

Feasibility of an ECRH system for JET: Project Overview

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IAP



GYCOM



Kurchatov



- **The E4J project**

- context and motivation
- functions of ECRH on JET
- project objectives

- **Physics studies**

- beam tracing
- MHD control
- scenario simulations

→ **D. Farina** (oral)

→ **S. Nowak**

- **System design elements**

- gyrotrons
- transmission line
- launcher
- power supplies
- system layout, auxiliaries, buildings
- diagnostics

→ **S. Garavaglia**

→ **C. Sozzi** (oral)

→ **H. Braune**

→ **M. Lennholm**

→ **T. Gerbaud**

- **Cost, manpower, time**

- **JET programme for the future years:** *F. Romanelli, FST 53, 1217 (2008)*
 - consolidation of ITER physics basis and design choices
 - a noticeable example: D-T discharges
 - integrated preparation of the three main ITER scenarios

- **ITER scenarios:**
 - ELMy H-mode: requires ECCD for NTM and sawtooth control
 - Hybrid: very likely to require off-axis CD → ECCD
 - Steady-state: definitely requires off-axis CD → ECCD + LHCD
 - upgrade of ITER ECRH system possible

⇓

- **Difficult to think of preparing ITER scenarios without ECCD**

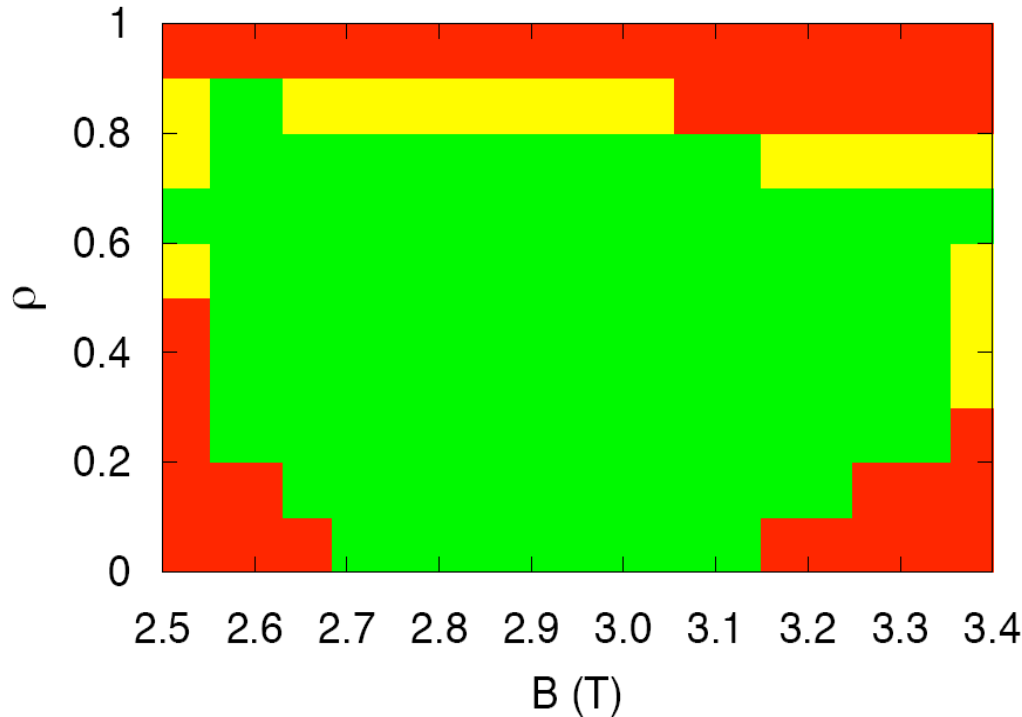
- **No other tokamak can fully replace JET for this preparation**
 - size and confinement: the closest to ITER
 - normalised parameters, in particular ρ^*
 - wall
 - tritium experiments

- Electron heating
 - more ITER-relevant scenarios ($T_e \sim T_i$)
 - impurity control
- Central CD
 - to contribute to low loop-voltage scenarios
 - to control the central q profile (co- or counter-CD)
- off-axis CD for scenario control
 - q profile tailoring (e.g. to trigger and sustain ITBs)
 - real-time scenario control
- MHD control
 - sawtooth period real-time control
 - NTM real-time control
- Other functions
 - plasma breakdown, start-up, ramp-up assistance
 - transport studies by power modulations

