

National Spherical Torus eXperiment Upgrade

Trapped Key System and Configuration Managed Safeguards Part of WBS 1.09.04.01

NSTX-U Recovery Project FDR – March 17-19, 2020

[Mike D'Agostino](#)

J. Petrella - Cognizant Engineer

Last edit: 3/10/20

Outline

1. Overview
2. Scope
3. Requirements and Interfaces
4. Analysis/Prototyping
5. Chit Closure
6. Procurement, Fabrication, Installation, and Test
7. Risk - Project Risks and Design FMECA
8. Quality, Environmental, Safety, and Health
9. Summary

Overview - WBS 1.09.04.01

WBS Title	Personnel Safety System	WBS #	1.09.04.01
Project Cog.	J. Petrella	Assoc. Proj. Man.	T. Jernigan
Design Scope	Install new Trapped Key System and Configuration Managed Safeguards. Labeling/identification of existing Safeguards.		
Technical Impact of Scope	Protect Personnel from Experimental Hazards of NSTX-U		
Design Status	FDR completed on 1/29/20: review link chits: link calculations: link drawings: link		
Fabrication Status	Not Started - Part of CDE-3B ESAAB approval		
Installation Status	Not Started - Will be installed following CDE-3B ESAAB approval		

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1. Overview

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3. Requirements and Interfaces

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7. Risk - Project Risks and Design FMECA

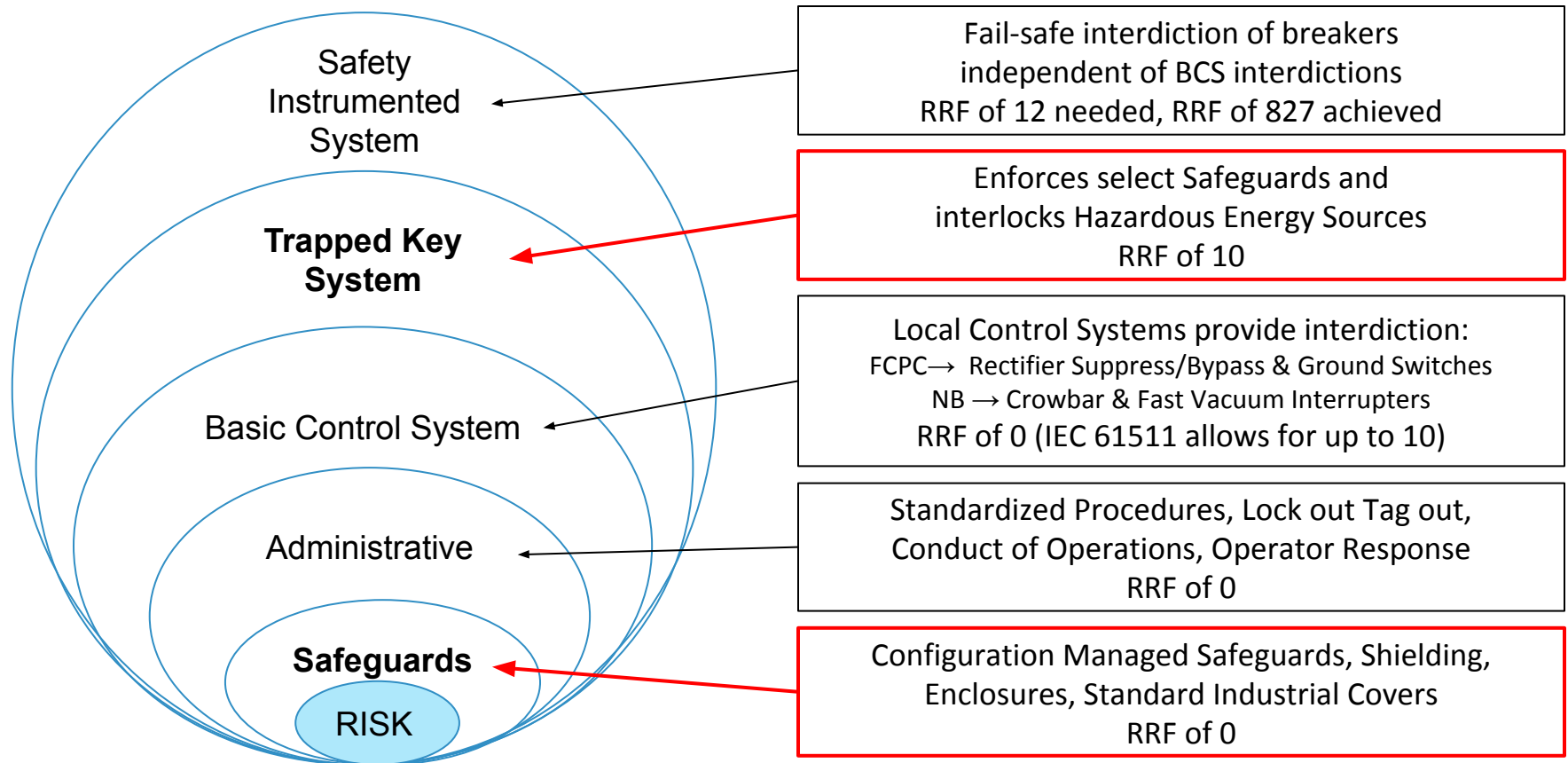
8. Quality, Environmental, Safety, and Health

9. Summary

Overview of TKS & CMS

- Trapped Key System (TKS)
 - Design/installation of new Trapped Key System for access control and personnel protection
 - Complements PSS-SIS
 - Enforces safe configuration of the facility, including select movable CMS
 - Interlocks hazardous energy sources to exclusion area access
- Configuration Managed Safeguards (CMS)
 - Design/installation of new cages around the vacuum vessel
 - Protects personnel from contact hazards (electrical & thermal)
 - Allows NTC to be “General-Access” per ESHD 5008 during “Access” state
 - Design/installation of new cage around the Bakeout hot helium skid
 - Protects personnel from thermal hazards
 - Labeling/identification of existing safeguards
 - Streamlines periodic inspections (Configuration Management assurance)
 - Includes new guards on hot helium piping to be installed by Bakeout Recovery job
 - Installation of other cages to improve safety
 - SPA1 power supply

TKS & CMS are each part of Independent Protection Layers designed to reduce risk to personnel



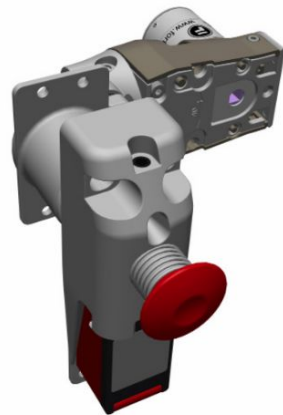
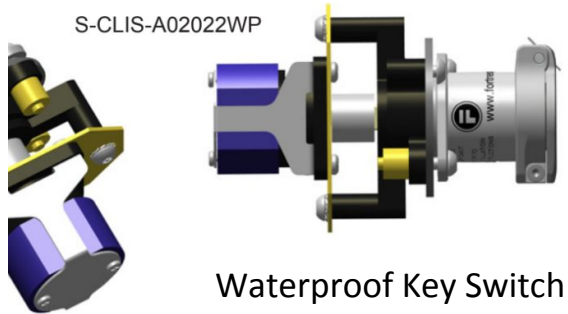
*Risk Reduction Factor (RRF) - discussed in LOPA talk

