

Confinement/Power Balance/XP Status

S. M. Kaye

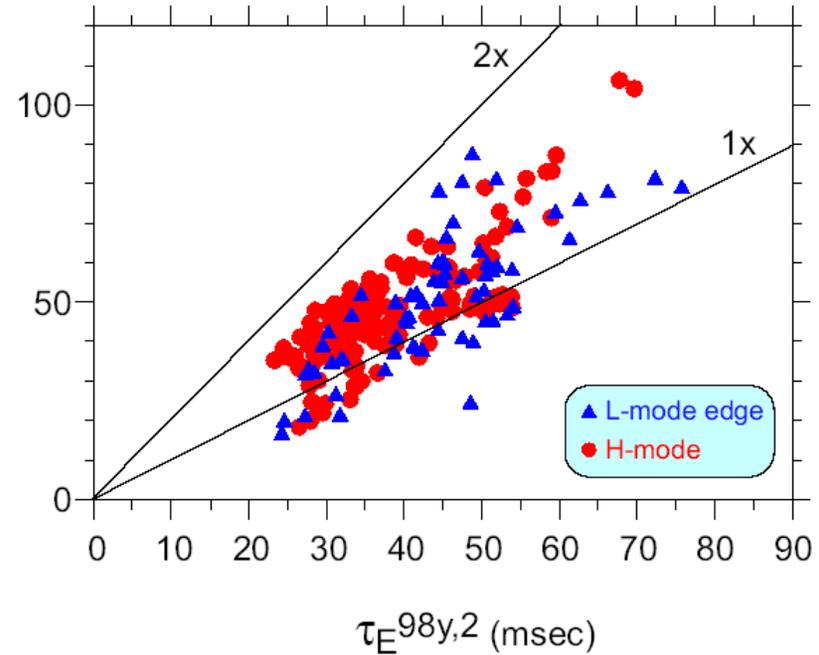
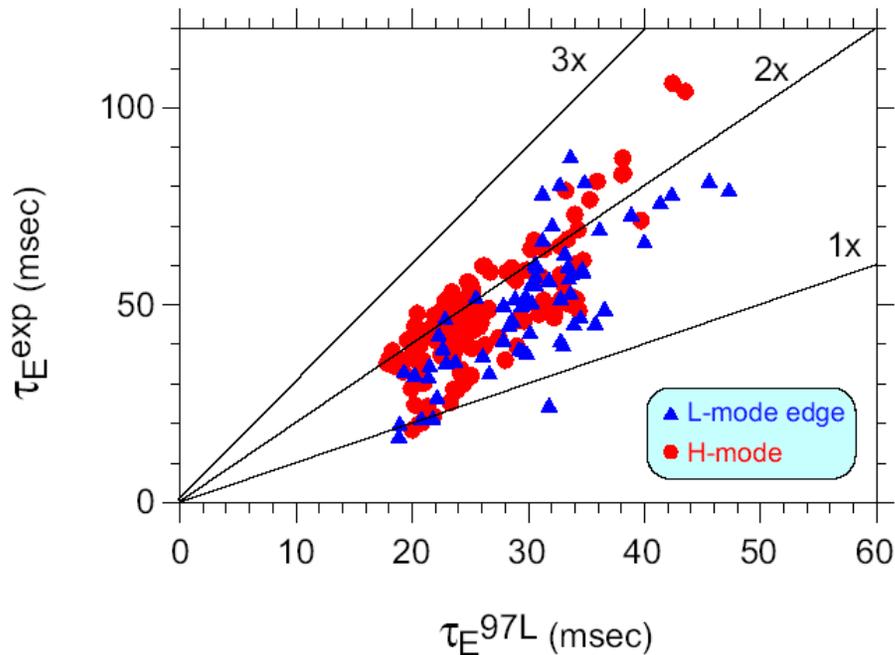
NSTX Results Review

9-11 Sept. 2002

Global Confinement

- Based on magnetics (EFIT01)
- Use M. Bell's τ_E determination (“time-backwards” filtering)
- To date, just compared τ_E 's to scaling estimates
 - More detailed analysis of parametric dependence of entire dataset needs to be done

