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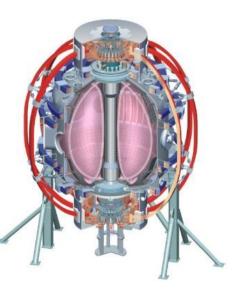
XP1005: Modifications to the early discharge evolution to reduce late impurity content

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NOTE: All data shown has "reversed B_T " = CCW from above = $B_{\phi} \times \nabla B$ upward





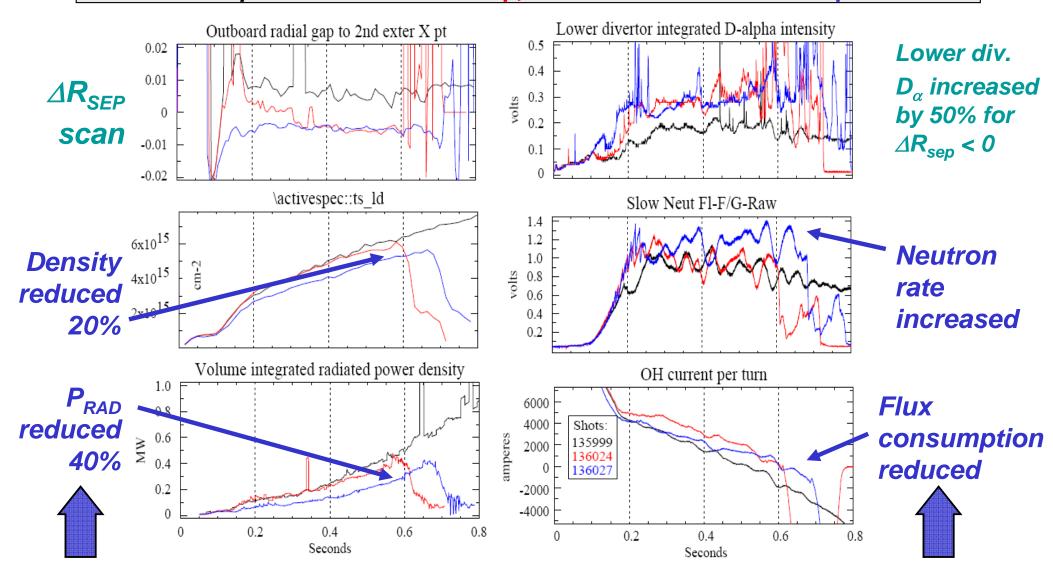
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Particle/radiation evolution sensitive to ΔR_{SEP} **evolution** (shots shown purposely have no/few-small ELMs due to Li-conditioning)

