

# Perturbed Equilibria and ELM Suppression in DIII-D, and Implications for ITER

by  
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Presented at the  
**55<sup>th</sup> Annual Meeting of the  
APS Division of Plasma Physics**

**November 13, 2013**

# Improved 3D Modeling and Pedestal Dynamics Models Allow Better Predictions of ELM Suppression

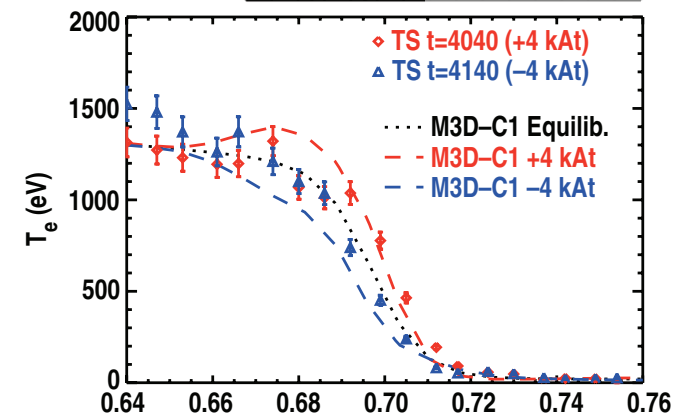
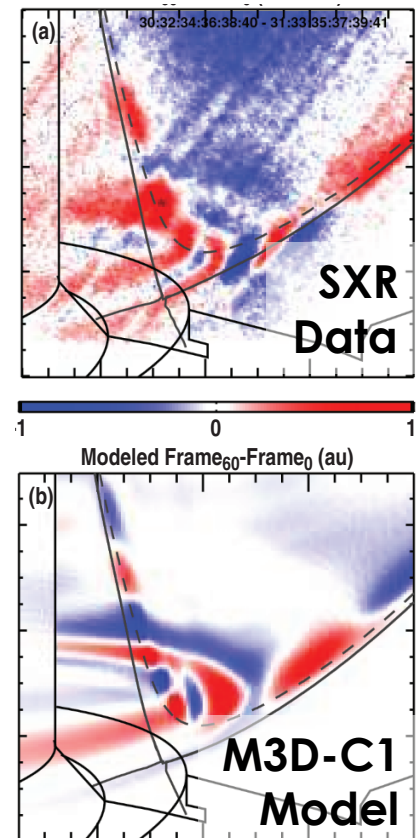
- **Despite successfully mitigating ELMS with Resonant Magnetic Perturbations (RMPs) on many tokamaks, we still lack a good predictive model**
- **In a set of DIII-D discharges, it was found that the Vacuum Island Overlap Width (VIOW) correlates with ELM suppression\***
- **Actual mechanism of ELM suppression is more complicated than VIOW**
  - VIOW ignores plasma response (kinking, screening)
  - Pedestal is probably not stochastic, so “IOW” may not be physical
- **We apply advances in modeling capabilities and understanding of pedestal dynamics to develop new correlation criteria for ELM suppression; apply to ITER**

\*Fenstermacher *Phys. Plasmas* **15**, 056122 (2008)

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# Plasma Response to RMP Significantly Alters the Magnetic Fields in H-Mode Edge

- **Plasma tries to exclude magnetic islands**
  - “Screening”; where  $\omega_e$  is large (steep gradient region and core)
- **RMPs drive (stable) modes to finite amplitude**
  - “Kink response”
  - Driven reconnection; where  $\omega_e$  is small (pedestal top)
- **Including plasma response is necessary to accurately model edge measurements**
  - $T_e$ ,  $n_e$  profiles in edge strongly affected by “kink response” (Shafer NI2.00006, this morning)
  - Linear two-fluid modeling (M3D-C1) is successful in reproducing measured profiles

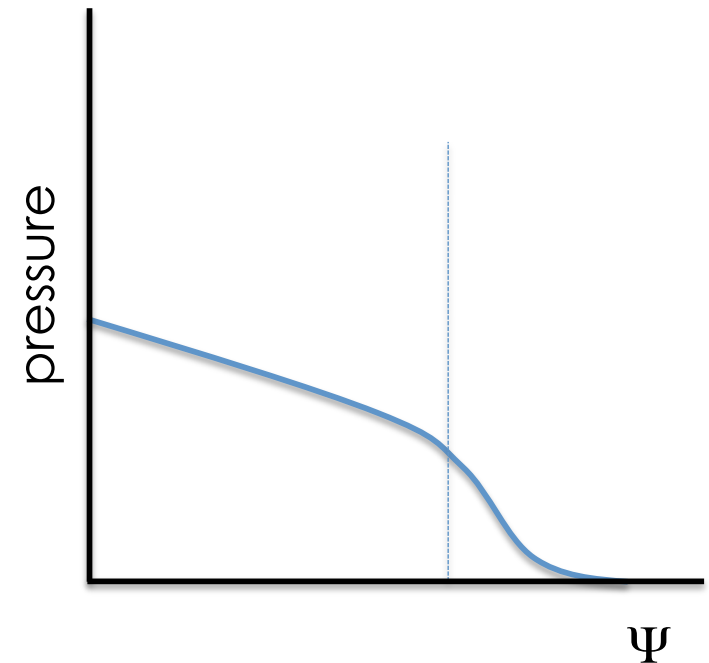


# EPED Model Suggests ELM Suppression Requires Enhanced Transport Localized at Pedestal Top

- **EPED Model of pedestal structure:**

- Gradient determined by local KBM stability
- Width grows until global PB stability threshold is reached (ELM)

