

# Neutral Beam Ion Confinement & Loss from NSTX Plasmas

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**Main Question: Can STs confine fast ions well?**

**Preliminary answer: Yes, if no strong MHD activity**

# Fast Ion Physics Issues



## Parameters:

NSTX:  $R=86$  cm,  $a=68$  cm,  $\kappa=2$ ,  $I_p \leq 1$  MA,  $B_T \sim 0.3$  T

NBI: 80 keV D, 5 MW total, 3 sources ( $R_{\text{tan}}=50, 60, \& 70$  cm)

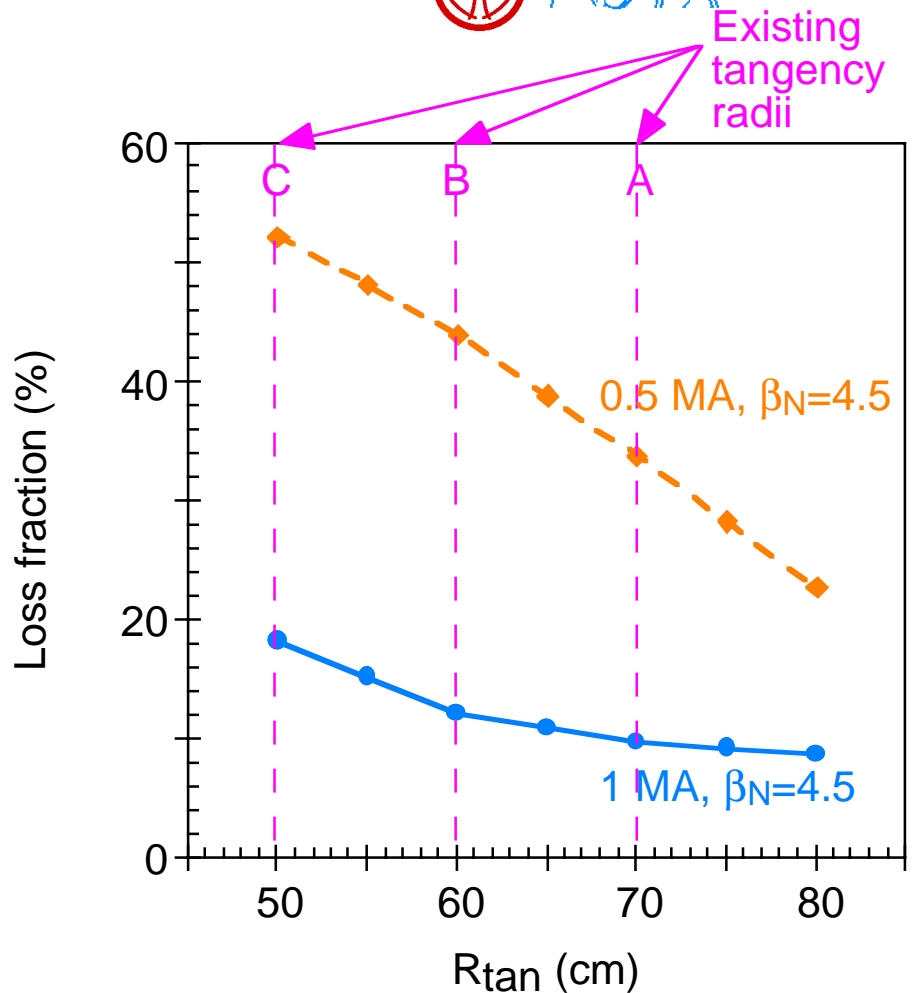
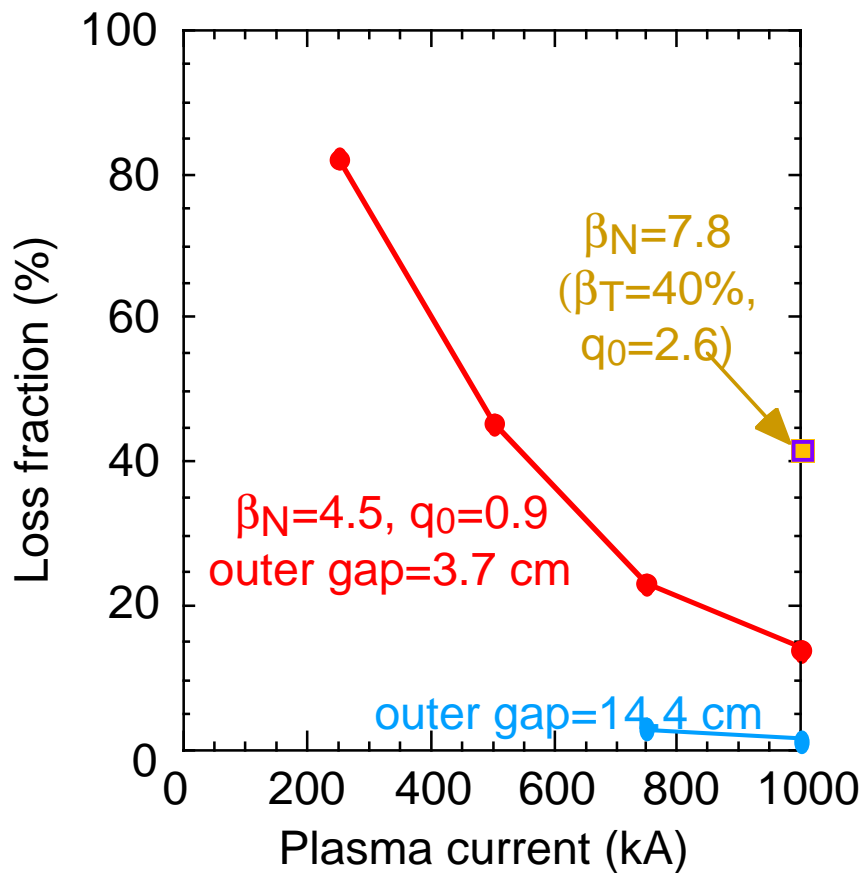
## Covered today:

