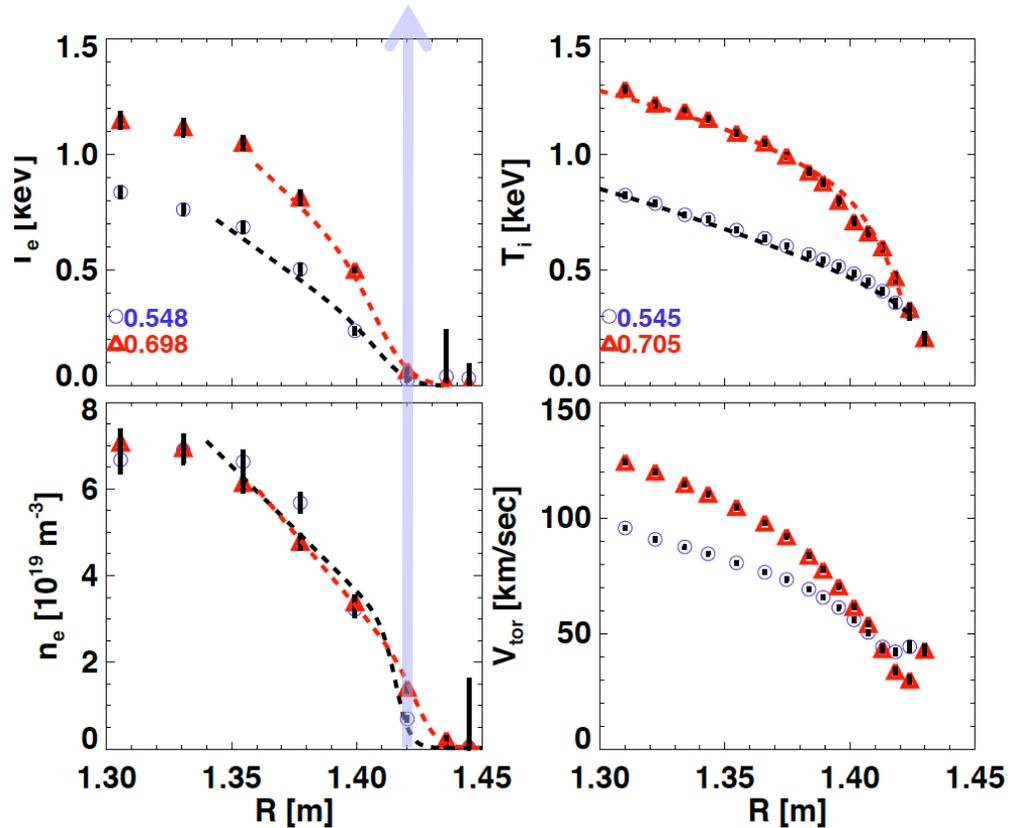
EPH may occur naturally in recovery period following ELM/braking triggers