TKS Provides One of Two Credited* Independent Protection Layers

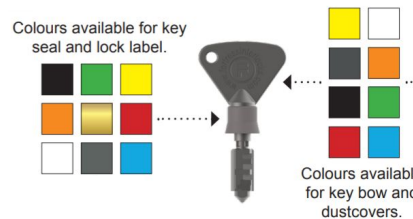
- The new Trapped Key System is separate and distinct from existing Kirk Keys used for machine protection/sequencing
 - Replaces existing Kirk Keys in access control system
 - Does not replace Kirk Keys in power subsystems
- Fortress Interlocks mGard trapped key interlocks will be used
 - Provides mechanical and electrical interlocks
 - Allows sequential or nonsequential control
 - Expandable, modular, and robust
- Suitable for use in safety applications
 - Certified by independent international safety test agency TUV
 - TUV approved to SIL 3 (EN/IEC 62061), Category 4 and PLe (EN/ISO 13849-1)
 - SIL 3: RRF 1,000-10,000, RRF of 10 required

*Incorporated in IEC 61511/61508 LOPA; TKS is *also* expected to be a Credited Control per DOE O 420.2C

Examples of components used in the design



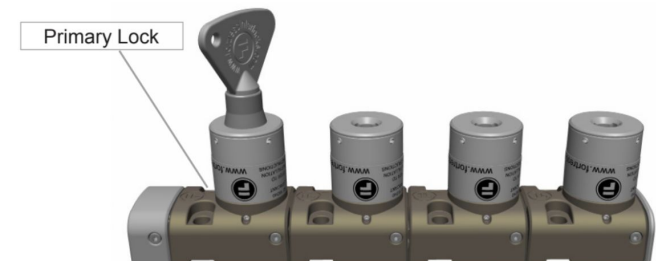
Door Interlock with
Internal Release &
Monitoring



Standard Color Coded
Keys with Engraving

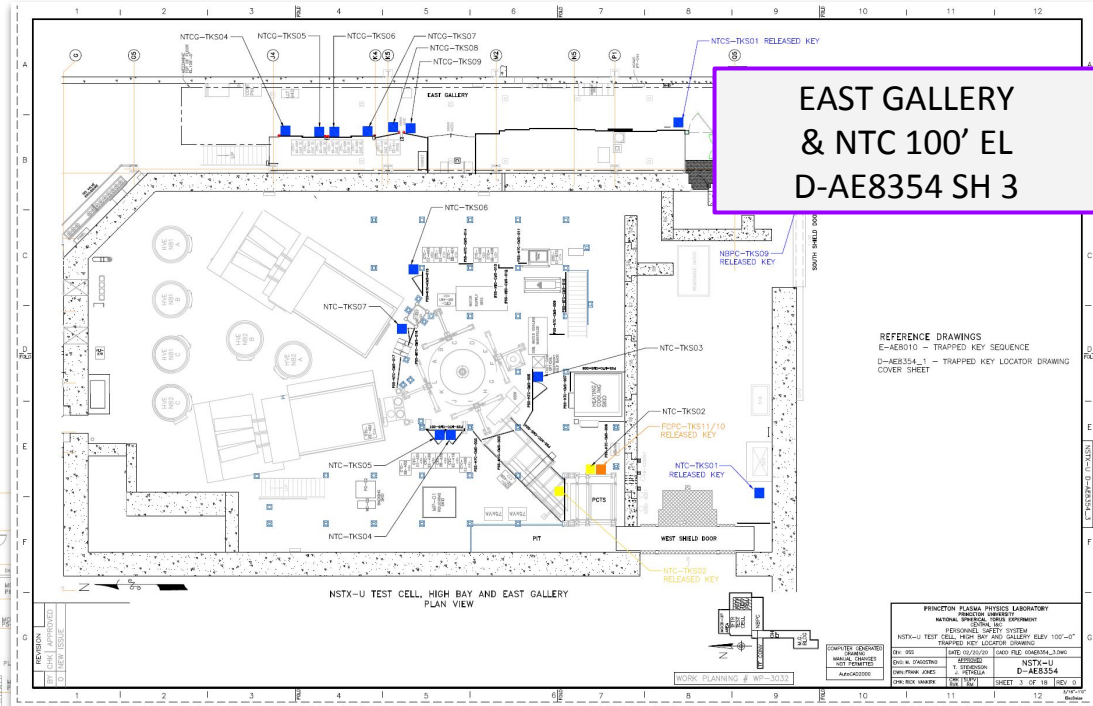


Enclosed Solenoid
Release Key Switch
with Enable Button

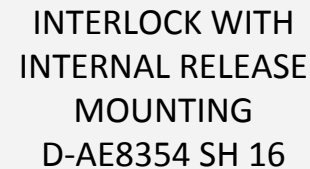
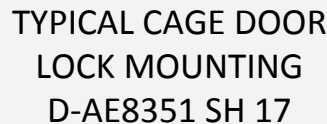


Key Exchange Transfer Block

- Location of
 - Door Locks
 - Key Exchanges
 - Power & Control Isolation
- Key travel/sequencing
- Relative location to new CMS



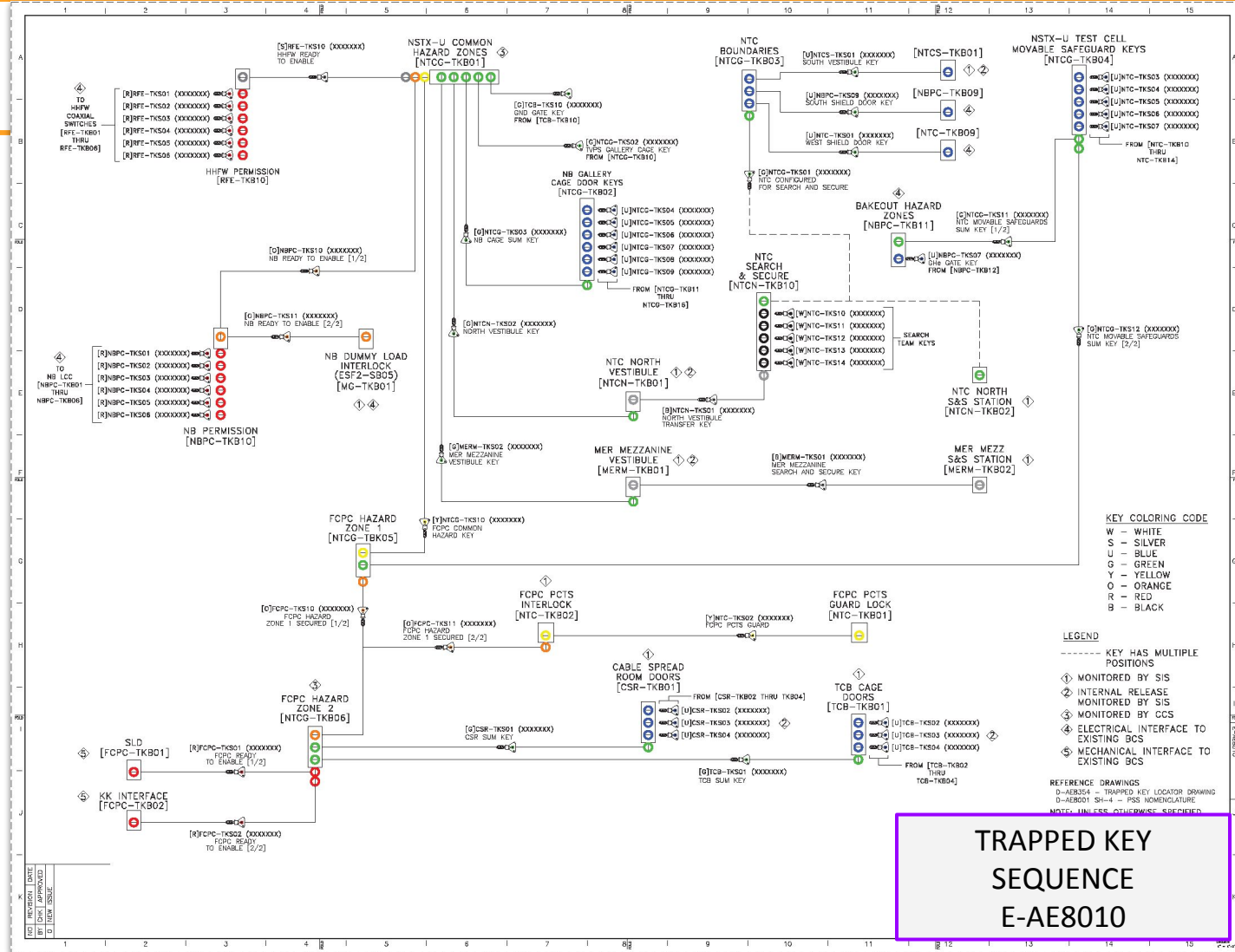
- Tamper resistant screws incorporated
- Fabrication of mounting plates as required
- Typical drawings apply to multiple installations



