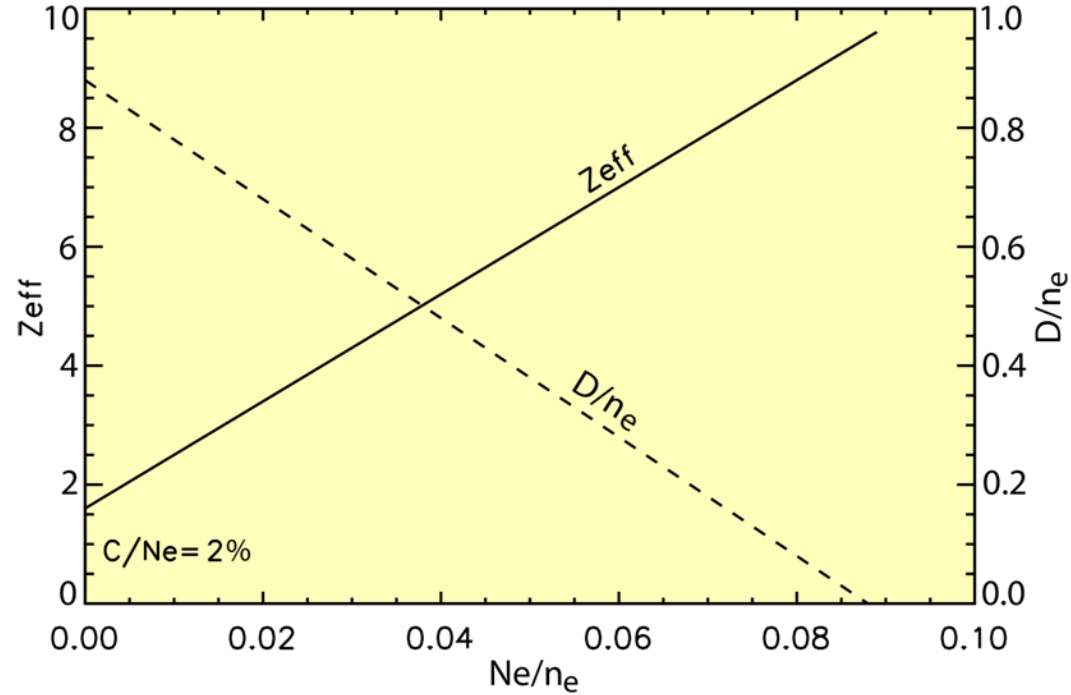
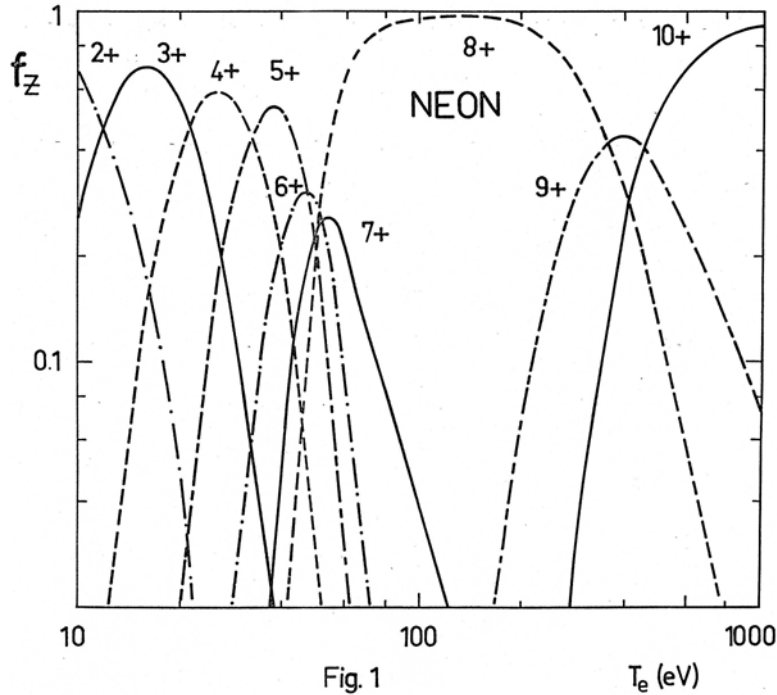


