

Research  
Supported by



# ELMs in the National Spherical Torus Experiment

**Rajesh Maingi**

Oak Ridge National Laboratory

**M.G. Bell 2), R.E. Bell 2), C.E. Bush 1), E.D. Fredrickson 2), D.A. Gates 2),  
D.W. Johnson 2), S.M. Kaye 2), B.P. LeBlanc 2), J.E. Menard 2), D. Mueller 2),  
S.A. Sabbagh 3), D. Stutman 4)**

**1) Oak Ridge National Laboratory  
3) Columbia University**

**2) Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory  
4) Johns Hopkins University**

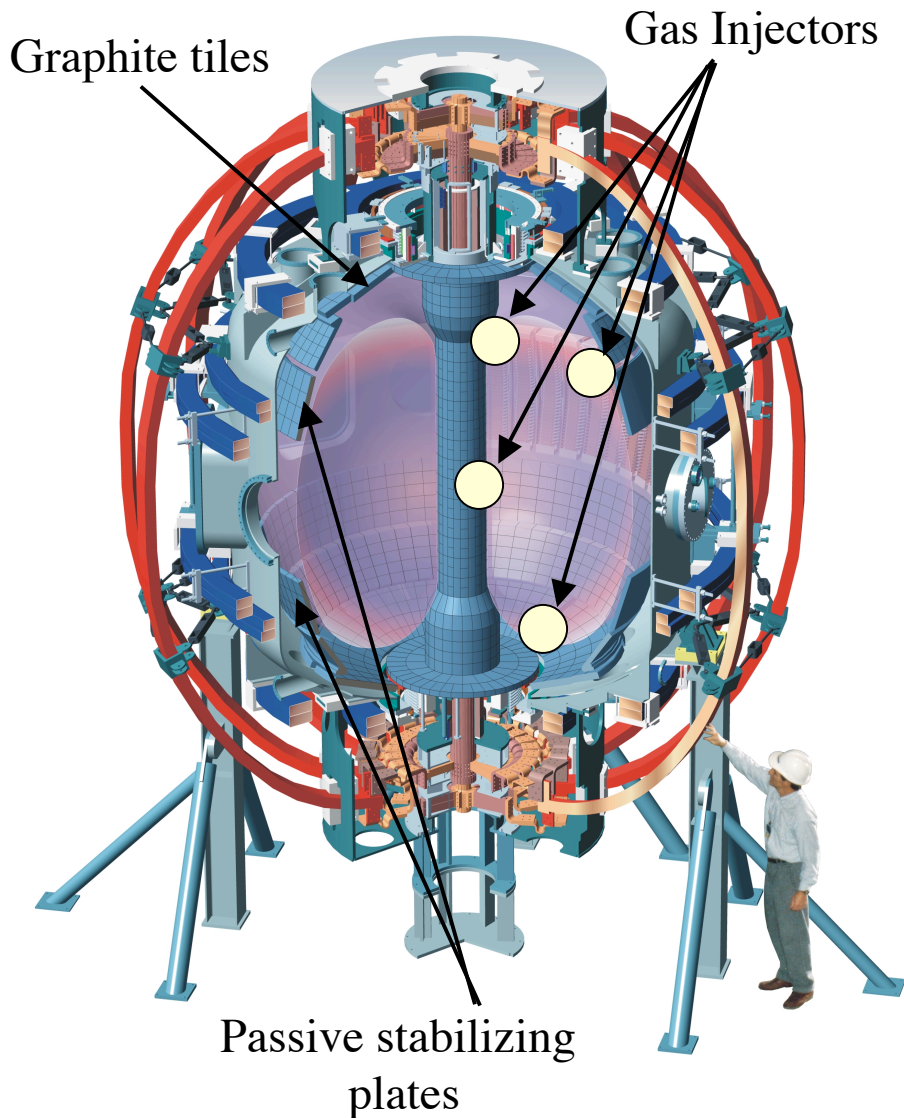
ITPA Pedestal Group Meeting

Sept. 29-Oct. 1, 2003

San Diego, CA - USA



# NSTX Explores Low Aspect Ratio ( $A=R/a$ ) physics regime

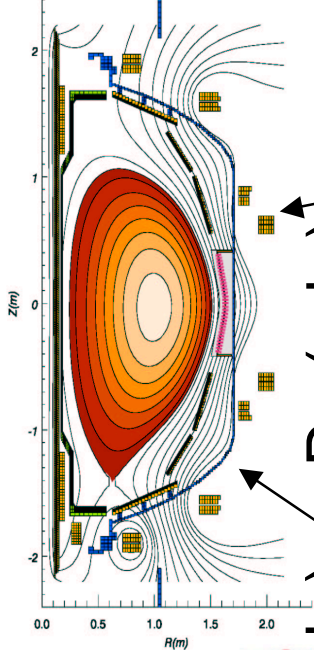


<u>Parameters</u>	<u>Design</u>	<u>Achieved</u>
Major Radius	0.85m	} $\Rightarrow A \geq 1.27$
Minor Radius	0.67m	
Plasma Current	1MA	1.5MA
Toroidal Field	0.6T	0.6T
<u>Heating and Current Drive</u>		
NBI (100keV)	5MW	7 MW
RF (30MHz)	6MW	6 MW
<u>Wall Conditioning:</u>		
350 deg. bakeout of graphite tiles		
<i>Regular boronization (~3 weeks)</i>		
Helium Glow between discharges		
<i>Center stack gas injection</i>		

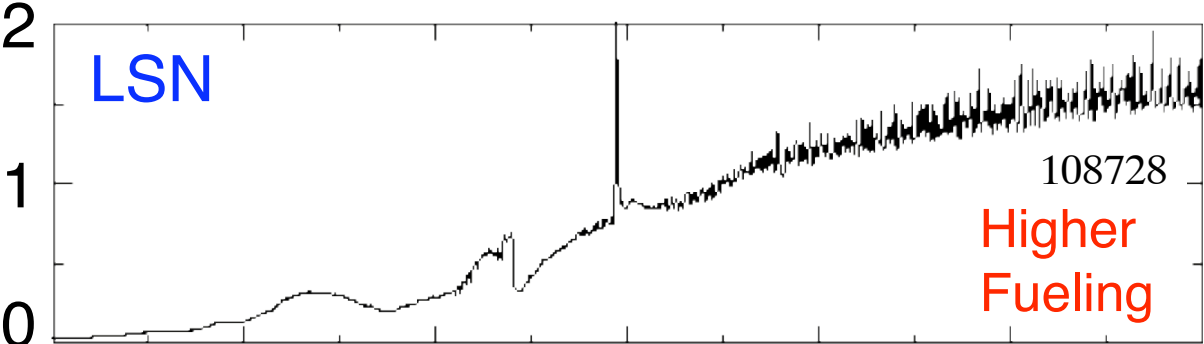
# Wide variety of ELMS observed in NSTX



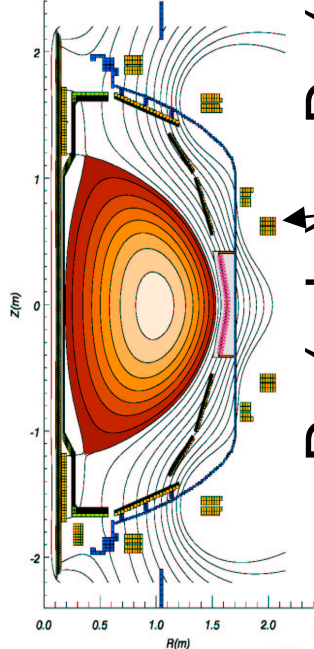
Shot= 107830, time= 247ms



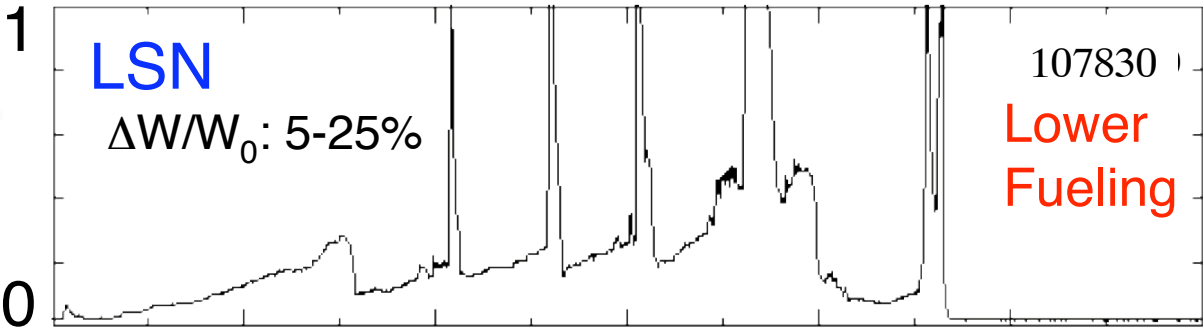
$D_\alpha$  (arb.)



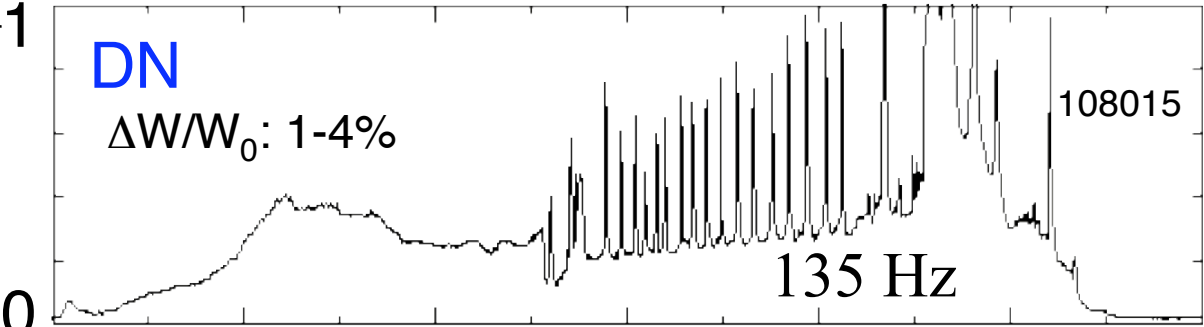
Shot= 108015, time= 224ms



$D_\alpha$  (arb.)