\*P. Snyder UP8.00050, Thurs. afternoon

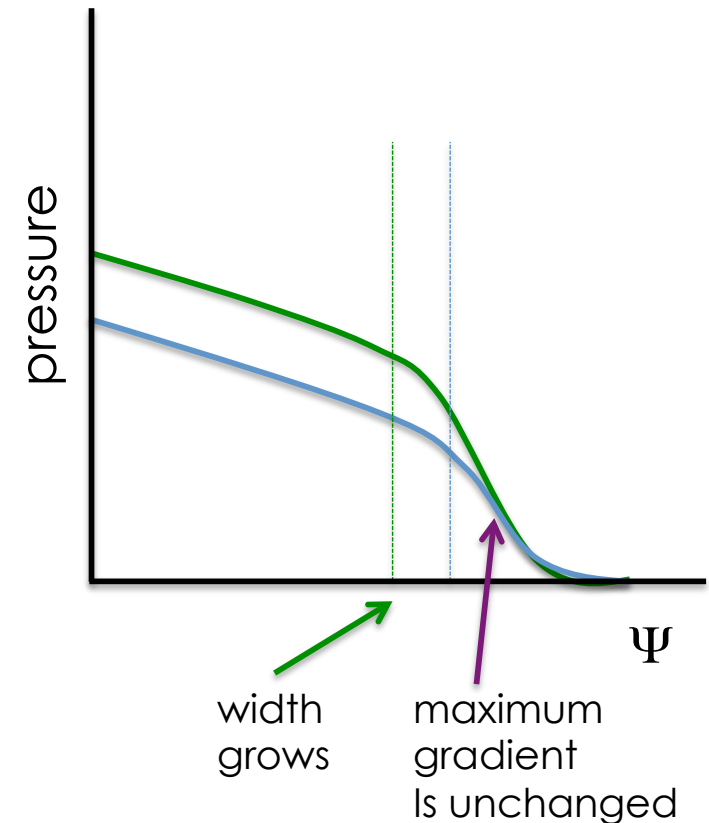


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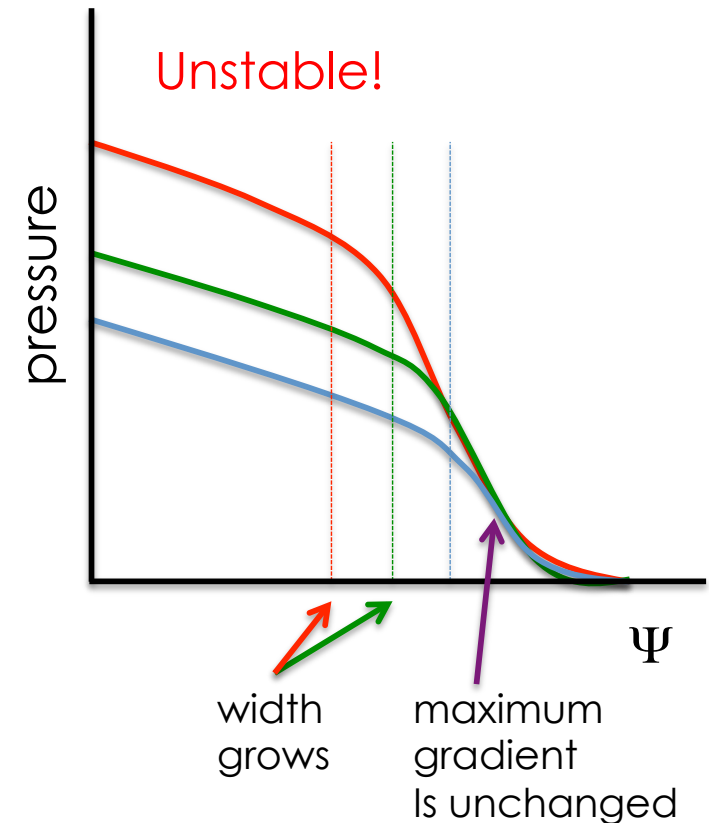


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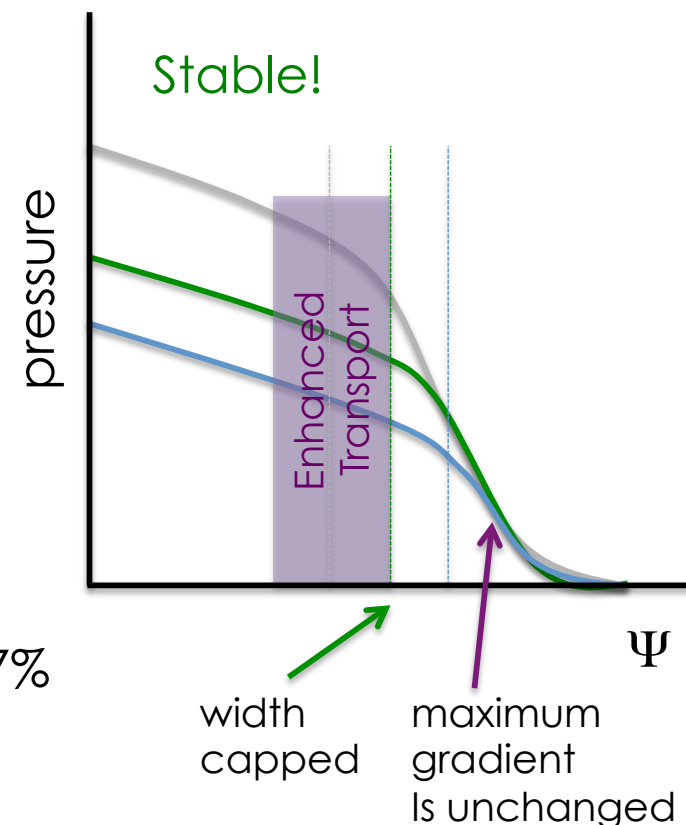
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- Something stops widening of pedestal before threshold
- Requires enhanced transport at  $\Psi \approx 96-97\%$



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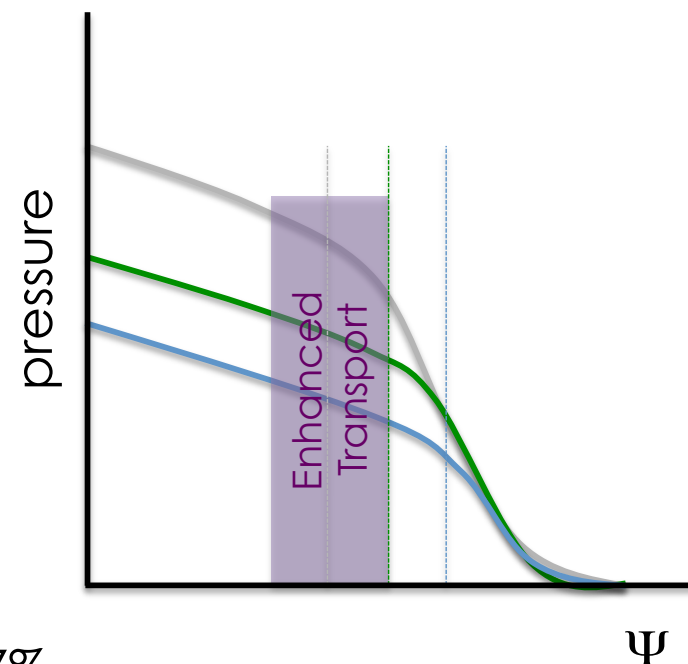
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- **Predictive modeling needs model of RMP effect on transport**