EPH-mode phase observed for several τ_E , up to ~ 300 msec

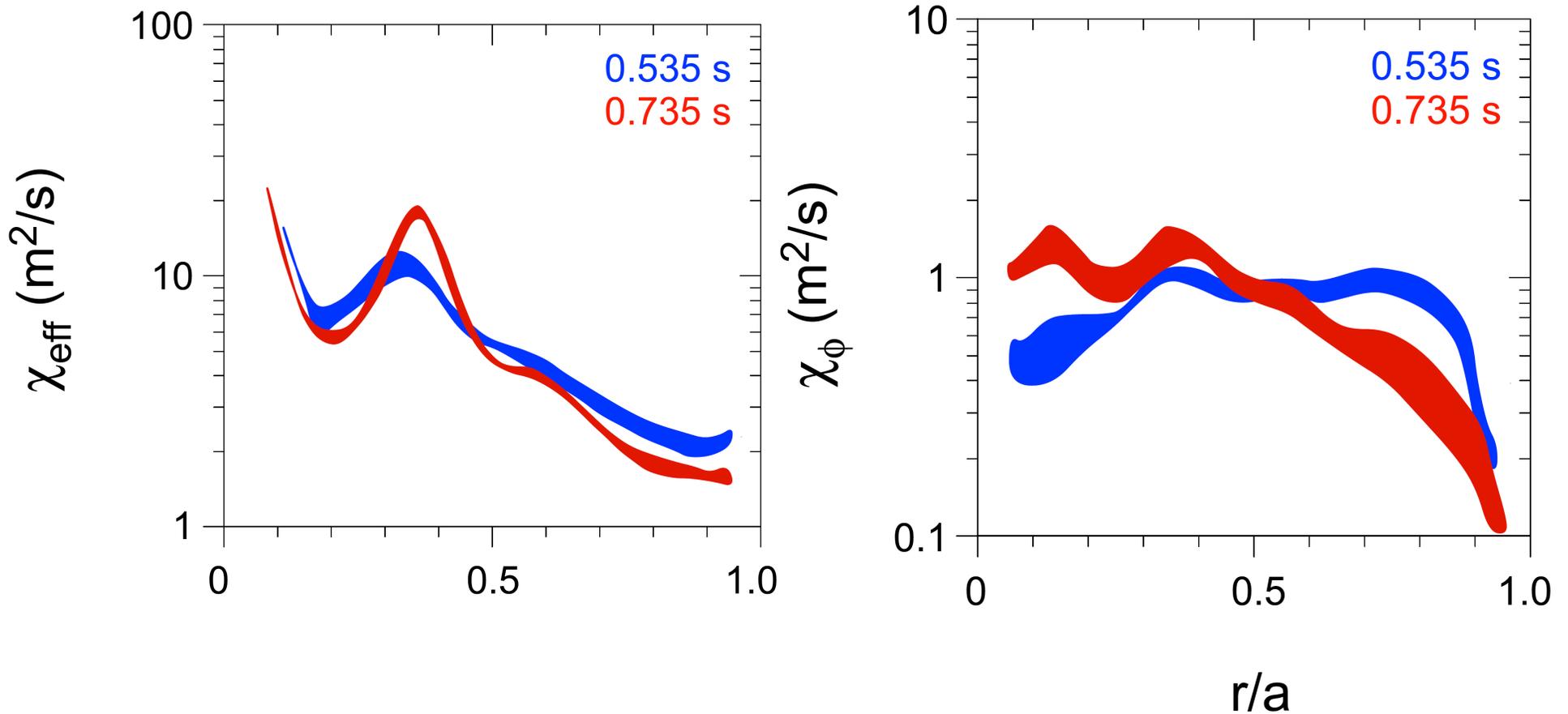


EP H-mode
H-mode
 separatrix