TKS Sequence

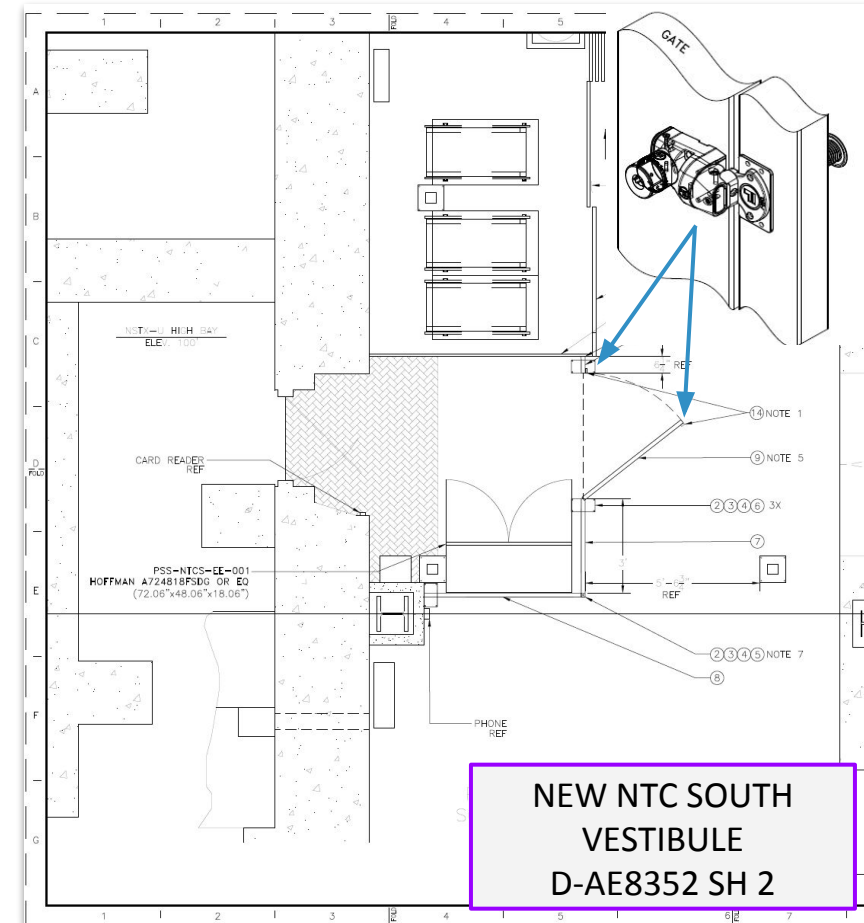
Drawing documents overall TKS sequence and nomenclature

- Key Travel
- Interfaces
 - SIS Monitored
 - CCS Monitored
 - Mechanical/
Electrical to BCS
- Key Colors
- Key & Block Names



TKS installation on new and existing exclusion areas

- Access is interlocked to the hazard producing system(s) specific to that area
- Replaces existing Kirk Keys as required
- Existing:
 - NTC North Door vestibule
 - NB Gallery cage
 - TVPS Gallery cage
 - Ground cage in test cell basement
- New:
 - NTC South Door vestibule
 - MER Mezzanine vestibule
 - Cable Spread Room doors
 - Test Cell Basement cage doors
 - Bakeout cage
 - Movable safeguards in NTC
- All become Configuration Managed Safeguards (CMS)



Configuration Managed Safeguards Scope

- CMS are physical barriers that protect personnel from contact hazards and set the boundaries of exclusion areas
- Safeguards eliminate industrial contact hazards so that experimental areas are General-Access Areas per the ES&H Directive *ESHD-5008* (aka PPPL Safety Manual)
 - Electrocution: Guard exposed electrical conductors > 50 V
 - Thermal Contact Burns: Guard exposed/unprotected surfaces > 60°C*
 - Vacuum: Ensure vacuum windows > 4" in diameter are covered
 - Laser & RF: Ensure Laser Flight Tubes & RF transmission lines are in place
- General-Access Areas are accessible to all personnel without applying LOTO
 - Administrative controls still apply (eg - card reader access)
- Configuration Management method(s) to ensure the engineered CMS solutions are installed properly, maintained, and restored if removed
 - New AND existing CMS identified and labeled for periodic inspections
 - TKS provides Configuration Management of select movable safeguards

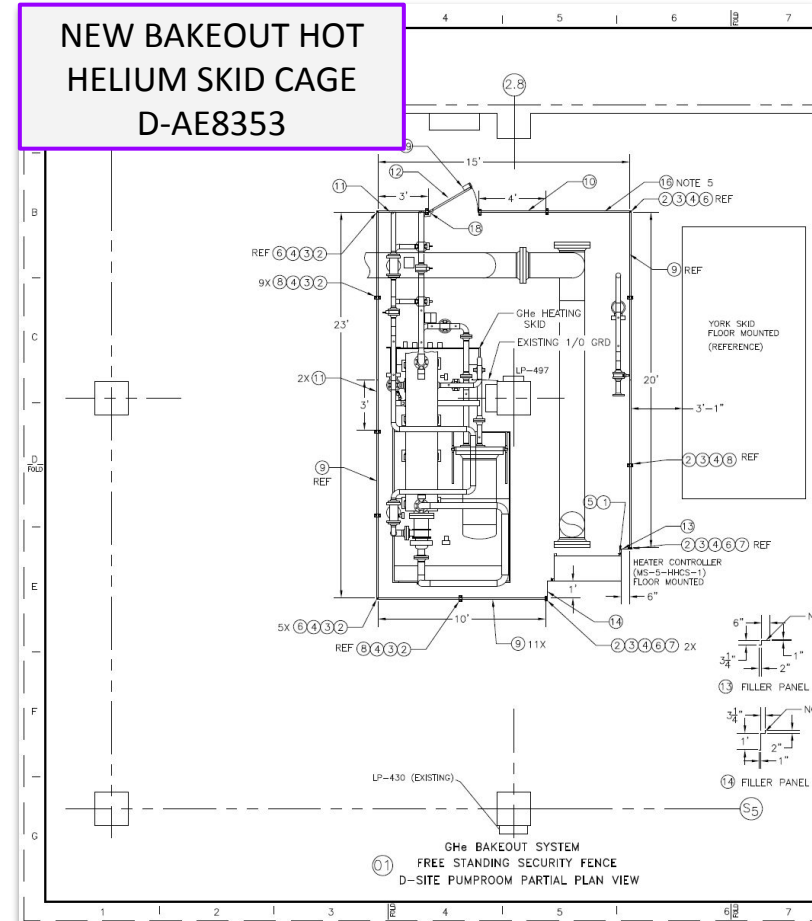
*Recommended limit per ASTM C1055 (Standard Guide for Heated System Surface Conditions That Produce Contact Burn Injuries)

