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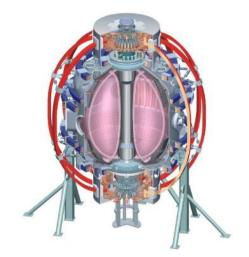
Office of Science

Present Status of the Effort to Trigger ELMs using Injected Lithium Granules

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> 2011 APS Meeting Salt Lake City, Utah Nov 14 - 18, 2011

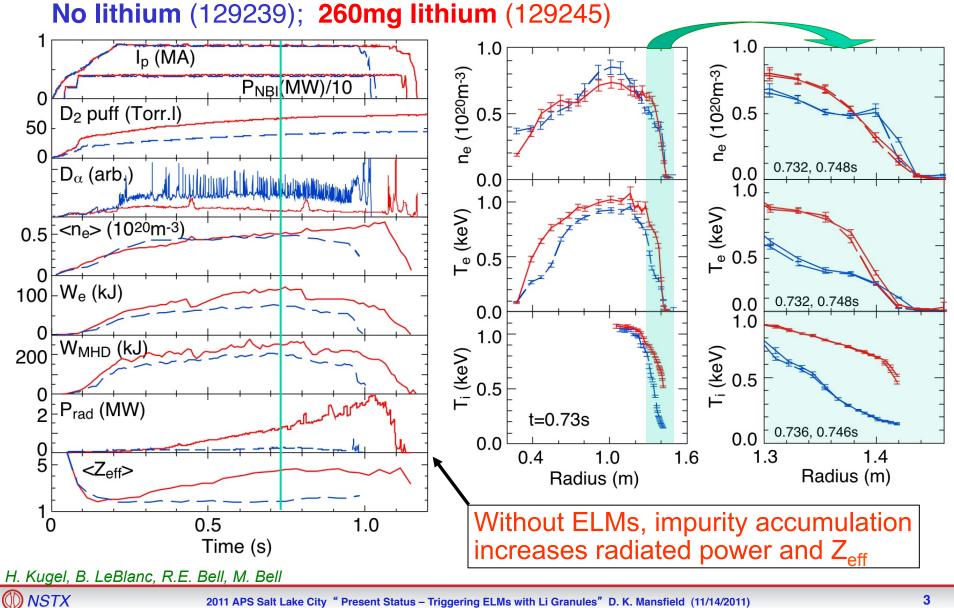




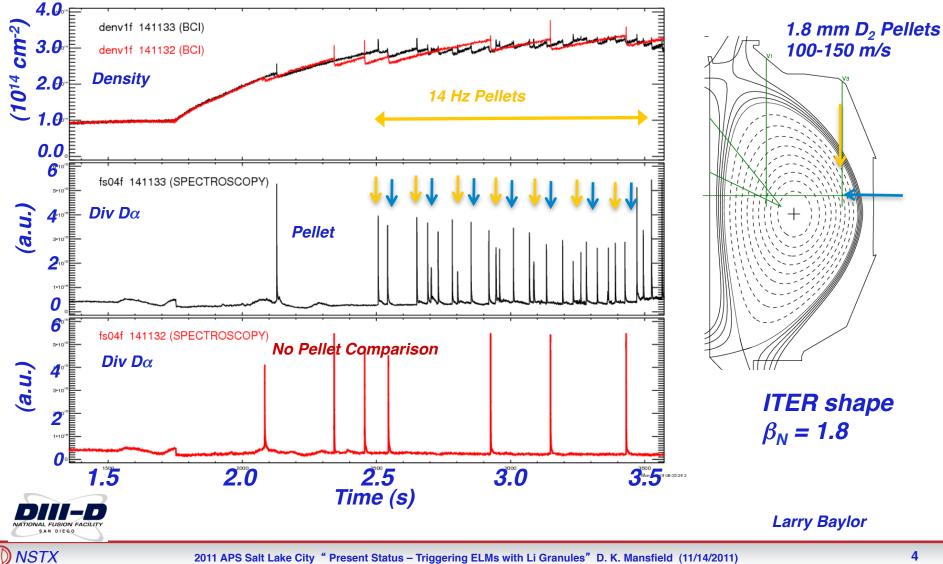
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- Injecting small, slow Li granules should trigger ELMs
- A simple prototype injector allows scans of size, speed and frequency so <u>ELM physics</u> can be explored efficiently
- Long-pulse injection possible for Dia = 0.2 1.5 mm,
 Vel = 0 100 m/s, Pacing Frequency = 0 500 Hz
- This concept allows other non-cryogenic "pellets" to be injected (Li, LiD, Be, B ...)
- "Synchronized engineering masterpiece" will follow...