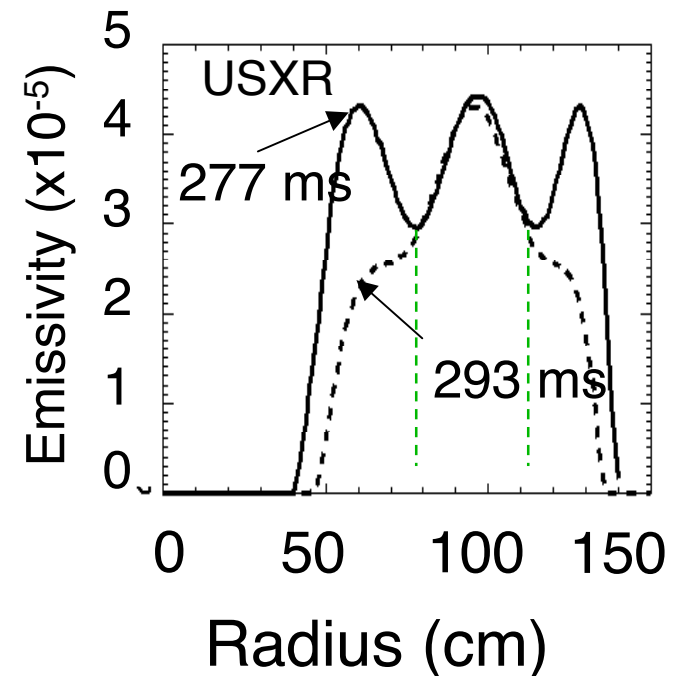
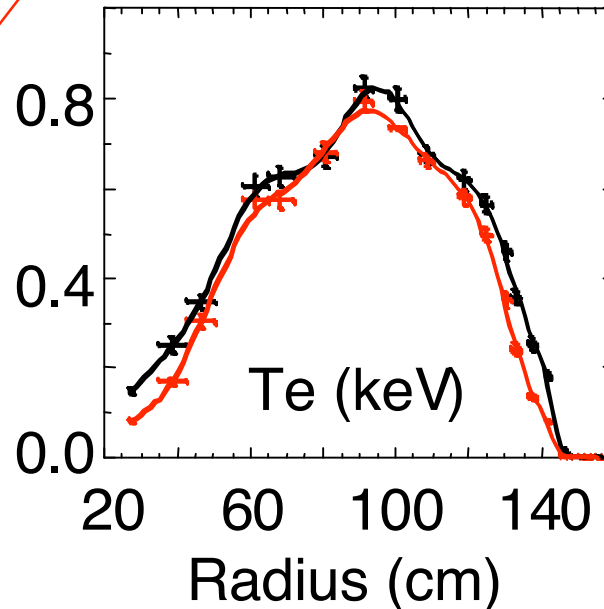
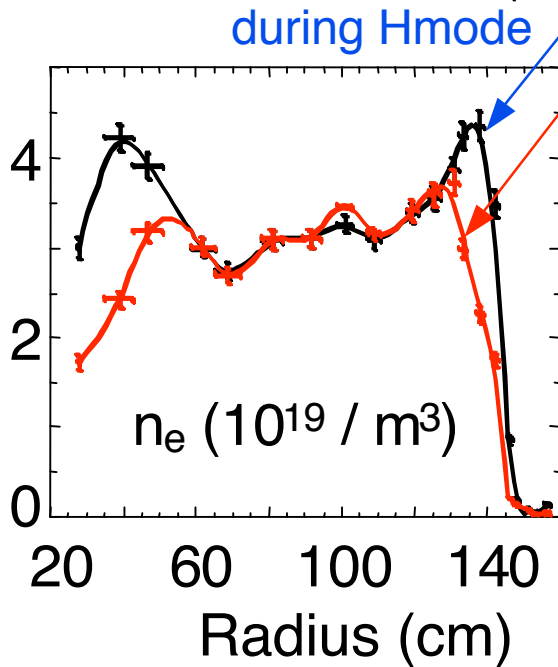
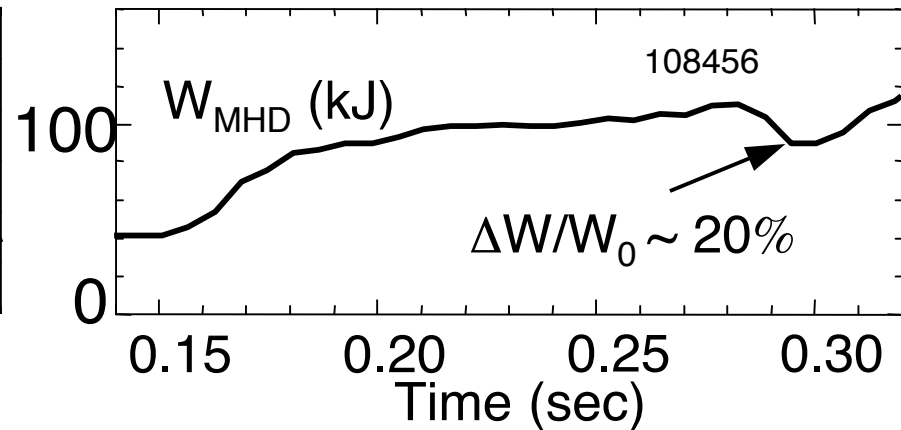
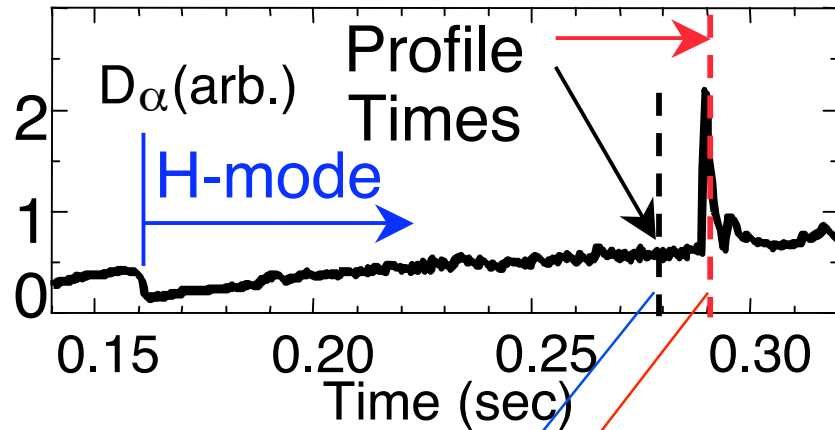


$D_\alpha$  (arb.)

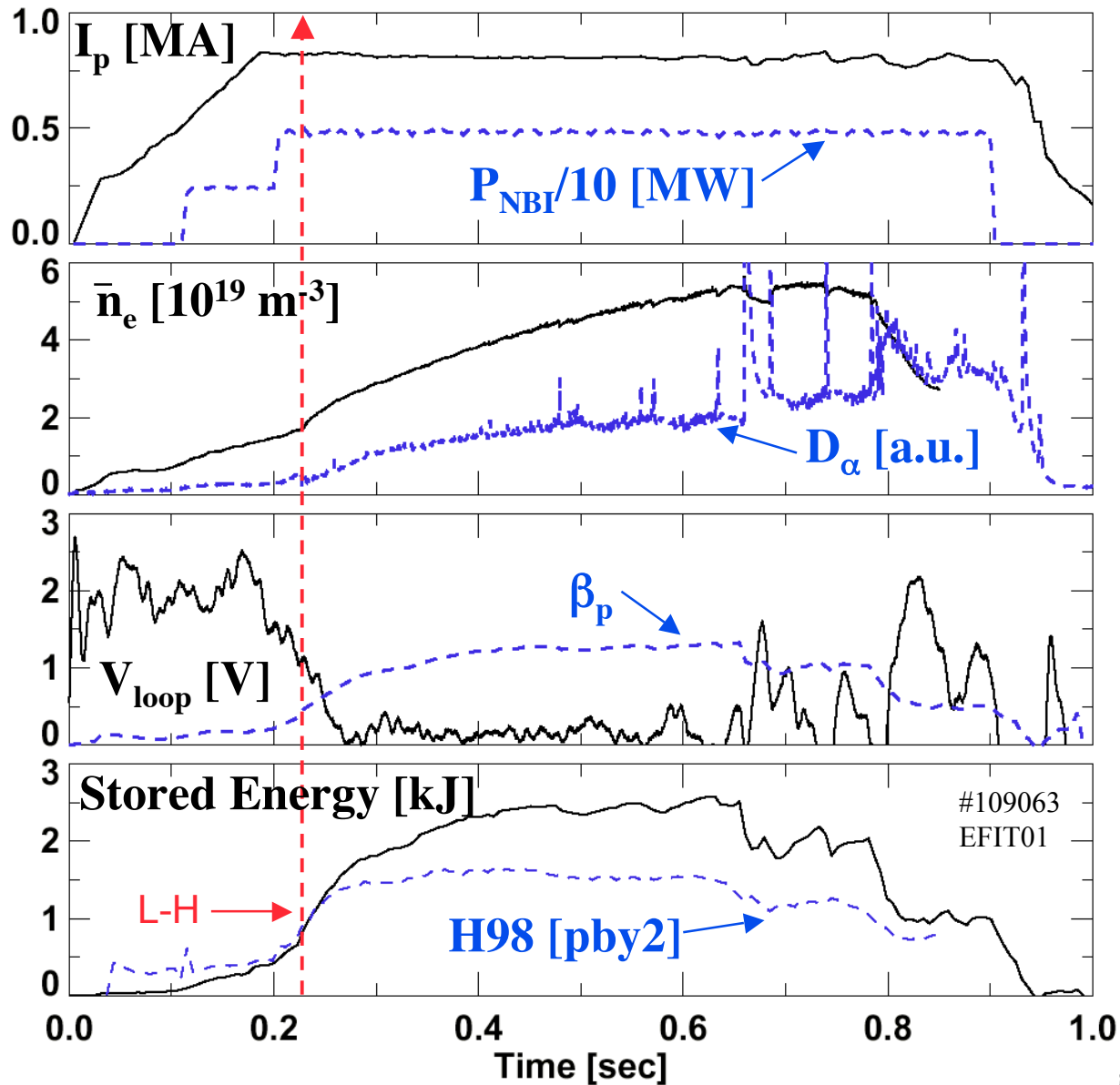


Time (s)