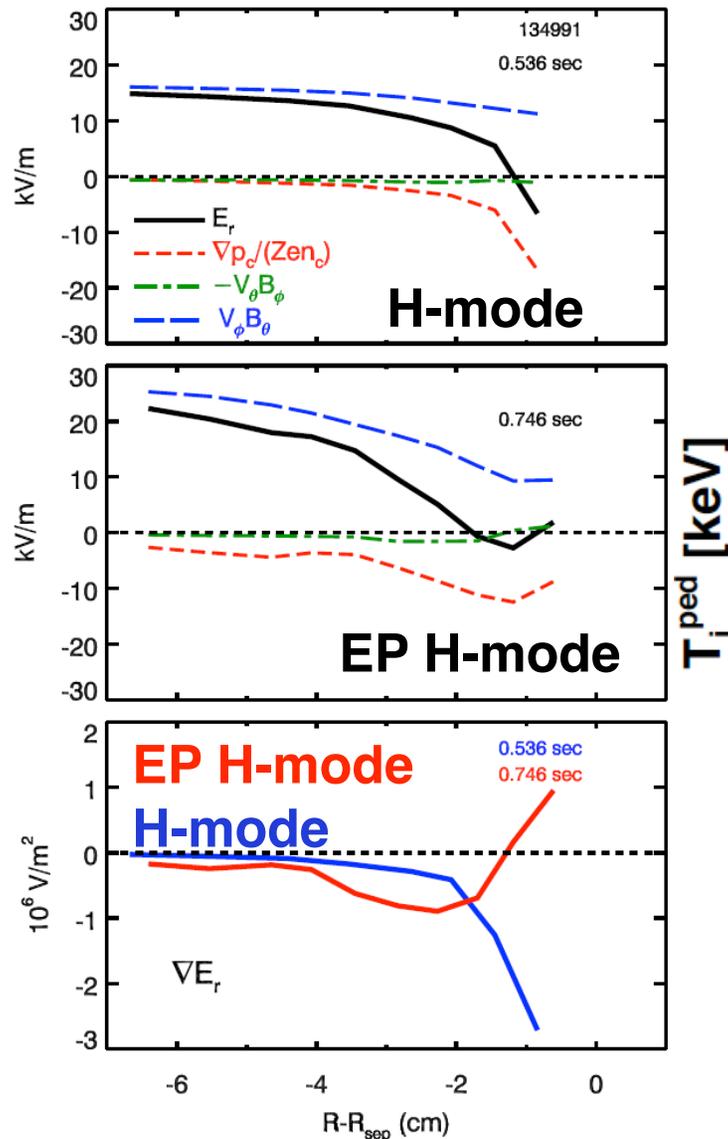


Thermal and angular momentum transport reduced over outer half of plasma

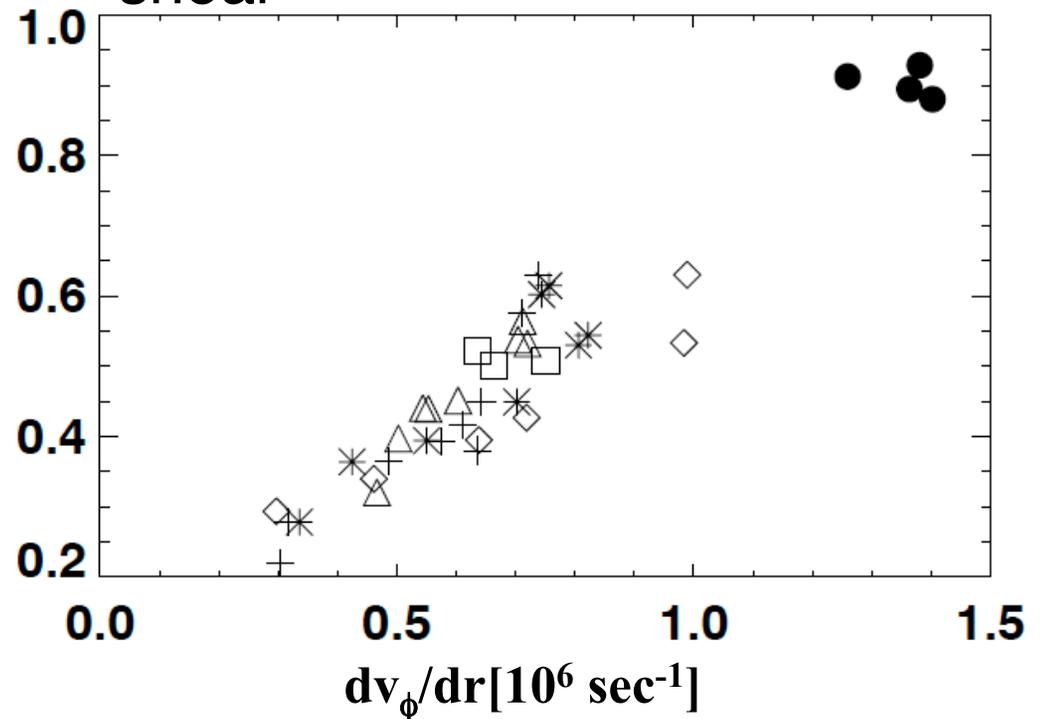