Z_{eff} and small-scale turbulence in NSTX

E. Mazzucato

Objective: change Z_{eff} by varying the concentration of Neon in a D-plasma



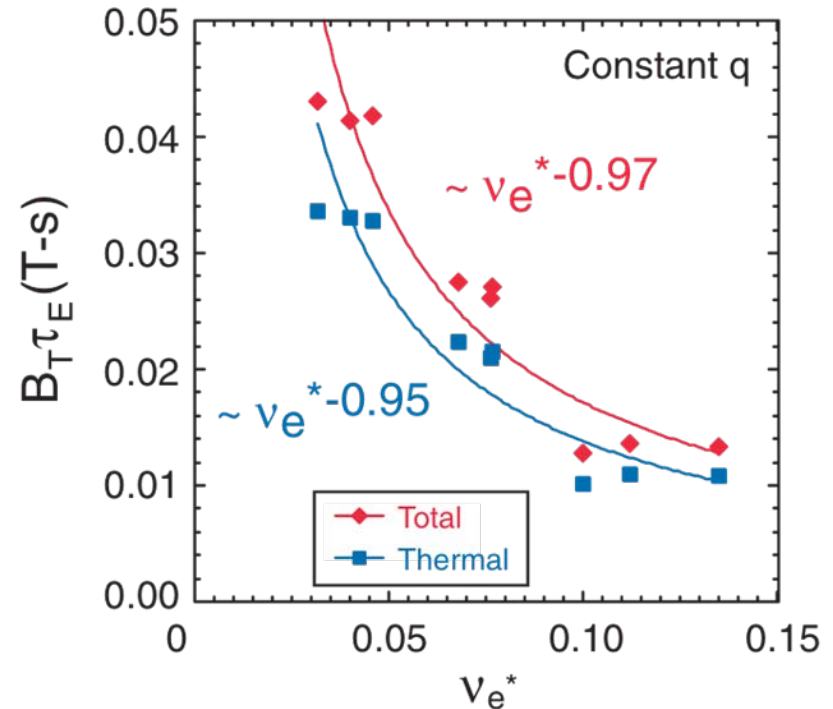
5% Neon + 2% Carbon result in $Z_{\text{eff}}=6$ and 40% Deuterium

Motivation:

1. Previous measurements (Kaye et. al, NF 2007) indicate that the energy confinement time in NSTX scales like

$$\tau_E \propto 1/v_e^*$$

The proposed experiment will revisit these results

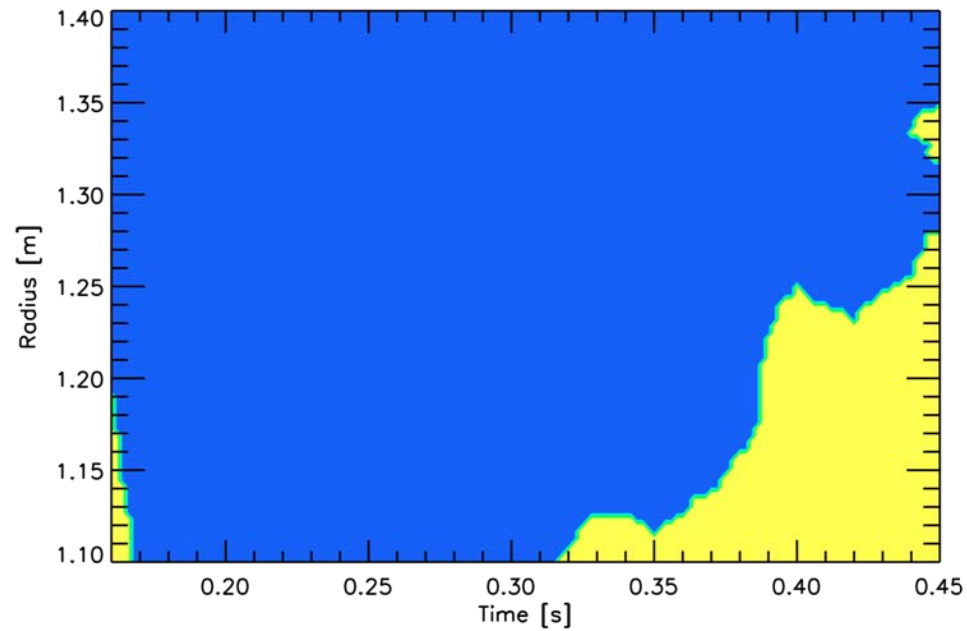


2. The ETG mode is very sensitive to the value of Z_{eff}

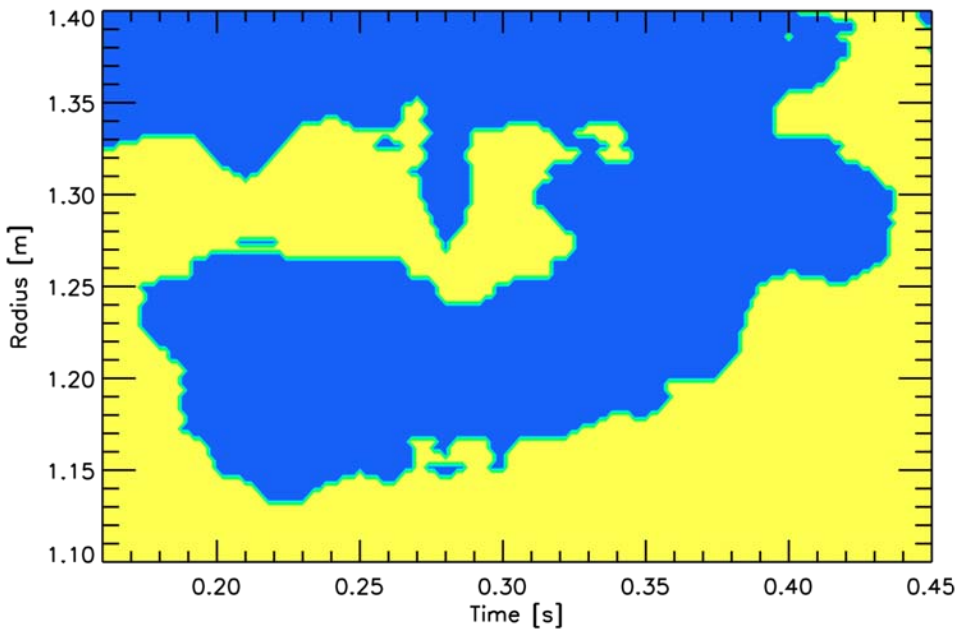
$$(R/L_{T_e})_{crit} = (1 + Z_{eff} T_e / T_i) (1.3 + 1.9s/q) (1 - 1.5\varepsilon)$$

