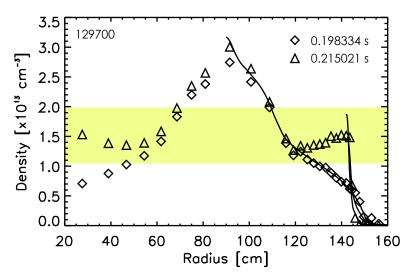
Results from XP-506: Ohmic H-Modes (S. Kubota)

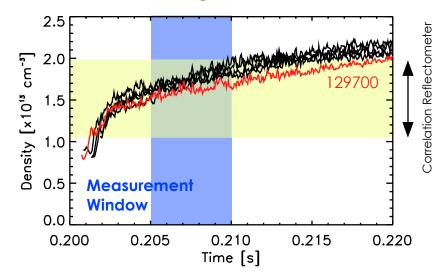
• Goals:

- Turbulence properties across the L-H transition.
- Changes in the correlation length (requires plasma is stationary~few ms).
 If edge is measurement is not possible -> infer from core.
- Evolution of edge pedestal/ear (prevents core accessibility).
- Tools:
 - Reflectometers (profile, fixed frequency, correlation).
- Previous results reinforced:
 - Core signal characteristics change little except for correlation. (reduction in turbulence correlation length).

Electron Density Profile Evolution

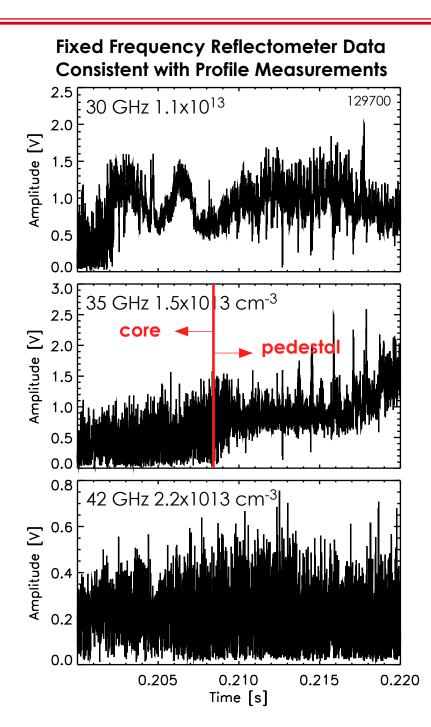


Pedestal Height from tanh fit

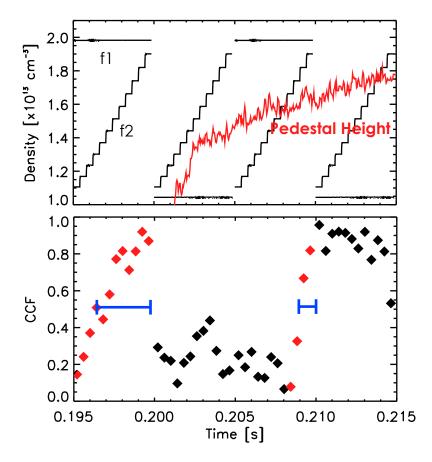


NSTX Results Review, August 6-7, 2008, PPPL

Evolution of Density and Turbulence at the L-H Transition



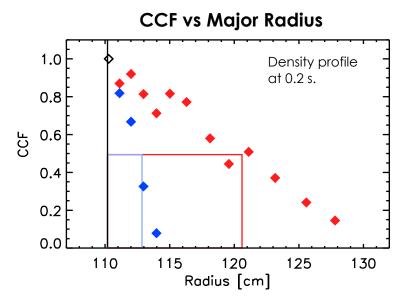
One channel of correlation reflectometer stepping in frequency (or density/radius).



CCF Width Decreases by a Factor of >3

NSTX Results Review, August 6-7, 2008, PPPL

Radial Correlation Length Decreases By 4



Summary

- XP-506 finally finished after 3 year wait.
- Uncertainty of pedestal height eliminated from correlation length measurements.
- Correlation length decreases by a factor of 4 after L-H trans.
- Follow Up
 - 2D/3D simulations with full-wave codes for quantitative estimate of correlation length (fluctuation levels, spectra, etc.).
- Can we make better measurements at the edge?
 - Use profile reflectometer (10 μs sweep) as a radial correlation reflectometer. Pinpoint correlation measurements in time and space.