EP H-mode
H-mode



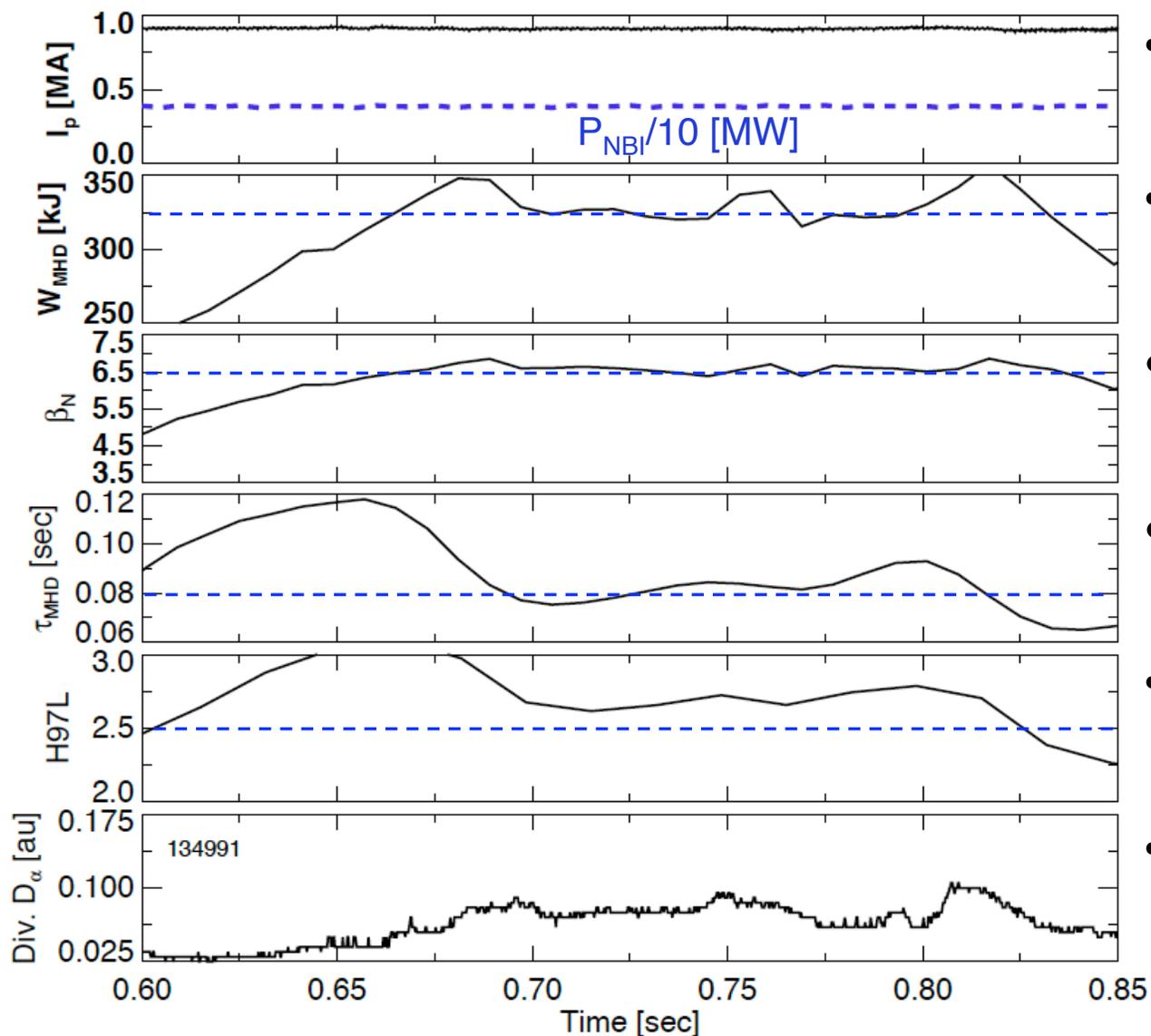
Spatial extent of significant E_r shear region doubled in size during EP H-mode



