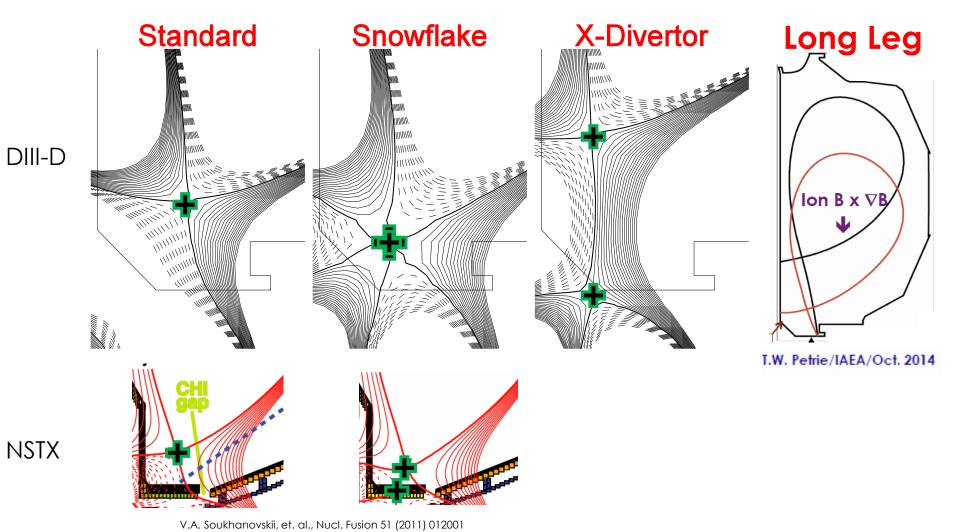
Detachment Comparison Study for Snowflake, X-Divertor, Standard Divertor and Long/Short Divertor Leg

D. Eldon, E. Kolemen, T.W. Petrie NSTX-U Research Forum 2015 Feb 24-27

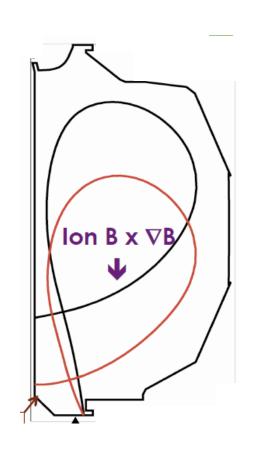
Motivation

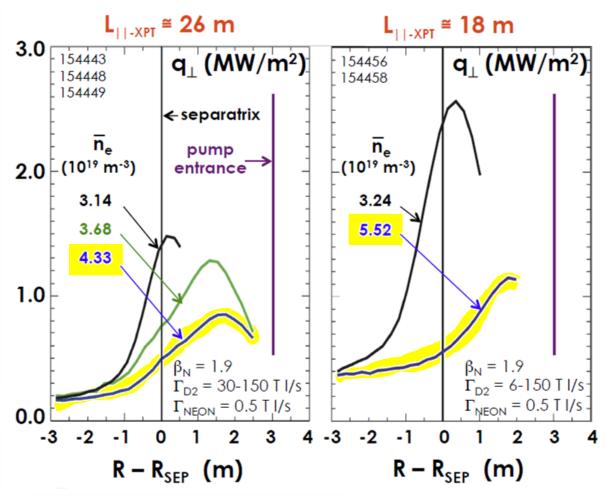
- Divertor detachment is essential for burning plasma operation in AT based fusion reactors
 - Reduction in heat flux to the divertor target plates
- Characteristics of detached plasmas vary with divertor configuration
 - Heat flux before and after detachment
 - Impurity accumulation and radiation profiles
- Relationship between core parameters and divertor heat flux depends on divertor config., leg length
- Which divertor configuration is optimal for detached operation? For integration with AT core plasma?

Divertor Configurations to be Compared in Detachment



Long Outer Divertor Leg Results in Heat Flux Reduction at Lower Core Density





T.W. Petrie/IAEA/Oct. 2014

Plan: Characterize Detachment for Different Divertor Configurations

- Density threshold for detachment
- Behavior around marginal detachment
- Heat flux profiles vs. density while detached
- Difference in heat flux between attached/detached
- Impact on pedestal and core performance (ped. height, global β, confinement time, etc.)
- Compare to DIII-D and model results