

EP-TSG meeting

05/16/2017

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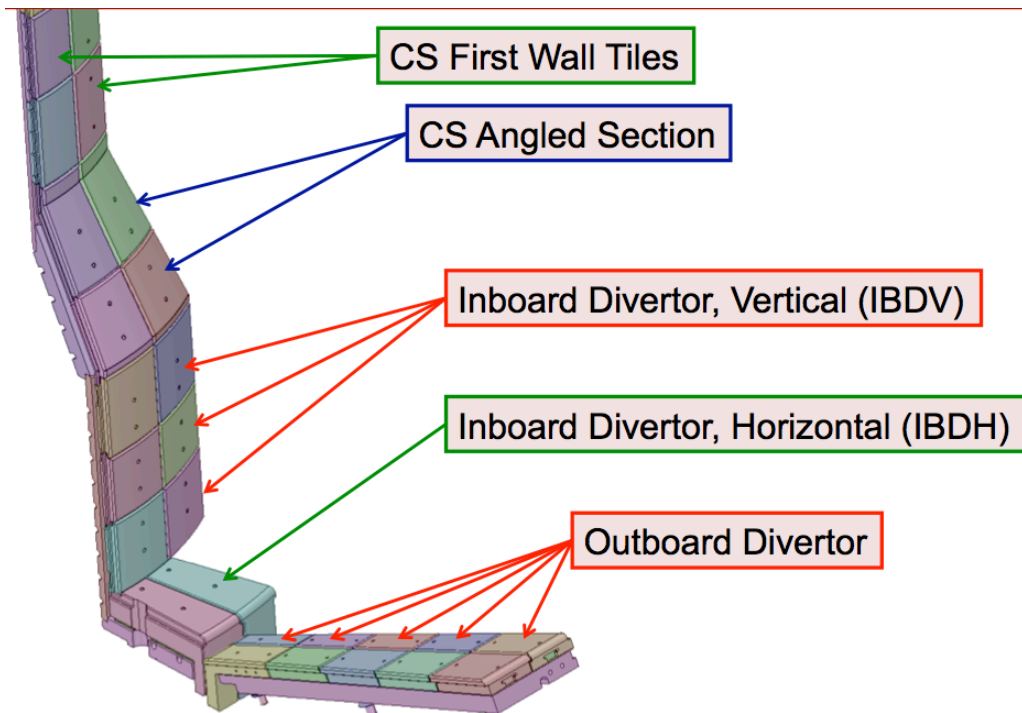
*Notes from the meeting
inserted in red*

Agenda:

- Physics needs/desires based on considered changes to NSTX-U “polar regions”
- Adapt FY18-19 Research Milestones

Changes to “polar regions” being considered to address heat flux issues et al.

From NSTX-U Team meeting 04/28:



- Tile fish-scaling required in several regions to manage high heat fluxes → Eliminates reversed B_T
 - Bi-directional tiles may be an option for lower q_{\perp} divertor regions
- Need additional specs of requested range of ΔR_{SEP} , duration, κ , δ , R_{strike}
 - Up/down asymmetric boundary increases q_{peak} , reduces Δt_{flat}

We need to assess impact of changes on EP-TSG Physics needs/desires

- Main knobs for EP-TSG experiments seem not directly affected by choice of PFCs, considered changes:
 - q-profile
 - Injected NB power 1-8MW
 - Max allowed NB power and shot duration do depend on PFC choice
 - NB configuration (vary source mix)
 - L- vs H-mode (vary thermal plasma profiles)
 - RMPs with variable spectrum
 - About 2 sec flat-top for current equilibration, stationary profiles
 - Also required for diagnostics - e.g. average over NB modulation cycles, improve statistics
- Would-be-nice-to-have items:
 - RF with ~4MW of HHFW power
 - Impact of proposed changes unclear
 - Are RF losses through SOL to divertor a driver for PFC choice? Any limit on max RF power? Also: RF interaction with fast ions may cause additional load to RF limiter
 - USN (in addition to LSN and inner wall limited)
 - May require “symmetric” top/bottom polar regions
 - Other factors: asymmetry of heat flux between LSN and USN, difference in L-H power threshold (e.g. to force the plasma to stay in L-mode)
 - USN may help interpretation of some diagnostics such as vertical FIDA: direct view of lower divertor increases background signal & cold D-alpha signal, lower SNR