# Large ELMs penetrate deep into the plasma



# Long pulse H-modes are mostly ELM-free and have $D_\alpha$ like FDR H-mode in PDX and EDA H-mode in C-MOD



# Dedicated ELM characterization experiments just begun



- Dedicated scans
  - \* Density (fueling rate) - DN, LSN
  - \* NBI power scan - DN
  - \* Magnetic balance scan (drsep from EFIT) - DN
  - \* Inner gap scan - LSN
- **Marked differences in lower single-null and double-nulls**

## ELM analysis uses data from multiple diagnostics

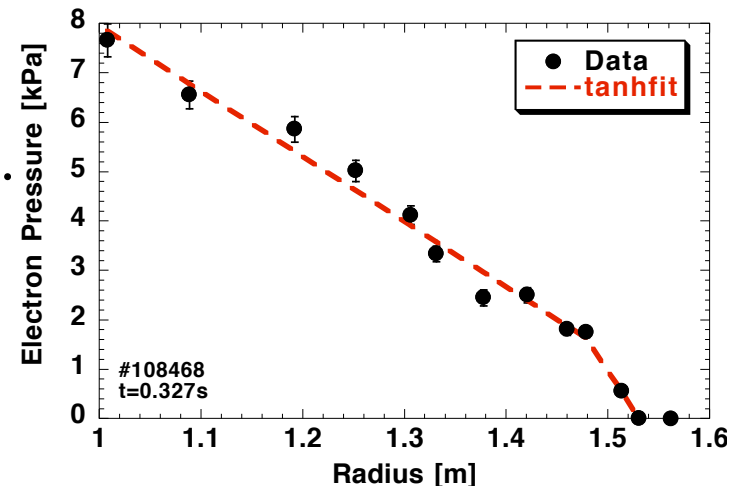


- ELM times from time derivative of  $D_\alpha$
- ELM frequency from period between ELM times (from  $D_\alpha$ )
- ELM energy loss from fast EFIT analysis (1ms resolution, using magnetics data only)
- Pedestal energy from modified tanhfit to Thomson pressure profile (20 points spatial, 60 Hz)

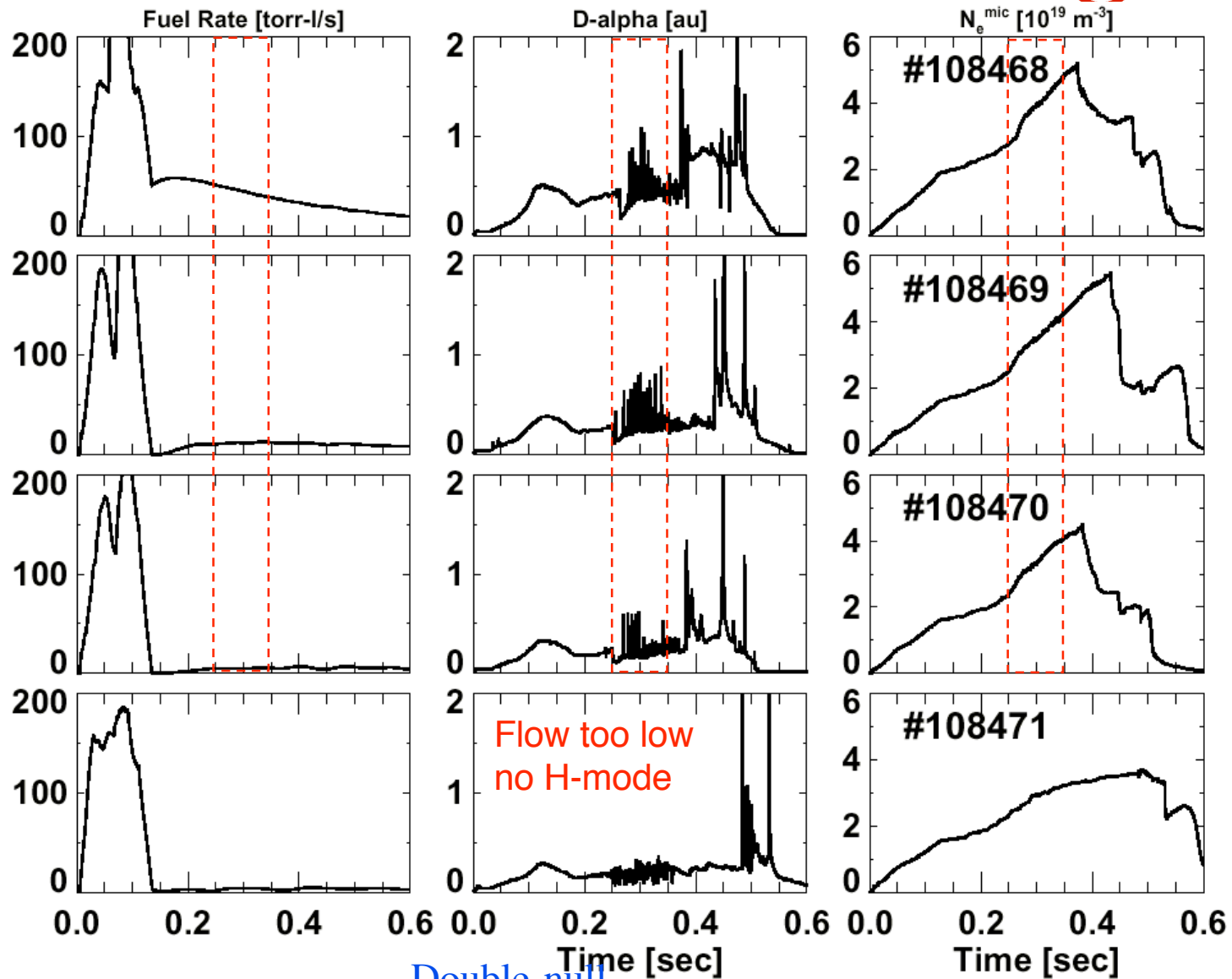
$$\Rightarrow W_{\text{ped}} = 0.92 * \text{volume}_{\text{EFIT}} * p_e^{\text{ped}} * 3.$$

- Pedestal energy fraction from  $(\Delta W/W_0) * (W_0/W_{\text{ped}})$ , where  $W_{\text{ped}}$

from nearest time point with good tanhfit



# Density ramps throughout discharge and affects ELMs modestly

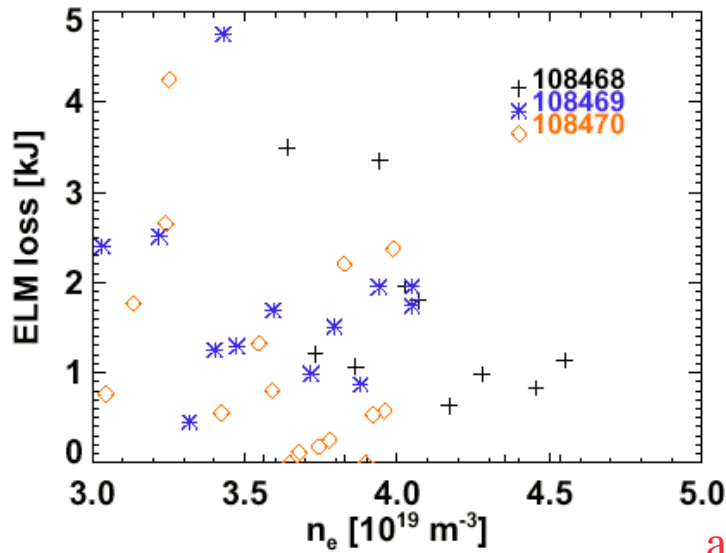


Time of constant NBI power with no locked mode signature

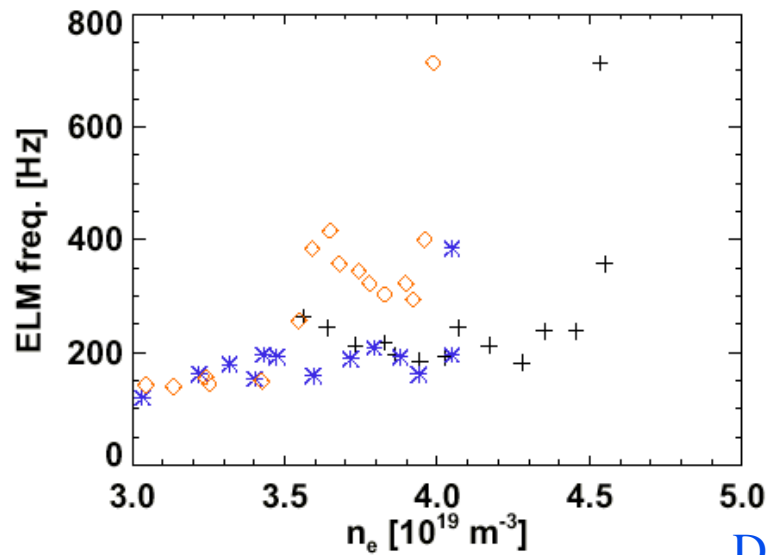
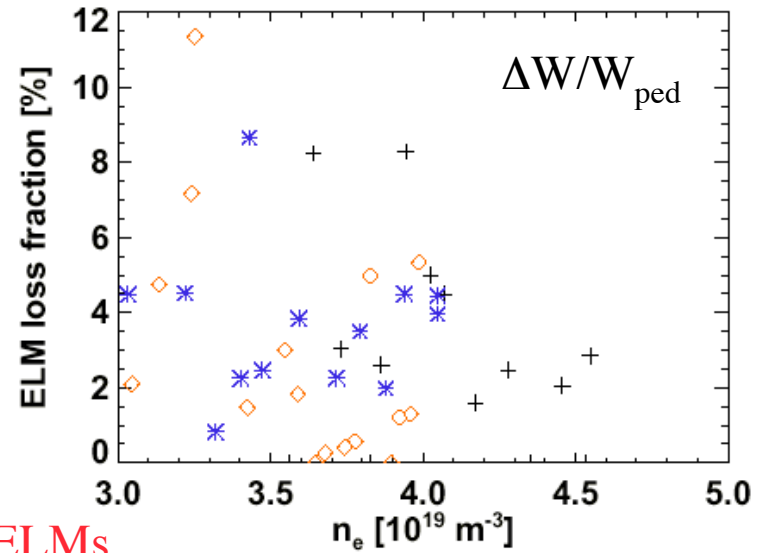
Double-null