Configuration Management of CMS

- Existing controls are in place:
 - Engineered design documents per *ENG-010* “Control of Drawings” and *ENG-033* “Design Verification”
 - Installation verification and validation per *ENG-030* “PPPL Technical Procedures” and QA procedures
 - Maintenance/removal control via D-Site Work Permit System
 - Work permit required to remove guard per procedure *D-OP-AD-09*
- CMS will have additional administrative controls
 - Labeling for shielded hazard & removal warnings
 - Independent validation of re-installation required
- Select CMS will have additional engineered controls interlocked with hazard source(s)
 - Locked in place via TKS
 - Monitored by PSS-SIS

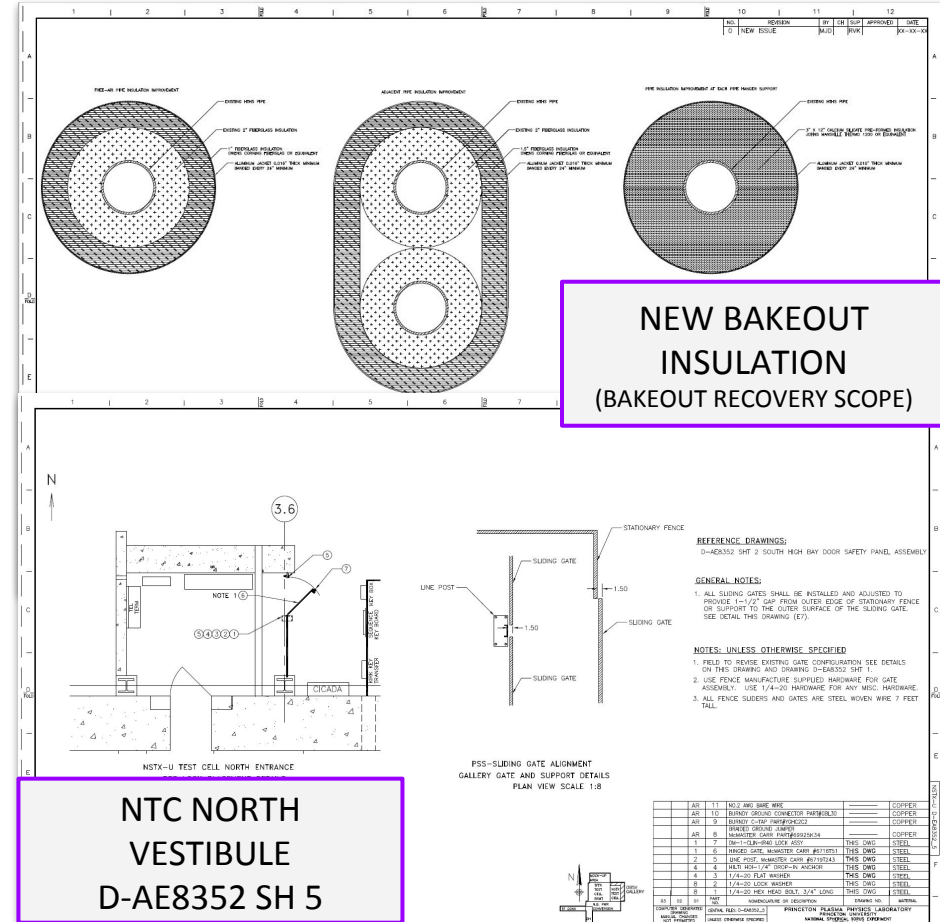
New CMS have been designed

- Guards cover exposed buswork between the PCTS and the Vacuum Vessel
- Exclusion area created by movable safeguards surrounding the Vacuum Vessel at 100' EL & 109' EL protect against exposed conductors and exposed Bakeout piping
- Vestibule doors at NTC South entryway & MER Mezzanine provide additional protection from access violations
- Cage around the Bakeout hot helium skid protect against thermal hazards
- New cage doors at Cable Spread Room and Test Cell Basement Cage entryways



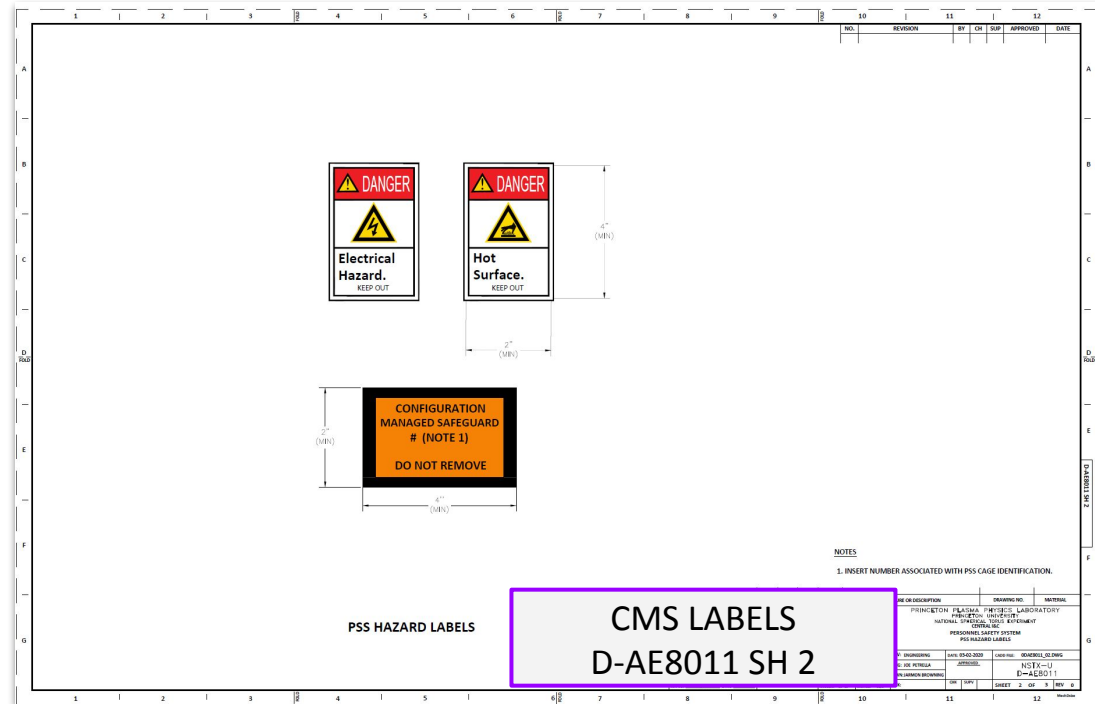
Existing CMS to be labeled and inspected

- NTC North entryway
- TVPS Gallery cage
- NB Gallery cage
- Test Cell Basement Ground cage
- Bakeout hot helium piping insulation/jacket (to be installed by Bakeout Recovery job)
- Physical covers over vacuum windows > 4" in diameter
- Laser Flight Tubes
- RF Transmission Lines & Waveguides