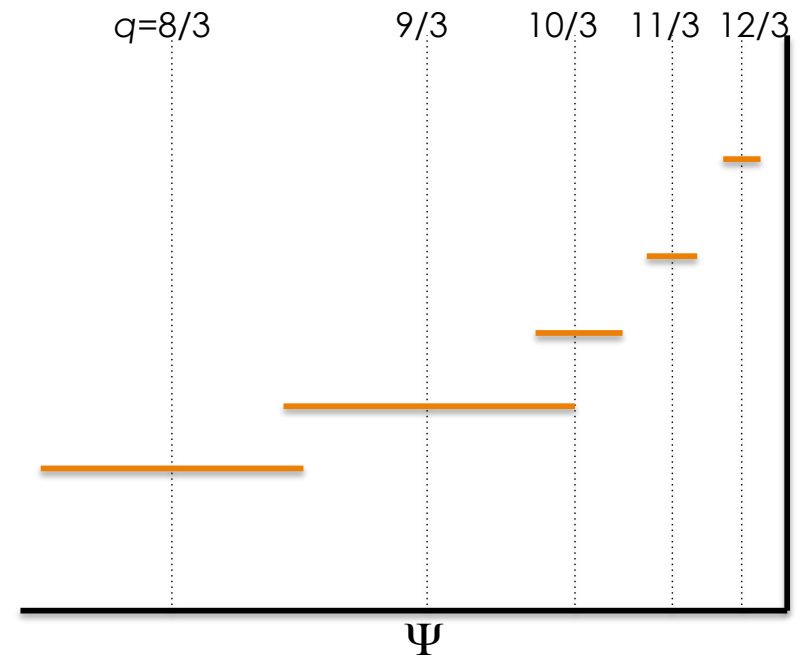
- Enhanced classical transport? (S. Smith, NI2.00005, earlier today)
- Change to KBM stability? (C. Hegna, PP8.00058, right now)
- Stochasticity? (D. Orlov, YI3.00006, Friday morning)



# “Local Chirikov” Value Gives Indication of Localized Stochasticity

- Island width is estimated using pitch-resonant field at each mode-rational surface

$$w(\Psi_m) = \frac{2}{\pi} \sqrt{\frac{\psi_{mn} q}{\psi' q'}}$$



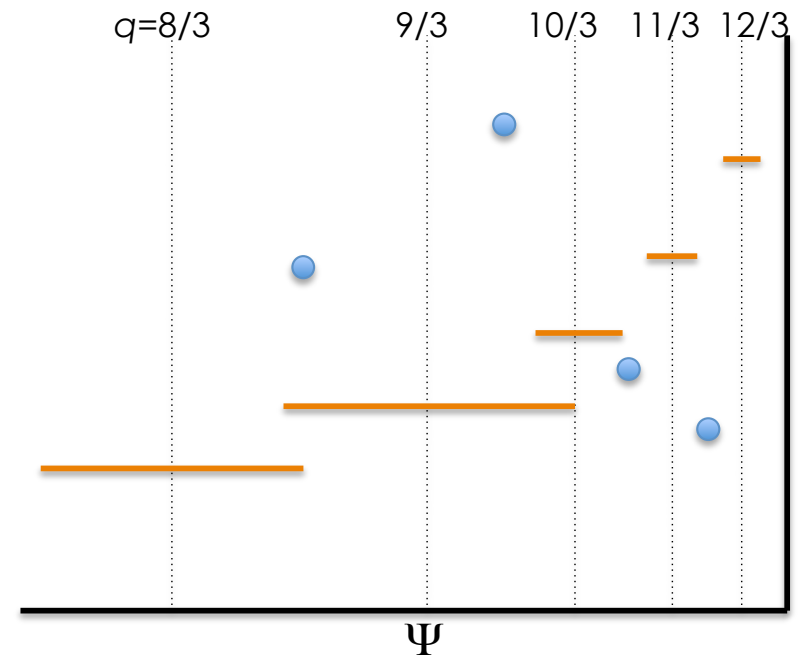
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$$\sigma\left(\frac{\Psi_{m+1} + \Psi_m}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{w(\Psi_{m+1}) + w(\Psi_m)}{\Psi_{m+1} - \Psi_m}$$



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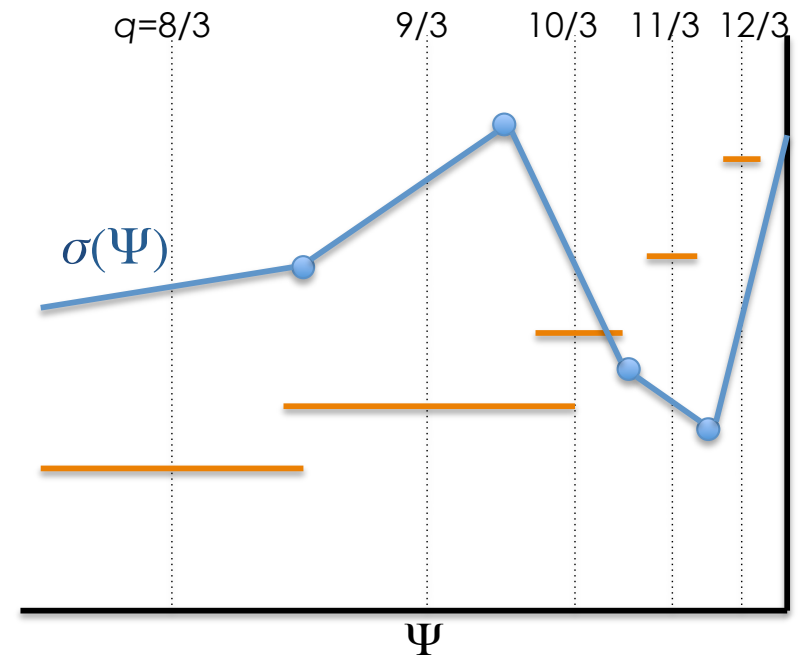
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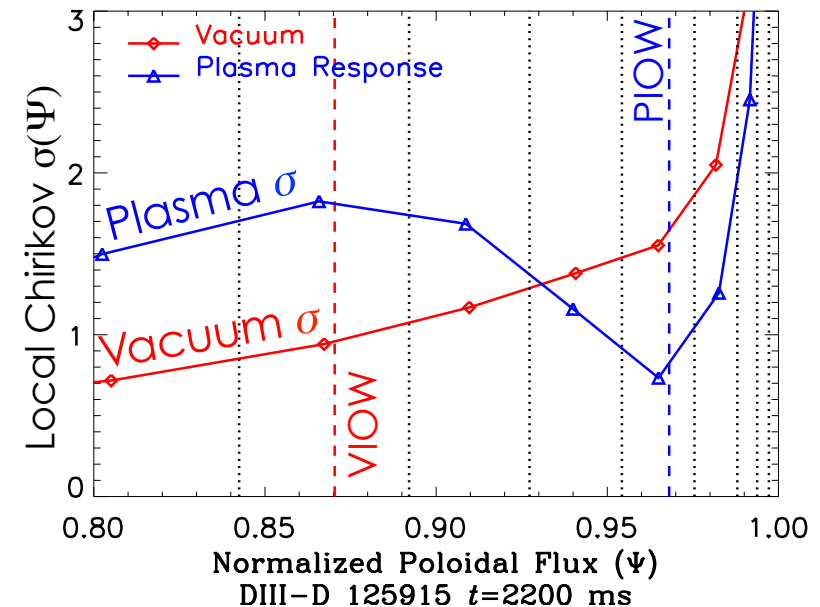
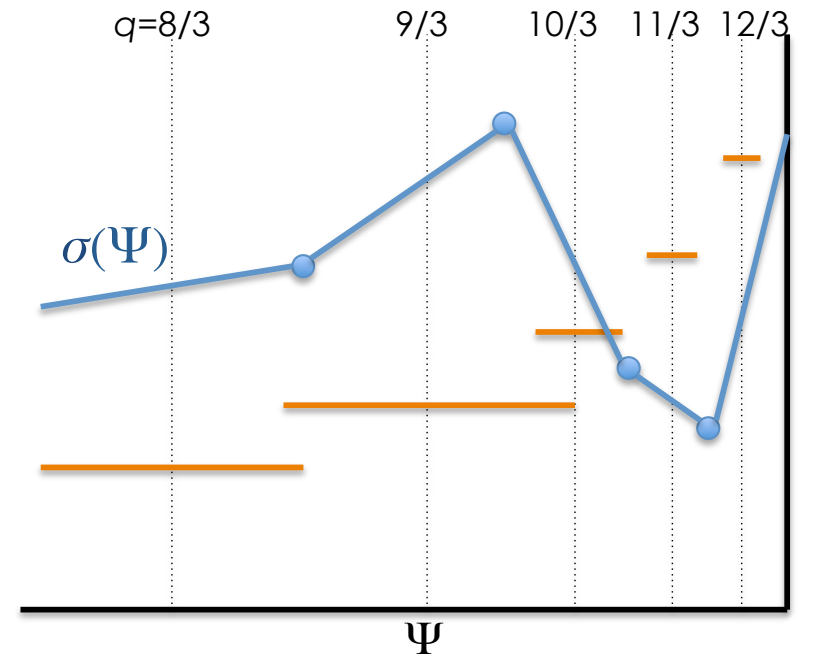
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- “Local Chirikov” value is defined by linear interpolation of these values
- Plasma response reduces  $\sigma$  in the pedestal