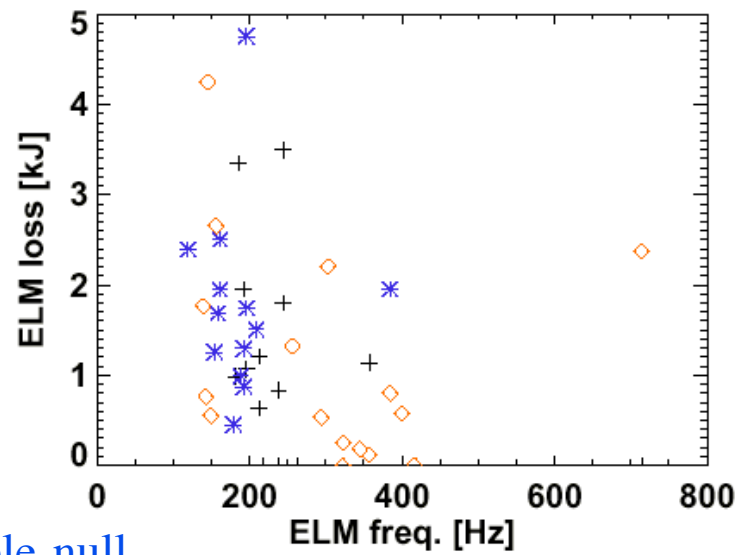
# Larger ELMs observed at lower density



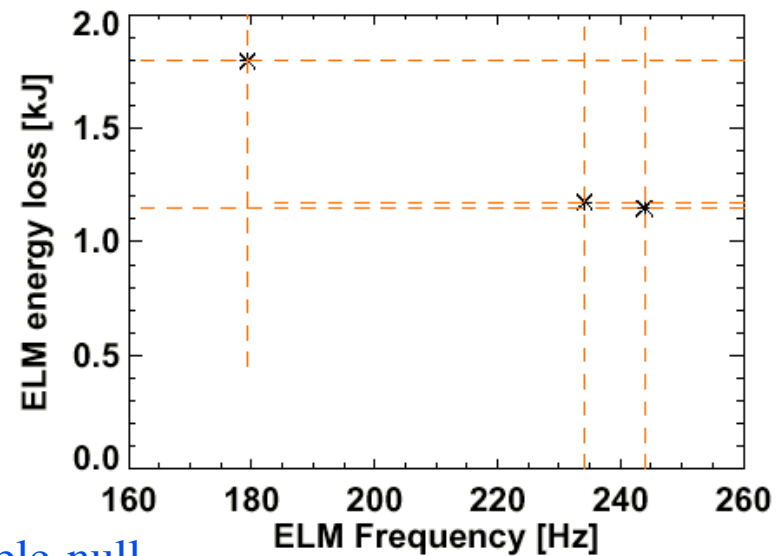
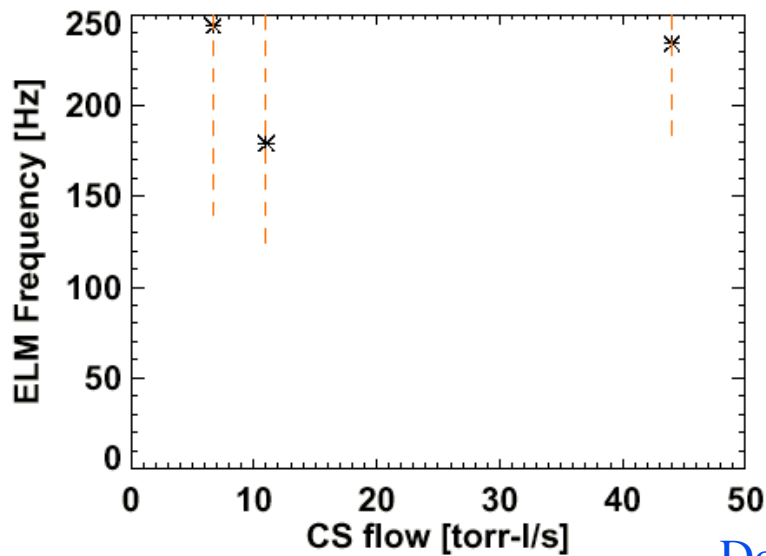
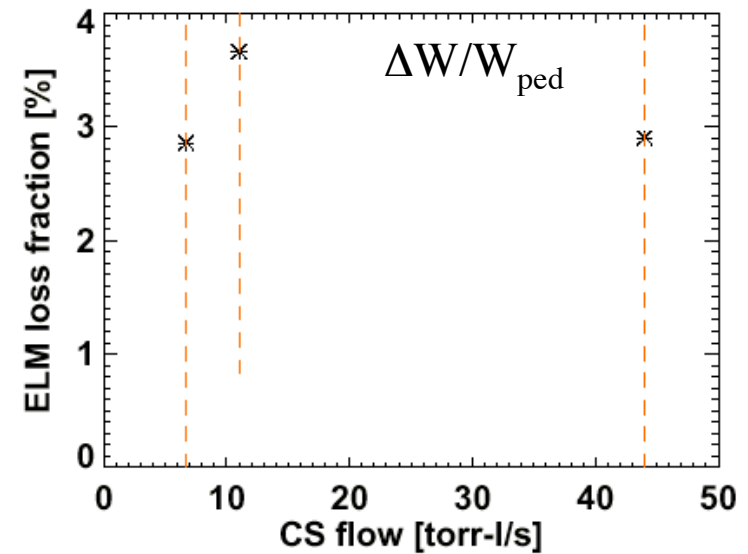
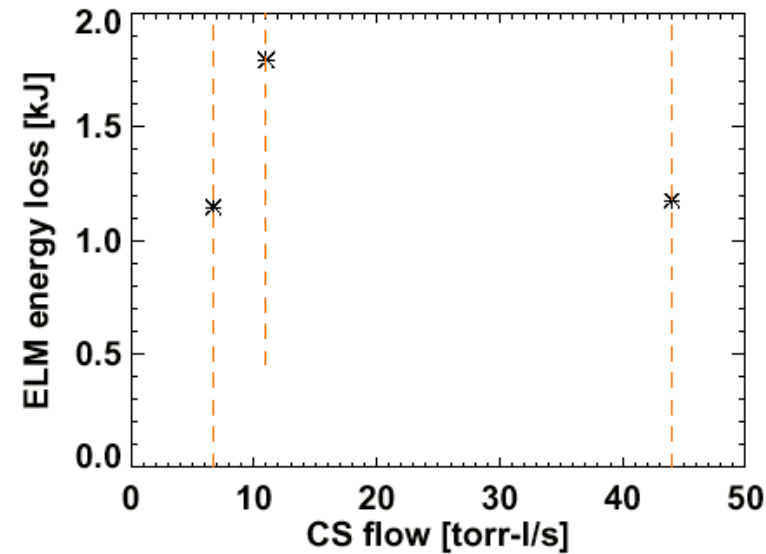
all ELMs