- Prompt orbit confinement
- MHD effects
- NBI + HHFW heating

## Diagnostics:

Neutron detectors, fast ion loss probe, energetic neutral particle analyzer

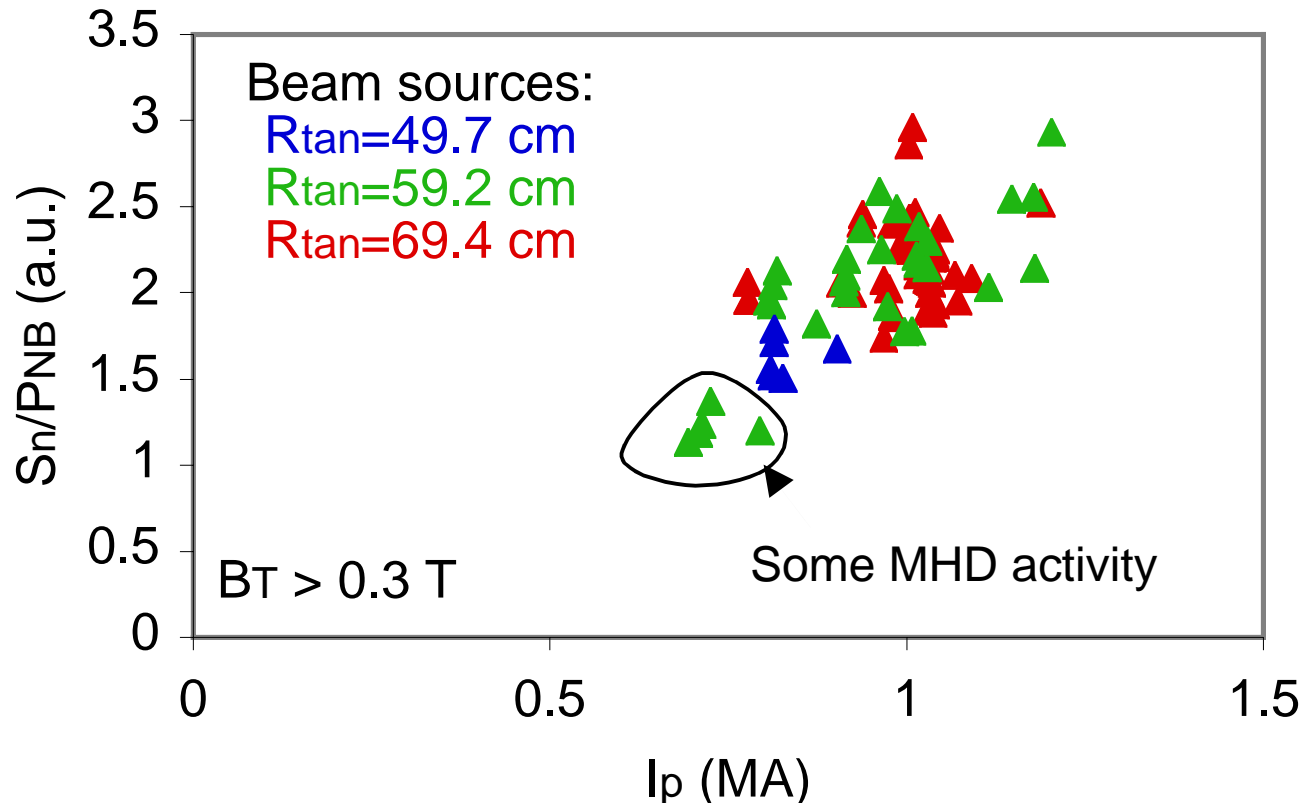
# Modeling shows NBI loss fraction depends strongly on $I_p$ , $\delta_{outer}$ , & $R_{tan}$



