

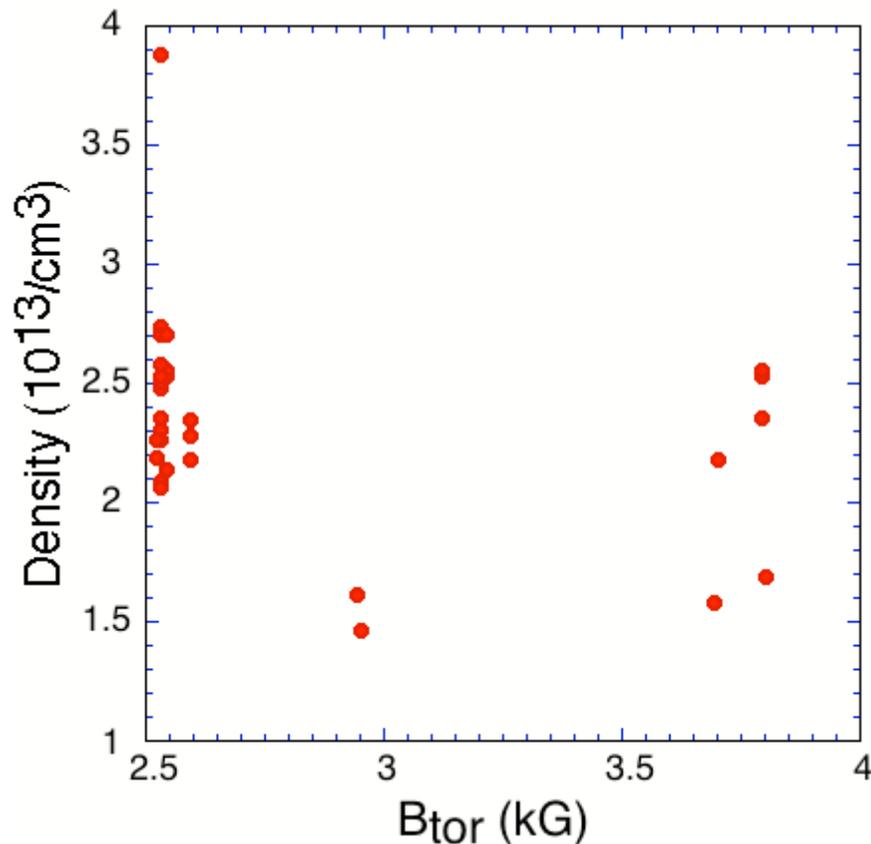
# *Parameter scaling of 'Angelfish' instability*

---

- Best examples, most of data, is at low field ( $\approx 3\text{kG}$ ) and early in discharge.
  - Low density?
  - Low current?
  - Weak drive (low fast ion beta)?
- Study mode with MSE, reflectometer, FLIP, NPA and Mirnov polarization array.
  - Develop scaling for frequency chirp rate, mode amplitude, burst frequency and secondary modes.

*Most good data at low field,  
lowish density*

---



- There are a few higher field points; needs more study.
- Angelfish seen with either source A or B, or with multiple sources
- Chirping faster with multiple sources?