Lithium Coating Reduces Deuterium Recycling, Suppresses **ELMs & Improves Confinement in NSTX**



Demonstration of ELM Pacing by Deuterium Pellets with No Fueling on DIII-D



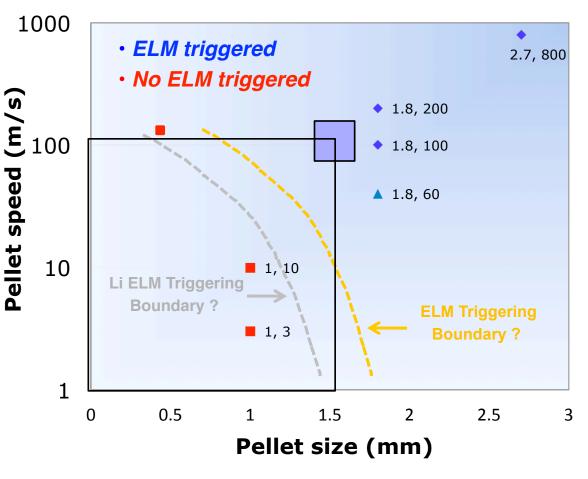
Lessons Learned from Successful ELM Pacing Experiments on DIII-D using D Pellets

• DIII-D results indicate thresholds of D pellet sizes and speeds exist for reliable ELM pacing.

• A <u>hypothetical</u> curve is drawn by hand on the right indicating where a threshold boundary <u>may</u> exist. (shown in yellow)

• A second <u>hypothetical</u> curve for Li granules is shown (in grey). This curve is meant to indicate that lower speeds and small sizes <u>may</u> be needed with Li granule injection.

• The crossed lines indicate the chosen design parameters for the prototype Li.





Larry Baylor



Calculated Pedestal Deposition for 1 mm Li Granules with Injection Speeds from 30 m/s to 100 m/s

Linear Temperature and Density Profiles Assumed for Pedestal:

Te (r/a = 1) = 0 Te(r/a = 0.94) = 1 keV

ne(r/a = 1) = 0 $ne(r/a = 0.94) = 5 \times 10^{13} \text{ cm}^{-3}$

Reasonable Approximation to DIII-D Pedestal R = 1.67 m a = 0.65 m

Neutral Gas Shielding Ablation Model for Li Employed

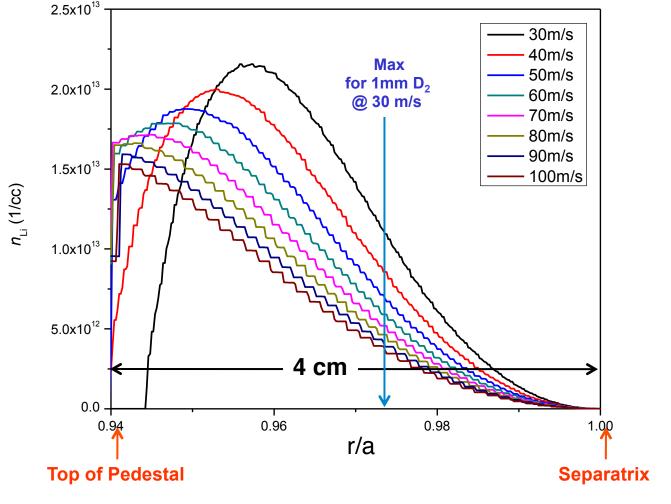
Results Similar to D Pellet Ablation Which Does Trigger ELMs on DIII-D