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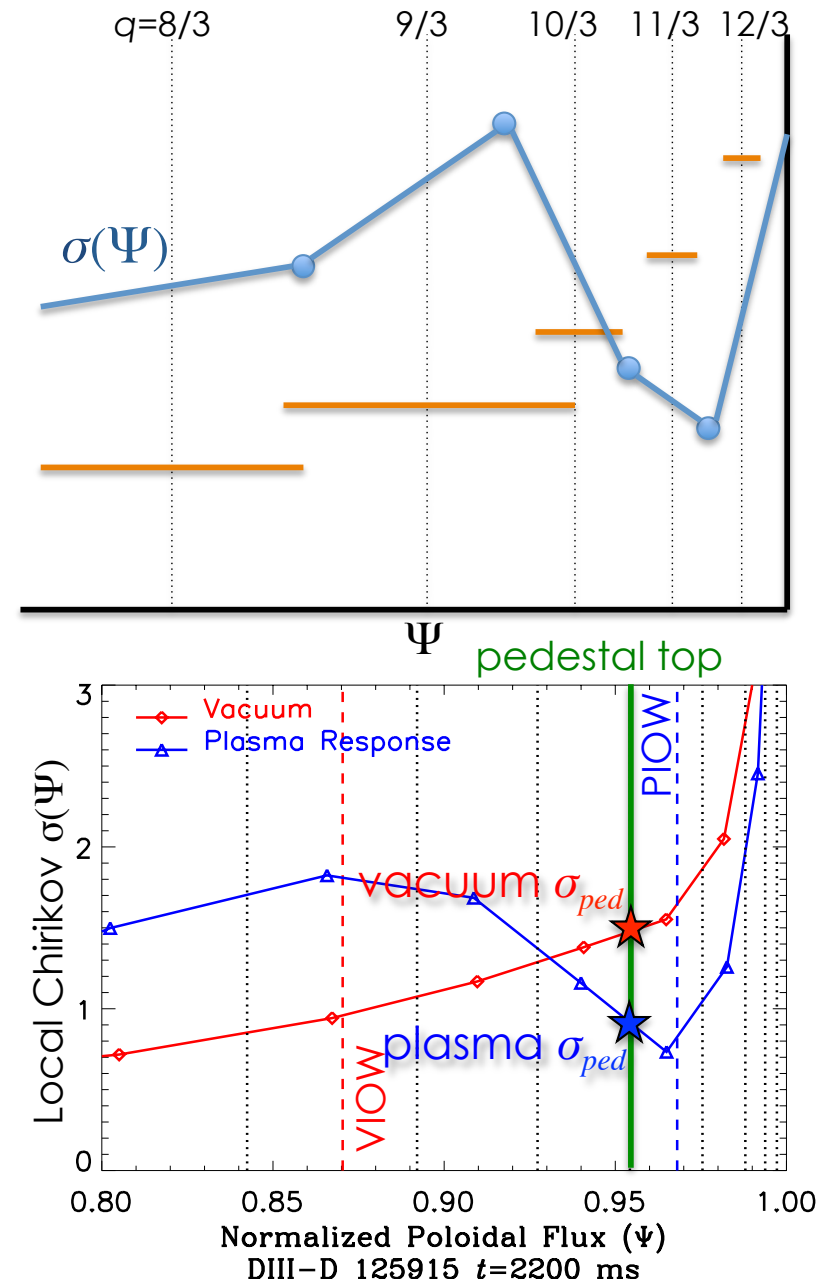
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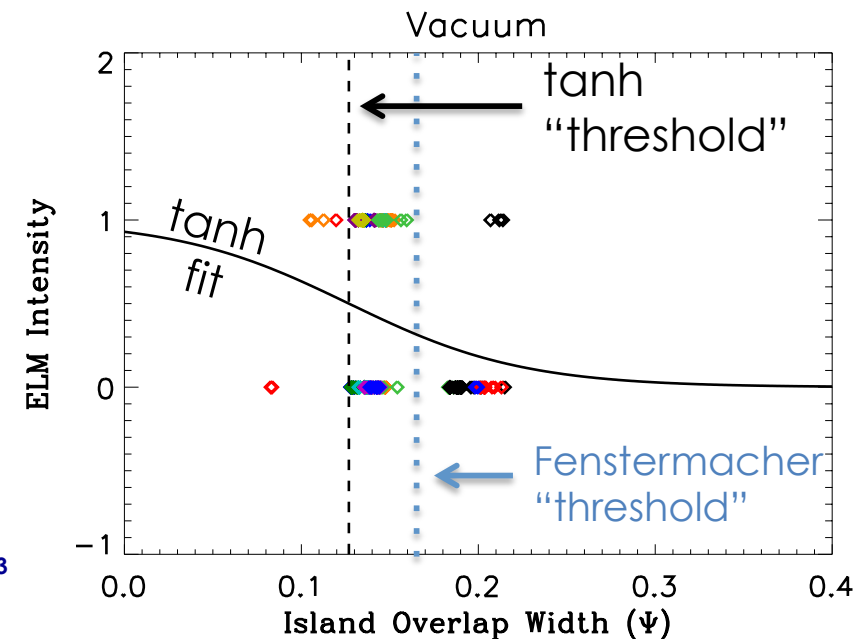
- “Local Chirikov” value is defined by linear interpolation of these values

