

Low I_p HHFW Heating Experiments

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**Wave-Particle Topical Science Group Meeting
FY2010 NSTX Research Forum
December 1, 2009**

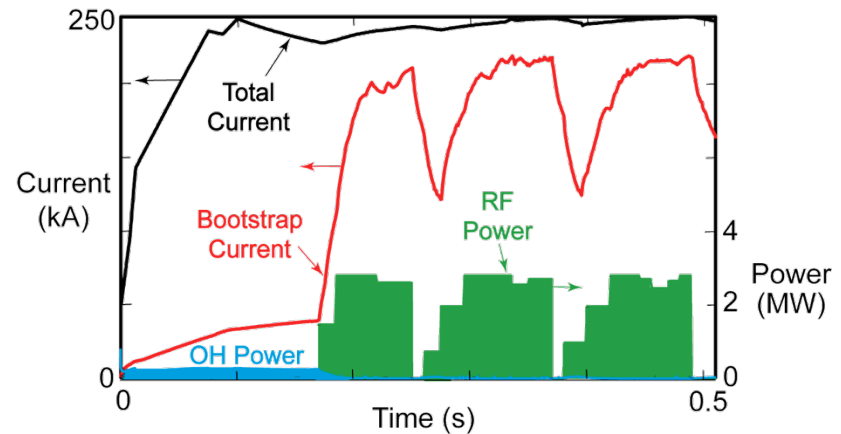
HHFW Heating of Low I_p Plasmas Since 2005 Show Promise, But Also Problems with Plasma Control

2005: (XP-521)

- 60-85% bootstrap current in HHFW heated ($k_\phi = -14 \text{ m}^{-1}$) H-mode D_2 plasmas at $I_p = 250 \text{ kA}$
- Transiently produced $V_{\text{loop}} \leq 0$ and $dI_{\text{OH}}/dt \approx 0$

2007: (XP-731)

- Problem with rtEFIT control at $I_p = 250 \text{ kA}$, used 300 kA
- Many trips with $k_\phi = 14 \text{ m}^{-1}$
- Up to 2.7 MW of $k_\phi = -8 \text{ m}^{-1}$ heating, produced transient H-mode



2008: (XP-817)

- Li conditioning reduced edge density, improving HHFW core heating, even in CHI start-up plasmas with $n_e(0) \sim 4 \times 10^{18} \text{ m}^{-3}$

Propose two low I_p HHFW experiments in WPI TSG that will contribute to R10-2 milestone in 2010:

- (1) HHFW Heating of Low $T_e(0)$, I_p Plasmas (XP-920)
- (2) Sustainment of HHFW-Driven 100% Non-Inductive H-Mode Plasmas

(1) HHFW Heating of $I_p \sim 200$ kA Plasmas (XP-920); Develop HHFW I_p Ramp-Up Later in SFSU TSG

- Experimental Approach/Plan:
 - Setup D_2 plasma with $I_p = 500$ kA, $B_T = 5.5$ kG, and add $k_\phi = -8$ m⁻¹ RF power and to ~ 3 MW, while adjusting Li evaporation rate, gas injection rate and outer gap to optimize HHFW heating efficiency (5-10 shots)
 - Reduce I_p in 100 kA steps to 300 kA, then ~ 50 kA steps below 300 kA while coupling RF (10 shots). Repeat with $k_\phi = 14 + 18$ m⁻¹ heating (10 shots)
 - If $I_p = 200$ kA RF heating successful reduce I_p in ~ 25 kA steps to as close to 150 kA as possible while maintaining outer gap ~ 5 -10 cm (5-10 shots)
 - Couple $k_\phi = \pm 8$ m⁻¹ & $k_\phi = 14 + 18$ m⁻¹ power to ~ 3 MW (15 shots)
 - Perform n_e scan with $k_\phi = -8$ m⁻¹ heating (5-10 shots)
 - If sufficient CD is observed, adjust RF pulse to start as soon as I_p reaches flattop, then use open loop OH programming to provide no ohmic drive after I_p reaches minimum value (< 200 kA at approximately 25 ms) (10 shots)
- Request 2 run days (minimum useful runtime ~ 1 day)

(2) Sustainment of HHFW-Driven 100% Non-Inductive H-Mode; Develop Later in ASC TSG

- Brief Description:
 - Couple ~ 5 MW of HHFW power into an $I_p \sim 300$ -400 kA plasma
 - Based on past experiments and modeling 5 MW should be sufficient power to drive plasma into a fully non-inductive H-mode
- Background:
 - 60-85% bootstrap fraction already achieved with ~ 2.5 MW of $k_\phi = 14 + 18 \text{ m}^{-1}$ RF power in an $I_p = 250$ kA plasma (XP-521)
 - New double end-fed antenna should be able to couple ~ 5 MW
 - LLD + LITER's should provide low edge density for better RF coupling
- Experimental Approach/Plan:
 - Experiment should be preceded by XP-920
 - Setup 600 ms I_p flat-top D_2 plasma with $I_p \sim 300$ -400 kA, $B_T = 5.5$ kG
 - Add 5 MW of $k_\phi = -8 \text{ m}^{-1}$ and/or $14 + 18 \text{ m}^{-1}$ heating, adjusting Li evaporation, gas injection rate and outer gap to optimize HHFW heating to obtain L-H transition and H-mode sustainment
- Request 1 run day (minimum useful runtime ~ 0.5 days)