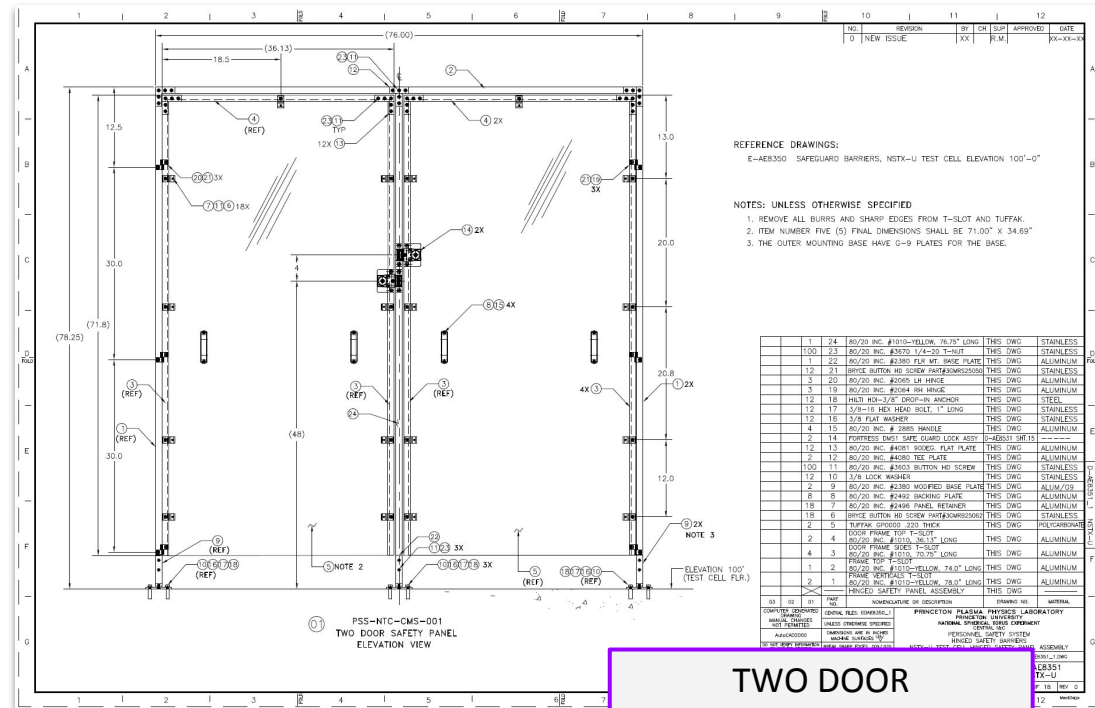
CMS Identification & Labeling

- Labels guided by ANSI/NEMA Z535
 - Reflect the hazard behind the guard
 - Designates the safeguard as part of CMS
 - Provides unique identifier
 - Warns against removal



Mechanical assembly of typical movable safeguard

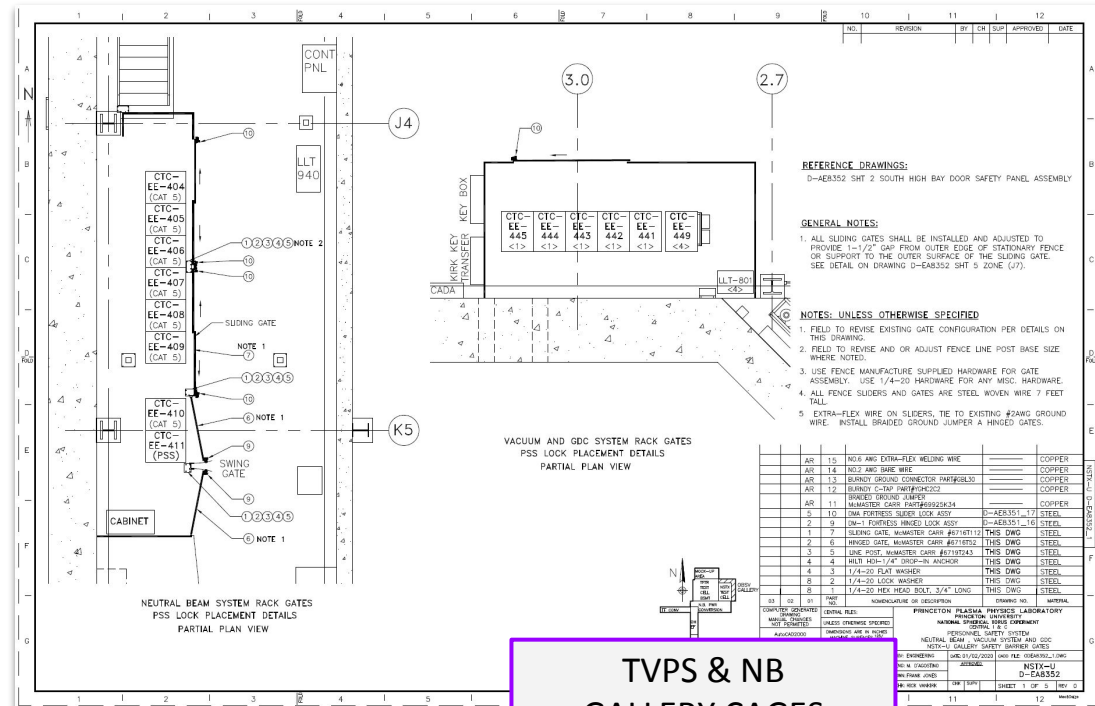
- Uses all COTS material
 - Yellow 80/20 strut for structural framing
 - 80/20 hardware - hinges, handles, retainers, plates, etc.
- Non-conductive features incorporated to not introduce inductive current loops
- Removable/movable safeguards are locked in place via TKS
- Unique fasteners for tamper resistance



TWO DOOR
MOVABLE SAFEGUARD
WITH TKS LOCK
D-AE8351 SH 1

Location and assembly of cages defined

- Includes modification of existing cages
- Uses all COTS material
 - McMaster-Carr sliding/hinged gates
 - Standard hardware
- Movable gates are locked in place via TKS
- Unique fasteners for tamper resistance