Enhanced Confinement With Both L- and H-mode Edge Plasmas

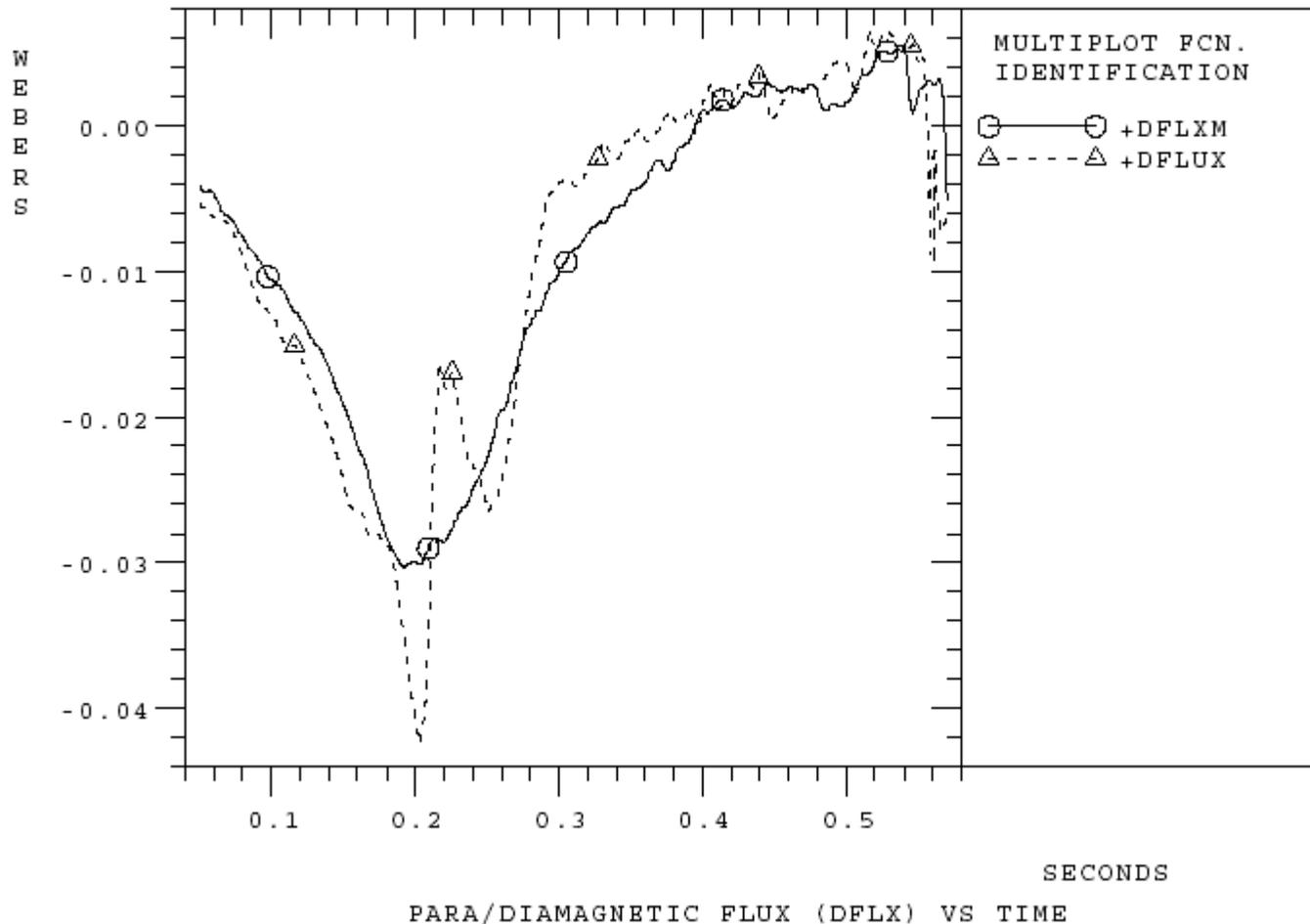


Power Balance Update – Is Ion Thermal Transport (or Heating) Still Anomalous?