- To define the physics requirements of an ECRH system
 - with respect to the main JET **scenarios**
 - with respect to the main **functions**
 - taking into account **priorities** of the JET programme

- To assess the feasibility of an ECRH system
 - with respect to **time**
 - with respect to resources (**cost** and **manpower**)
 - with respect to the present JET layout (**ports, buildings**)
 - with respect to **risks**
 - in coherence with the future JET **programme**

- Main boundary conditions
 - **time**: system ready by ~2014/2015
 - **power**: ~ 10 MW in the plasma
 - **strategy**: strong synergy with **ITER** ECCD system development; partnership with Russian Federation



- ← 2,1 NTM control
- ← 3,2 NTM control
- ← q control at mid-radius
- ← sawteeth control
- ← central heating & CD

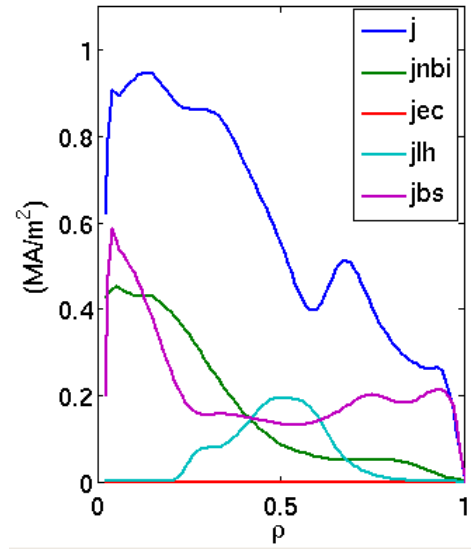
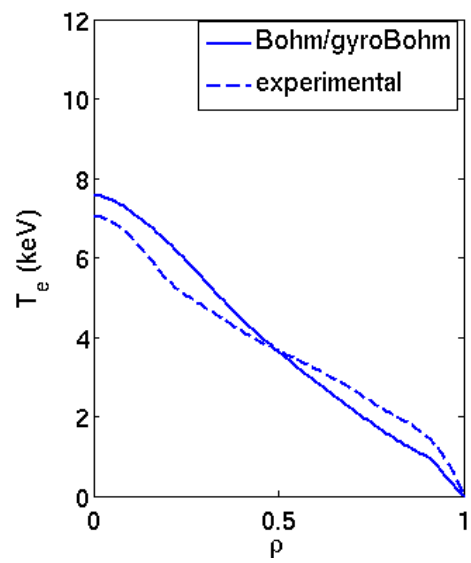
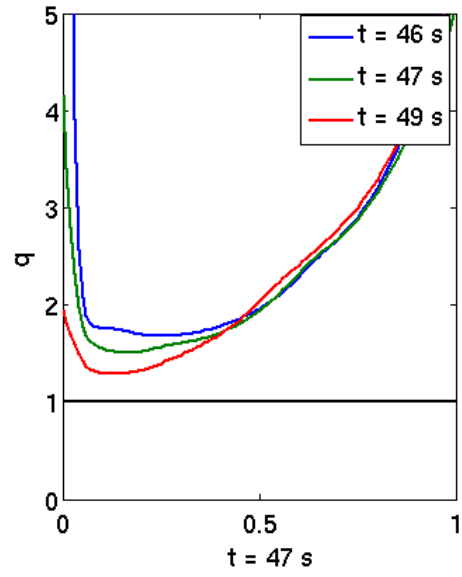
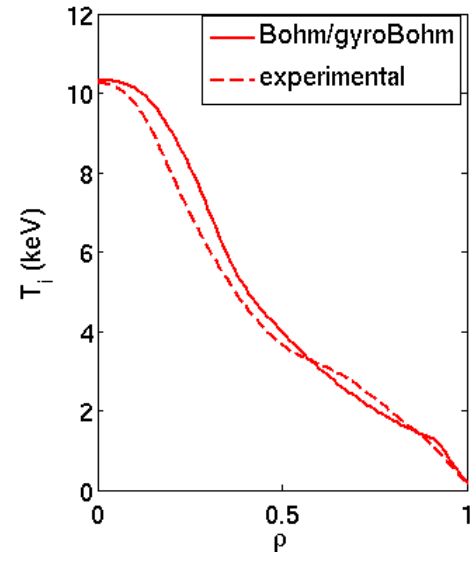
Green: OK
Yellow: marginal
Red: not OK