- $\sigma_{ped} = \sigma(\Psi_{ped})$



# IOW and $\sigma_{ped}$ Metrics Are Tested on a Set of DIII-D Discharges

- Considered set of 13 discharges at 162 times with  $n=3$  RMP applied
- IOW and  $\sigma_{ped}$  evaluated for each time, with and without plasma response
  - Plasma response is calculated with M3D-C1, using a linear two-fluid model (Spitzer resistivity, includes rotation)
  - Calculations include  $n=3$  response, not  $n=0$  transport changes
- Correlation with ELM Suppression is quantified by fitting tanh to “ELM Intensity” as a function of the metric
  - *ELMing*: ELM Intensity = 1
  - *Suppressed*: ELM Intensity = 0

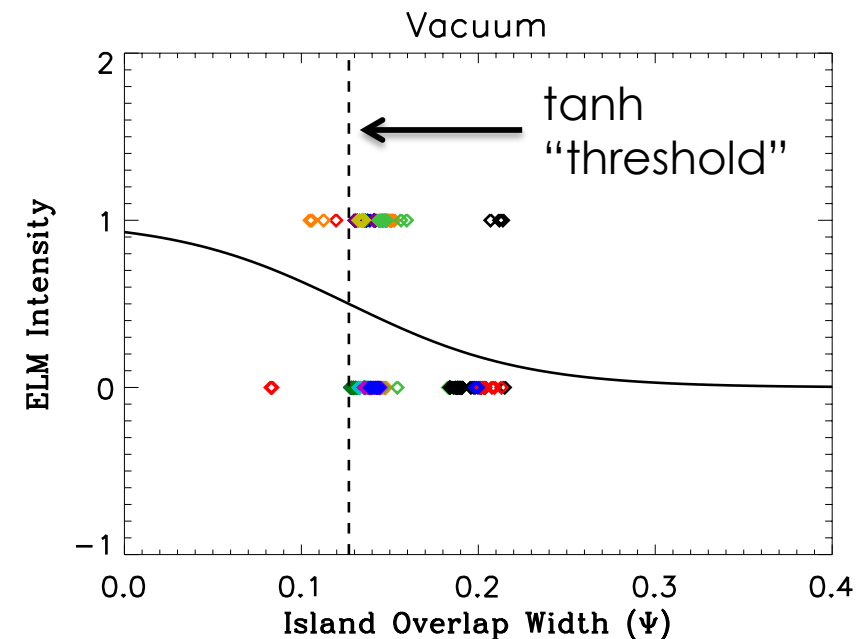


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# $\sigma_{ped}$ Correlates Better Than IOW; Plasma Response Doesn't Always Improve Correlation

- “Accuracy”: fraction of times correctly classified by the threshold from tanh fit

Metric	Threshold	Accuracy
Vacuum IOW	12.7%	63%
Plasma IOW	6.4%	70%
Vacuum $\sigma_{ped}$	1.55	89%
Plasma $\sigma_{ped}$	0.90	73%



# New Metrics are Better, But Still Imperfect

- **Plasma response is sensitive to the equilibrium**
- **Plasma response conflates cause / effect of suppression**
- **Only the  $n=3$  component is considered here**
  - Strong evidence that sidebands can be important (Orlov)
  - Fenstermacher (2008) VIOW definition includes sidebands
- **Linear response misses some important physics**
  - Amplification of islands implies nonlinear effects important
  - IOW and  $\sigma_{ped}$  are imperfect indicators of enhanced transport