- T_i pedestal height correlates with edge toroidal rotation shear

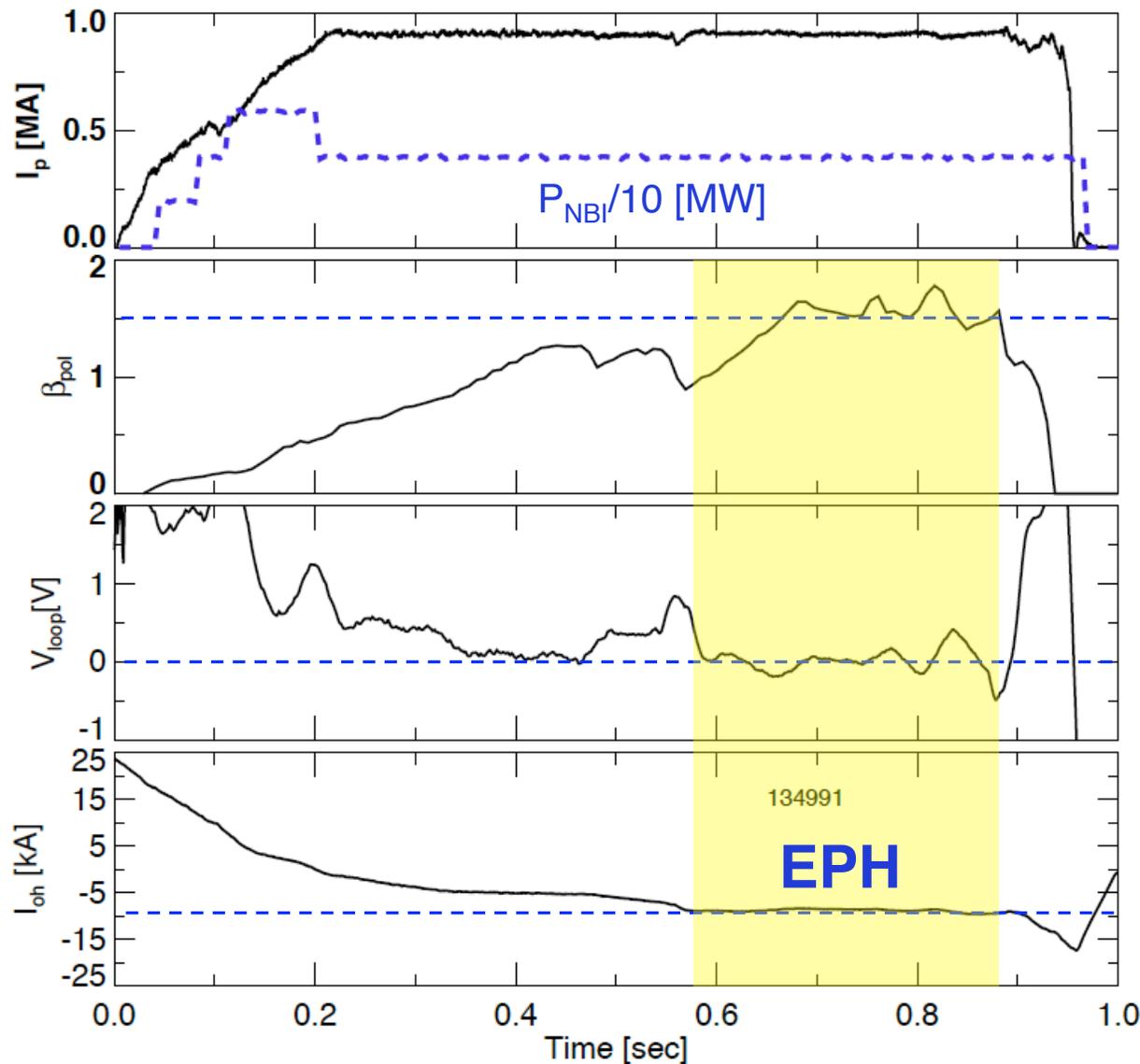


High β_N phase maintained for $2 \tau_E$



- $I_p = 0.9$ MA,
 $P_{\text{NBI}} = 3.8$ MW
- $W_{\text{MHD}} \simeq 325$ kJ
- $\beta_N \sim 6.5$
- $\tau_E \geq 80$ msec for
225 msec
- $H_{97L} \geq 2.5$
- EPH phase is
ELM-free

High β_{pol} results in high bootstrap and non-inductive fraction ($f_{\text{NI}} \sim 0.65$ from TRANSP)



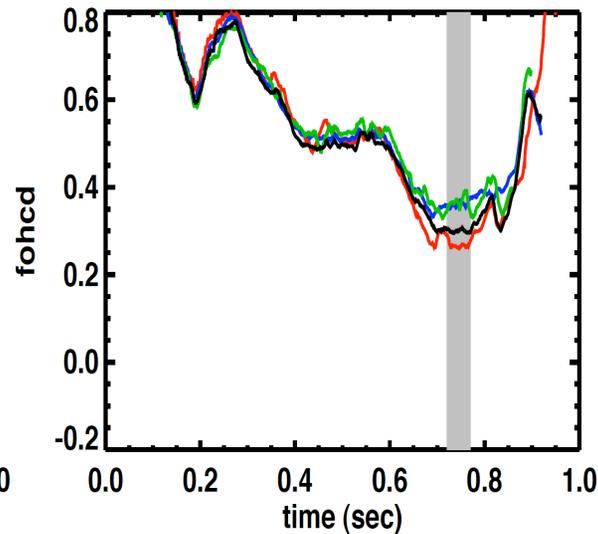
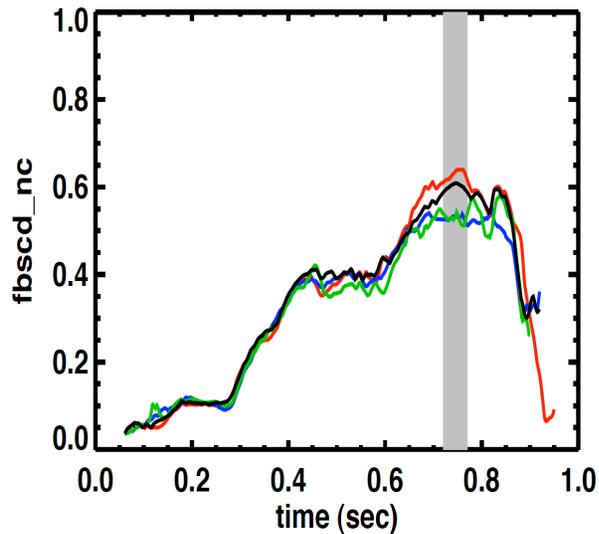
- $I_p = 0.9$ MA,
 $P_{\text{NBI}} = 3.8$ MW