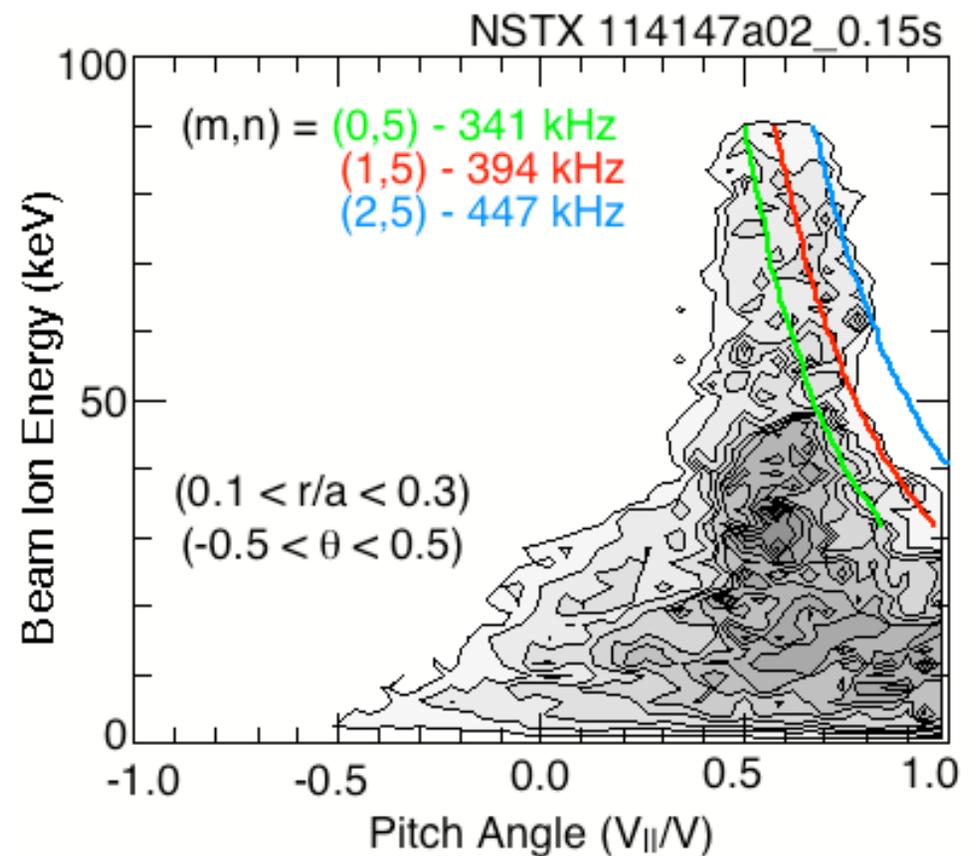
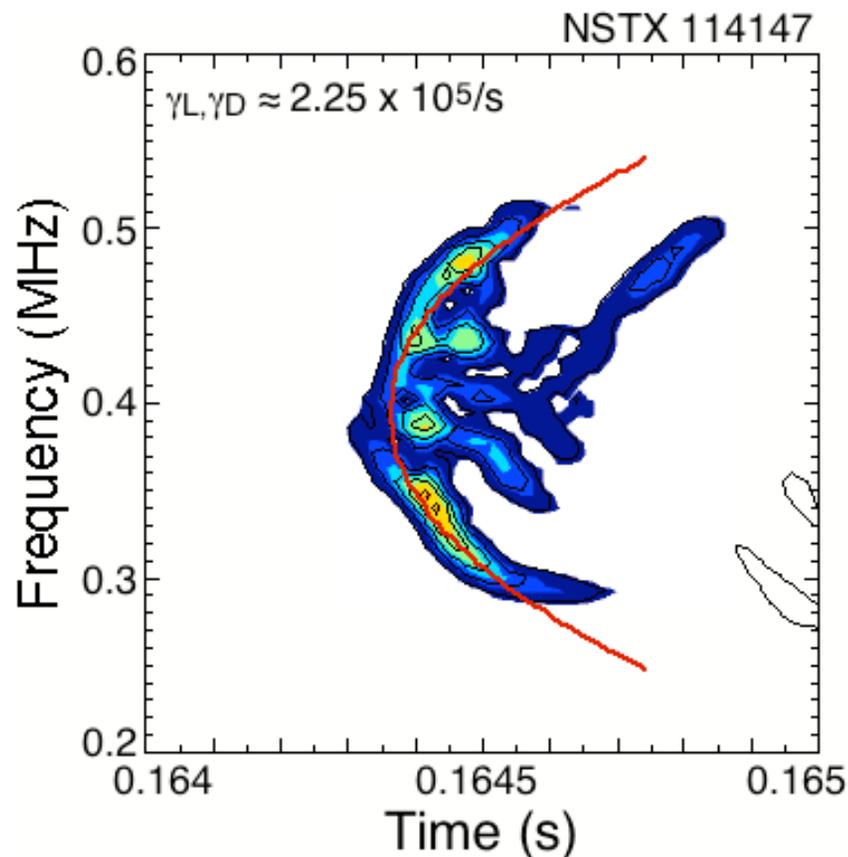
# Considerable analysis can be done if available data is acquired

