Non-Axisymmetric Coils and Performance Improvement

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Perturbed Helical Equilibrium and Non-Axisymmetric Field coils

- **RWM** :

- Does exist and can be sustained
 - in the Resonant Field Amplification Period
- Controllable:
 - Plasma rotation and feedback (stable RWM)
- Implication from NMA code (Ming Chu and Morrell)
- NAF-coils can impact on other crucial issues
 - Tearing modes
 - Edge and boundary physics

Recent results of NMA code

• During RWM feedback (to the unstable mode), the plasma surfaces deforms through the coupling of the non-aligned components of the feedback coil to the stable modes.

• The deformation can be quite substantial using a 'non-helical' mid plane coil located outside the wall (like C-coil in DIIID).

Mode distortion can be 'controlled' with the I-coil - the toroidal phase needs to be aligned with the mode





C-Coil: Stronger coupling with non RWM component, Significant mode distortion.



Gain at marginal vs coil toroidal angle relative to the mode

Non-Axisymmetric Field coils and Tearing modes

- Feedback field with toroidal phase feedforward can be synchronized with TM
- Feedback Freely can shift the frequency and direction of TM by changing the toroidal phase
- Synchronization to TM can take place with smooth transition

Feedback Freely Can Shift the Frequency and Direction of Tearing mode by Changing the Toroidal Phase Shift



Fig. 1

The synchronization to Tearing Mode can take place with smooth transition



Proper Adjustment of Toroidal Phase Is Required For Smooth Synchronization converting to Slow Tearing Mode



Fig. (3)

Recommendation

 Non-axisymmetric coil system is prerequisite for Improving Plasma Performance

Internal coils with helicity (I-coils in DIIID)

- N=1,2,3 RWM capability also for Locked mode

- Error field correction Flexible to customize for various modes

- RWM, TM and ELM control

Numerical and theoretical tools: Takes years to develop