

Supported by



# Low I<sub>p</sub> HHFW Heating & Current Drive Experiments

G. Taylor

S. Gerhardt, J.C Hosea, C. Kessel, B.P. LeBlanc, D. Mueller, C.K. Phillips, S. Zweben

PPPL

R. Maingi, P.M. Ryan

ORNL

R. Raman

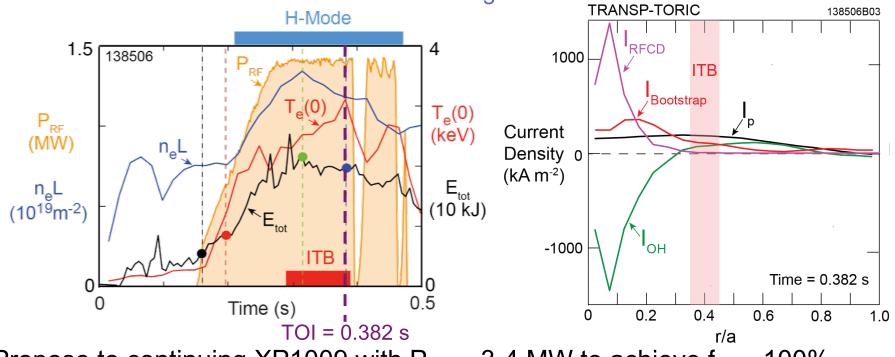
U. Washington

Three low I<sub>p</sub> HHFW XPs in support of research milestone R(12-2)

WPI & SFSU TSG Meetings NSTX Research Forum March 17, 2011

## Low I<sub>p</sub> Fully Non-Inductive HHFW H-Mode: Description/Background

- $I_p$  = 300 kA HHFW H-mode in 2010 achieved  $f_{NI} \sim 65\%$  with  $P_{RF}$  = 1.4MW:
  - ITB formed during H-mode
  - > Positive feedback between ITB, high  $T_e(0)$  and RF CD
  - Result obtained after 3-4 hours of running XP1009



- Propose to continuing XP1009 with  $P_{RF} \sim 3-4$  MW to achieve  $f_{NI} \sim 100\%$ 
  - Some work may needed to further improve plasma position control
  - Repeat at I<sub>p</sub> = 250 kA

## Low I<sub>p</sub> Fully Non-Inductive HHFW H-Mode: Experimental Approach/Plan

#### Plan:

>1. Setup I<sub>p</sub> = 300 kA deuterium discharge similar to shot 138506 and couple  $k_{\phi}$  = -8 m<sup>-1</sup> RF power from 150 to 450 ms:

Increase P<sub>RF</sub> to 3-4 MW, while adjusting lithium evaporation rate, gas injection rate and outer gap to optimize RF coupling [10 shots]

>2. Reduce  $I_p$  to 250 kA and couple 3-4 MW of  $k_{\phi} = -8 \text{ m}^{-1} \text{ RF}$  power:

 Adjust lithium evaporation rate, gas injection rate and outer gap to optimize RF coupling [10 shots]

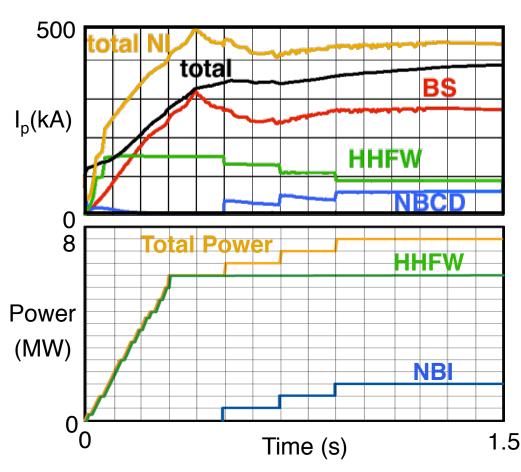
≫3. Adjust RF pulse to start as soon as I<sub>p</sub> reaches the flattop value. Then use open loop OH programming to provide no ohmic drive after I<sub>p</sub>reaches the ~ 200 kA (at a~ 25 ms)
[5-10 shots]

Machine Time: 1.5 days requested, 1 day minimum needed

**Operational Requirements:**  $P_{RF}$  = 3-4 MW with  $k_{\phi}$  = -8 m<sup>-1</sup> current drive phasing & establish good plasma position control at  $I_p$  = 250-300 kA **Key Diagnostics:** MPTS, MSE-LIF