- Recalibrated CHERS, MPTS
- 20 point MPTS
- Focus on 109070 – CHERS profiles released for use
 - TRANSP/EFIT stored energies within a few percent of each other
 - χ_i positive during most of discharge
 - Near neoclassical
 - Negative χ_i near end of discharge
 - May be related to “noisy” equilibrium solution (VMEC, ESC)

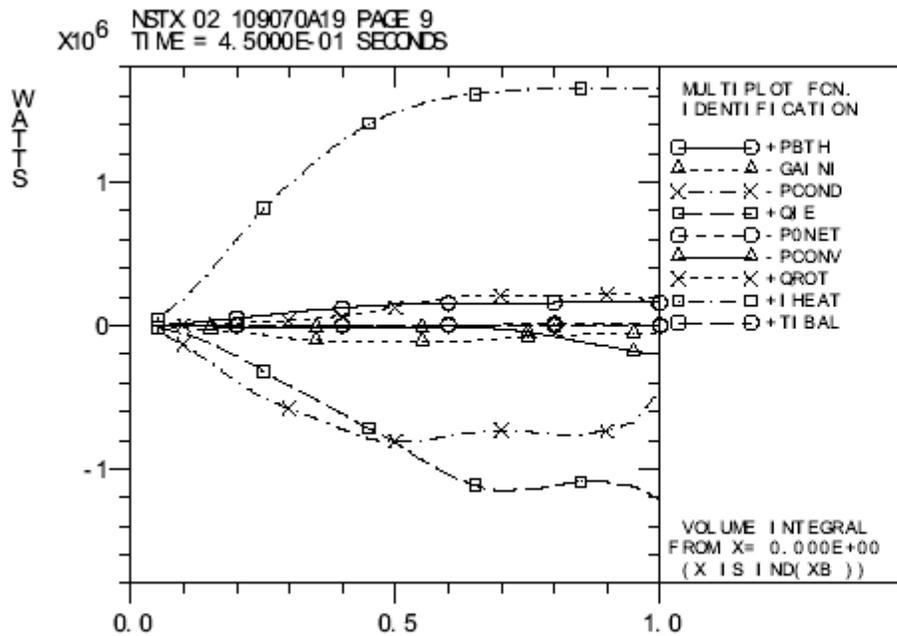
Calculated Diamagnetic Flux in Good Agreement with Measured Value

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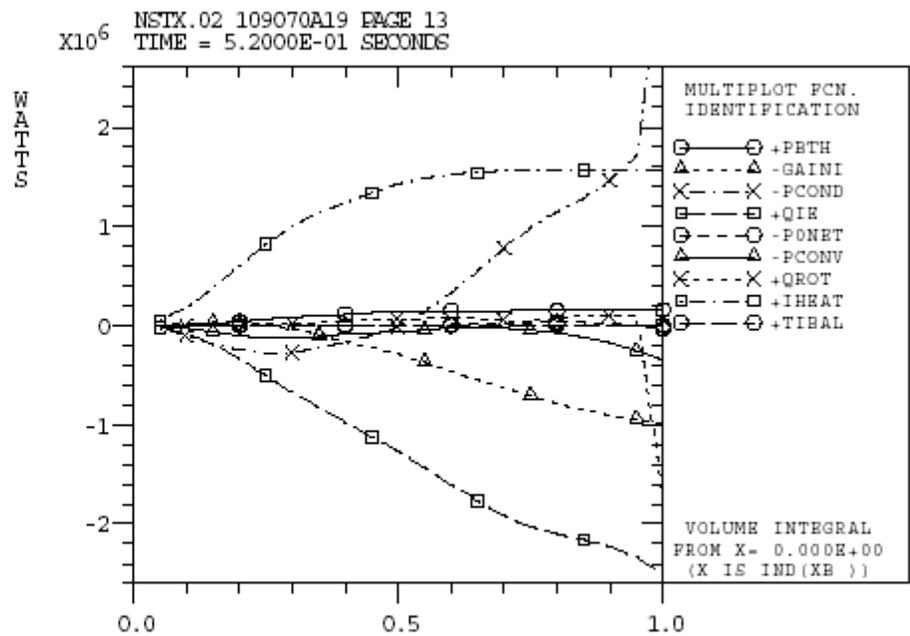
Ion Power Balance

“Well-Behaved”