- EIGOL code results

- $B_T$  not yet studied

# Neutron emission increases with $I_p$ , in accord with prompt loss model

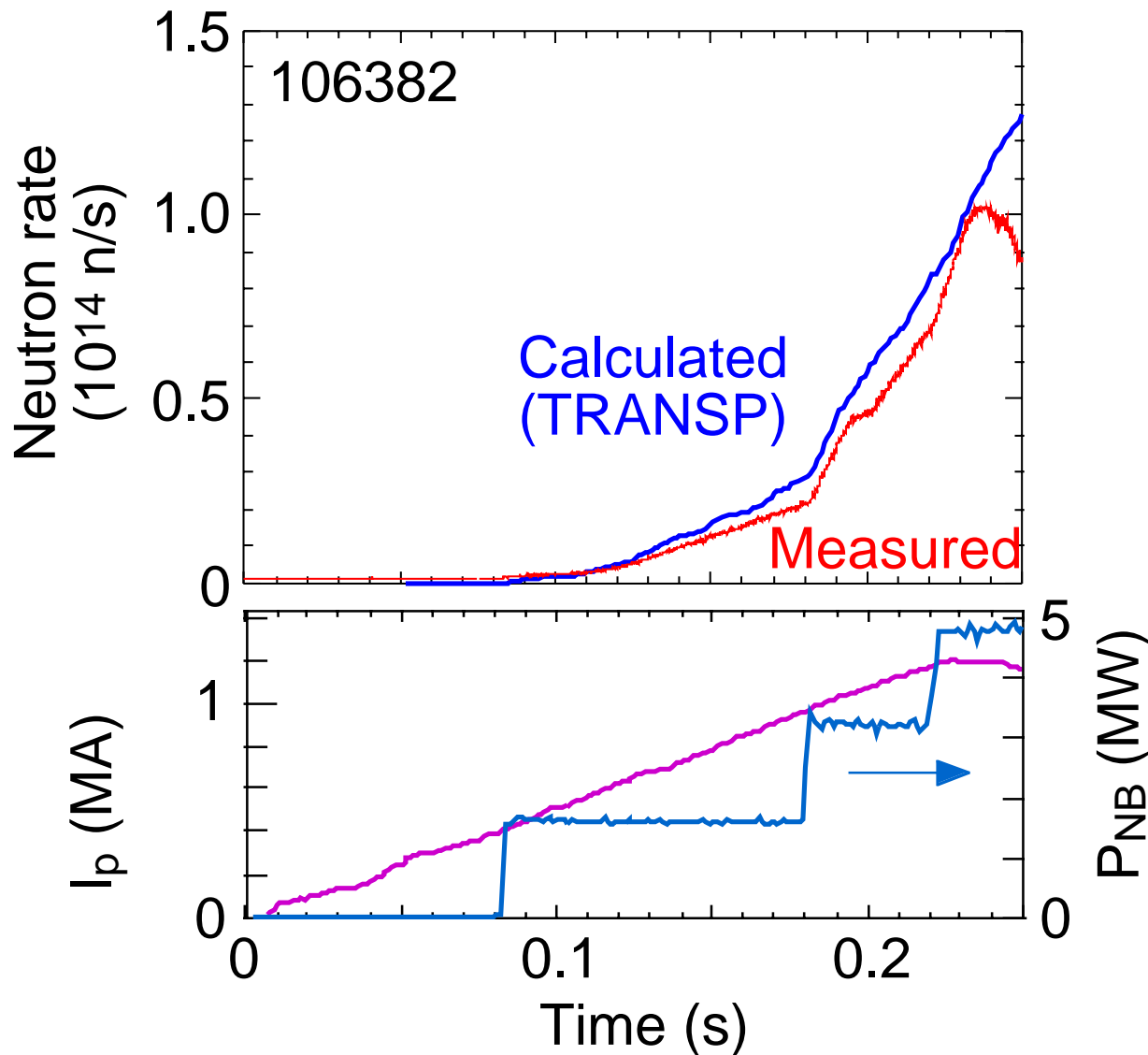


$t_{\text{beam-on}} > 30\text{ms}$   
into  $I_p$  flat top  
only

Single beam  