Conclusions:

- $2.7 < B < 3.1$ T: full performance (all functions achieved)
- $3.1 < B < 3.3$ T: central H&CD limited, (2,1) control marginal
- $2.5 < B < 2.7$ T: central H&CD limited by 3rd harmonic
- **advanced scenarios:** diagram displaced to the right $\rightarrow + 0.1$ T

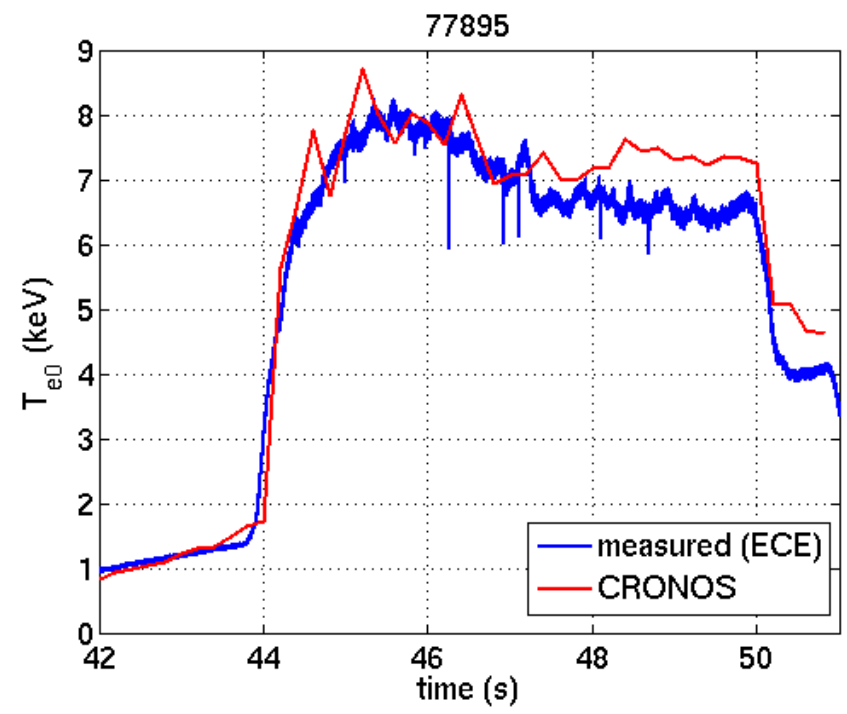
- Goal: to determine the EC power needed to:
 - equilibrate T_e and T_i (mainly in the H-mode scenario)
 - modify the q profile (mainly in the advanced scenario)
- Tools
 - CRONOS (integrated modelling code)
 - JETTO (runs to fine-tune the transport model) *V. Parail*
- Method
 - current diffusion runs with exp. profiles, check of coherence with I_i , V_{loop} , flux, MSE, sawtooth inversion radius
 - predictive runs with Bohm/gyro-Bohm model, check of coherence between predicted and exp. T_e and T_i
 - predictive runs including ECRH / ECCD
- Applications (170 GHz)
 - core heating for H-mode scenarios
 - off-axis CD for advanced scenarios


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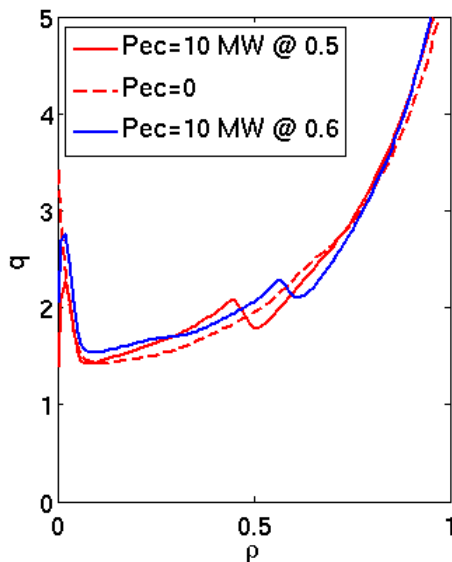
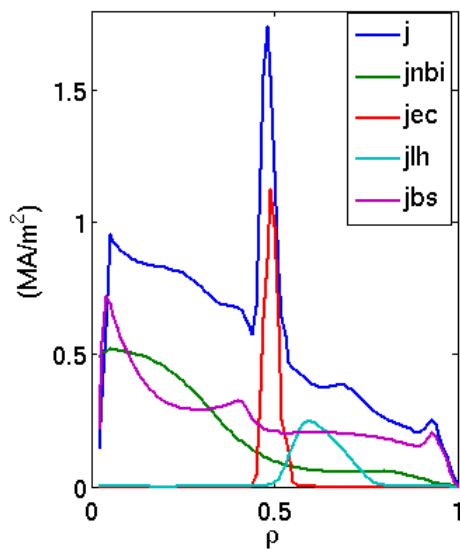
Predictive simulation

