



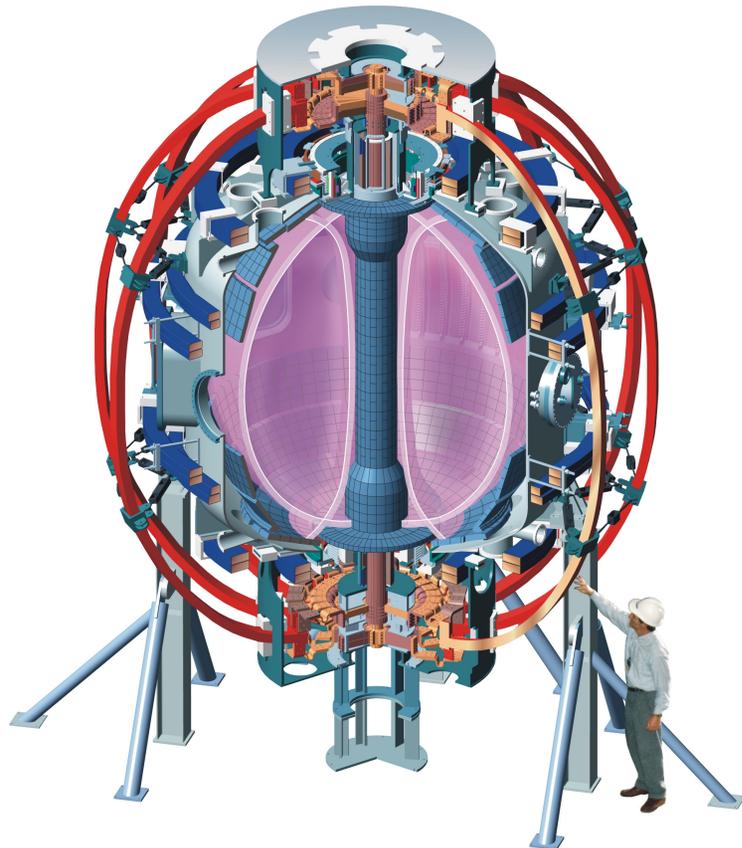
HHFW-assisted PF-only startup in NSTX

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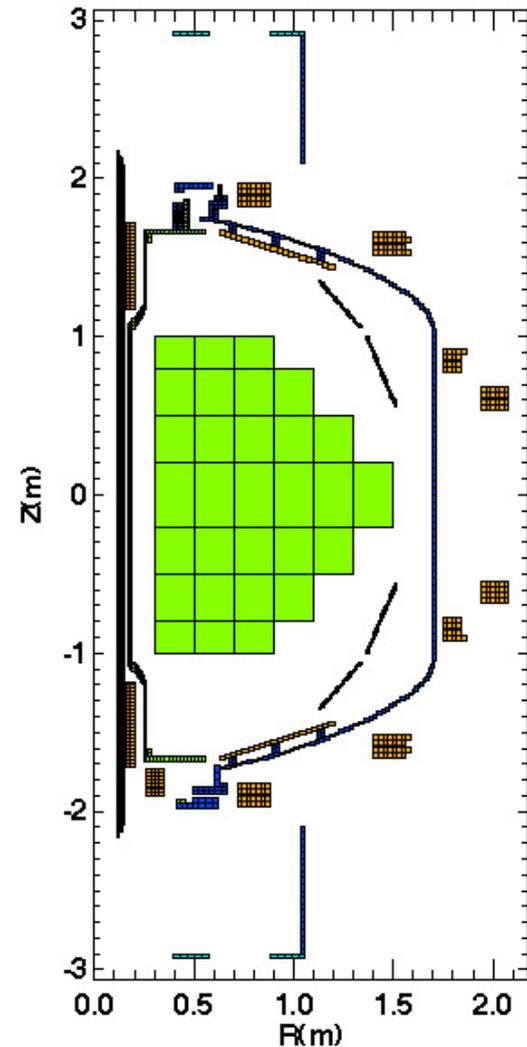
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Analysis using LRDIAG

- Circuit equation solver
 - Coils and conducting structures
 - Eddy currents accounted
 - No plasma equilibrium
- Plasma modeled by passive coils
 - Distribution of “plasma” coils
 - Variable resistivity profile in space but constant in time
 - Model selected to reproduce 1MA NSTX plasma ($\sim 70\text{eV}$ equivalent T_e)

