<u>Physics Specification of IVCC Power Supply for RWM Control</u> and Other Tasks – Criteria Based on Physics Needs

Number of independent current channels

Decided that 4 channels were minimum for initial system, bi-polar

Bandwidth

~ 1 kHz range (cost is not a key driver 1 kHz ~ 5 kHz range)

- Voltage
 - ~ 1 kV range
- Duration

Continuous operation (important capability / important for cost)

- Current
 - To be determined: this appears to be the variable to determine cost
 - Best would be to provide current up to maximum coil rating if budget allows



KSTAR SPA should support multiple physics tasks

Physics / control role	IVCC circuit / Power supplies used	Approx. freq	Approx. current (kA/t)
RWM active control	Middle (RWM PS)	1 - few kHz	~ 1 – 3
Active MHD spectroscopy	Middle (RWM PS)	~ 20 - 80 Hz	~ 0.8 – 1.0
"Fast" error field correction	Middle (RWM PS)	~ 200 Hz	~ 0.5
"Slow" error field correction	Bottom/Middle/Top (RWM PS, RMP PS)	~ DC	~ 0.5
NTV rotation profile alteration/control	Bottom/Middle/Top (RWM PS, RMP PS)	~ DC up to 1 kHz	~ up to 5
ELM mitigation/triggering /physics	Bot/Top (slow); Mid (fast) (RMP PS, RWM PS)	DC ~ 50 Hz (1–few kHz triggering)	~ 2.0 – 3.5 (triggering unknown)

 Higher current needs of ELM and NTV could be supplemented by RMP PS and dedicated IVCC circuit in the near-term



Active n = 1 RWM control performance determined with 3D sensors

Sensor location and n = 1 DCON eigenmode



Extra slides



KSTAR SPA Power Supply Discussion – PPPL - (S.A. Sabbagh, et al.)

Possible IVCC circuit configurations discussed (Nov 2012 at NFRI)



	Options (turns)		
6	4	6	6
4	0	2	4
2	2	2	0
0	2	2	2
0	2	0	2
12	10	12	14
onfigurations	discussed N	ov 2012 at NF	RI
	4 2 0 0 12	0 4 4 0 2 2 0 2 0 2 12 10	0 4 0 2 2 2 2 2 0 2 2 2 0 2 0 2 12 10 12 10

Other options possible – to be discussed/determined

