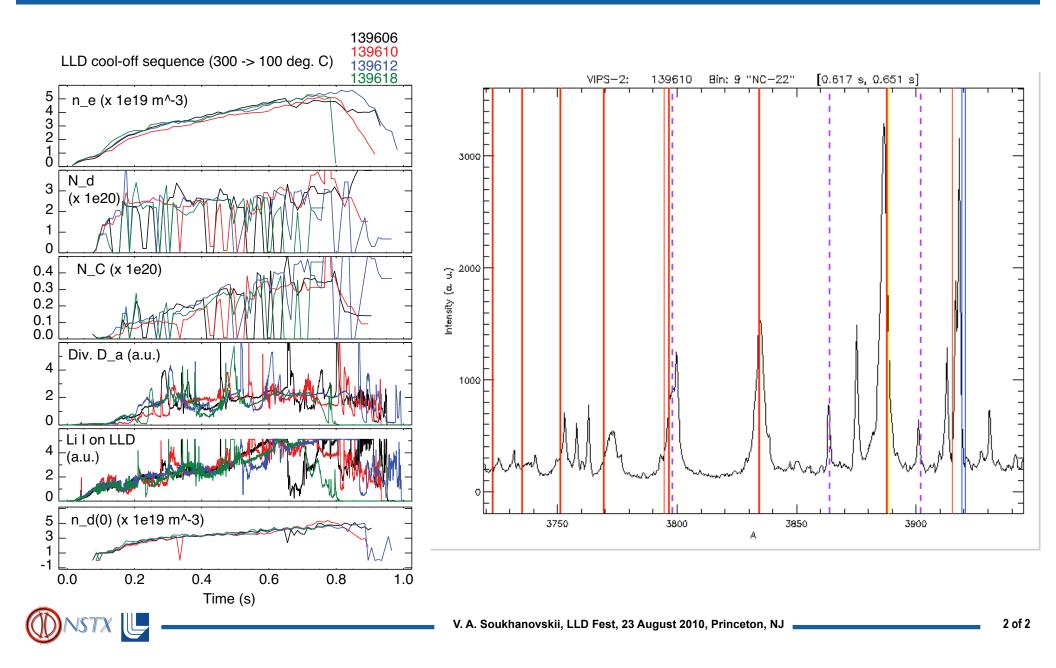
Preliminary conclusions from XP 1059, XP 1001 (LLD characterization and pumping studies)

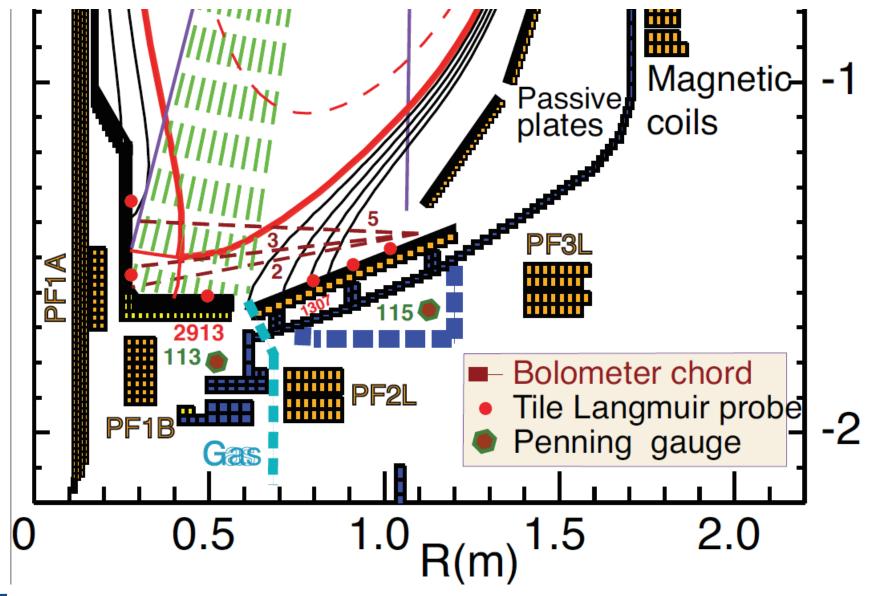
- LLD appeared to work as intended
 - Spectroscopy indicated
 - Significant lithium neutral flux from LLD Mega-evaporation deposited lithium on LLD and it stayed there ?
 - reduced LiD and oxygen emission (flux) from LLD (cf lithium-coated graphite tiles nearby) evidence of freshness ?
 - No routine influx of moly or iron from LLD, only occasional transient influx following ELMs or large MHD events interacting with LLD
- LLD did not appear to make a significant difference to particle balance
 - Deuteron core densities and inventories similar regardless of LLD temperature
 - Core carbon inventories similar to regular LITER discharges
- Divertor data
 - Average impression from $D\alpha$ not particularly low-recycling
 - Inner divertor detached with high n_e <2-4 x 10²⁰ m⁻³ and high recombination rate
 - Difficult to compare carbon sources due to high degree of discharge variation and irreproducibility



Data to substantiate presented preliminary conclusions

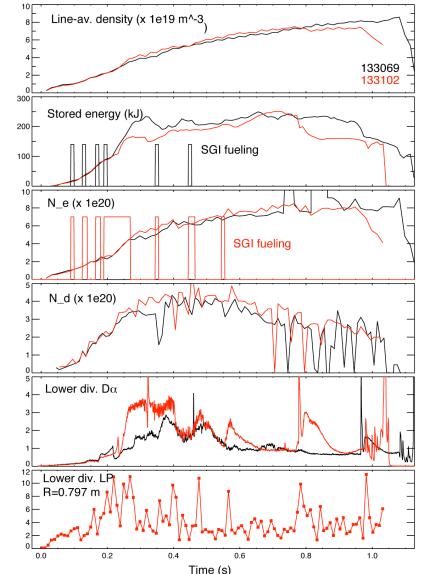


backup



SGI singular gas pulses will be used to measure "pump-out" (edge " τ_p^* ")

- Measure dynamic SOL density response to singular flat-top SGI pulses ("pumpout") at various LLD temperatures, plasma densities
 - Use FIReTIP channel 7 ($R_{tang} \sim 150$ cm) at midplane (n_e)
 - Use divertor Langmuir probes (Γ_i, n_e)
 - Use neutral pressure gauges (Γ_{n_1}, n_0)
- Example Two shots compared
 - 14 mg/min Li evaporation, 10 min clock cycle
 - HFS at 700 Torr + SGI
 - Higher SGI and lower SGI fueling rate
- Accordingly, higher N_e, N_d and lower N_e, N_d obtained
 - Carbon inventory the same (not shown)
- Divertor D_α and Langmuir Probe I_{sat} correlated with SGI pulses, showed density pump-out



Discharges without lithium conditioning never showed pump-out with SGI singular gas pulses