Additional considerations

- Expect center-stack limited plasmas with $P_{NB} < 3-4\text{MW}$ during 0.5sec to be OK
 - We pushed harder than this on NSTX
 - Inner-wall limited plasmas are important for EP-TSG research: simple configuration makes it easier comparison with code/theory, good for diagnostics, good reproducibility, ...
 - Suggested to require $\sim 1\text{sec}$ instead, better for diagnostics, NB modulation, stationary conditions
 - Warning: heat load not the only concern; mechanical forces are concern too (and combination between the two); may have to limit duration and/or NB power for inner wall limited plasmas
- Likely: reversed B_t operations NOT possible
 - Most likely affects “diagnostics” XMPs, e.g. for FIDA
 - We may have other options for those experiments, e.g. use top+bottom pCHERS fibers to test FIDA signal, profile shift, etc.
 - What physics would we miss?
 - Reversed I_p would probably be more interesting for EP-TSG than rev-Bt. EP losses may increase a lot, though.
- EP-related XPs relatively insensitive to X-point radius, exact equilibrium
 - Reliability (e.g. of NB sources) & reproducibility more relevant
 - Exception: TAE stability *does* depend on κ , δ
 - But: stability studies w/ AE antenna arguably run at low P_{NB}
 - Agree – these experiments would start in ohmic plasmas, then move to low-Pnb shots to assess damping vs drive. Also require a working AE antenna... not even tested yet

Summary of EP-TSG Physics needs/desires

What range of parameters we expect for EP-related XP/XMP?

Machine conditions (*specify ranges as appropriate, strike out inapplicable cases*)

Set minimum $B_t=3.5kG$ to touch basis with previous NSTX experiments – may lose some diagnostics, though

B_T Range (T): **0.5-1.0**

Flattop Duration (s):

I_p Range (MA): **0.6-1.5**

Flattop Duration (s): **2.0**

Allowed outer gap will depend on P_{nb} (losses to RF limiter), B_t (EP larmor radius), expected NB deposition location (shift of outboard magnetic surfaces)

Configuration: **Inner Wall Limited / DN / LSN / USN**

Outer gap (m): **0.05-0.15**

Inner gap (m): **0-0.05**

Z position (m): **+/-0.05**

Elongation:

Triangularity (U/L):

OSP radius (m):

Gas Species:

Injector(s):

Make sure to specify max P_{nb} required for each configuration in Memo to Jon. E.g., won't put 8MW into center stack limited plasma, etc.

NBI Species: **D**

Heating Duration (s): **2**

NB Power (MW): **1-8**

Voltage (kV) 50 cm (1C): **60-90**

60 cm (1B):

70 cm (1A):

Voltage (kV) 110 cm (2C):

120 cm (2B):

130 cm (2A):

ICRF Power (MW): **4**

Phase between straps ($^\circ$):

Duration (s): **0.5**

Not clear at this point what role RF will have, especially at the beginning of NSTX-U operations

Update on FY18-19 EP Milestones

- JRT-18: Test predictive models of fast ion transport by multiple AEs (led by NSTX-U)
 - OK, no changes required
- R18-4: Optimization of the EP distribution function for improved plasma performance
 - Will incorporate collaboration with MAST-U
 - Contribute to DIII-D work with variable NBI parameters? (To be discussed with DIII-D EP group)
 - Collaborate with DIII-D on validation of “chirping criterion” – will be part of JRT-18 anyway, low-hanging fruit
- R19-2: Assess the effects of neutral beam injection parameters on the fast ion distribution function and neutral beam driven current profile
 - Will include stronger collaboration with DIII-D, MAST-U
 - Already have ongoing collaborations for ITPA-EP (JEX led by NSTX-U)