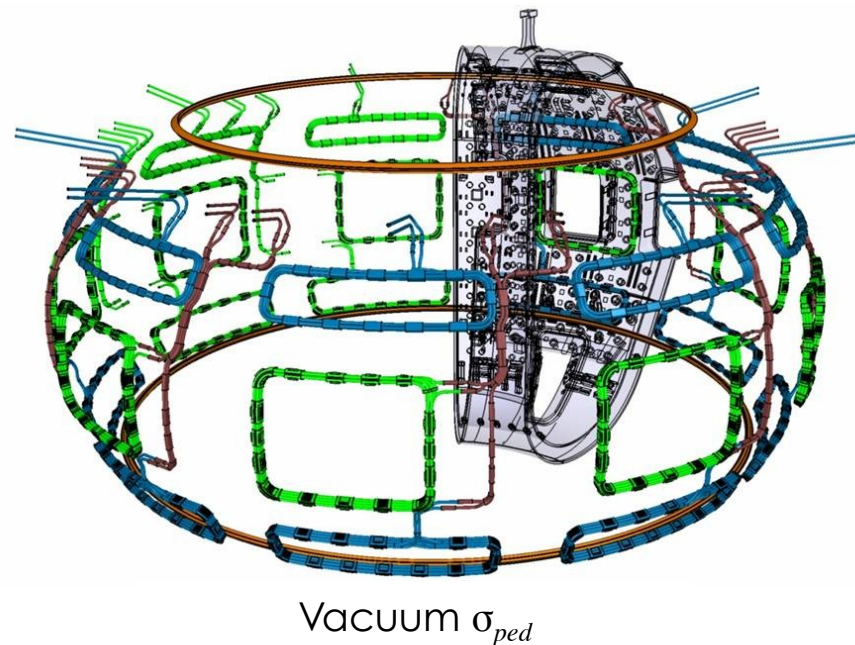


# Suppression Correlation Metrics Have Been Applied To Several ITER Scenarios

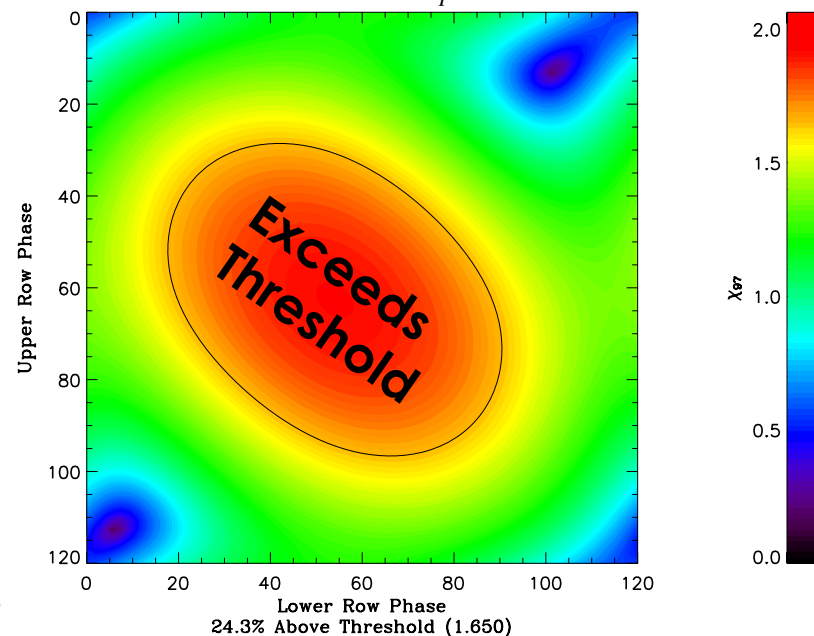
- **Metrics have been calculated for 8 ITER scenarios,  $n=1-4$**

- 15 MA  $Q_{DT}=10$   $T_{ped}=3.8, 4.4, 5.0,$  and 6.3 keV
- 12 MA Hybrid
- 10 MA Ramp-Up
- 9 MA
- 7.5 MA

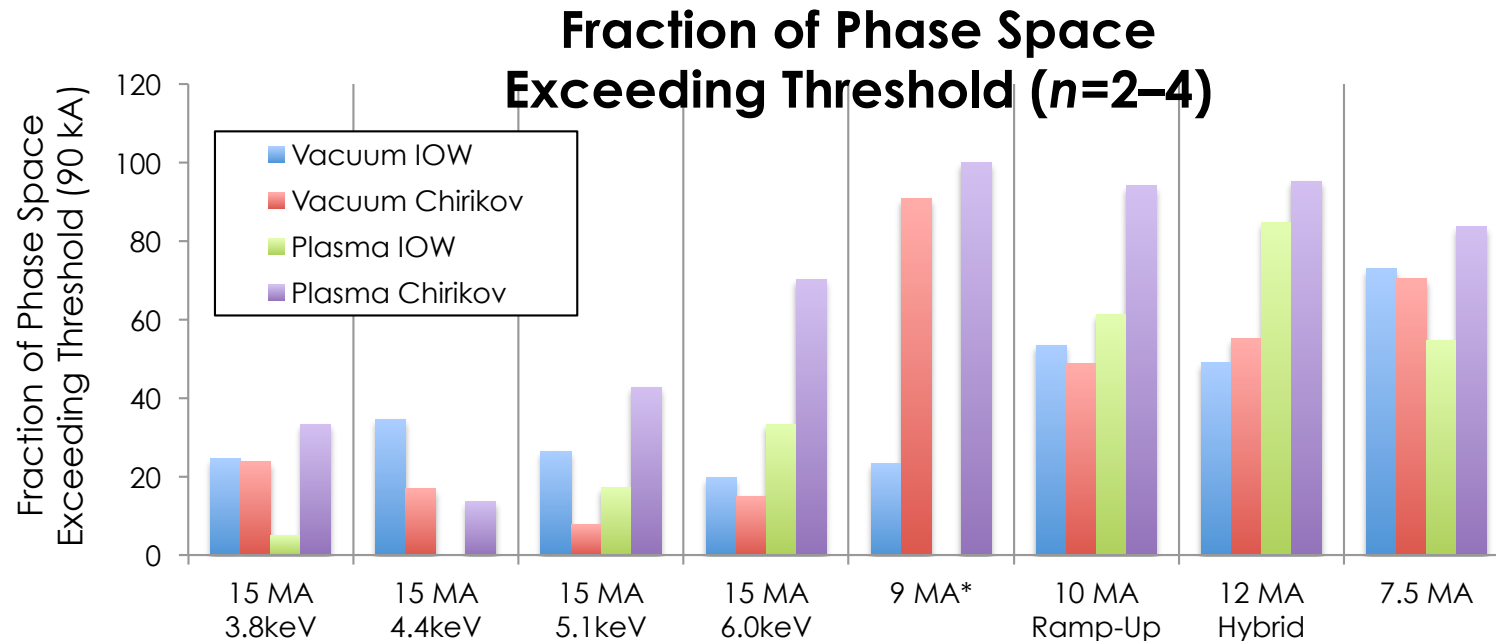
- **IOW and  $\sigma_{ped}$  calculated as a function of the phase of the upper and lower coil rows (relative to center row)**



Vacuum  $\sigma_{ped}$



# Suppression Threshold of Three of Four Metrics Can Be Achieved for All ITER Scenarios



\*only  $n=4$  considered for 9 MA scenario

- **Thresholds for three of four metrics can be satisfied for all scenarios**
  - Plasma IOW cannot be satisfied for 2/8 scenarios
- **Metrics tend to agree on optimal coil phases; generally find easier suppression at higher  $n$**