NSTX-PHASEIV Version StartUp_Plasma_5



Outer-PF ramp from near zero current & flux

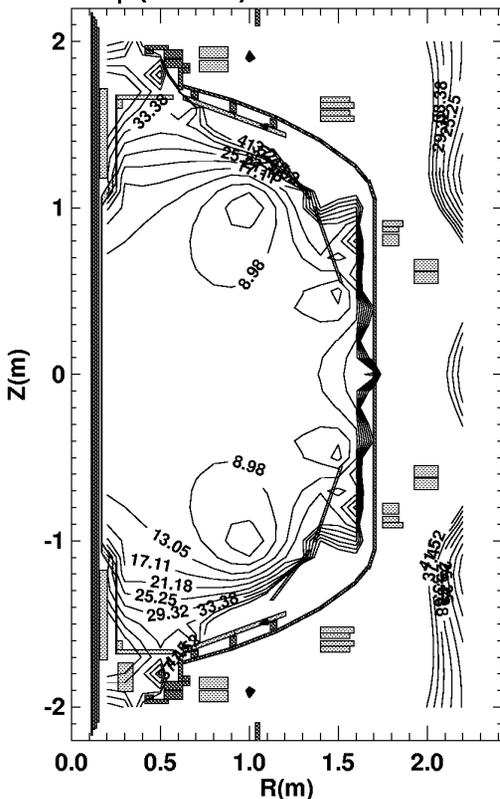
Good null

+

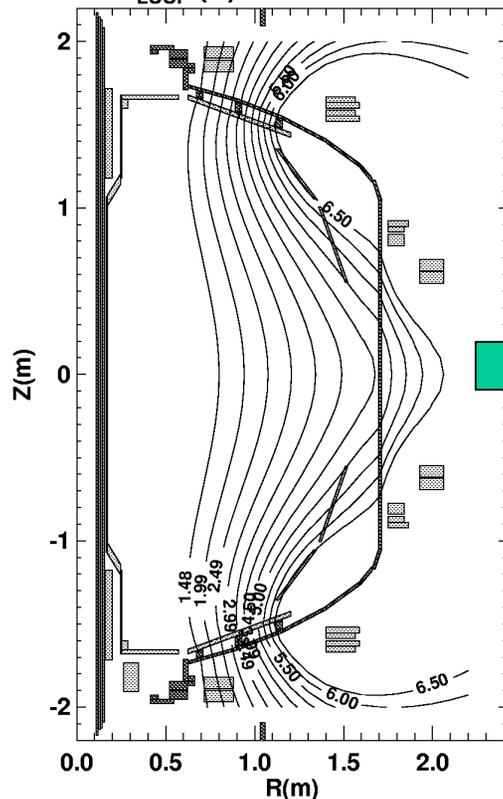
Significant V_{LOOP}

Can form closed flux
(no force-balance constraint)

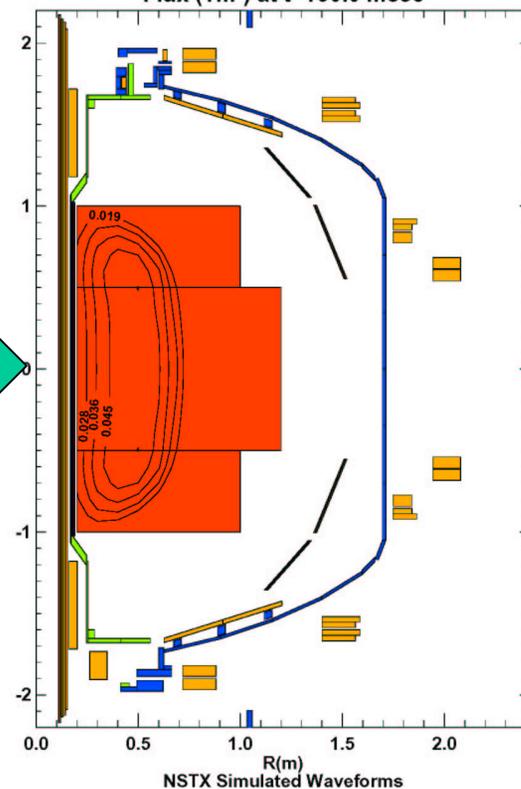
B_p (Gauss) at t=2.000 msec



V_{LOOP} (V) at t=2.000 msec



Flux (Tm^2) at t=160.0 msec



1. Use HHFW to initiate high- n_e plasma breakdown at outboard side
2. Ramp PF coils to drive ≈ 50 - 100 kA with some closed flux
3. Then, use HHFW to heat and drive BS and RF current
 - Current hole relaxation process could allow high I_p w/ small initial stored flux