source shots  
only

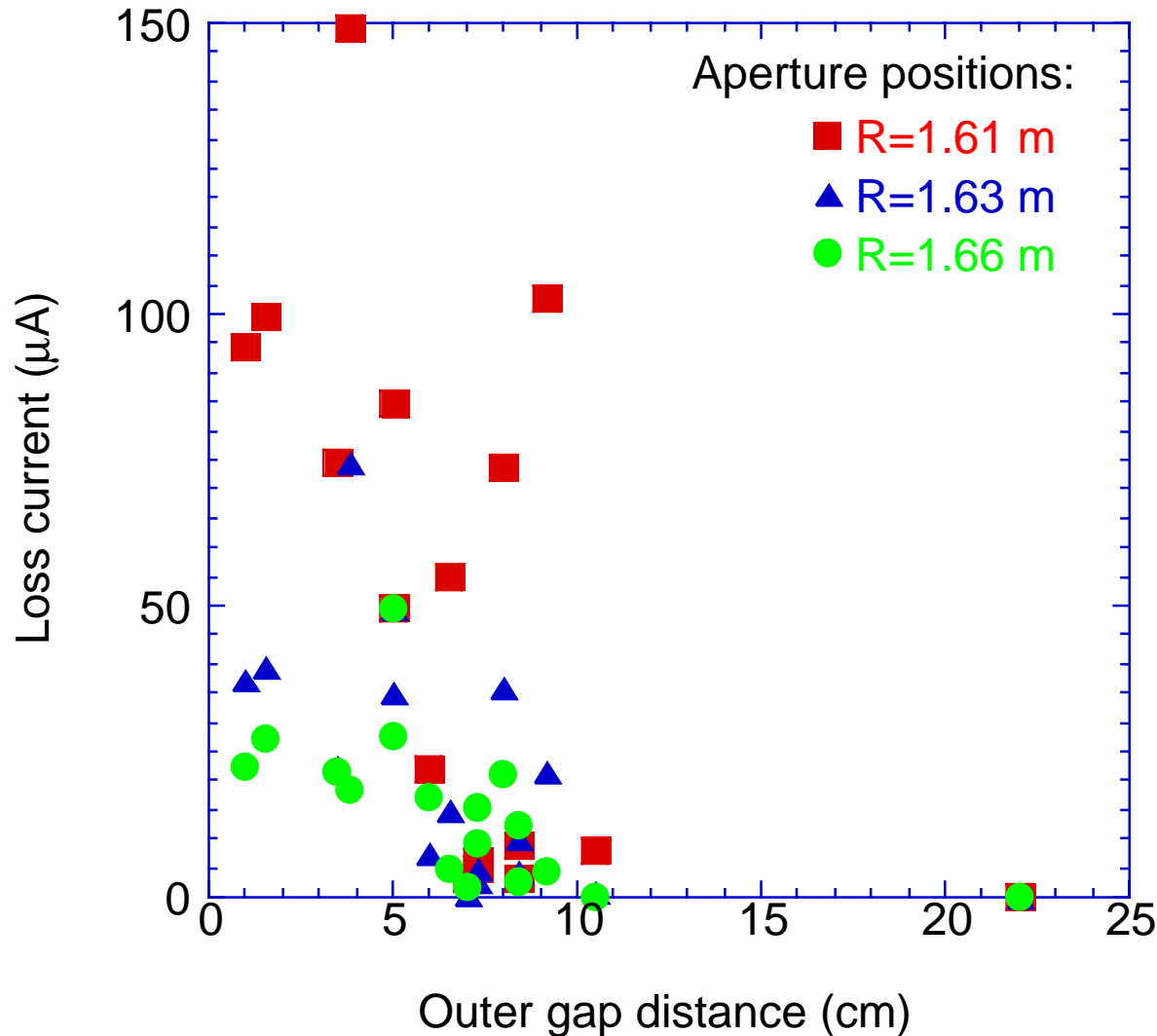
- Fast ions appear better confined at higher  $I_p$
- **But**, MHD may mask the true correlation by causing early rollover in emission
- Dependence on source  $R_{\text{tan}}$  smaller than expected