Double-null

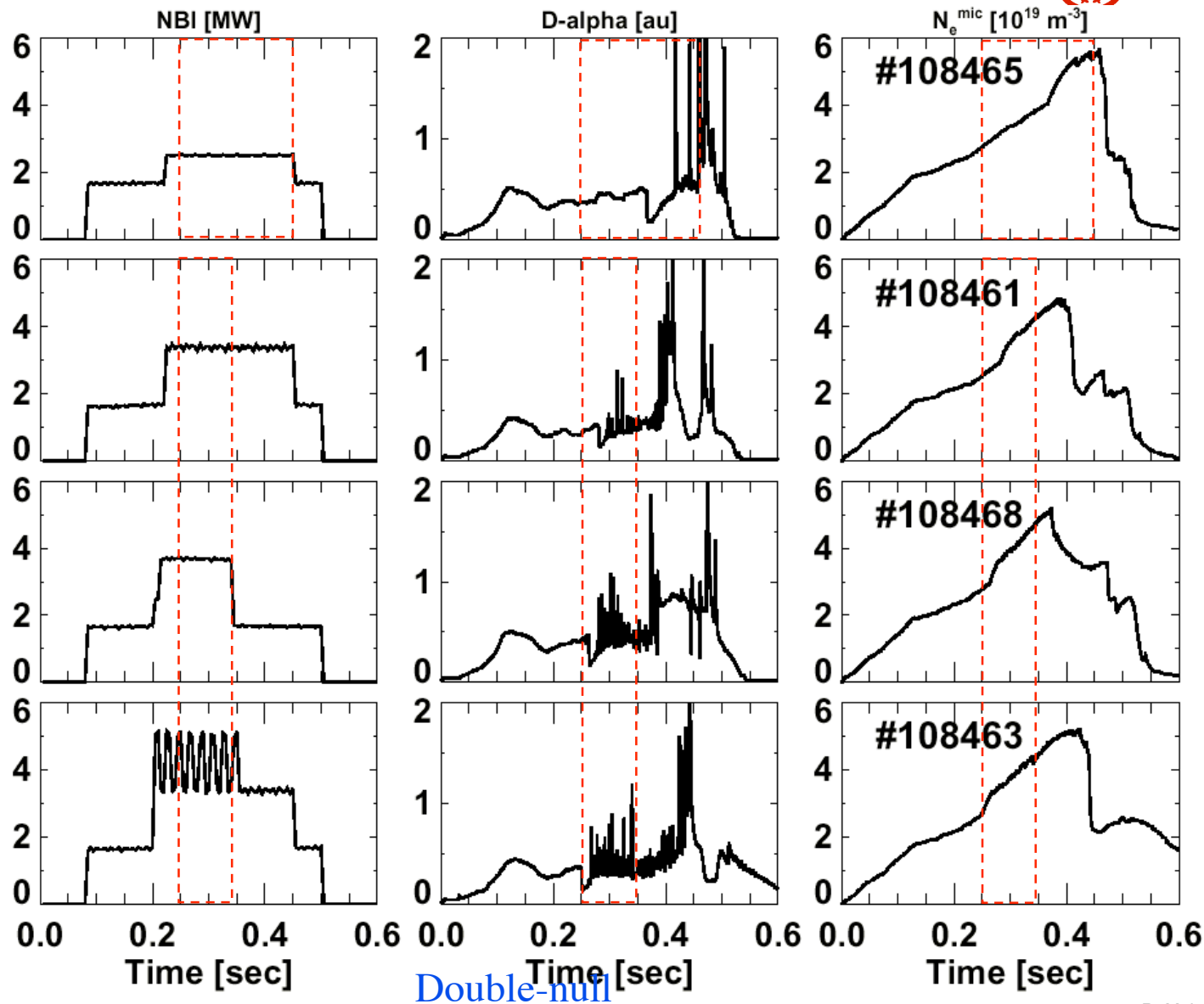


# Average ELM size and frequency independent of gas flow rate



Double-null

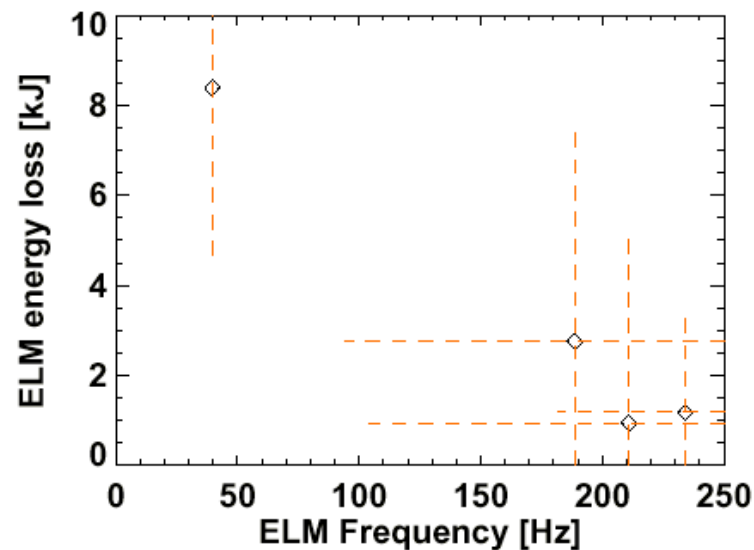
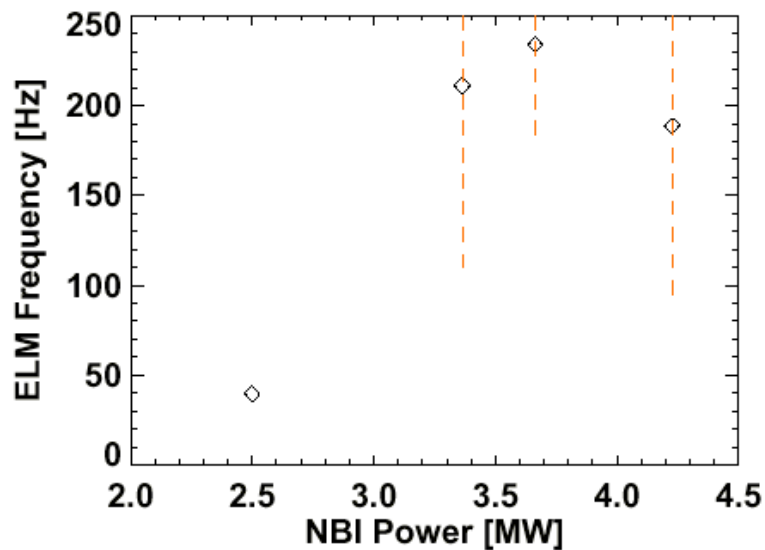
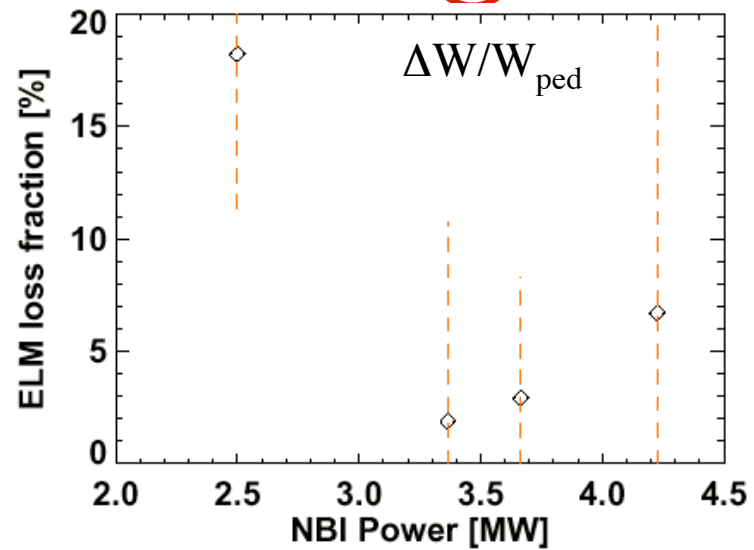
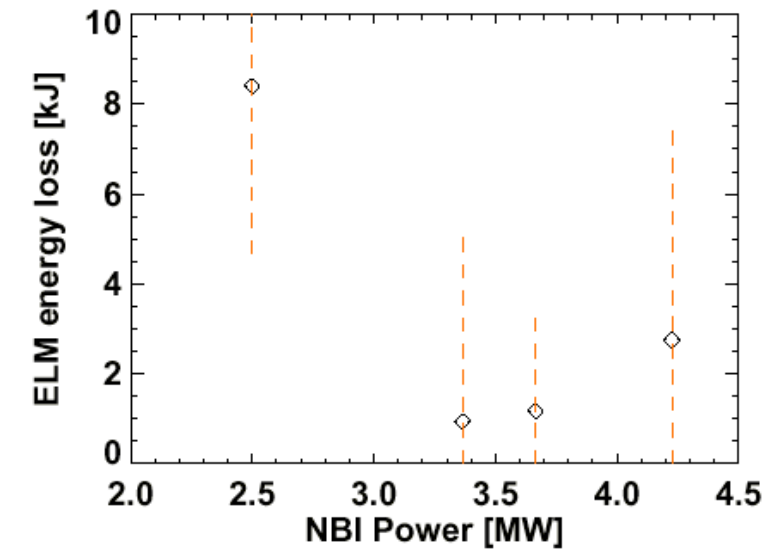
# ELM size and frequency affected by NBI heating power