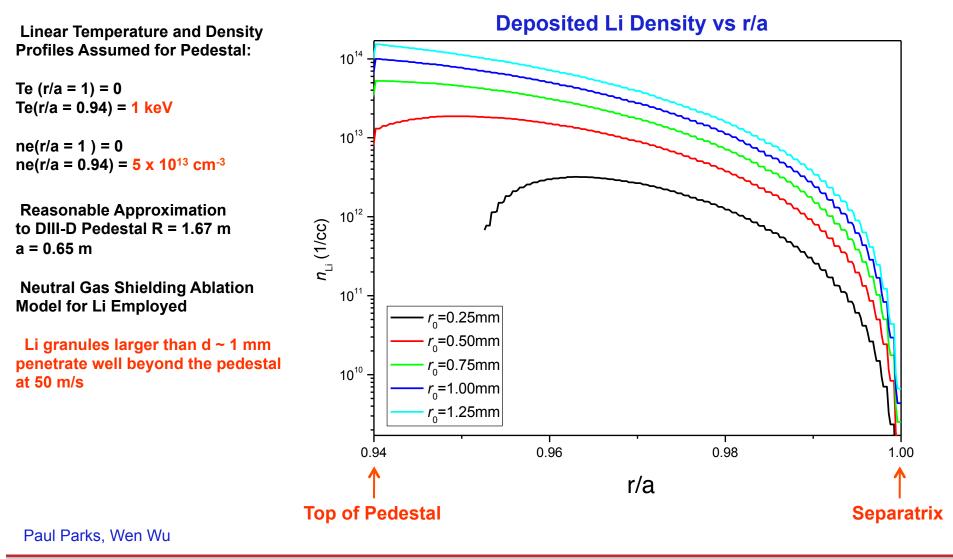
Paul Parks, Wen Wu



Deposited Li Density vs r/a

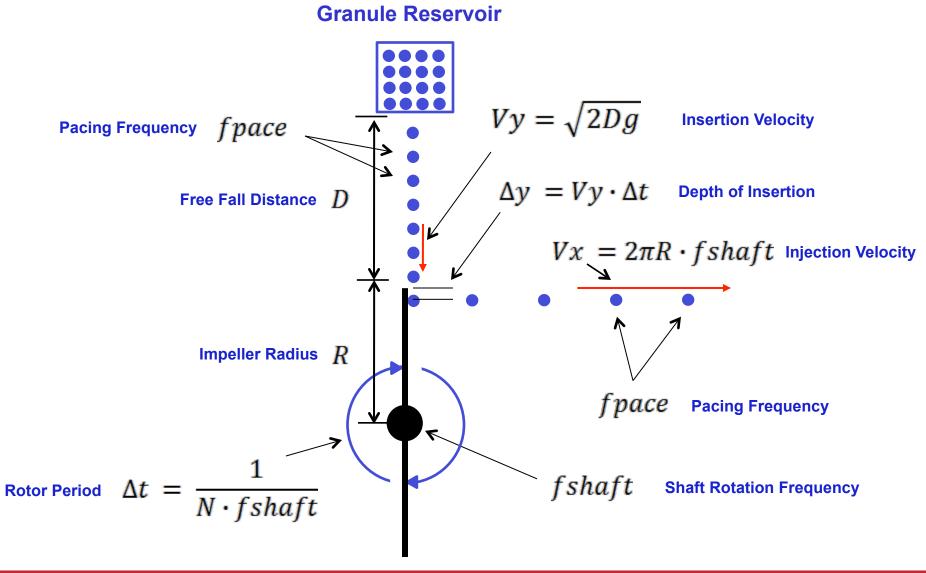


Calculated Pedestal Deposition for 50 m/s Li Granules with Diameters from 0.5 mm to 2.5 mm