ETG is suppressed by large values of Z_{eff}

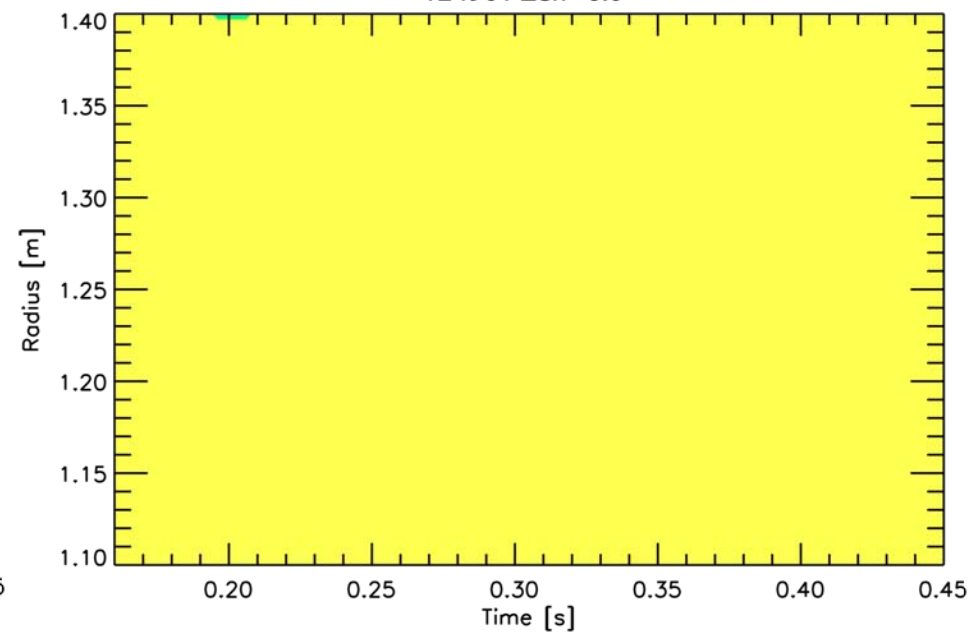
124901 Zeff=1.0



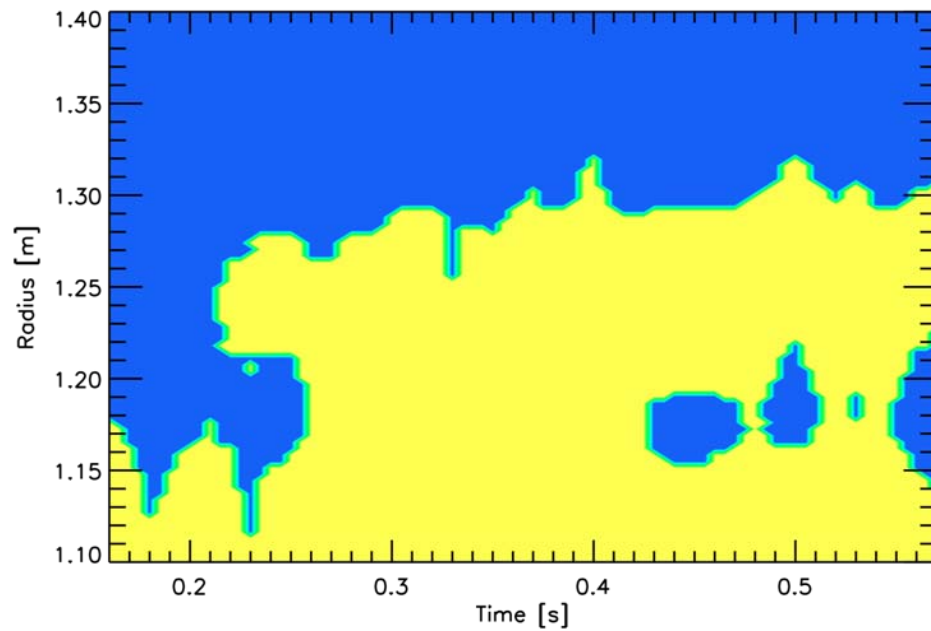
124901 Zeff=2.0



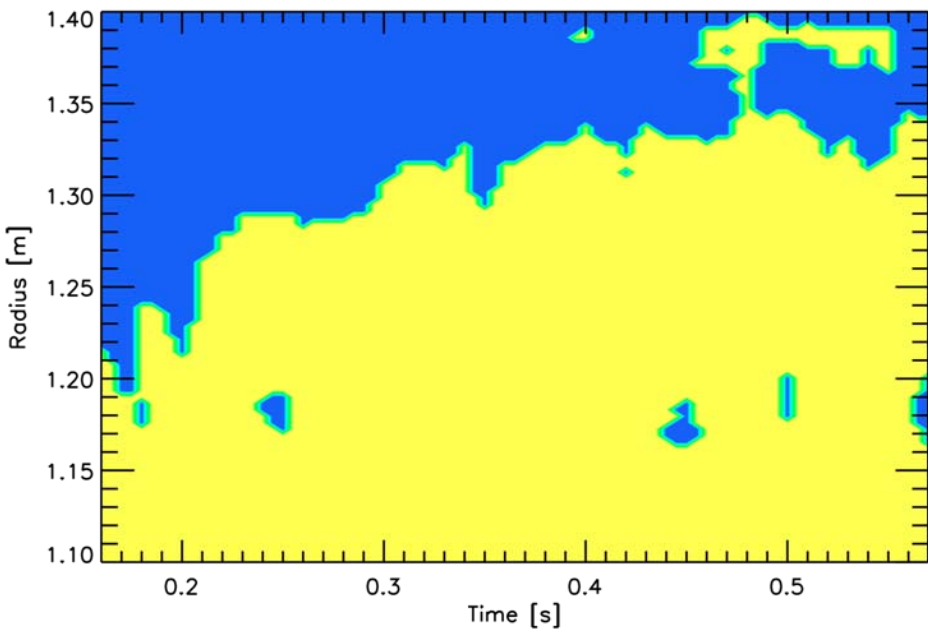
124901 Zeff=6.0



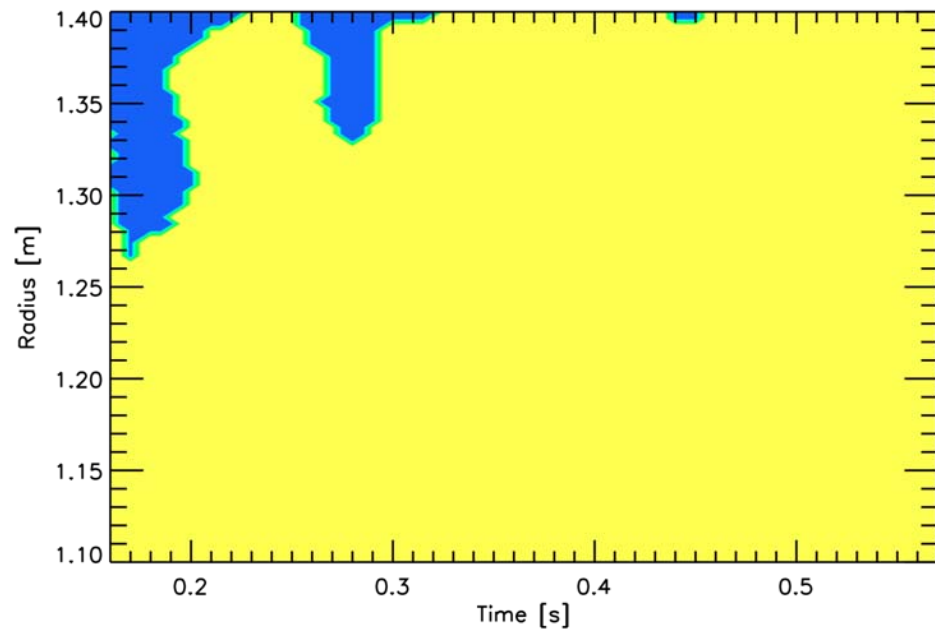
124889 Zeff=1.0



124889 Zeff=2.0



124889 Zeff=6.0



2. *The proposed experiment could add further evidence on the ETG nature of the observed high-k turbulence*

3. *The microtearing mode has linear growth rates ($\gamma_{lin} \propto v_e$) that seem to be in agreement with measured confinement times in NSTX (see 1). Hence, since an increase in Z_{eff} should make microtearings more unstable, *the proposed experiment could provide important information on the role of this phenomenon in plasma confinement.**