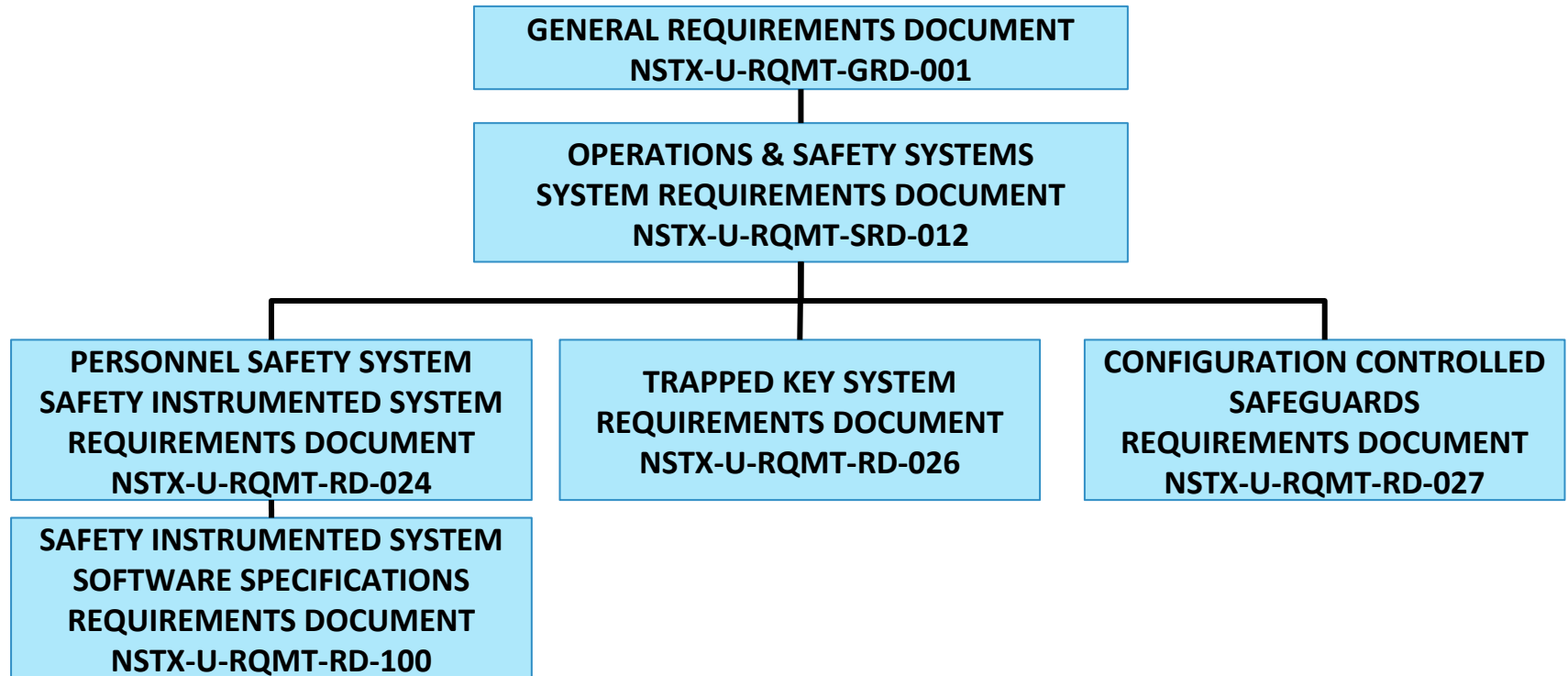


TVPS & NB
GALLERY CAGES
D-AE8352 SH 1

Outline

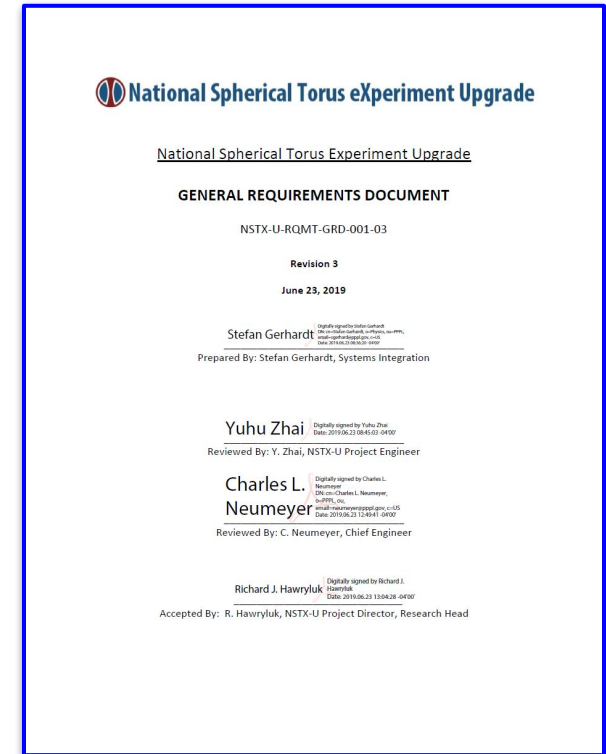
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TKS & CMS have individual RDs which flow from the OSS SRD and NSTX-U GRD



Summary of applicable requirements from the GRD

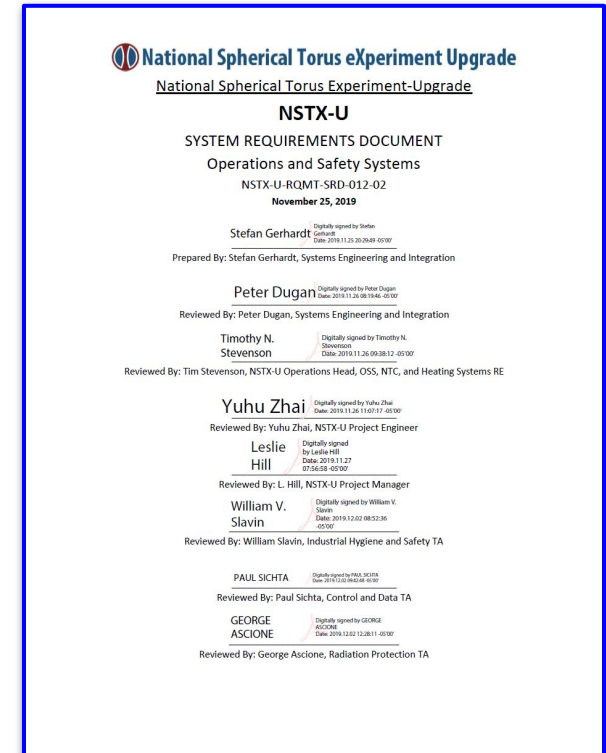
- Comply with the Accelerator Safety Order (DoE Order 420.2c) (6.7.1a)
- Prevent access to the NSTX-U test cell and related areas when they are in an unsafe condition (6.7.3.1a)
- Prevent sources of energy such as neutral beams from turning on when areas allow access (6.7.3.2b)
- Support search and secure (6.7.3.1c)
- Permit multiple layers of protection to achieve the desired risk reduction level (6.7.3.1d)
- ES&H: Complete the project in a way “...protect personnel, visitors, the public, property and the environment from injury.”(7)



Summary of requirements from OSS SRD

Trapped Key System

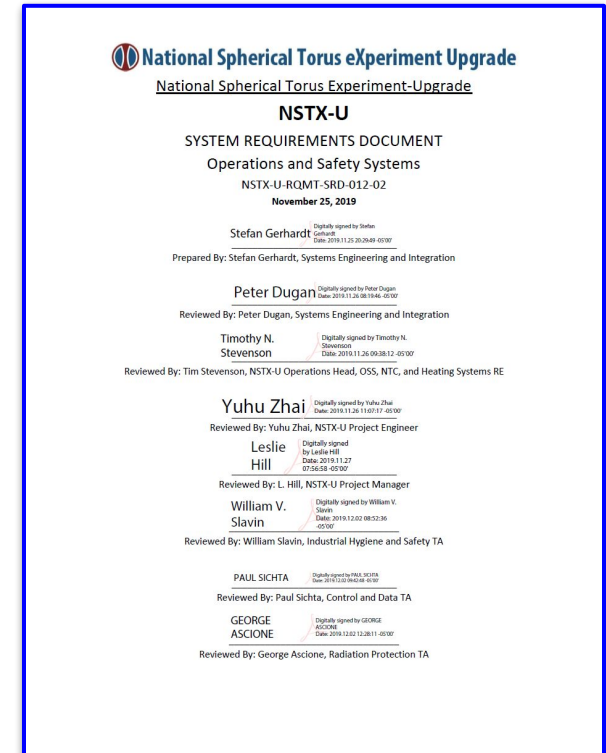
- Functions
 - Ensure that specified areas, safeguards are in proper configuration (4.1 a,b)
- Design
 - Support multi-layer sequences (4.2.2 a,b)
 - Not be bypassable with common tools (4.2.2d)
- Configuration Requirements
 - Provide status to CCS and PSS-SIS (4.3a)
 - Provide means to unlock from the inside of spaces locked by the trapped keys, or provide kick-out panels (4.3c)



Summary of requirements from OSS SRD

Configuration Managed Safeguards

- Functions - physical safeguards from specific contact hazards (5.1 a,b)
 - Caged Areas
 - Bus Work and Exposed Conductors
 - Helium Piping
 - Laser Flight Tubes
 - Vacuum Windows
- Configuration Requirements
 - Shall not interfere with component functions (5.3a)
 - Placed under configuration management (TKS or Administrative Procedure) (5.3c)
 - Tamper resistant (5.3f)
 - Shall be labelled as such (5.3d)



TKS requirements summary from RD-026

RD contains three tables of conditions (example for NB)


- a. The trapped key system shall not allow the neutral beam system to transmit high voltage to the test cell , unless the conditions in Table 3.1-1 are met:

Table 3.1-1: Conditions required in order to transmit NB high voltage to the test cell

#	Condition
1	South high bay door closed
2	North door closed and search and secure complete
3	NBPC shield door closed
4	TFTR / South high bay shield door closed
5	TVPS cage closed
6	Neutral beam gallery racks closed.
7	MER door closed and search and secure complete

RD contains three statements on TKS interdiction points (example for NB)

- a. For the control of neutral beam hazards, the TKS may interdict control circuitry in the local control centers until the conditions of Table 3.1-1 are met. The system may allow high voltage to be armed while test cell access is allowed, if the integrated operation of the beamline that prevents a NB to form is controlled by the TKS.