- $\beta_p \sim 1.5$, very high for 0.9 MA

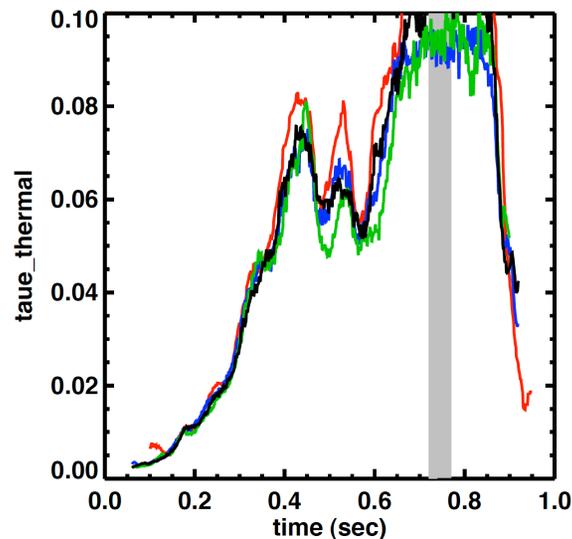
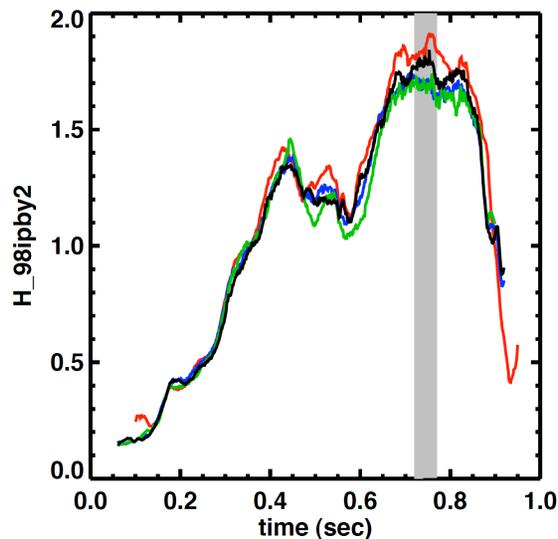
- Loop voltage low during EPH, due to high bootstrap