# TRANSP correctly predicts neutron rate, implying little non-classical loss



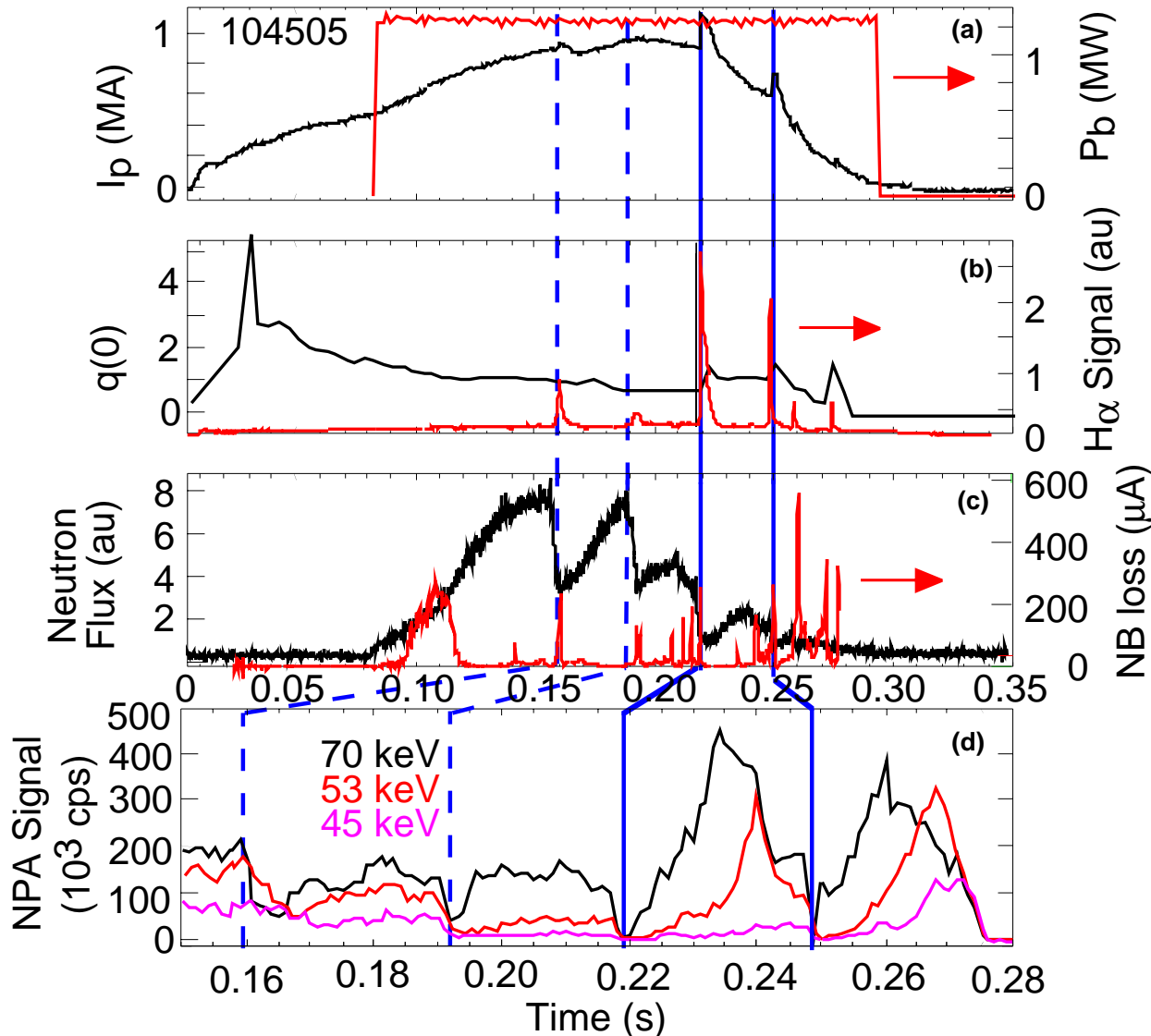
TRANSP includes only prompt loss of NB ions (classical loss)