Dispersion relation:

$$\omega_{lab} = \omega_{GAE} - k_{\parallel} V_{tor} = k_{\parallel} V_{Alfvén} - k_{\parallel} V_{tor}$$

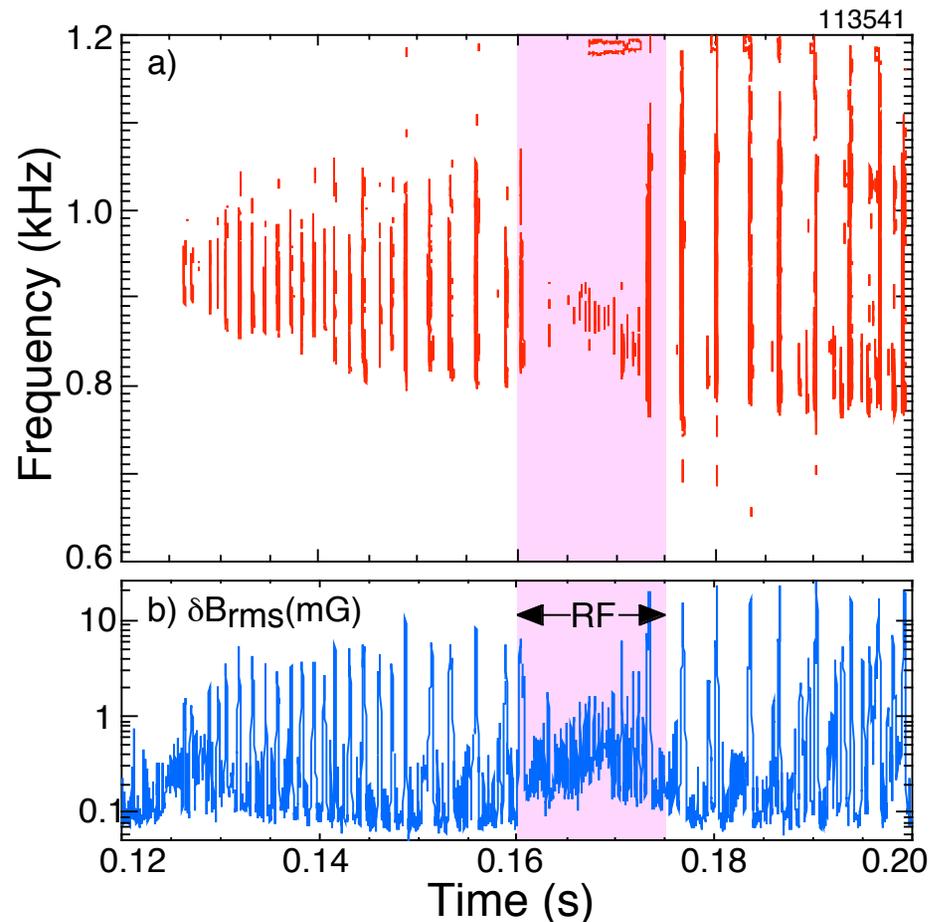
Resonance condition:

$$\omega_{ci} - k_{\parallel} V_{b\parallel} + k_{\parallel} V_{tor} = \omega_{GAE}$$



# *Some evidence of Angel-suppression with HHFW*

- However, there is a single burst towards end of RF pulse; incomplete suppression.
- Also, shots 113982-113985 are 'similar' shots, two with HHFW, two without, suggesting suppression.
- Hope for more data...



# *Experiment Outline:*

1. Reproduce good Angelfish shot (113263 or 114147):
  - Acquire full diagnostic data set (MSE, reflectometer, polarization data).
2. Try to extend period of good Angelfish:
  - Flattop current earlier.
3. Try HHFW stabilization:
  1. High power first, then power scan?
  2. Change phasing?
4. Parameter scans (perhaps optimistic):
  1. TF - easiest
  2. Density?
  3. Beam parameters (most difficult)