CRONOS
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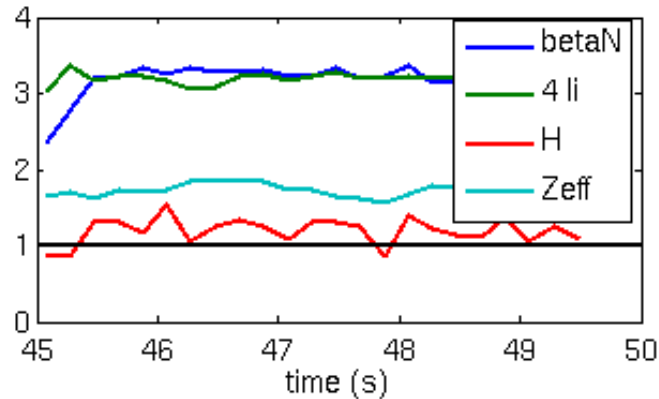
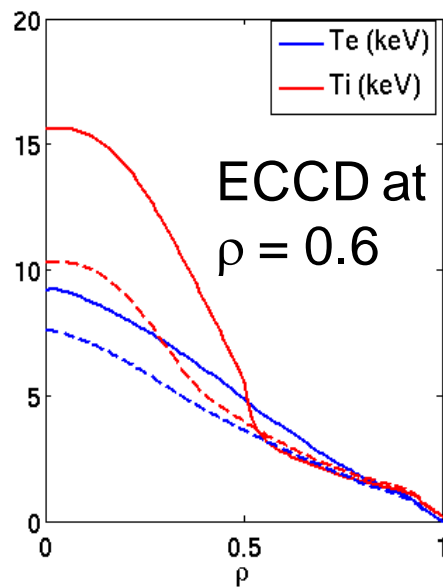
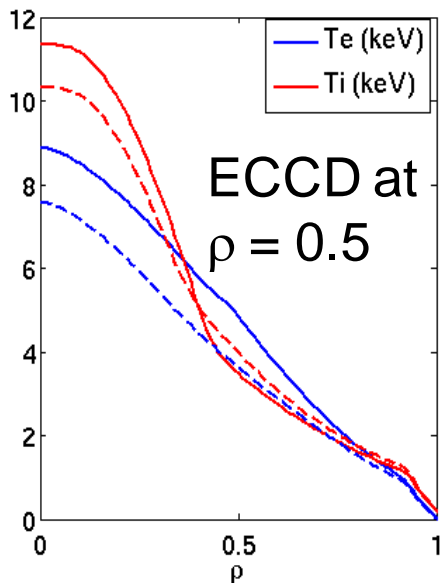
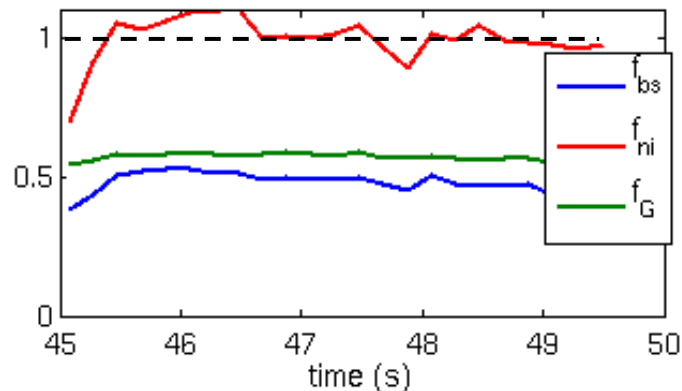


