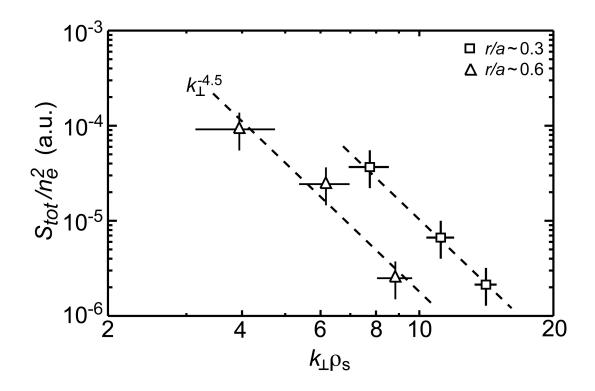
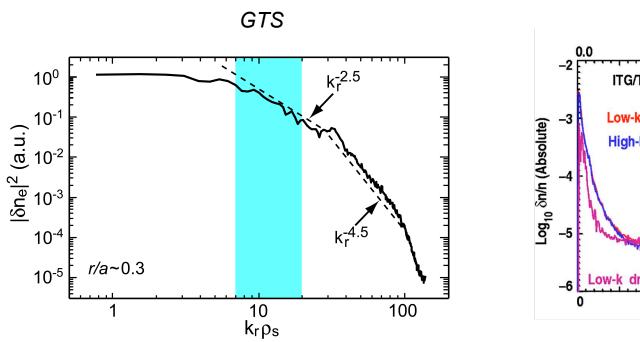
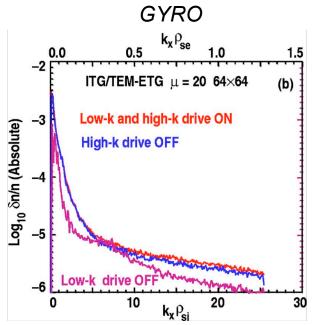
The power spectrum of turbulent fluctuations in NSTX E. Mazzucato

- This XP follows up on last year's XP-821, where the dependence of the power spectrum of fluctuations on the radial wave number was measured
- Results showed spectra with the power law $(k_{\perp}\rho_s)^{-4.5}$



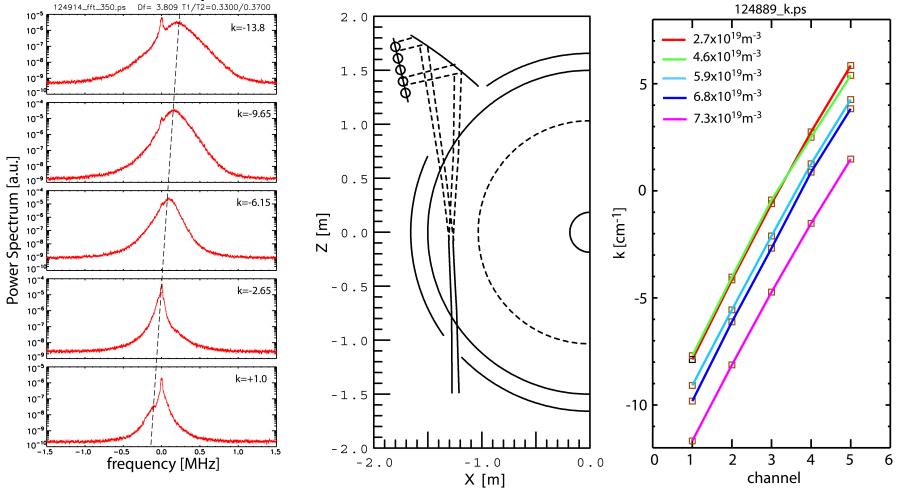
 A power law for the spectrum of turbulent fluctuations is consistent with numerical results from both GYRO and GTS. However, experimental and numerical results disagree completely on the power exponent.



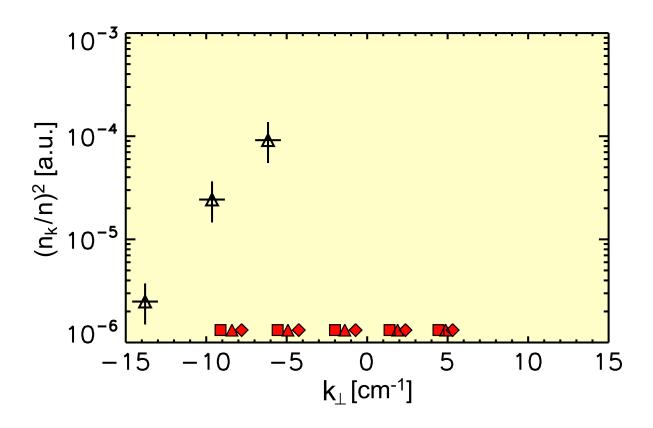


• In addition, the numerical spectra differ at low values of $k_{\perp}\rho_{s}$, with GYRO showing a sharp increase and GTS a wide plateau

- The goal of the present XP is to extend to smaller values the range of wave numbers of measured fluctuations
- Measurements in NBI plasmas, where the Doppler shift from the toroidal plasma rotation should allow the separation of scattered signals from those of spurious radiation



Wave number scan with rotation of collection mirror



- Plasma Conditions:
 - Deuterium with $B_T = 5.5 \text{ kG}$, $I_p = 700 \text{ kA}$, $nL \le 5 \text{x} 10^{19} \text{ m}^{-3}$
- NBI Conditions:
 - Sources A and B (90 kV)
- Scattering Setting:

Configuration	#1	#2	#3
Launching-X	91	91	91
Launching-Z	96	96	96
CM-angles	86/232	86/231	86/230
Ch. 1-angles H/V	89.0/90.6	90.9/90.8	92.8/90.9
Ch. 2-angles H/V	89.4/90/4	91.4/90.6	93.4/90.7
Ch. 3-angles H/V	89.3/90.5	91.4/90.6	93.4/90.6
Ch. 4-angles H/V	88.7/90.3	90.7/90.4	92.7/90.5
Ch. 5-angles H/V	87.9/90.1	89.9/90.2	91.9/90.3