

## **Overview of research into fundamental wave processes using the Large Plasma Device**

Troy Carter

*Dept. of Physics and Astronomy, UCLA, Los Angeles, CA 90095, USA*

An overview of research on plasma waves in the Large Plasma Device (LAPD) will be presented. The LAPD is a 17m long, 0.6m diameter magnetized plasma column. Plasmas are produced by discharge using a large-area emissive cathode and have the following typical parameters:  $n_e \sim 10^{12} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ ,  $T_e \sim 5\text{eV}$ ,  $T_i \leq 1\text{eV}$ ,  $400 < B < 2000 \text{ G}$ , plasma pulse length  $\tau \sim 10 - 20\text{ms}$ . Studies of waves have been central to research efforts on LAPD, in particular shear Alfvén waves. I will review experiments which have elucidated the linear and nonlinear properties of shear Alfvén waves, including: dispersion and damping of kinetic and inertial Alfvén waves, an Alfvén wave MASER, field line resonances, scattering of fast ions and electrons by shear waves, wave-wave interactions among shear waves, and nonlinear control of gradient-driven instabilities using shear waves. Additionally, I will discuss a new effort to study the physics of fast waves in LAPD, aimed at investigating issues relevant to ICRF in fusion devices.