# Measured prompt loss rate varies strongly with $\delta_{\text{outer}}$



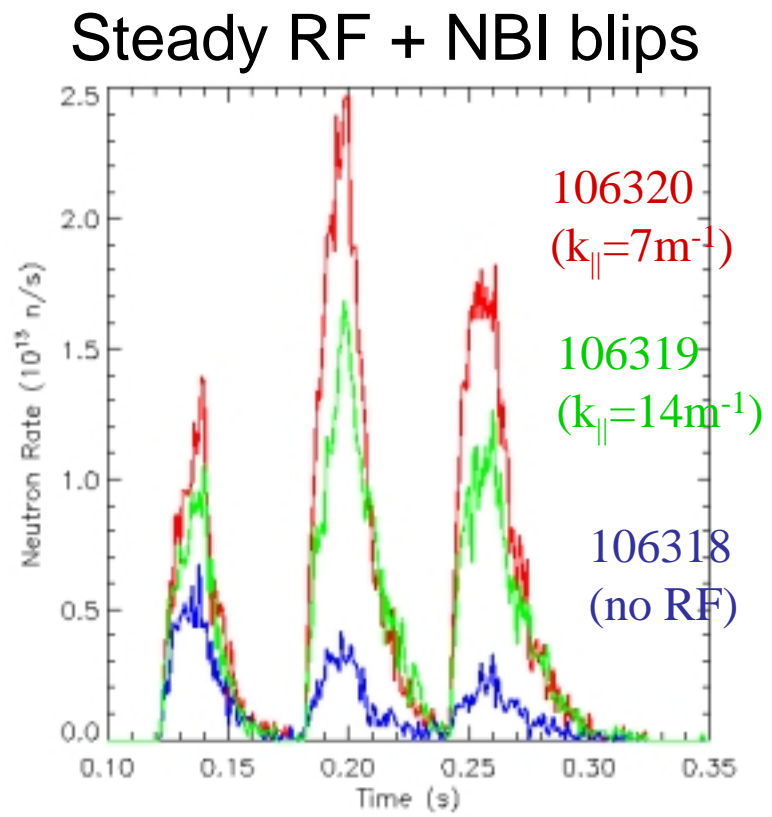
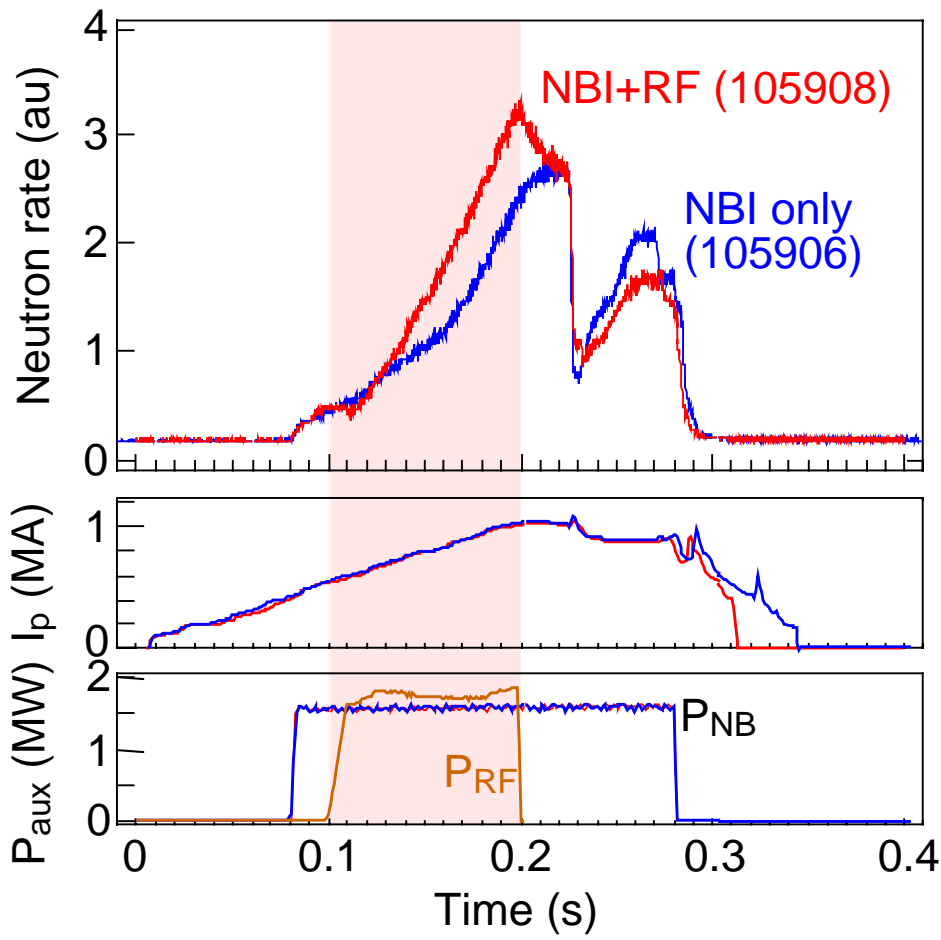
- Measured with Faraday cup probe
- Loss trend is in direction expected

# Sawteeth & IREs cause large drop in $S_n$ & NPA signal



- Conjecture that large beam ion gyroradius + large  $q=1$  surface cause large loss at IREs & sawteeth
- Smaller loss of NPA signal at lower energy

Neutron rate with NBI + RF gives higher neutron rate than NBI only, implying RF acceleration of NB ions



- Lower  $k_{||}$  gives larger neutron enhancement
- Ion tail to 120 keV seen by NPA during RF+NBI



# Summary



- Beam ion confinement dependence on  $I_p$  &  $\delta_{\text{outer}}$  in accord with model, but only weak variation with  $R_{\text{tan}}$  observed
- Absolute  $S_n$  in good agreement with TRANSP, suggesting loss is principally prompt (classical)
- RF acceleration of NB ions results in enhanced neutron rate
- A variety of MHD instabilities substantially affect beam ion confinement

Invited talk (Wed. PM): Frederickson LI1.003-Beam modes

Posters (Thu. PM): Medley QP1.029, Roquemore QP1.031,

Miah QP1.030, Rosenberg QP1.010