# Summary

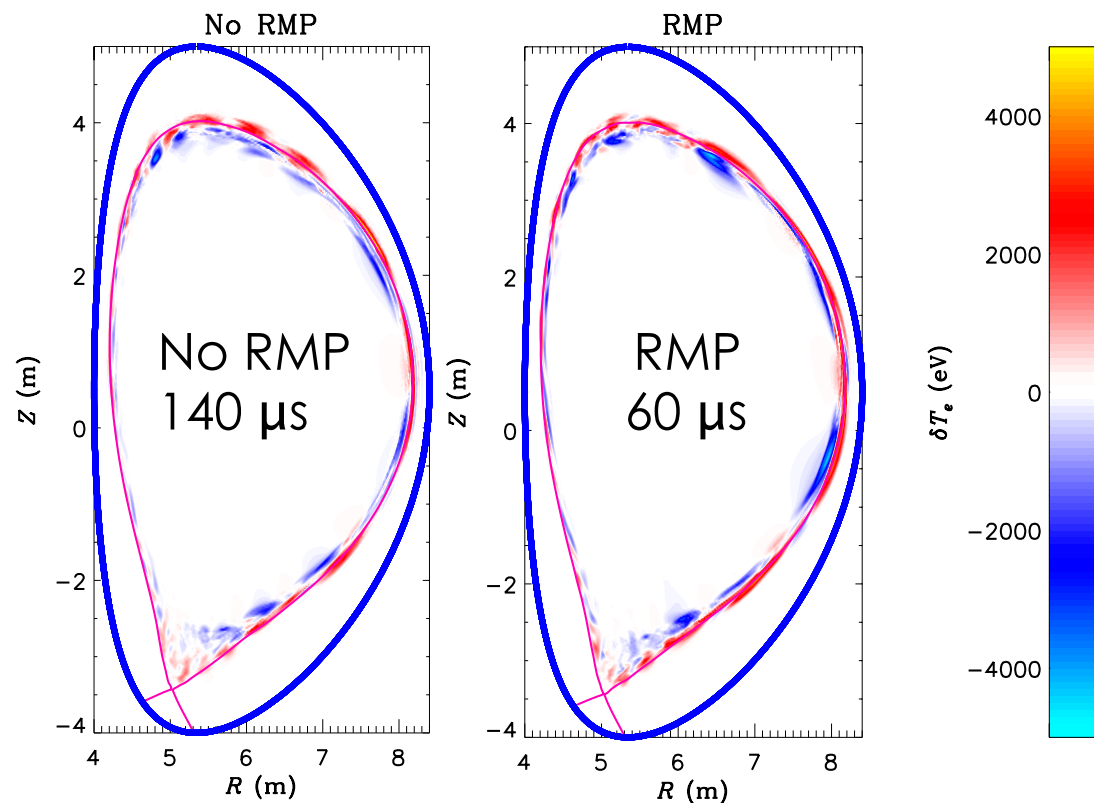
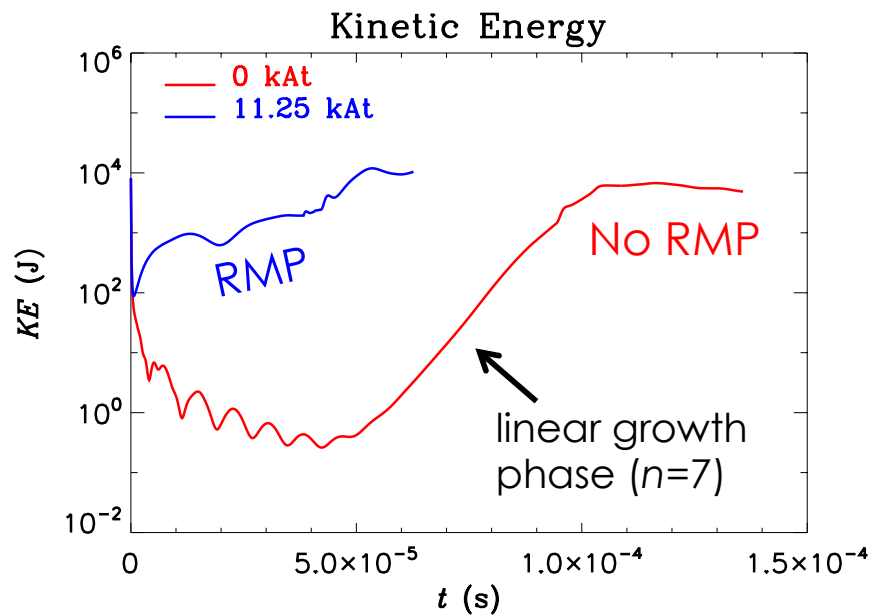
- **Applying new understanding of pedestal evolution and perturbed 3D equilibria yields improved ELM suppression metrics**
  - Local measure of stochasticity at pedestal top ( $\sigma_{ped}$ ) appears to correlate better than vacuum island overlap width
  - Still imperfect (don't recover  $q_{95}$  window)
- **Three of four metrics can be satisfied for all ITER scenarios**
  - Encouraging, but not definitive
- **For truly predictive models, better understanding of transport in 3D geometry is needed**

# ELM Suppression is a Top DIII-D Priority

- **R. Nazikian, GO4.00004:** Pedestal Response to Resonant Magnetic Perturbations in DIII-D H-mode Plasmas
- **A. Wingen, GO4.00005:** A Possible Connection of Plasma Response to RMP ELM Suppression in DIII-D
- **S. Smith, NI2.00005:** Magnetic Flutter Plasma Transport Induced by 3D Fields in DIII-D
- **M. Shafer, NI2.00006:** Plasma Response Measurements of Non-Axisymmetric Magnetic Perturbations on DIII-D
- **C. Hegna, PP8.00058:** The effects of weakly 3-D equilibrium on MHD stability of tokamak pedestals
- **T. Evans, UP8.00025:** 3D Magnetic Perturbation Effects on Transport in Tokamaks
- **P. Snyder, UP8.00050:** Optimizing Pedestal Performance with the EPED Model
- **A. Leonard, XR1.00001:** Edge Localized Modes (ELMs) in Tokamaks
- **D. Orlov, YI3.00006:** Suppression of Type-I ELMs with a Reduced I-coil Set in DIII-D