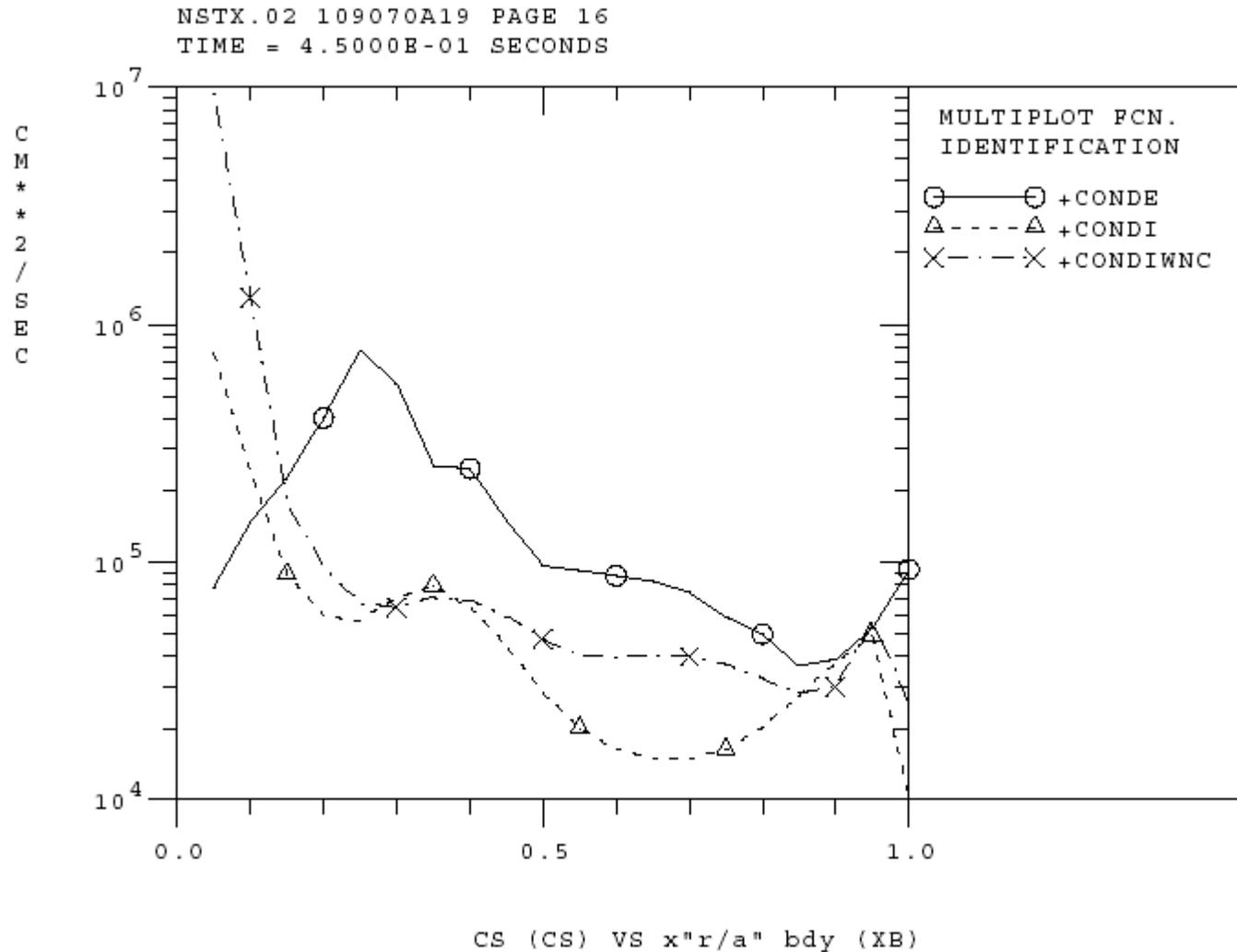
ION POWER BALANCE (IEBAL) VS x''r/a" bdy (XB)

“Anomalous”