Time of constant NBI power with no locked mode signature

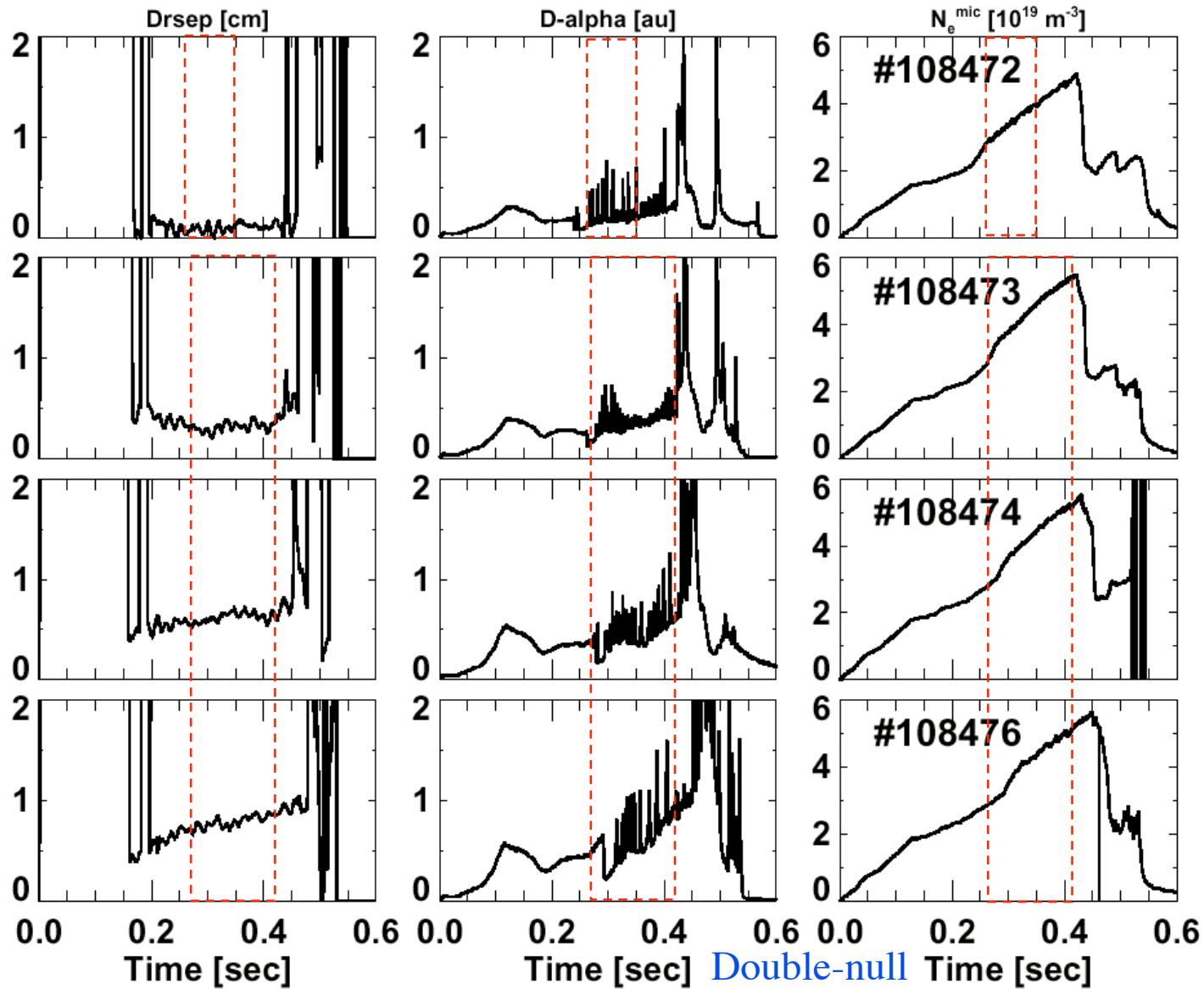
Double-null

# Average ELM size largest at low NBI power, and varies inversely with frequency



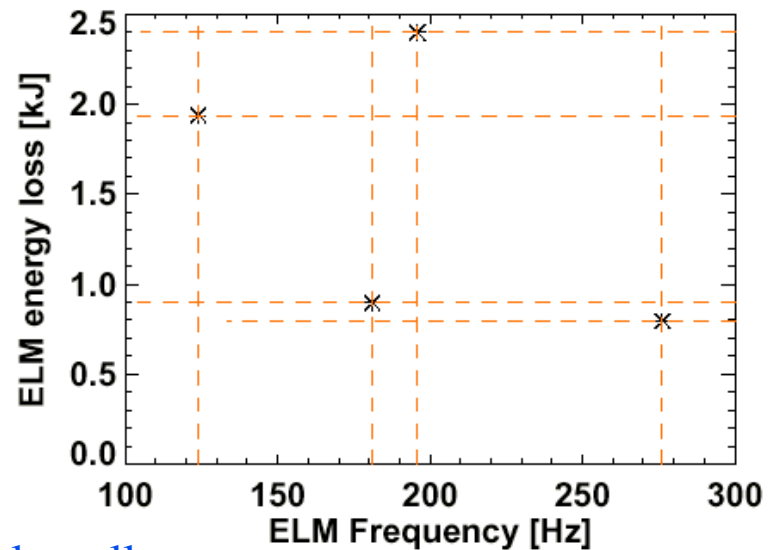
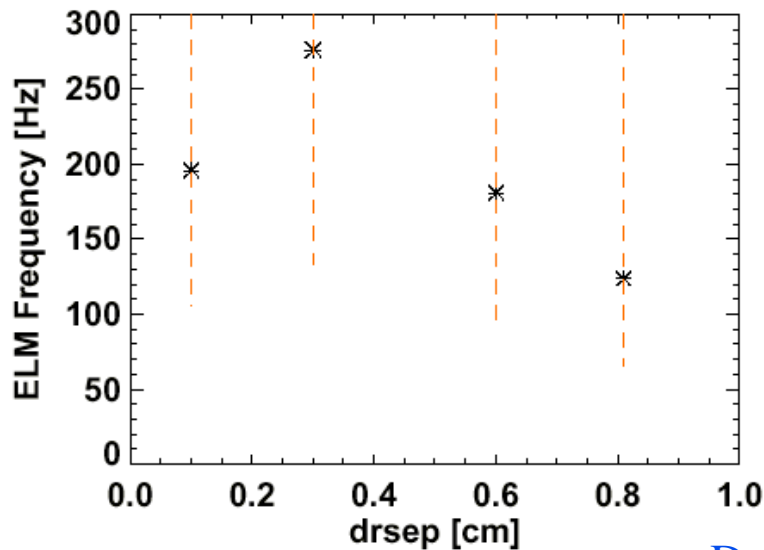
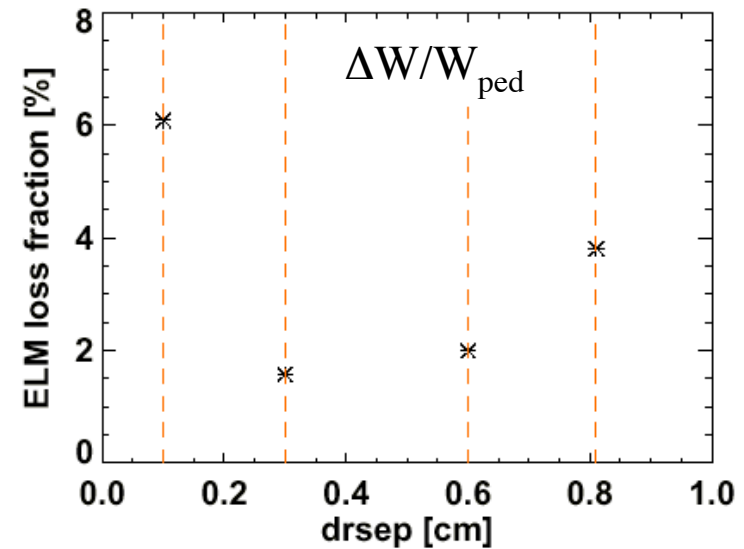
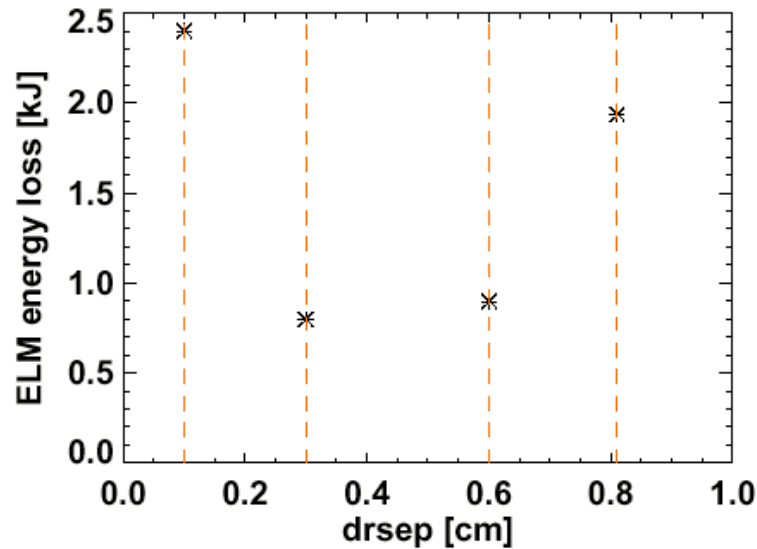
Double-null

# ELM characteristics independent of magnetic up/down balance



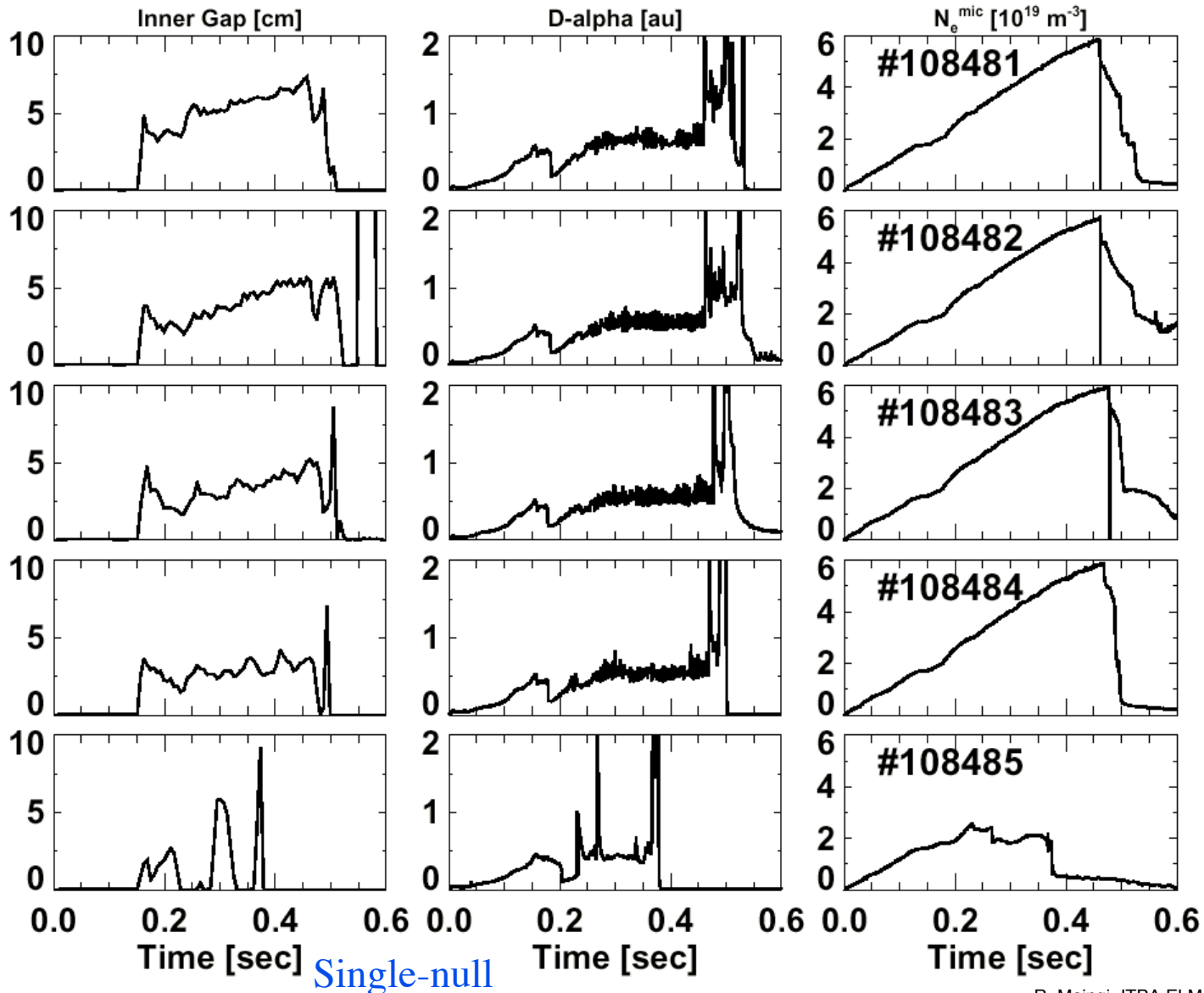
Time of constant NBI power with no locked mode signature