- Very little or no flux consumption

High bootstrap and non-inductive fractions, high thermal τ_E during EPH phase



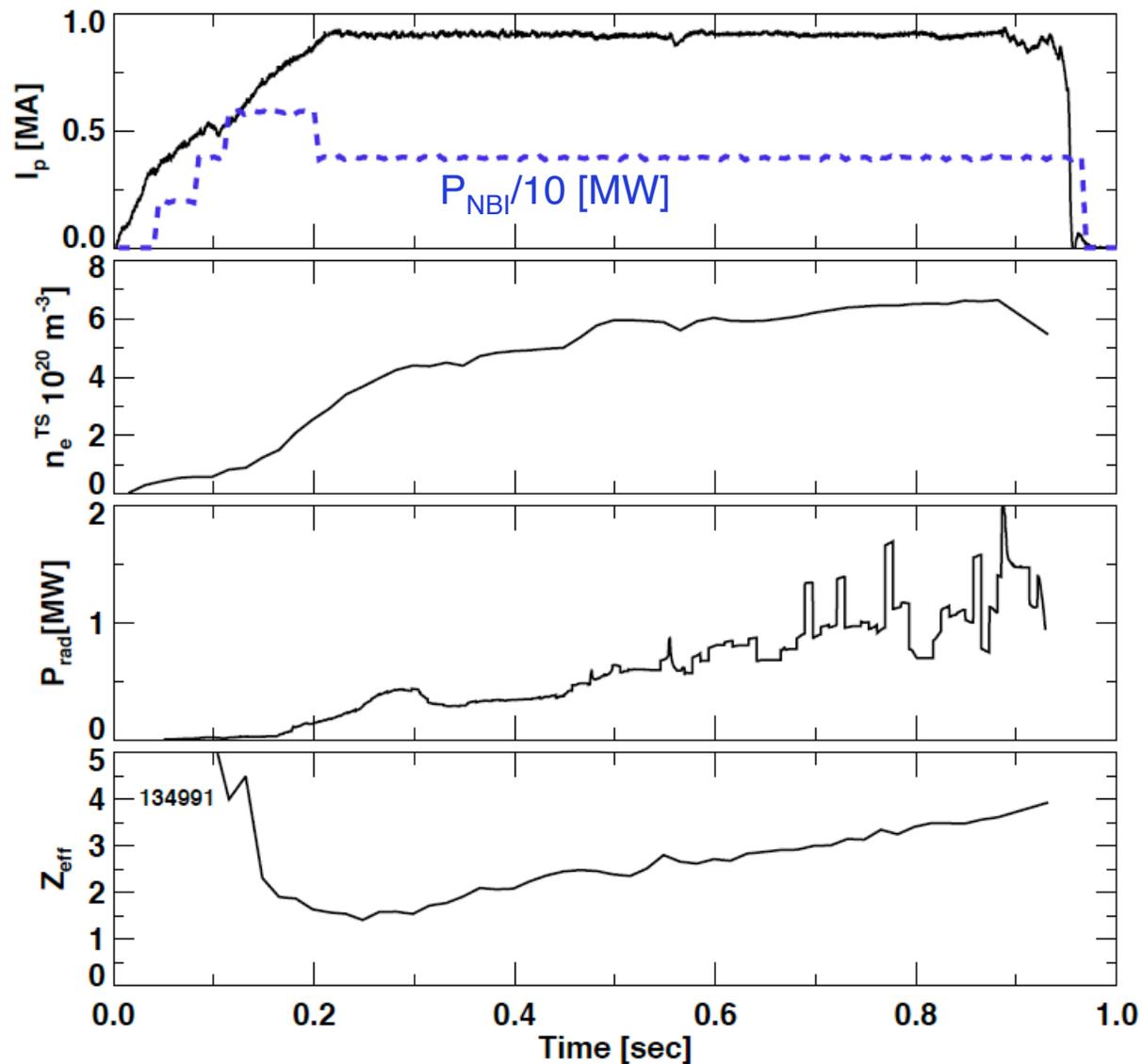
- f_{bs} between 0.5-0.6, and f_{NI} between 0.6-0.7



- H_{98y2} between 1.6 and 1.8, with τ_E^{th} between 90-100 msec

S. Gerhardt, S. Kaye

Long pulse EPH – density still evolving slowly, Z_{eff} rising, but P_{rad} seems reasonable