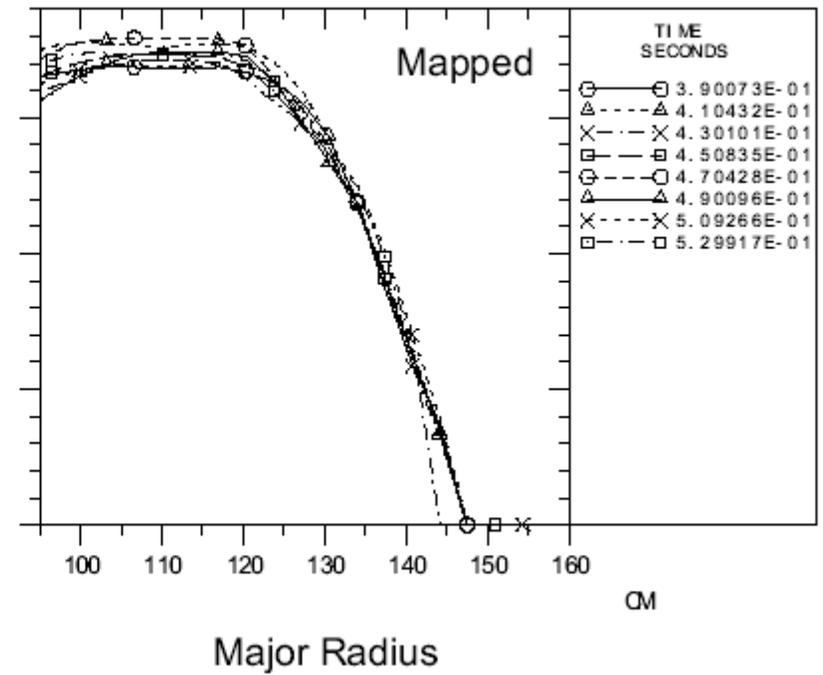
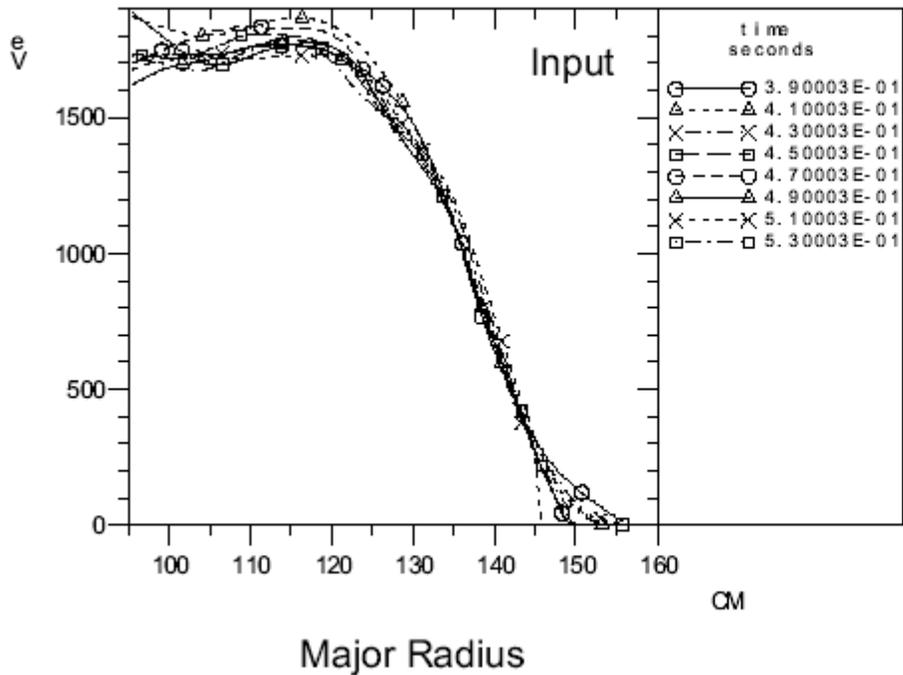


ION POWER BALANCE (IEBAL) VS x''r/a" bdy (XB)