 **National Spherical Torus eXperiment Upgrade**

**NSTX-U Trapped Key System (TKS)
Requirements**
NSTX-U-RQMT-RD-026-01
November 25, 2019

Stefan Gerhardt

Digitally signed by Stefan Gerhardt
Date: 2019.11.25 09:53:01 -0500

Prepared by: Stefan Gerhardt, Systems Engineering and Integration

Peter Dugan

Digitally signed by Peter Dugan
Date: 2019.11.26 08:21:28 -0500

Reviewed by: Peter Dugan, Systems Engineering and Integration

Joseph R. Petrella Jr.

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DN: cn=Joe Petrella, o=General Atomics, ou=General Atomics, email=jpetrella@ga.com, c=US
Date: 2019.11.26 10:21:39

Reviewed By: Joe Petrella, Project Cognizant Engineer

Timothy N. Stevenson

Digitally signed by Timothy N. Stevenson
Date: 2019.11.26 13:24:50 -0500

Reviewed By: Tim Stevenson, NSTX-U Operations Head, OSS RE

Yuhu Zhai

Digitally signed by Yuhu Zhai
Date: 2019.11.27 08:59:21 -0500

Approved By: Y. Zhai, NSTX-U Project Engineer

1

CMS requirements summary from RD-027


Table 2.1-1 Cages required as part of the Configuration Managed Safeguards Program

	Area
1	The TVPS racks in the north gallery
2	The NB racks in the east gallery
3	The gaseous He skid in the pump room
4	TFTR TCB caged area
5	Machine Perimeter Safeguards ¹

Table 2.2-1 Protection against electrical hazards required as part of the Configuration Managed Safeguards Program

	System	Configuration Control Method
1	GDC rack in North Gallery	Bolted Safeguards
2	PF-2U coil terminals and exposed bus work components	Bolted Safeguards and/or Flexible Insulating Materials
3	PF-3U coil terminal and exposed bus work components	
4	PF-4U coil terminal and exposed bus work components	
5	PF-5U coil terminal and exposed bus work components	
6	PF-2L coil terminals and exposed bus work components	
7	PF-3L coil terminal and exposed bus work components	
8	PF-4L coil terminal and exposed bus work components	
9	PF-5L coil terminal and exposed bus work components	
10	GDC electrode electrical connections on the NSTX-U vessel	
11	Emissive filament electrical connections on the NSTX-U vessel	
12	PCTS Safeguard	Bolted Safeguards and Movable Safeguards

The exterior surface of any hot-He piping shall be ≤ 60 C and non-rigid insulating materials shall be protected by a rigid touch-safe cover.



NSTX-U Configuration Controlled Safeguard Requirements

NSTX-U-RQMT-RD-027-01
November 25, 2019

Stefan Gerhardt Digitally signed by Stefan Gerhardt
Date: 2019.11.25 20:34:15 -0500

Prepared by: Stefan Gerhardt, Systems Engineering and Integration

Peter Dugan Digitally signed by Peter Dugan
Date: 2019.11.26 08:18:17 -0500

Reviewed by: Peter Dugan, Systems Engineering and Integration

Joseph R. Petrella Digitally signed by Joseph R. Petrella
Date: 2019.11.26 13:24:32 -0500

Reviewed by: Joseph Petrella, Project Cognizant Engineer

Timothy N. Stevenson Digitally signed by Timothy N. Stevenson
Date: 2019.11.26 13:24:32 -0500

Reviewed By: Tim Stevenson, NSTX-U Operations Head, OSS RE

Yuhu Zhai Digitally signed by Yuhu Zhai
Date: 2019.11.27 09:00:32 -0500

Approved By: Y. Zhai, NSTX-U Project Engineer

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Summary of TKS & CMS Interfaces

The Trapped Key System...

- locks safeguards in place
 - doors on cages
 - doors on vestibules
 - movable guards (eg - PCTS guard)
- provides personnel accountability during Search & Secure
 - “Team Keys” to be carried by search team during S&S (function of PSS-SIS)
- interlocks breakers (eg - ESF2-SB-05)
- locks the FCPC Safety Lockout Device (SLD)
 - transfers machine control to FCPC Kirk Key sequence
- locks HHFW coaxial switches in safe position
- disables NB primary power at the local control center (LCC)

- provides status switches to PSS-SIS and CCS
 - status of plant
 - operator interaction
- provides egress button status to PSS-SIS to perform emergency stop if released
- disables movable shield wall controls
- disables Bakeout hot helium skid

The Configuration Managed Safeguards...

- are locked in place by TKS
- cover exposed conductors in NTC
- cover vacuum windows in NTC
- cage various locations throughout the facility
- insulate hot process piping

Details of Interfaces Defined in Interface Control Documents

System 1	System 2	ICD Link	Exposition
Operations & Systems Safety	Power Systems	link	Defines interface between the Trapped Key System and Configuration Managed Safeguards and the Power Systems
Operations & Systems Safety	Heating Systems	link	Defines interface between the Configuration Managed Safeguards and the Heating Systems
Operations & Systems Safety	Diagnostics	link	Defines interface between the Configuration Managed Safeguards and Diagnostics
Operations & Systems Safety	Bakeout	link	Defines interface between the Trapped Key System and Configuration Managed Safeguards and the Bakeout

Details of Interfaces Defined in Interface Control Documents

System 1	System 2	ICD Link	Exposition
Operations & Systems Safety	Gas Delivery	link	Defines interface between the Configuration Managed Safeguards and the Gas Delivery Systems
Operations & Systems Safety	Wall Conditioning	link	Defines interface between the Configuration Managed Safeguards and the Wall Conditioning Systems
Operations & Systems Safety	Test Cell	link	Defines interface between the Trapped Key System and Configuration Managed Safeguards and the Test Cell
Operations & Systems Safety	Magnets	link	Defines interface between the Configuration Managed Safeguards and the Magnets


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Layer of Protection Analysis (LOPA)

- Layer of Protection Analysis (LOPA) is documented in [NSTXU_1-7-3-1_CALC_100](#)
 - LOPA is a method described within IEC 61511 for the determination of Safety Instrumented Function risk reduction requirements
- TKS, as an Independent Protection Layer, provides a Risk Reduction Factor (RRF) of 10 in the LOPA
- No RRF given to CMS
- See LOPA (J. Petrella) talk for further elaboration

APPROVED
PPPL

 **PPPL** PRINCETON PLASMA PHYSICS LABORATORY

ENG-033 - CALC - CALCULATIONS
NSTX-U PSS SIS CALCULATION

NSTXU_1-7-3-1_CALC_100
Rev. 1

Work Planning #: Effective Date: 01/29/2020
Prepared By: Joseph Petrella

Approved By: Kathleen Lukazik, Preparer 01/29/2020 09:01:35 AM

PRINCETON PLASMA PHYSICS LABORATORY
P.O. BOX 451 PRINCETON, N.J. 08543

Selection of prototype mGard assemblies purchased

- Verified switch contact configuration
- Verified part numbers
- Verified ordering process
- Verified physical installation