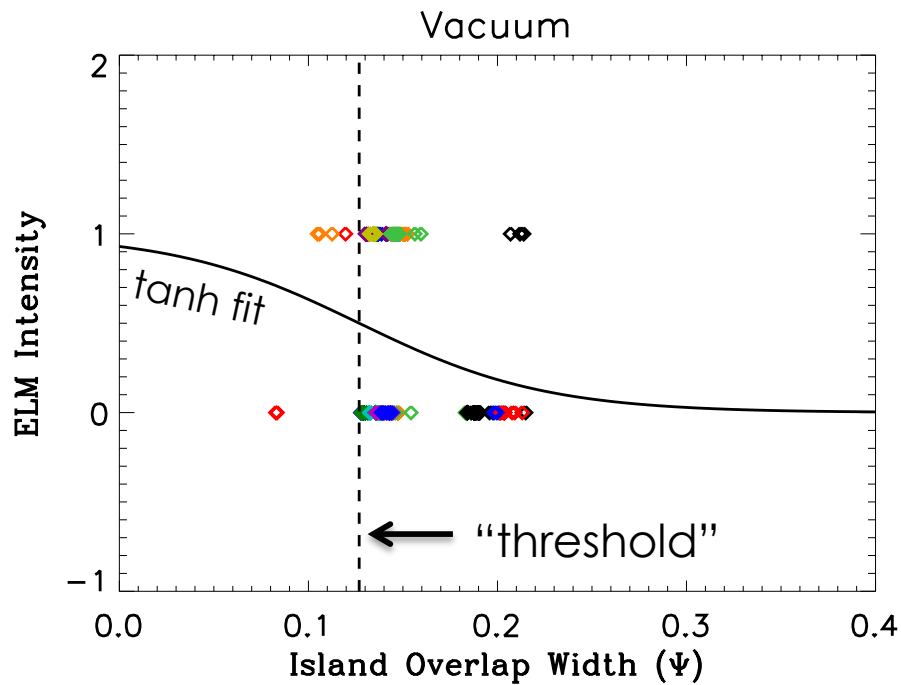
# Extra Slides

# Nonlinear Response Calculations Show Effect on ELM Stability

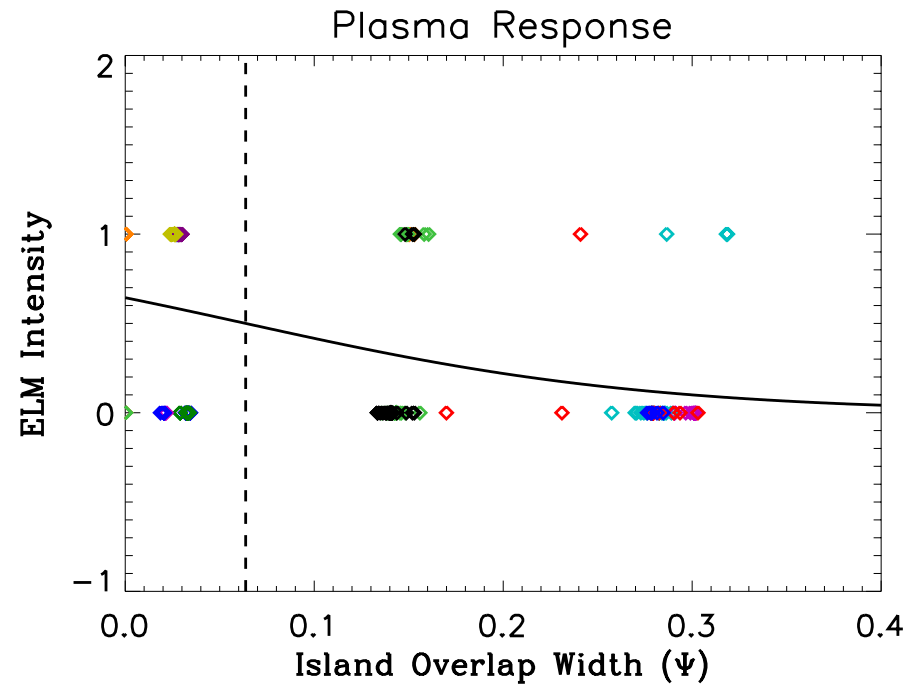


- Reduced two-fluid nonlinear calculations show significant effect on pedestal from RMPs with just 11.25 kA in control coils
- RMP causes PB to mode to rapidly achieve “nonlinear” amplitude

# Including Plasma Response Improves IOW Correlation



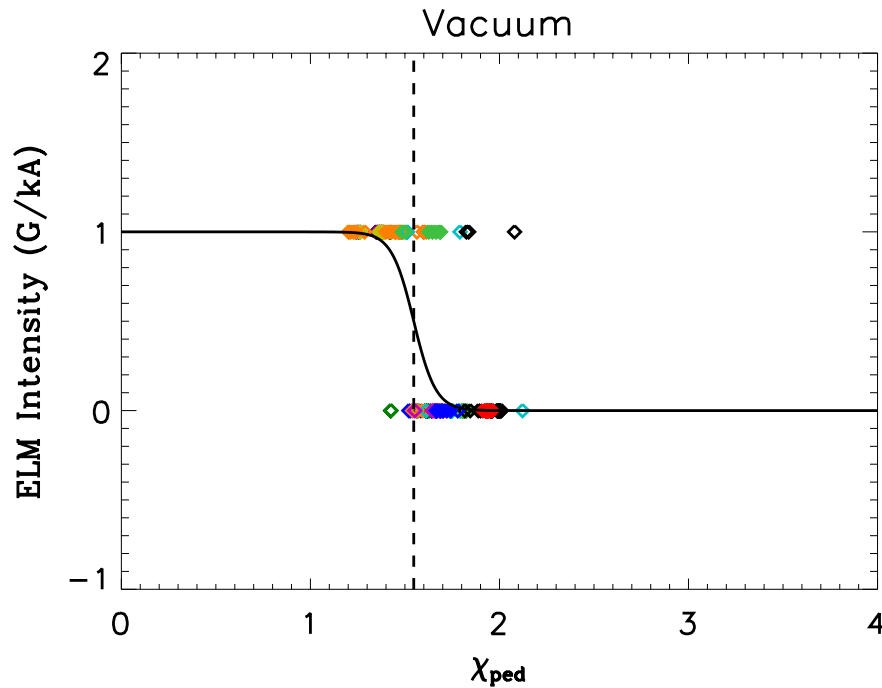
accuracy = 63%



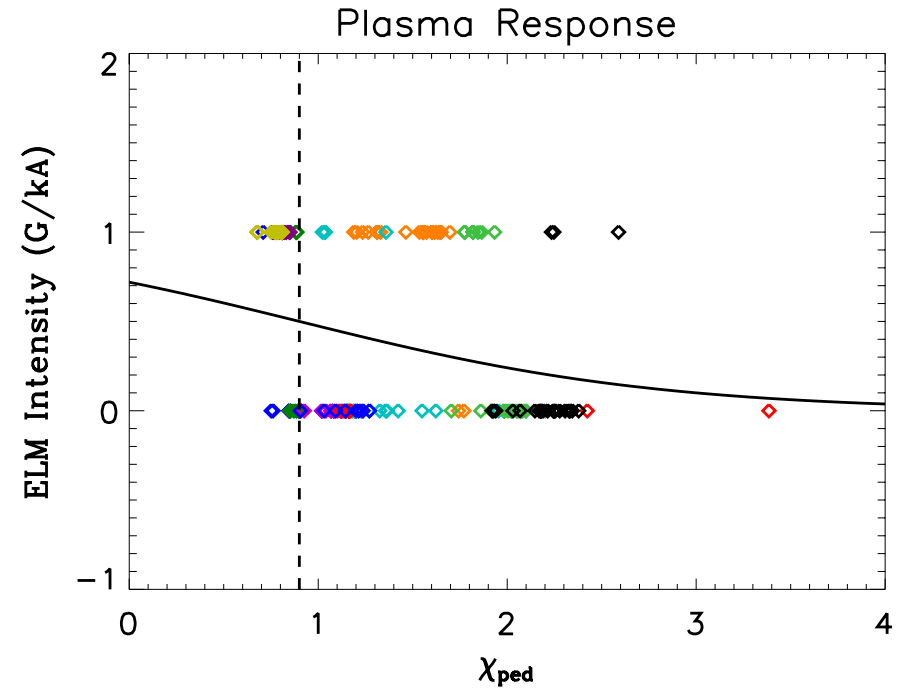
accuracy = 70%

- “Accuracy” defined as fraction of cases that are correctly classified using the best-fit “threshold”

# Local Chirikov Parameter Correlates With Suppression Better than IOW



accuracy = 89%



accuracy = 73%

- **Best correlation is found when  $\sigma(\Psi)$  is evaluated at the pedestal top ( $\sigma_{ped}$ , usually  $\Psi \approx 96-97\%$ )**
- **Including plasma response *reduces* correlation!**