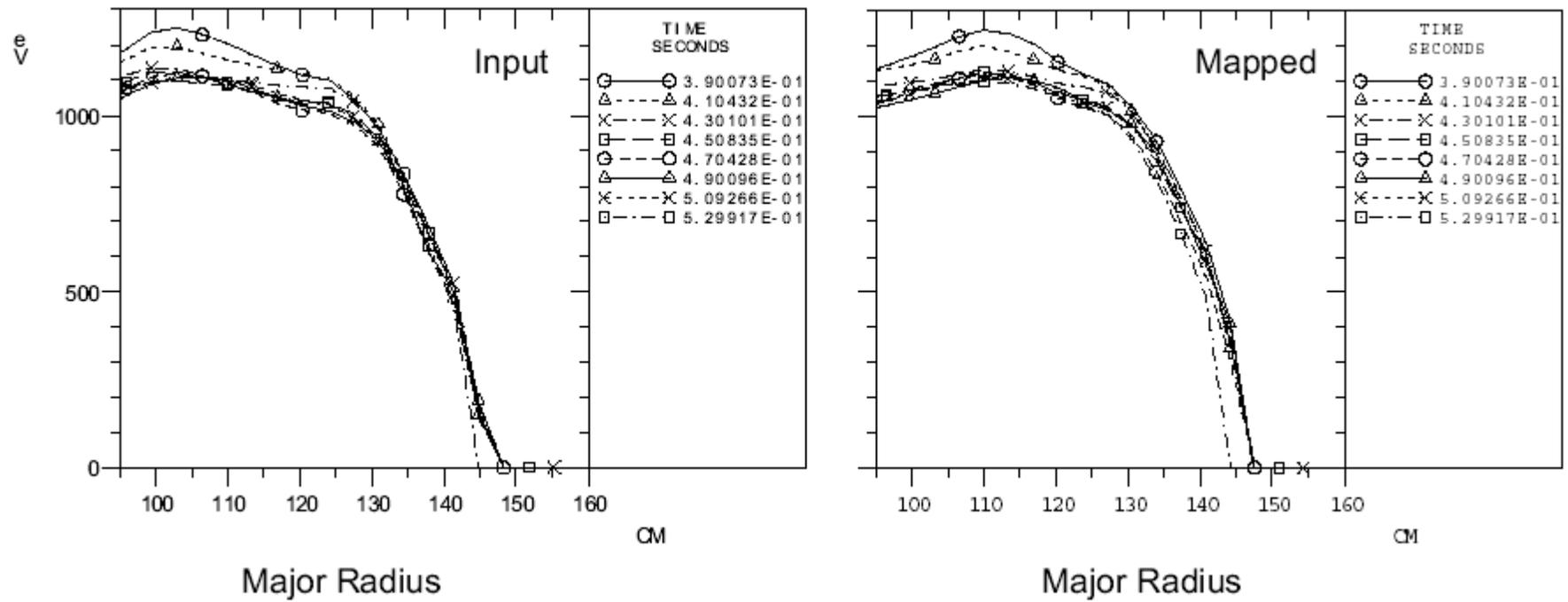
χ_i Near Neoclassical When Ion Power Balance "Well-Behaved"



Ion Temperature Mapping Appears to be Good



Electron Temperature Mapping Good, BUT Mapped T_e Appears to be Low Towards End of Discharge (Larger Q_{ie})

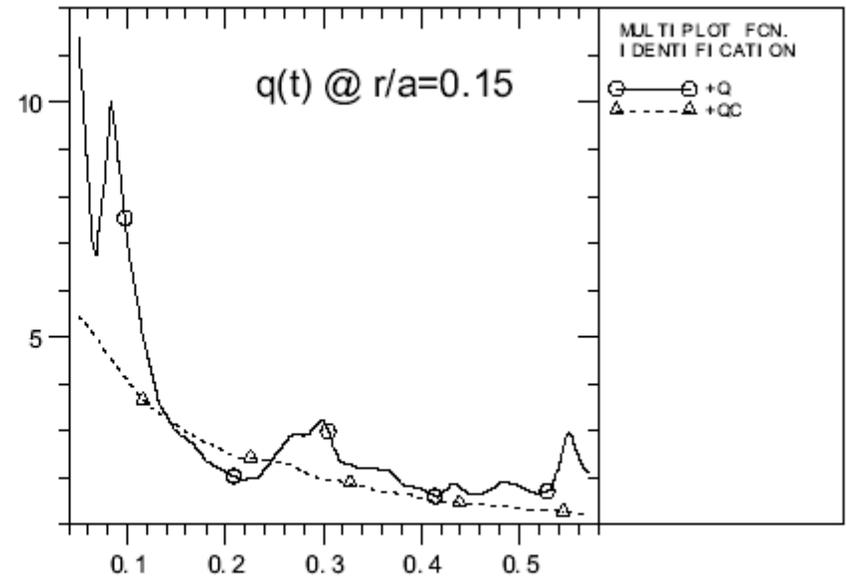
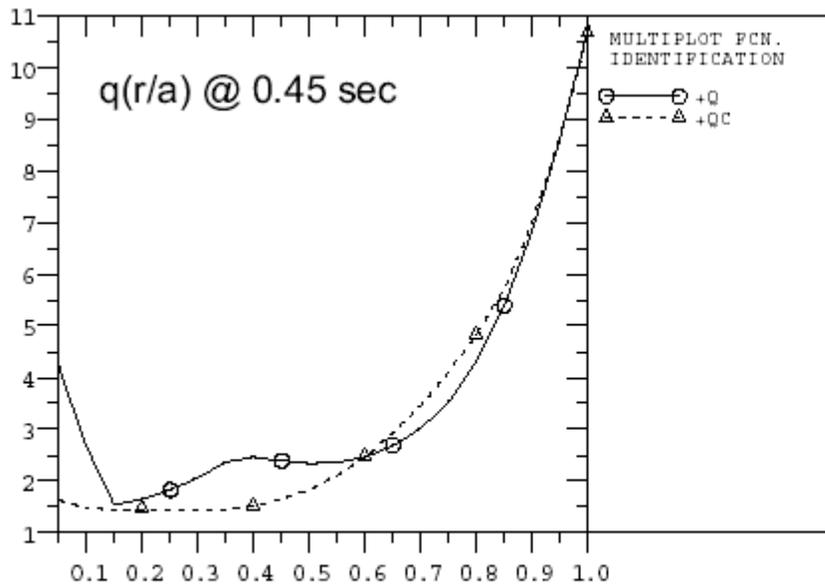


