## **Driving rotation in mirrors with radio frequency waves\*** A.J. Fetterman and N.J. Fisch

Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory, Princeton USA

In tokamaks and mirrors, alpha particles can be removed collisionlessly at low energy using radio frequency waves in a process known as alpha channeling [1,2]. The wave essentially creates a diffusion path in phase space between the hot core of the plasma and the cold periphery. This process was recently extended to rotating mirrors [3]. While in stationary plasmas alpha particle energy is transferred to the wave, in rotating plasmas it can be transferred to the wave or to rotation energy. By choosing the diffusion path in phase space, we can transfer energy between any combination of particles, waves, and rotation. Of particular interest is using these waves to drive rotation in a plasma centrifuge [4]. By driving rotation with waves, the Alfven critical ionization energy that has limited rotation speeds in past experiments may be overcome.

[1] N.J. Fisch and J.M. Rax. Phys Rev Lett 69 612 (1992).

[2] N.J. Fisch. Phys Rev Lett 97 225001 (2006).

[3] A.J. Fetterman and N.J. Fisch. Phys Rev Lett **101** 205003 (2008).

[4] A.J. Fetterman and N.J. Fisch. Plasma Sources Sci Tech 18 045003 (2009).

\*This work was supported by DOE contract DE-AC02-09CH11466.