

P_{LH} for D and He plasmas using RF current drive with symmetric phasing

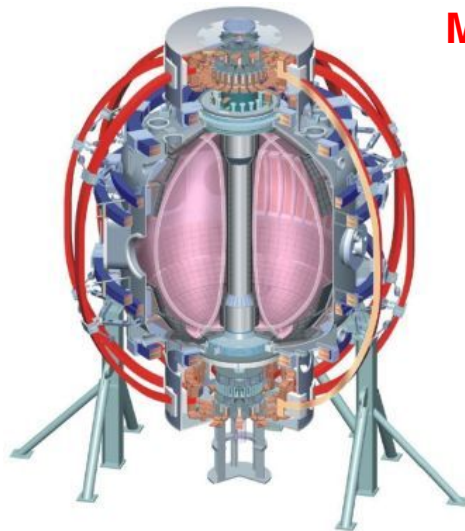
D.J. Battaglia^{1*}, R. Maingi¹, S. Kaye², J. Hosea²,
G. Taylor², S. Zweben², et. al.

¹ Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN

² Princeton Plasma Physics Lab, Princeton, NJ

* Participant in the U.S. DOE Fusion Energy Postdoctoral
Research Program administered by ORISE & ORAU

NSTX Research Forum
Princeton, NJ
March 15 – 18, 2011

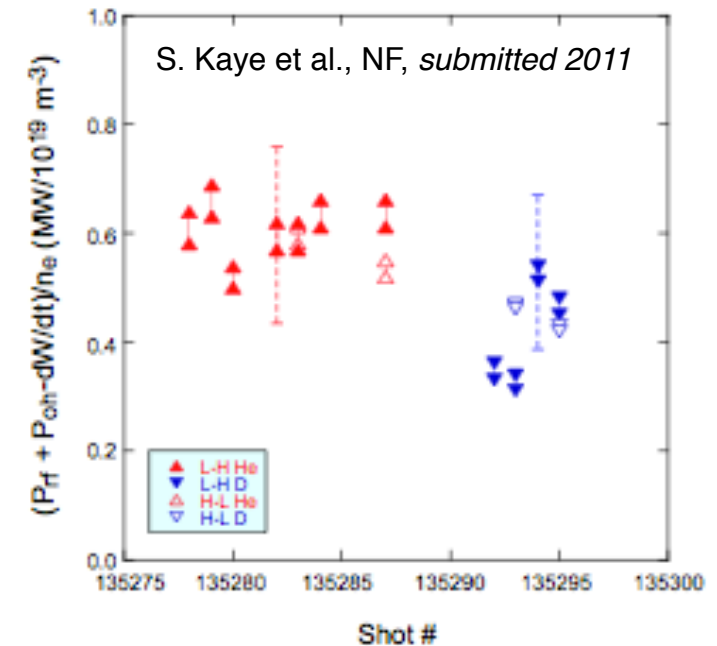


College W&M
Colorado Sch Mines
Columbia U
CompX
General Atomics
INEL
Johns Hopkins U
LANL
LLNL
Lodestar
MIT
Nova Photonics
New York U
Old Dominion U
ORNL
PPPL
PSI
Princeton U
Purdue U
SNL
Think Tank, Inc.
UC Davis
UC Irvine
UCLA
UCSD
U Colorado
U Illinois
U Maryland
U Rochester
U Washington
U Wisconsin

Culham Sci Ctr
U St. Andrews
York U
Chubu U
Fukui U
Hiroshima U
Hyogo U
Kyoto U
Kyushu U
Kyushu Tokai U
NIFS
Niigata U
U Tokyo
JAEA
Hebrew U
Ioffe Inst
RRC Kurchatov Inst
TRINITI
KBSI
KAIST
POSTECH
ASIPP
ENEA, Frascati
CEA, Cadarache
IPP, Jülich
IPP, Garching
ASCR, Czech Rep
U Quebec

Dependence of P_{LH} on ion species is an ITER priority

- ITPA priority to determine P_{LH} versus ionic species (TC-4)
 - Important for ITER power requirements
 - P_{LH} for He reported to be 1 – 1.8 times larger than D plasmas
 - Difference in power widens at low density
- XP941 suggests minimal difference in P_{LH} in D and He on NSTX
 - RF heating: provided useful tool for P_{heat} scan
 - -90° strap-to-strap phasing had low ($\sim 20\%$) power efficiency
 - Led to large error bars in P_{heat} calculation
 - Implies strong SOL heating which may skew interpretation
 - Different dW/dt for the two species



XP1036: Ran with symmetric RF phasing to reduce error bars in P_{LH} calculation

- Use symmetric phasing with higher efficiency
 - Reduces error in P_{RF} and decreases power loss at edge
 - Insert small steps in P_{RF} to measure dW/dt during discharge
 - Try to minimize dW/dt close to transition
 - In 2010: established D discharge, not enough power for He
- Propose 1 day experiment to run D and He plasmas
 - Lesson learned: first establish He LH discharge
 - Over a few shots, replace fraction of LFS He with D, reevaluate P_{LH}
 - Run similar plasmas with D and He
 - Match shape, I_p , B_t , n_e (if possible)
 - Match dW/dt between species
 - Scan RF power to find P_{LH} and P_{HL} similar to XP941
 - Characterize turbulence and SOL flows in low- δ shape with as many diagnostics as possible