# Average ELM characteristics independent of magnetic up/down balance

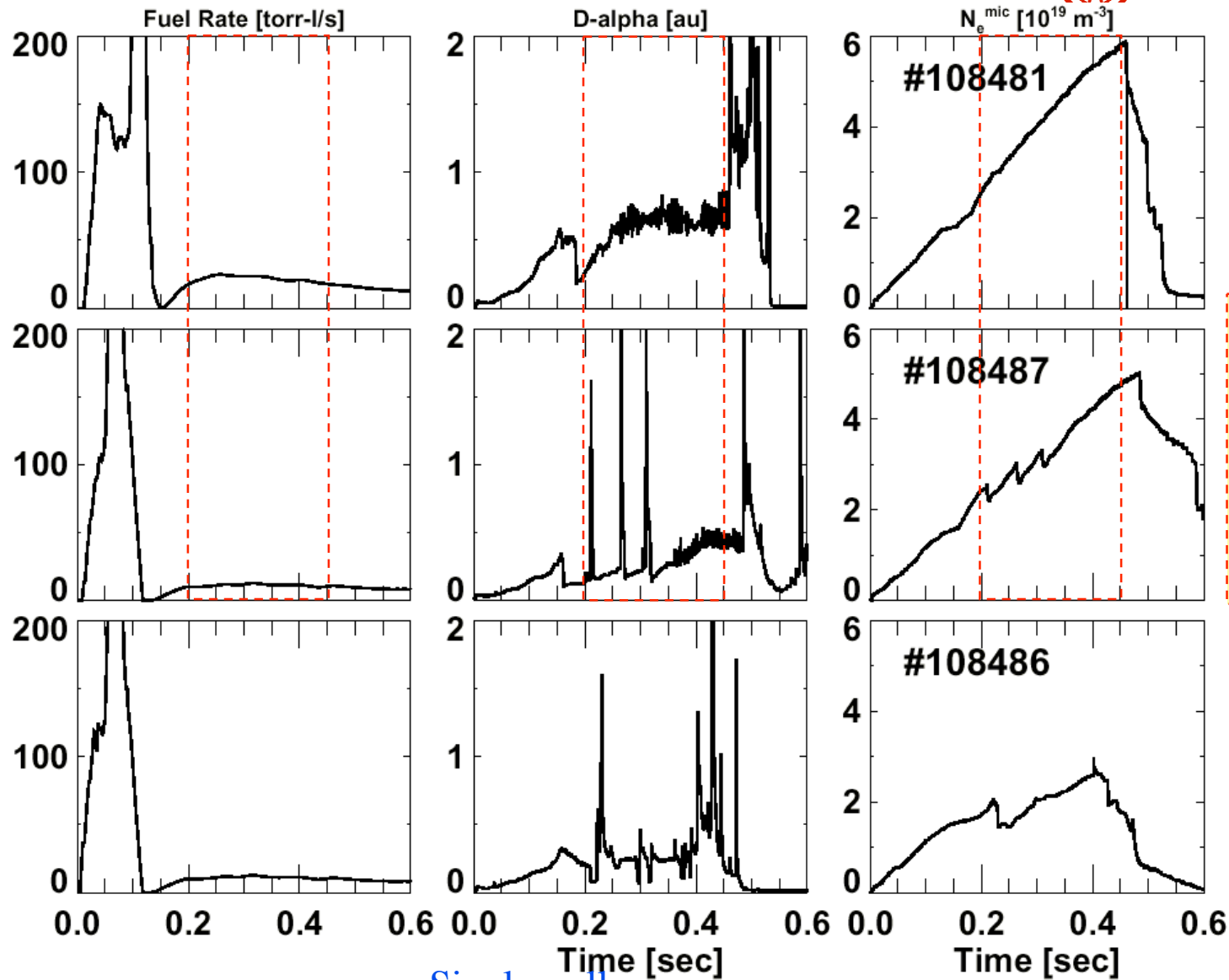


Double-null

# ELM characteristics independent of inner-wall gap unless plasma becomes inner-wall limited



# Fueling (density) strongly affects ELMs in single-null

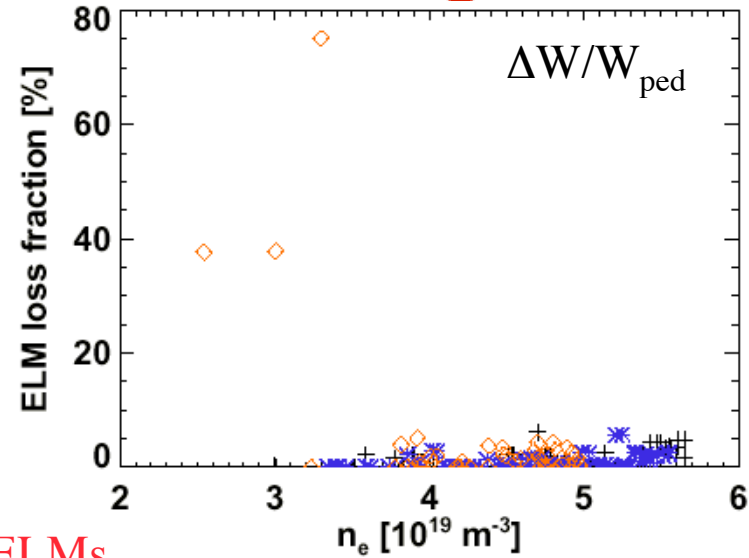
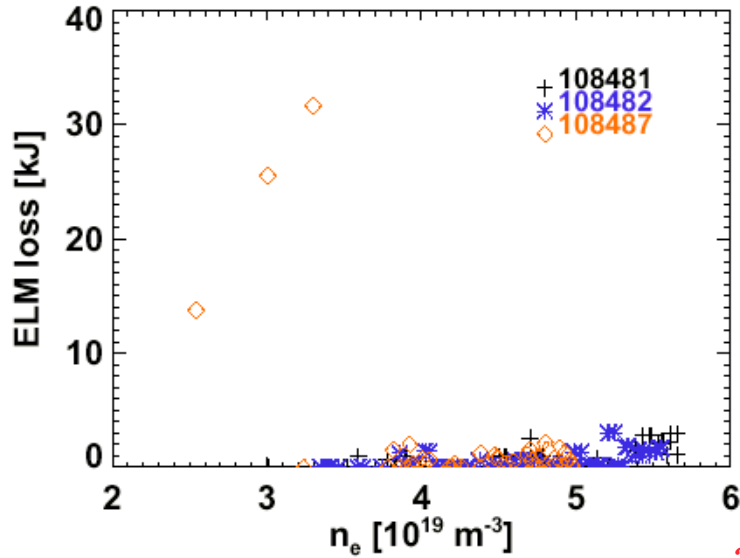


Time of constant NBI power with no locked mode signature

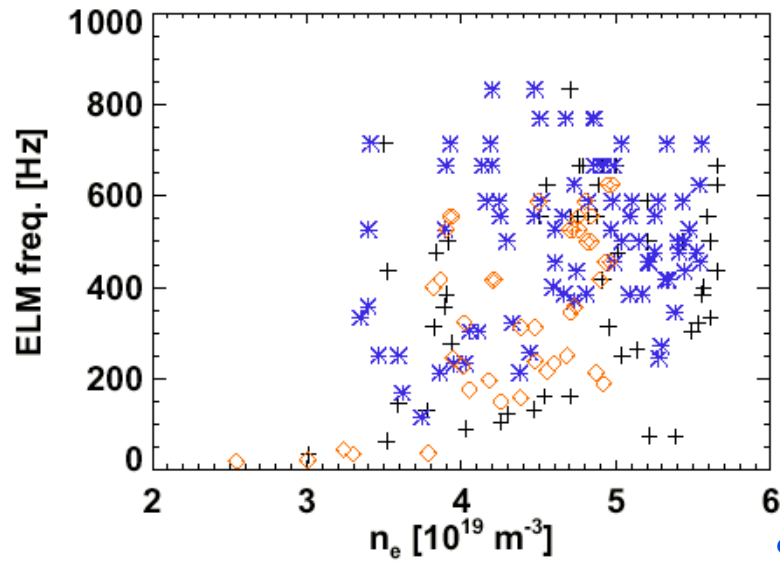
Single-null



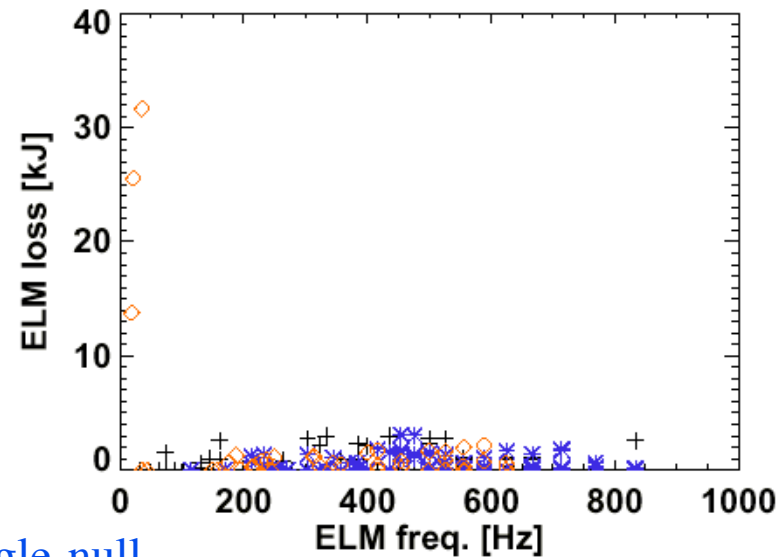
# Giant ELMs observed at lowest density, but beyond those few ELMs unaffected explicitly by density