Treatment of double sided T_e profile important
Possible issues with equilibrium solution (VMEC, ESC)

Testing version of TRANSP that uses full equilibrium from EFIT

Magnetic Diffusion Calculation in TRANSP Generally Reproduces EFIT q-profile Evolution

Slightly more peaked current profile



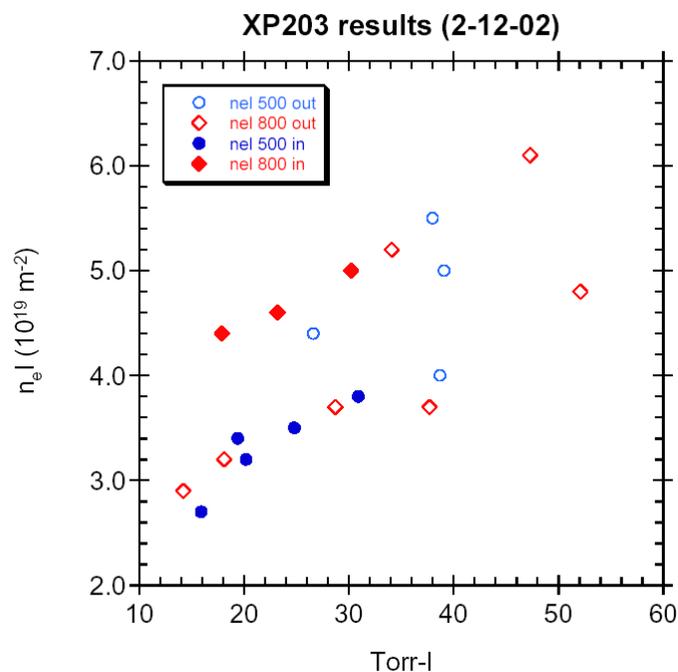
SECONDS

r/a

Time

XP Status

- XP203 – Ohmic Density Limits (2/12, 4/2)
 - Compare inner/outer gas fueling, 500 and 800 kA
 - Greenwald limit surpassed at lower current
 - Different fueling efficiencies for inner/outer, 500/800 kA (2/12)
 - Need to fold in 4/2, new gas valve calibration