Elements of experiment



1. Create plasma in front of HHFW antenna
 - Use ECH for pre-ionization
 - Adjust pre-fill to maximize density
 - Match to plasma loading at low P_{RF} ($< 100\text{kW}$) and short pulse-width
 - Once HHFW breakdown is achieved, increase gas puff pressure & width
 - Increase power (100-500kW) and pulse-width to increase density
 - Adjust RF match to increased density plasma
 - Previously successful on CDX-U with TF-only (100kW, 10^{12}cm^{-3})

2. Ramp outer PF coils
 - Use PF3/PF5 current ratio with marginally stable field index
 - Start with ramp-rate similar to that in OH discharges
 - Scan ramp-rate from 2-20MA/s to maximize driven current

3. Change from heating to co-CD phasing during ramp-up
 - Increase HHFW power to several MW and re-match in CD phasing
 - Modify PF ramp trajectory to maximize plasma I_p

The CDX-U HHFW pre-ionization experience

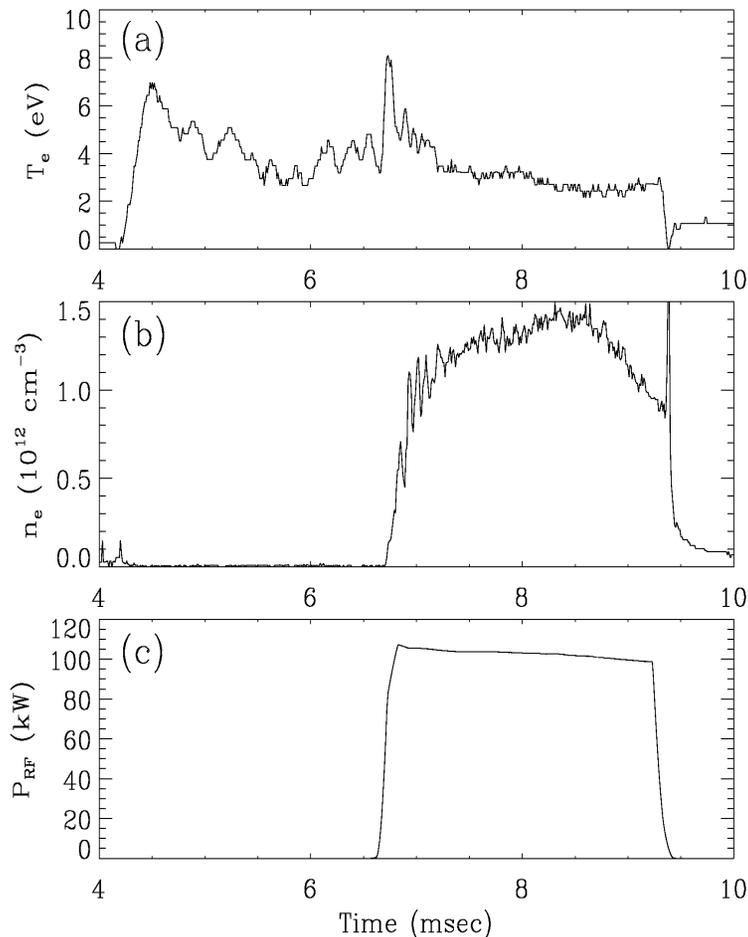


Figure 6.13: Plasma and antenna parameters during higher-density plasma formation experiments. (a) Electron temperature, (b) electron density, and (c) coupled RF power. Data taken 10/30/97 in deuterium with $0-\pi$ phasing and vertical straps.

- Line-avg. $10^{12}/\text{cc}$ with 100kW
- The recipe:
 - ECH for pre-ionization
 - 10x ohmic pre-fill
 - Loading similar to FW loading even with vertical straps
 - ← – LH res. @ antenna was best
 - Higher TF lowered n_e to 3×10^{11}
- Implications for NSTX:
 - $B_{T0} = 1.2 \text{ kG}$ for $\omega = \omega_{LH}$ (antenna)
 - Perform TF scan to scan HHFW density production
 - TF ramp during I_p ramp?
 - too slow to match LH resonance and have high TF for I_p ramp?