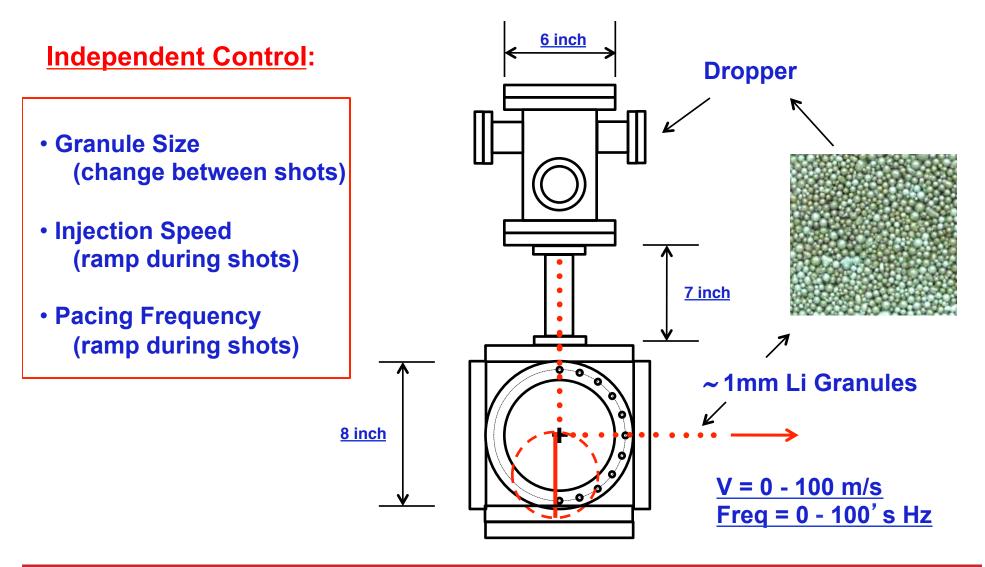


() NSTX

The Scheme: Redirecting an Unsynchronized Stream of Falling Li Granules with a Rotating Impeller