- GPI analysis to be done on determining nature of density limit

•XP204 – RF+NBI for power balance studies

– Vary RF power, duration to vary target T_e for NBI

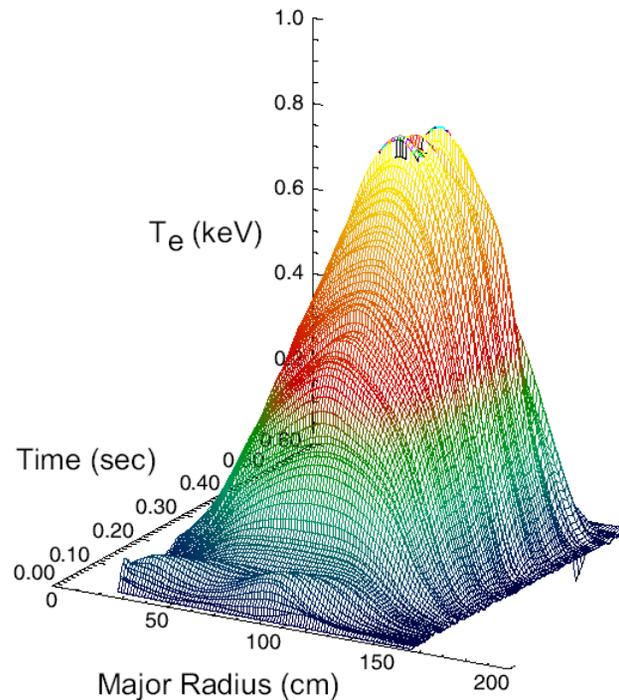
•300 to 1400 eV by end of RF (not reproducible)

• T_e drops to 500 eV level shortly after RF turn-off

– Density scan for varying target T_e

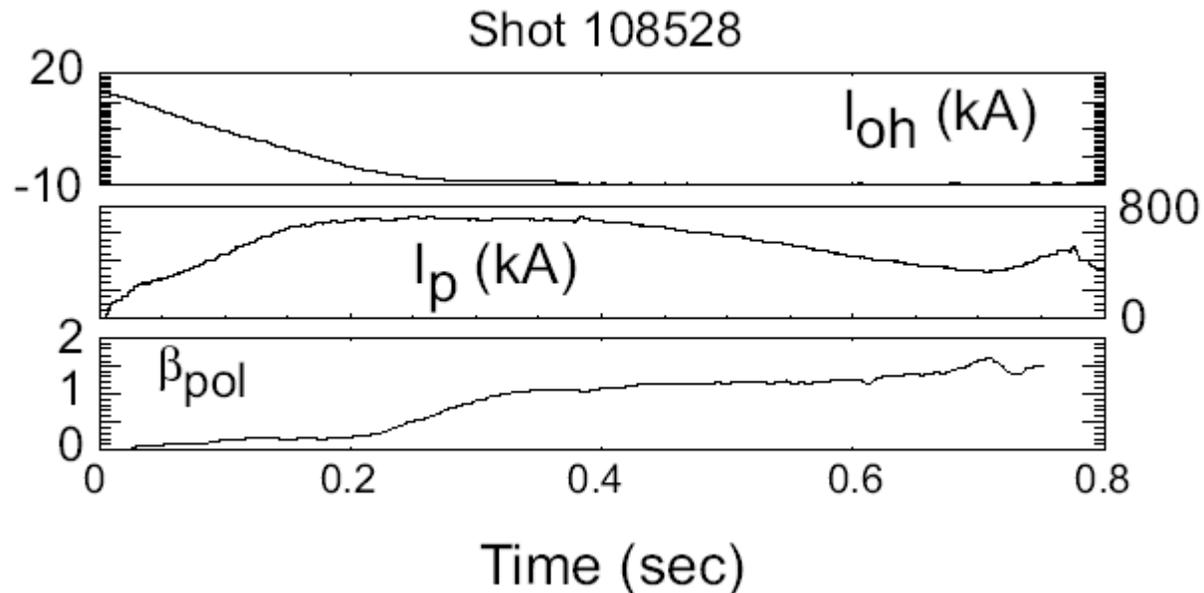
•2 to 4 x 10^{19} m⁻³

– Closely spaced MPTS (5 msec separation) to monitor initial rise of T_e , determine consistency with collisional heating



•XP226 – High β_{pol} /high bootstrap

- $I_p = 650$ to 750 kA, I_{oh} clamp
- H-modes obtained (broad density profiles)
- β_{pol} of 1.5 achieved after I_{oh} clamp
- Pulse duration up to 800 msec ($I_p > 300$ kA), often slow decay in I_p after I_{oh} clamp
- Preliminary TRANSP analysis ($T_i = 3/2 T_e$) shows bootstrap fractions of ~40-50%



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 X10⁵ IND(XB) = 1.0000E+00