T_e in the current ramp phase well reproduced, using experimental pedestal and rotation

Effect of 10 MW ECCD at $\rho = 0.5$ or $\rho = 0.6$



ECCD at $\rho = 0.6$
 $\rightarrow V_{loop} \approx 0$



- gyrotrons (170 GHz, 20s → ITER gyrotron)
- transmission line
- launcher
- power supplies
- auxiliaries
- diagnostics
- system layout, buildings, controls



<u>Tasks</u>	<u>Manpower (ppy)</u>
GYROTRONS (installation – testing)	19
POWER SUPPLIES	30
ANTENNA (design – implementation)	16
TRANSMISSION LINES	4
WINDOWS	2
AUXILIARIES	16
CONTROL SYSTEMS	9.5
DIAGNOSTICS	2
BUILDINGS - INSTALLATION	2.5
SYSTEM COMMISSIONING (on plasma)	3
PROJECT MANAGEMENT	10
TOTALS	114

Component	Total cost (M€)	Comments
GYROTRONS	15.6	12 GYCOM tubes
POWER SUPPLIES	16.5	8 MW refurbishment + 4 MW new
ANTENNA	1.6	
TRANSMISSION LINES	4.4 – 4.9	price range: TL options
WINDOWS	3.1 – 3.8	price range: F4E and GA estimates
AUXILIARIES	6.6	magnets: 4 M€ (GYCOM estimate)
CONTROL SYSTEMS	1.7	1.1 M€: PS controls - 0.6 M€: CODAS
DIAGNOSTICS	0.2	
BUILDINGS - INSTALLATION	2.0 – 2.4	price range: PS in containers or building
TOTAL	51.7 – 53.3	~ 4.4 €/W accuracy: ~ ± 6 M€

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Year	0	1	2	3	4	5
Project start. First calls for tender	•					
Gyrotron building	—	—				
Cooling plant	—	—	—			
Old PS refurbishment, installation and tests	—	—	—			
Gyrotrons manufacturing	—	—	—	—	—	—
First gyrotron accepted				•		
Antenna design, manufacturing, installation and tests	—	—	—	—	—	
New PS manufacturing, installation and tests			—	—	—	
TL design, manufacturing, installation and tests	—	—	—	—	—	
Windows manufacturing	—	—	—	—		
All gyrotrons accepted						•
System commissioning on plasma					—	—

		ITER	JET
FUNCTIONS	central electron heating	→ H-mode, impurity control	→ $T_e \sim T_i$, impurity control
	NTM control	yes	yes
	sawteeth control	yes	yes
	q profile control	yes	yes
	start-up, ramp-up assistance	yes	possible
COMPONENTS	gyrotron	1 MW, 170 GHz, cw	1 MW, 170 GHz, $t > 20$ s
	harmonic / polarisation	1 st , O-mode	2 nd , X-mode
	power supplies	solid-state based	solid-state based (Type 2 part)
	antenna	equatorial → tor. steering + top → pol. steering	equatorial, poloidally and toroidally steerable
	mirrors	actively cooled	actively cooled
	mirror movement	frictionless, backlash free steering mechanism	poloidal: ITER mechanisms toroidal: ITER mech. or rods/cables
	transmission lines	evacuated, corrugated alum. WG63	evacuated, corrugated alum. WG63
	windows	diamond, 1.11mm thick, 63.5mm diameter	diamond, 1.11mm thick, 63.5mm diameter
	magnets	cryogen free	cryogen free
	control systems	ITER-CODAC standards	ITER-CODAC standards

- **Usefulness** and **feasibility** of ECRH in JET confirmed
- The functions envisaged can be achieved for $2.7 < B < 3.1 \text{ T}$
- **Technical issues:** launcher design, gyrotrons, windows, steering
 → **risk reduction** for the ITER ECRH system
- **Partnership with Russia:** very productive, opening exciting prospects
- **Synergies with ITER, F4E:** broad and solid basis for common work
- Feasibility study: **good basis** for decision and for conceptual design
- **Timing critical:** in order to meet the 2015 deadline →
 - **Work for system specifications continues in 2010**
 - **Project go-ahead decision must be made in 2010**
 - **Negotiations with partners should advance (new partners ?)**