Analysis/Modeling: TORIC-TRANSP, GENRAY-ADJ

## HHFW Ramp-up from $I_p = 250$ kA to $I_p = 400$ kA: Description/Background



- TSC simulation predicts 5-6 MW of  $k_{\phi} = -8 \text{ m}^{-1}$  HHFW can ramp  $I_p$  to  $\ge 400 \text{ kA}$
- Propose applying  $P_{RF} \ge 5 \text{ MW}$  to an  $I_p = 250 \text{ kA}$  flat top inductive plasma and ramping  $I_p$  to 400 kA with bootstrap and RF CD
- Begin with I<sub>p</sub> = 250 kA HHFW H-mode developed in XP1009
- If I<sub>p</sub> reaches ≥ 400 kA add NBI source A

### HHFW Ramp-up from $I_p = 250$ kA to $I_p = 400$ kA: Experimental Approach/Plan

#### Plan:

- >1. Setup an ohmically-heated  $I_p = 250$  kA deuterium discharge. Add  $k_{\phi} = -8$  m<sup>-1</sup> HHFW power, coupled from 150 to 450 ms:
  - Increase P<sub>RF</sub> to 5 MW, adjusting lithium evaporation rate, gas injection rate and outer gap to optimize RF coupling [15 shots]

≻2. If I<sub>p</sub> reaches at least 400 kA add 2MW of neutral beam power from source A and attempt to ramp I<sub>p</sub> above 400 kA [10 shots]

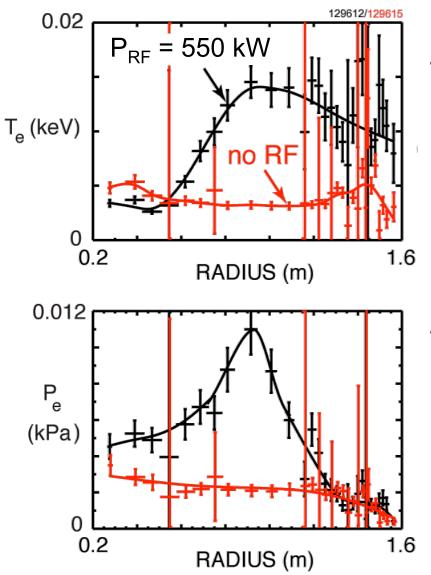
Machine Time: 1 day requested, 1 day minimum needed

**Operational Requirements:**  $P_{RF} = 5$  MW with  $k_{\phi} = -8$  m<sup>-1</sup> current drive phasing & establish good plasma position control at  $I_p = 250$  kA

Key Diagnostics: MPTS, MSE-LIF, MSE-CIF

Analysis/Modeling: TORIC-TRANSP, GENRAY-ADJ

## HHFW Heating of CHI-Initiated Plasma: Description/Background



- Initial attempts to heat CHI startup plasmas with HHFW in 2008 showed good electron heating but could not maintain coupling:
  - ➢ P<sub>RF</sub> = 550 kW coupled from 10 to 20 ms into I<sub>p</sub> ~ 100 kA CHI plasma increased T<sub>e</sub>(0) from 3 to 14 eV
- Propose revisiting HHFW-heated CHI plasmas, but probably not until the FY12 run:
  - Start HHFW pulse at ~ 100ms when I<sub>p</sub> ~ 200 kA and move HHFW pulse progressively earlier

## HHFW Heating of CHI-Initiated Plasma: Experimental Approach/Plan

#### Plan:

➤1 Develop a CHI plasma target with a well-controlled antenna-plasma gap [5-10 shots]

>2. Couple k<sub>φ</sub> = -8 m<sup>-1</sup> HHFW power starting at ~ 100 ms and increase P<sub>RF</sub> to 2-3 MW to drive plasma into H-mode and generate off-axis bootstrap current

- Large change in stored energy and current profile will probably require significant adjustments to the plasma position control [10-15 shots]
- >3. Move the start of the HHFW pulse progressively earlier

[10 shots]

Experiment should be run in FY12 given that the recent NSTX PAC recommended not giving coupling HHFW into CHI high priority in FY11
Machine Time: 1.5 days requested, 1 day minimum needed

**Operational Requirements:**  $P_{RF}$  = 2-3 MW with  $k_{\phi}$  = -8 m<sup>-1</sup> current drive phasing & establish good CHI plasma reproducibility to  $I_p \sim 200 \text{ kA}$ 

Key Diagnostics: MPTS, MSE-LIF

### Analysis/Modeling: GENRAY-ADJ, TRANSP-TORIC