

Validation of M3D-K code for beam-driven TAE modes

G-Y. Fu, M. Podestà, N. Crocker

- Validation of M3D-K code against experiments requires detailed knowledge of TAE mode structure
- New/upgraded diagnostics available in 2010:
 - 16-channel reflectometer allows to extend TAE studies to higher density
 - BES allows to resolve fine mode structure

NSTX milestone for 2010

“Experimental validation of predictive capabilities for the transport of fast-ions by super-Alfvenic-ion driven modes”

Detailed measurements of TAE structure are required to validate M3D-K code

- Plan:
 - Reproduce baseline discharge from 2009 (e.g. sh#135388)
 - L-mode, D₂ plasma, center-stack limited
 - Use BES and reflectometer for detailed reconstruction of mode structure
- NB voltage scan to identify “marginally stable” conditions
- Increase density to $\sim 8 \times 10^{19} \text{ m}^{-3}$
- Apply rotation braking (if time permits)
- *If feasible: fine NB current scan (+/- 10%) to separate dependencies upon beam voltage/current - under discussion...*
- Required diagnostics:
 - BES, upgraded 16-channel reflectometer
 - All fast ion diagnostics (FIDA, NPA, ssNPA, sFLIP)
 - Plasma profiles (MPTS, CHERS, MSE) & magnetics

**Estimated
run time:
1 day**