EPH-mode would make a decent ASC TSG high performance, long pulse target

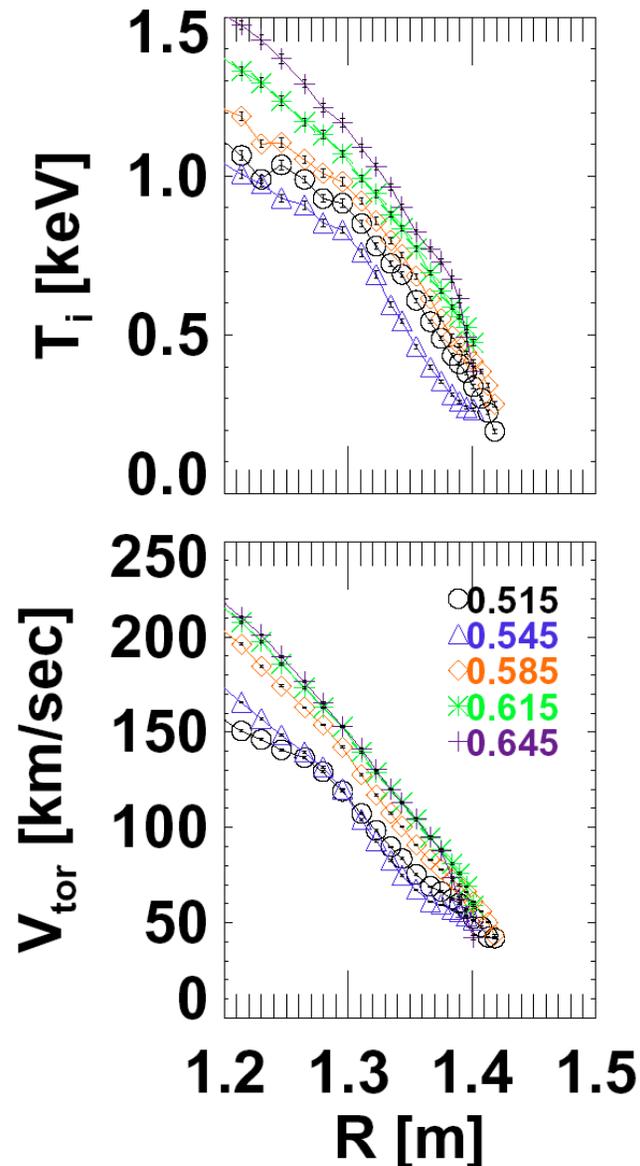
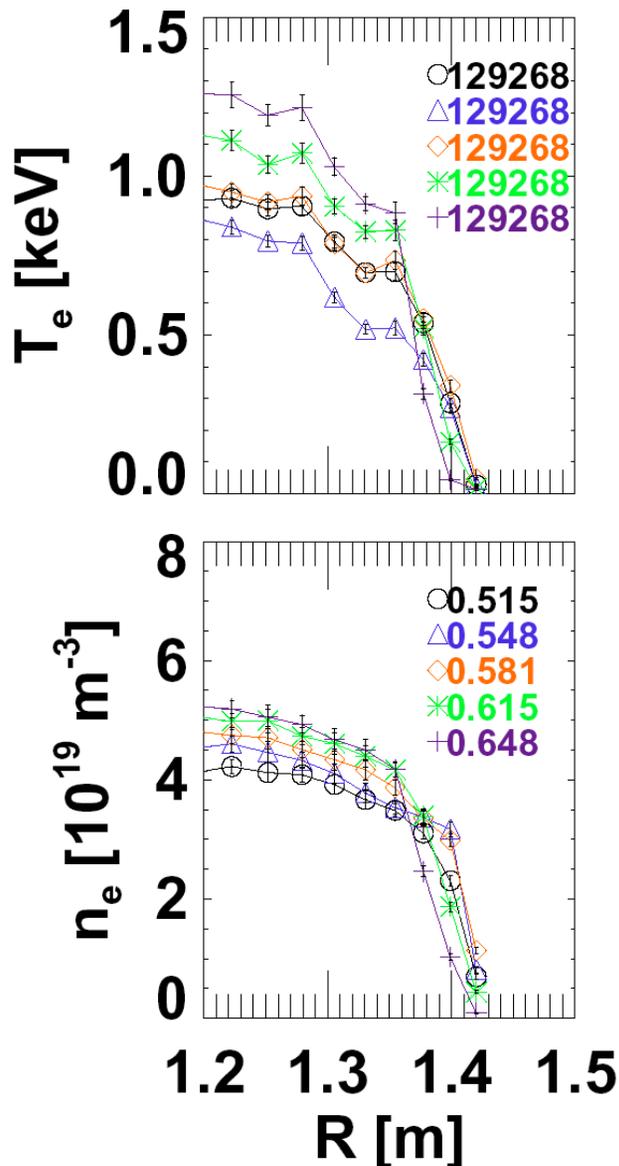
- Initiating EPH-mode:
 - Lithium conditioning for ELM-free conditions
 - Either fast RMP trigger of a large ELM(5 Hz?), or longer RMP pulse with several ELMs: both seem to work
 - Since density profile control may be important, *supersonic gas injection (SGI) may provide easier access (longest pulse EPH had SGI)*
- Sustaining EPH-mode:
 - Use β feedback + $n=1$ feedback to avoid β limit
 - Pre-program NBI reduction, if needed
 - Raise B_t or drop I_p or more shaping to delay $q_0=1$ crossing

The Enhanced Pedestal H-mode has favorable characteristics and improved long pulse prospects

- EP H-modes occur naturally following large ELMs, or can be triggered with 3D fields
- Recently, EPH phases were obtained during I_p flat-top for several τ_E
- With the advent of β feedback on NBI and good $n=1$ feedback, extending the pulse length and using EPH as a high-performance target will be attempted in FY10 in NSTX
- ✓ Experiments will be lead by Canik and Gerhardt

Backup

EP H-mode profiles evolve continuously, although recovery from trigger takes a little time



- Discharge had Li evaporation to improve performance in regular H-mode

EPH-mode can have transient H89P up to 4