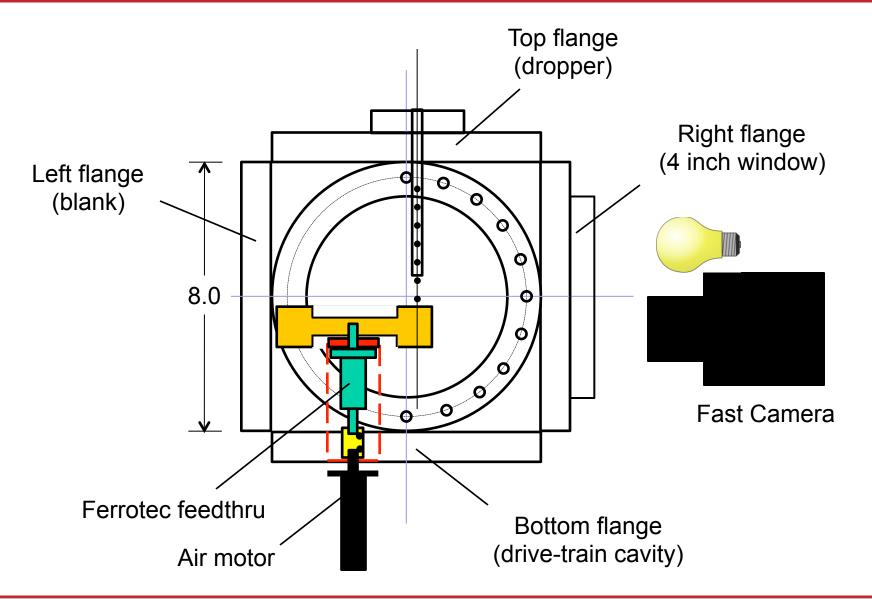


The Concept Hardware





Internal Diagnostics

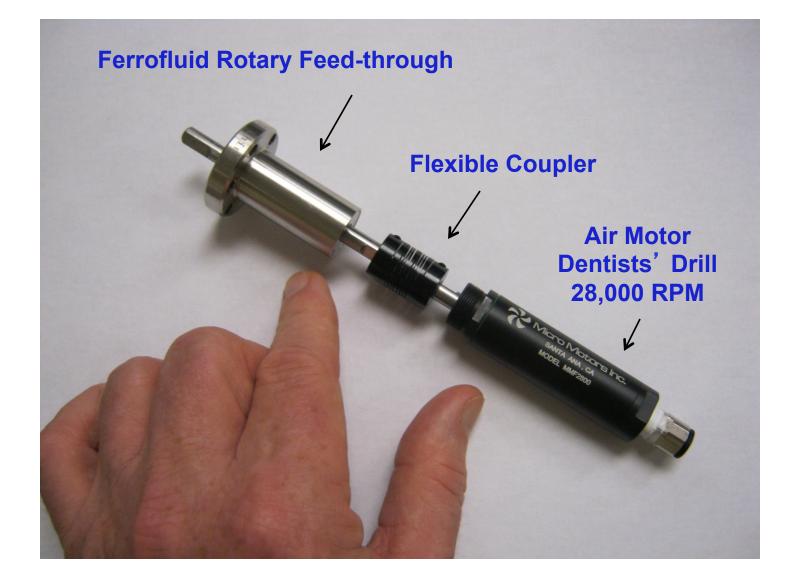


The Impeller / Drive Train





The Rotary Drive Train

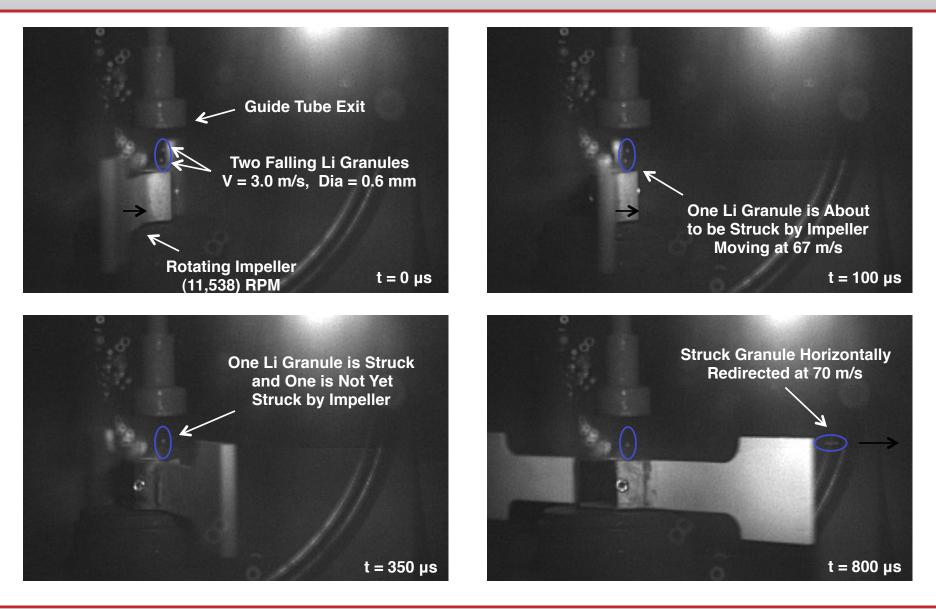




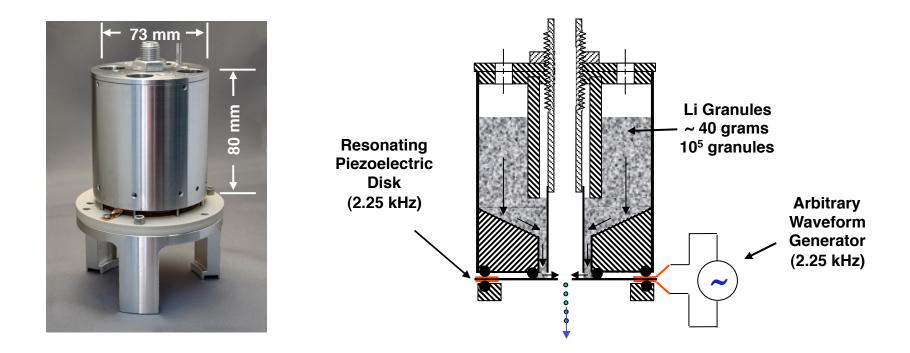
The Present Status of the Hardware



Video of Li Granules "Injected" Horizontally at ~ 70 m/s

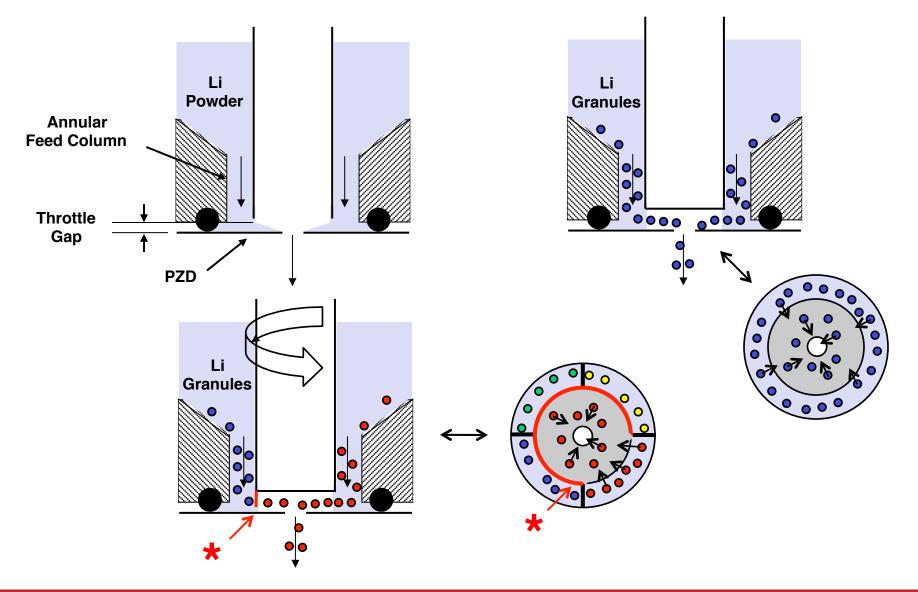


The Li Granule Dropper Apparatus (Unsynchronized)



- Has been used to inject Li powder in NSTX & EAST
- 1 mm spheres can be dropped at 0 150 Hz depending on voltage
- Smaller granules can drop at higher frequency up to 500 Hz

In the Future, Granule Sizes Can be Changed Between Shots by Simple 90 Degree Rotation of Capped Throttle





Examples of Granule Injection Angular Profiles



LiD is Another Interesting Candidate for ELM Pacing

Physical Properties of D, Li and LiD

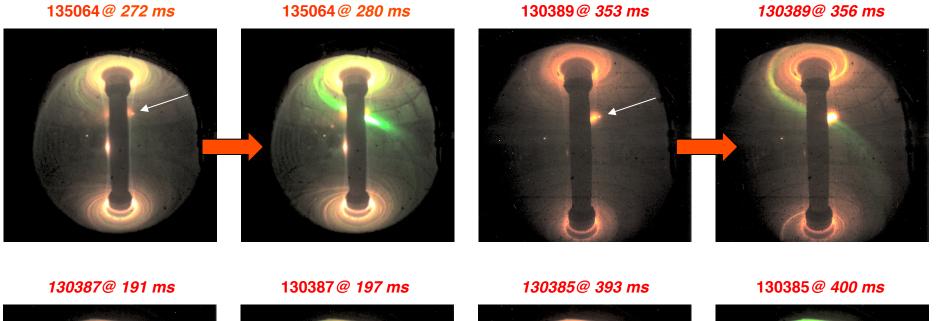
	Mass Density (gm/cm³)	Atomic Density (10 ²² /cm ³)	Electron Density (10 ²² /cm ³)	Melting Temp (°K)	Boiling Temp (°K)
D	0.20	6.0	6.0	18.6	23.6
Li	0.52	4.5	13.5	454	1615
LiD	0.82	5.5	22	969	N/A*