VB drift up + USN

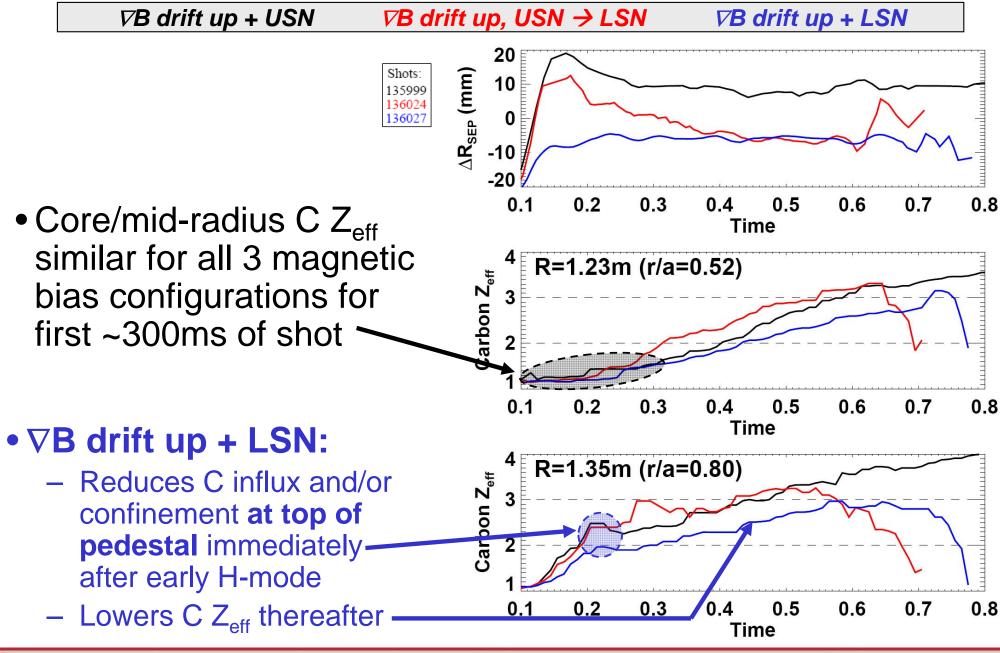
 ∇B drift up, USN \rightarrow LSN

∇B drift up + LSN



"Unfavorable" VB drift up (away from X-point) with LSN has several favorable properties

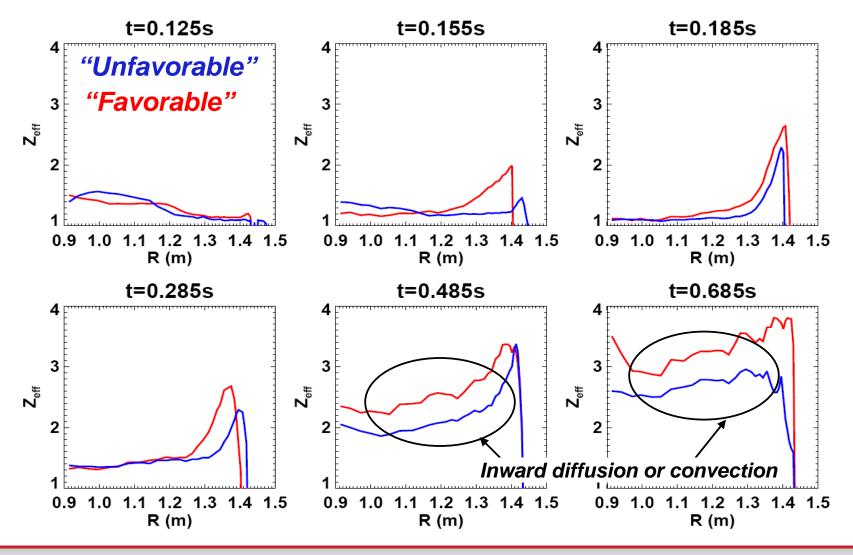
Carbon Z_{eff} evolution sensitive to magnetic balance during ramp-up (immediately following early H-mode)



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"Unfavorable" direction reduces width and height of edge region where carbon is concentrated

• Question for XP: Can minimizing / flushing the C early keep it from diffusing into the core later in the discharge?



Experimental Approach/Plan: 1-1.5 day request (0.5-0.75 day DRSEP, 0.5-0.75 nRMP)

- 1.Reproduce long-pulse scenario w/ LITER/LLD which is ELM-free w/ strong C impurity accumulation in edge 3 shots
- 2.Scan magnetic balance direction (DRSEP) before, during, after early H-mode, assess impact on early impurity accumulation to determine discharge phase most responsible for C accumulation:
 - 1. During t=0.05-0.4s, scan DRSEP = -2, -1, 0, 1, 2 cm (constant in time) 9 shots
 - Add NBI power as needed to trigger/retain early H-mode during ramp-up
 - 2. After above scan, for case with lowest C content, scan late DRSEP to assess changes in late C accumulation (DRSEP ramp between 0.3-0.5s) 6 shots
- 3. In conditions w/ minimized C content, add n=3 RMP pulses during ramp-up + early flat-top, i.e. t \approx 100-300ms (i.e. attempt to "clip" ears) 12-18 shots
 - 1. Optimize amplitude, duty-factor, start-time to reduce C during ramp
 - Use 50Hz (20ms period), start 50ms before, during, after early H-mode, and off at 0.3s
 - 1, 1.5, 2kA and Δt = 8ms to 4ms
 - 2. Modify amplitude/duration to minimize early rotation damping and MHD instability