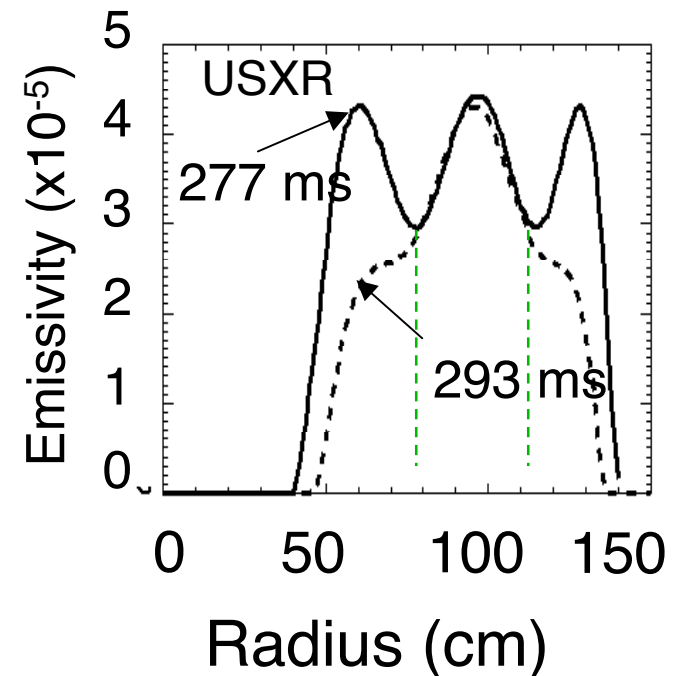
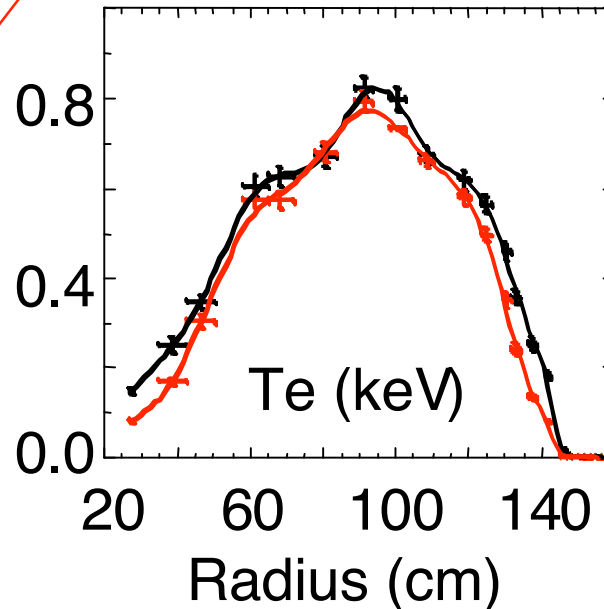
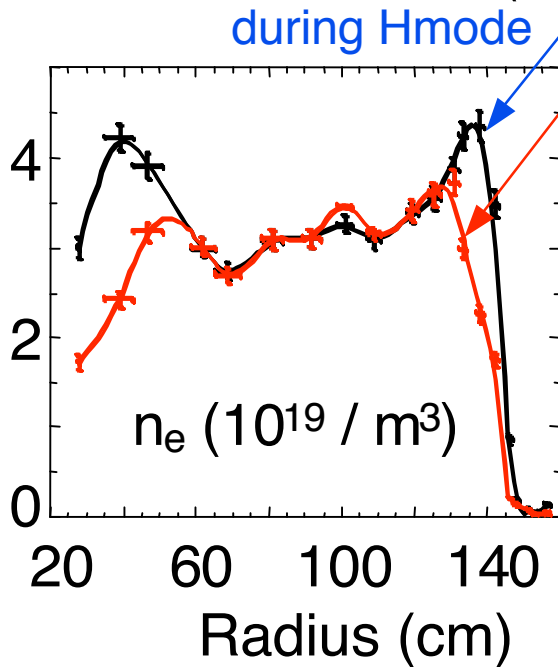
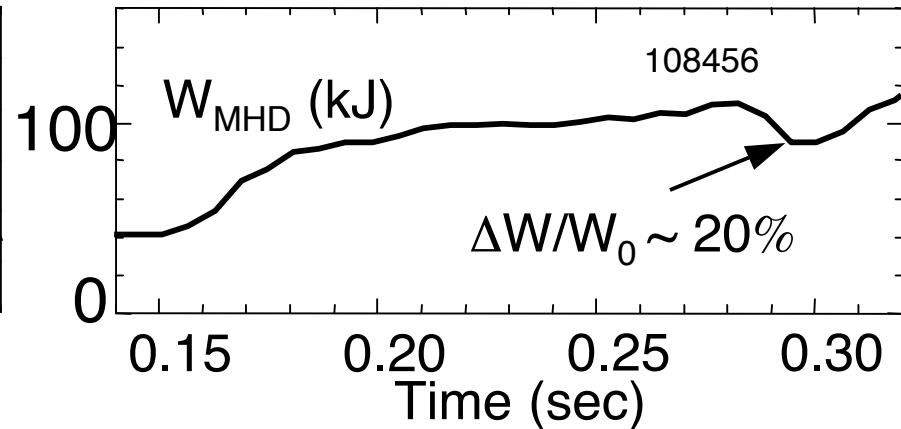
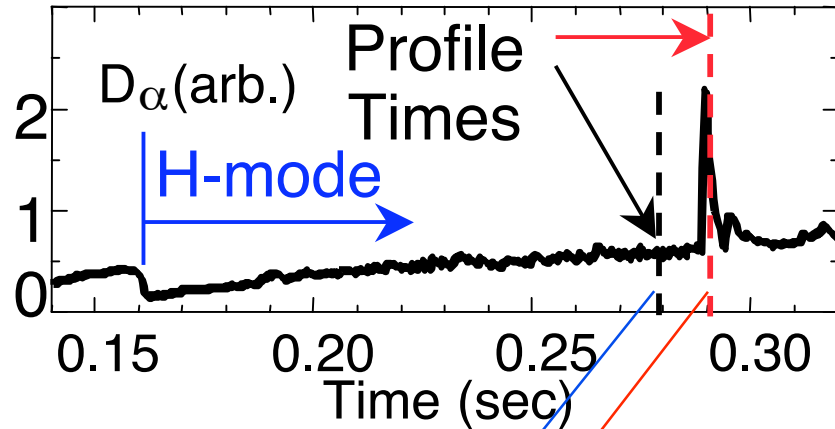
all ELMs



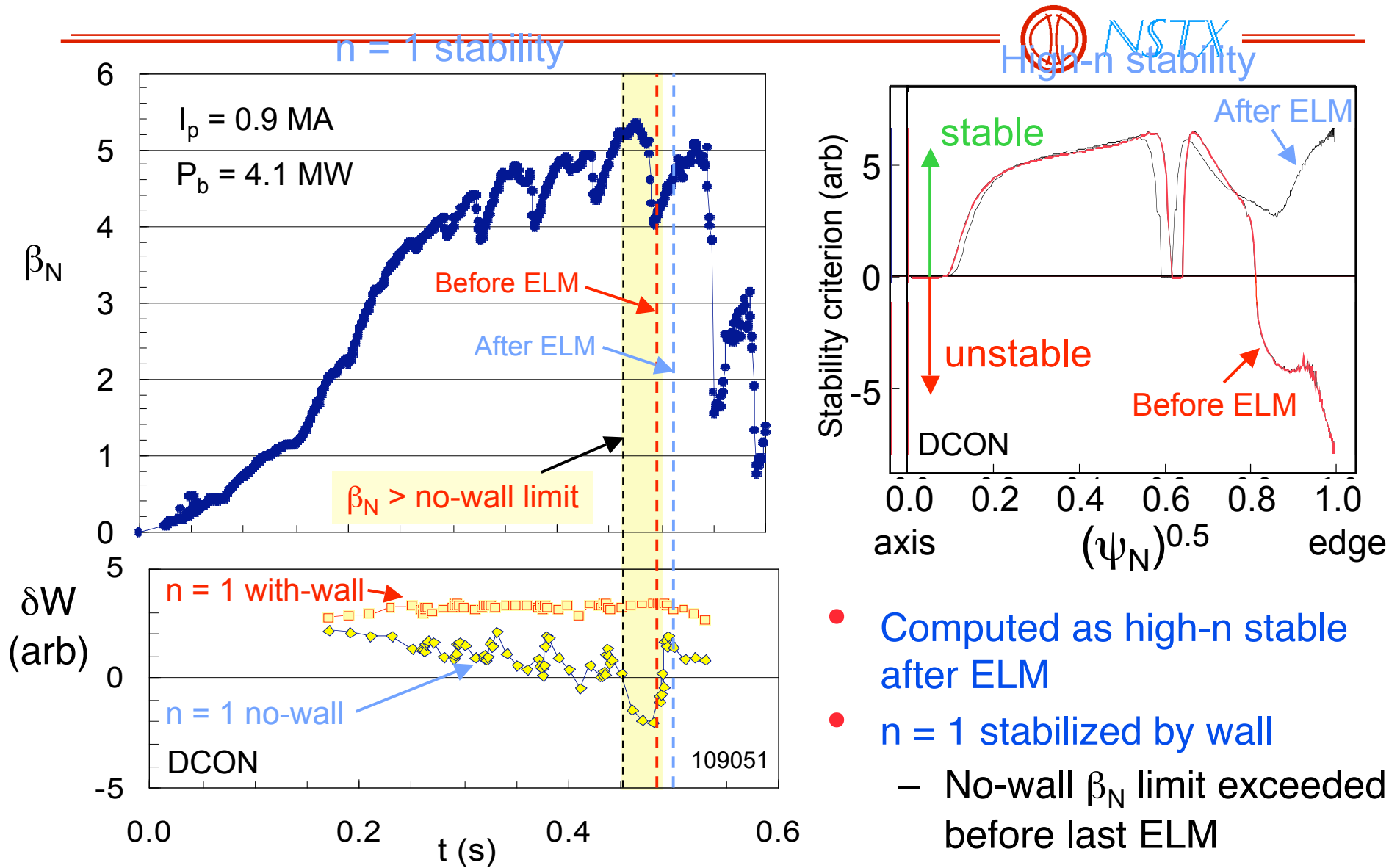
Single-null



# Large ELMs penetrate deep into the plasma



# Ideal High- $n$ Ballooning Unstable before giant ELM



## ELM research is just beginning on NSTX



- ELMs in double-nulls have typically  $\sim \Delta W/W_{\text{ped}} < 10\%$ 
  - \* Similarities to type I ELMs in conventional aspect ratio which increase in size near power threshold and frequency with NBI power
  - \* Size not directly correlated with fueling rate, but largest ELMs at low density
  - \* independent of magnetic balance
- ELMs in Lower single-null are either very small or giant
  - \* Size not directly correlated with fueling rate, but giant ELMs observed reproducibly at low density/fueling
  - \* Independent of inner-wall gap if gap  $> 0$

## Questions and future plans



- Why do ELMs appear different in LSN vs. DN, but have not apparent dependence on magnetic balance ( $dr_{sep}$ )?
  - Does  $dr_{sep}$  need to be  $\gg 1$  cm for comparison?
  - Is observed difference related to triangularity?
- Highest performance plasmas in NSTX (i.e. DN) actually have more modest ELMs than LSN giant ELMs - why is this so different from conventional aspect ratio tokamaks?
- Availability of 50 channel  $T_i$  from CHERS in FY04 will allow measurement of ion pedestal energy; more accurate than  $3 \times$  electron pedestal energy