Some Ideas for the Boundary Program

•Many of the Reactor/ITER critical issues are edge-related:



- •ELMs and ELM control
- •Turbulence and Intermittency > Transport
- Heat and particle loads to PFCs in-between ELMs (mostly intermittency)
- •Carbon transport >> Tritium retention
- •L-H transition details
- Pedestal formation
- •Momentum transport

## Lots of Progress Made Lately. But.....

- ELM theory and measurements
- RMP ELM suppression. High collison. mitigation, etc.
- ELM-mediated particle and energy transport to SOL/walls
- Intermittent transport characterization and understanding
- Pedestal understanding improving
- Turbulence modeling greatly improved
- 3D boundary modeling emerging
- BUT:
  - Further understanding of the boundary is lacking
  - Some critical unknowns, edge physics needs new/more diagnostics



## Unknowns Point to Possible Directions



- Mass and Energy Transport is still poorly understood. Codes can NOT reproduce measurements, fully, everywhere.
- Among unknowns are: Poloidal asymmetries in radial turbulent transport. Parallel flow generation by anomalous momentum transport or poloidal asymmetries. 3D structure of field (and errors) on heat/particle transport (heat footprint on divertor floor <> homoclinic tangles)
- Also, momentum transport in edge, off-diagonal transport terms (Reynolds Stress), zonal flows in L-H transition.
- These lead to the rest >> impurity transport, tritium retention, etc.
- Unknown quantities are: Neutral density, Ion temperature, flow velocities, etc.
- New diagnostics needed to reduce code free parameters and uncover the physics. (Nn, Ti, Vflow, etc)
- Diagnostic coverage needs improvement (extend toroidally and poloidally, upper divertor ,etc)

## What can be a focus for NSTX Boundary?

- What basic physics needs understanding/measuring?
  - Tackle turbulent radial transport asymmetries
    - Techniques exist, extend diagnostic spatial coverage
  - Measure poloidal/toroidal flows and ExB flows
    - Dito
  - Measure Nn and Ti in the edge/SOL
    - Need to develop somewhat
  - Momentum transport?
- These should do for vastly improved 2D understanding >> Compare to 2D fluid codes. Compare to new, improved turbulence codes. Improve pedestal understanding.
- Further understanding requires toroidally extended diagnostic coverage
  > compare to emerging 3D codes, ELM rotation, etc.

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## **Active Heat Deposition Control**

- One focus could be on heat flux to divertor
  - Add coil sets and fast power supplies to take advantage of homoclinic tangle divertor footprint
    - Sweep tangles across floor to spread heat flux
  - Add divertor diagnostics (X-point probe)
    - Instrumented tiles with dense probes and thermocouples
- Add divertor channel/leg to improve detachment
- If Lithium does not perform as expected, add a cryo pump