Prototype Safeguards built

- Small scale prototype built for PDR
 - Includes identification labels
- Full scale prototype built for FDR
 - Includes Fortress Interlocks mGard trapped key hardware



Extensive prototyping of TKS and CMS is not required - these are COTS items with low technical risk

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All Chits have been Closed

Chit Resolution Report for Personnel Safety System

Chit resolution report: NSTXU_1-7-3-1_CRR_chit_100

REVISION 0

July 12, 2019

PREPARED BY: Kathleen Lukazik 6/20/2019 4:31:46 PM
Kathleen Lukazik,

REVIEWED BY: Joseph Petrella 6/24/2019 7:20:18 AM
Joseph Petrella,

REVIEWED BY: Peter Dugan 7/2/2019 11:17:26 AM
Peter Dugan,


REVIEWED BY: Timothy N. Stevenson 7/2/2019 12:10:08 PM
Timothy N. Stevenson,

APPROVED BY: Stefan Gerhardt 7/12/2019 1:36:55 PM
Stefan Gerhardt,

PRINCETON PLASMA PHYSICS LABORATORY
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CDR Chit Resolution Report (R0): [link](#)

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 PRINCETON
PLASMA PHYSICS
LABORATORY

CRR_CHITID - CHIT RESOLUTION REPORT
CHIT RESOLUTION REPORT FOR PERSONNEL
SAFETY SYSTEM

NSTXU_1-7-3-1_CRR_100
Rev. 1

Work Planning #: _____
Effective Date: **01/21/2020**
Prepared By: **Joseph Petrella**

Approved By: Kathleen Lukazik, Preparer 01/21/2020 12:21:37 PM

PRINCETON PLASMA PHYSICS LABORATORY
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PDR Chit Resolution Report (R1): [link](#)

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PLASMA PHYSICS
LABORATORY

ENG-033 - CRR - CHIT RESOLUTION REPORT
CHIT RESOLUTION REPORT FOR PERSONNEL
SAFETY SYSTEM

NSTXU_1-7-3-1_CRR_100
Rev. 2

FDR Chit Resolution Report (R2): [link](#)

Chit Resolution Report
for
Personnel Safety System

March 2, 2020

NSTXU_1-7-3-1_CRR_chit_100 Rev 3

Prepared By: Joseph R. Petrella Jr. Digitally signed by Joseph R. Petrella Jr.
Date: 2020.03.02 11:34:58 -0500
J. Petrella, PSS Cognizant Engineer

Reviewed By: Timothy N. Stevenson Digitally signed by Timothy N. Stevenson
Date: 2020.03.03 13:13:51 -0500

FDR Chit Resolution Report (R3): [link](#)

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Procurement, Fabrication, Installation, and Test

- Trapped Key System
 - TKS hardware is A-1
 - Vendors have been identified and pre-qualified
 - Prototype parts have been ordered
 - Fasteners, brackets, plates, etc. are A-3
 - Will be PPPL installed per approved drawings
- Configuration Managed Safeguards
 - Raw materials for CMS are A-3, available COTS
 - New cages/safeguards to be PPPL built and installed per approved drawings
- Purchase requisitions will be ready to issue upon CDE-3B authorization
- Will be commissioned and tested in concert with the PSS-SIS

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Project Risks

- Project Risks for TKS and CMS are discussed in the PSS-SIS talk

FMECA - TKS

System	Failure Mode	Failure Cause	Failure Effect	R	Detection/ Mitigation System (1)	Detection/ Mitigation System (2)	Detection/ Mitigation System (3)	R_R
Trapped Key Hardware & Sequencing	Mechanical Lock Failure	Manufacturing Defect	No immediate hazard created; Interlocked Devices potentially allowed to go unsafe when plant configuration is not correct	8	Personnel Safety System (SIS)	None	None	4
Trapped Key Hardware & Sequencing	TKS egress buttons fail to operate	Mechanical Lock Failure	Individual will not be able to egress from caged areas that have egress buttons; potential hazard once interlocked is energized.	8	Personnel Safety System (SIS)	None	None	1
Trapped Key Status Monitoring	TKS position switch indication to PSS-SIS/CCS inaccurate	Lock Feedback Failure	Status of plant not accurate to COE/CCS and PSS-SIS, potential inconsistent state & operational transition	8	Personnel Safety System (SIS)	None	None	4
Trapped Key Device Fasteners and Misc. Hardware	TKS fasteners fail	Rust, bolt failure	No immediate hazard created; Interlocked Devices potentially allowed to go unsafe when plant configuration is not correct	8	Personnel Safety System (SIS)	None	None	4

FMECA - CMS

System	Failure Mode	Failure Cause	Failure Effect	R	Detection/ Mitigation System (1)	Detection/ Mitigation System (2)	Detection/ Mitigation System (3)	R_R
Caged Areas	Cages mechanically fail	Rust, bolt failure; damage from adjacent activities	Cage is no longer present to provide area isolation	8	Trapped Key Hardware & Sequencing	None	None	2
Bus Work Guards & Exposed Conductors >50V Guards	Guards mechanically fail	Fastener failure; damage from adjacent activities	Guard is no longer present to provide area isolation	8	Trapped Key Hardware & Sequencing	None	None	2
Helium Piping Guards	Guards mechanically fail	Fastener failure; damage from adjacent activities	Guard is no longer present to provide area isolation	6	None	None	None	2
Laser Flight Tube Guards	Guards mechanically fail	Fastener failure; damage from adjacent activities	Guard is no longer present to provide area isolation	6	None	None	None	2
NSTX-U Vacuum Window >4" Guards	Guards mechanically fail	Fastener failure; damage from adjacent activities	Guard is no longer present to provide area isolation	8	None	None	None	2
NSTX-U RF Waveguide Guards	Guards mechanically fail	Fastener failure; damage from adjacent activities	Guard is no longer present to provide area isolation	4	None	None	None	2

Inspections as part of CM program are the key element of detecting failure or misconfigured guards

Outline

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2. Scope
3. Requirements and Interfaces
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8. Quality, Environmental, Safety, and Health
9. Summary

Quality

- Procurements for A-1 components require QA approval
 - Vendors are pre-approved
 - Receipt Inspection requirements have been established
- All A-1 components are COTS
 - No fabrication oversight plan needed
- PPPL QA & Engineering staff to supervise on-site installations per approved drawings and procedures

ES&H

- Work hazards during installation are standard industrial hazards
 - Hand tools, LOTO, etc.
- Hazards mitigated through PPPL ISM and ES&H procedures
 - Job Hazard Analysis completed prior to the start of planned work
 - Cutting, using power tools, eye protection, etc.
 - Silica Hazard - drilling concrete
 - Air monitoring - as required
 - Respiratory protection - as required
 - Dust minimization controls - vacuum & water
 - Work scheduled via the rollover and work control center to avoid work area conflicts
 - All Lockout/Tagout performed per PPPL procedure ESH-016

SAD/ASE Considerations

- TKS is expected to be a Credited Control per DOE O 420.2C
- CMS are in place according to standard SMPs
 - PPPL ESDH 5008 compliance
 - Protects against standard industrial hazards
- Both will be addressed in the NSTX-U Safety Assessment Document and Accelerator Safety Envelope

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Summary

- Requirements have been met by the design as supported by analysis and an extensive drawing set
- Interfaces are considered in the design and documented in the ICDs
- All chits are closed
- All Design Risks have been mitigated through the design
- Procurement strategy established
- Vendors already QA qualified
- BOAs used for labor augmentation & construction
- SAD/ASE considerations have been addressed
- Environmental, Safety, & Health considerations are standard practices for the laboratory