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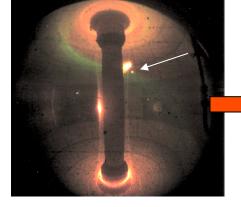
• For the same size granule/pellet, Li (LiD) ablates 2.25 (3.66) times as many electrons as D.

* In vacuum, LiD dissociates before it boils

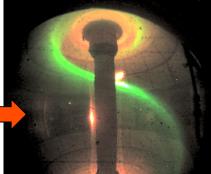
Examples of Edge Perturbations from Low-Velocity (~ 5m/s) Lithium Granules (~ 2mm) in Four Discharges (2008)

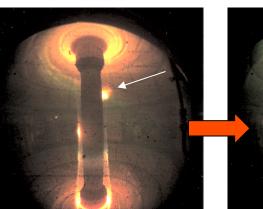


2011 APS Salt Lake City "Present Status – Triggering ELMs with Li Granules" D. K. Mansfield (11/14/2011)



D NSTX





ELM Triggered !

Present Status of the Effort to Trigger High Frequency ELMs using Injected Lithium granules

- The injector hardware is built and being tested.
- Spherical Lithium granules (0.6 mm) have been horizontally redirected at speeds approaching 100 m/s.
- Dropping rates (pacing frequencies) of 500 Hz have been readily achieved.
- A dropper apparatus which allows the granule size to be changed between discharges has been built and is being tested.
- Tests on a fusion device should proceed during 2012-13.

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