Title:_First Results with the NSTX Fast Divertor Camera

NISHINO Nobuhiro, ROQUEMORE Lane¹⁾, KAITA Robert¹⁾, ZWEBEN Stewart J.¹⁾, JOHNSON David¹⁾, KUGEL Henry W¹⁾, MAQUEDA Ricardo²⁾, BUSH Charles³⁾, MAINGI Rajesh³⁾, SOUKHANOVSKII Vlad¹⁾, PAOLETTI Franco⁴⁾, SABBAGH Steven A.⁴⁾, and NSTX team¹⁾

Graduate school of Engineering, Hiroshima University, Hiroshima 739-8527, Japan 1)Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory, Princeton, NJ 08543-0451, USA

- 2) Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87545, USA
- 3) Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN 37831, USA
- 4) Department of Applied Physics and Applied Mathematics, Columbia University, NY 10027-6902, USA

Abstract

Filamentary structures correlated with ELM's in NSTX plasmas were observed by the divertor fast camera. Filamentations always occurred with ELM's in the visible light emission in the divertor region. These filamentations seem to be along the magnetic field. It was found that the filamentary structures were spiral pattern and toroidal/poloidal asymmetric in the divertor region. Strong and numerous filamentations were observed with giant ELM's, while grassy ELM's occurred with weak filamentations. From our measurements, ELM's can be distinguished by the number and strength of the filamentations.