

Computational Study of Neoclassical Transport in NSTX using GTC-NEO

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Acknowledgements

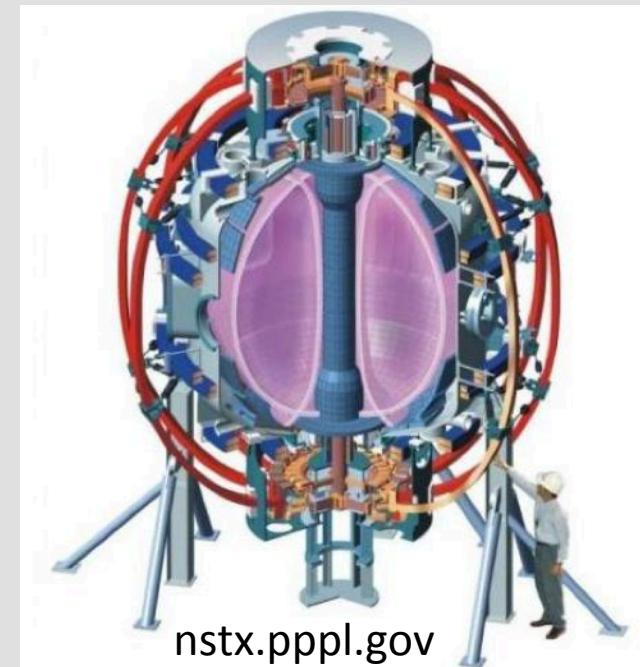
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Outline

- The National Spherical Torus Experiment
- Plasma Transport in NSTX
- GTC-NEO Simulation Results
- Conclusions / Future Work

National Spherical Torus Experiment*

- Magnetic Confinement fusion device
- Low aspect ratio (“spherical”) $R_0/a > 1.26$
- Deuterium plasma with up to:
 - 1.3 MA plasma current
 - 7 MW Neutral Beam Heating
 - 6 MW Radio Frequency heating
 - ~ 100 million degrees C



Plasma Transport in NSTX

- Transport = motion of particles and energy
 - Classical = uniform E, B
 - Neoclassical = nonuniform E, B
 - Irreducible minimum
 - Gives curvature drifts, banana orbits, etc.
- In NSTX:
 - Ion thermal transport shows trend of increasing anomalous transport at lower collisionality*

$$q = - \underline{\text{Chi}} \ n \ \text{grad } T$$



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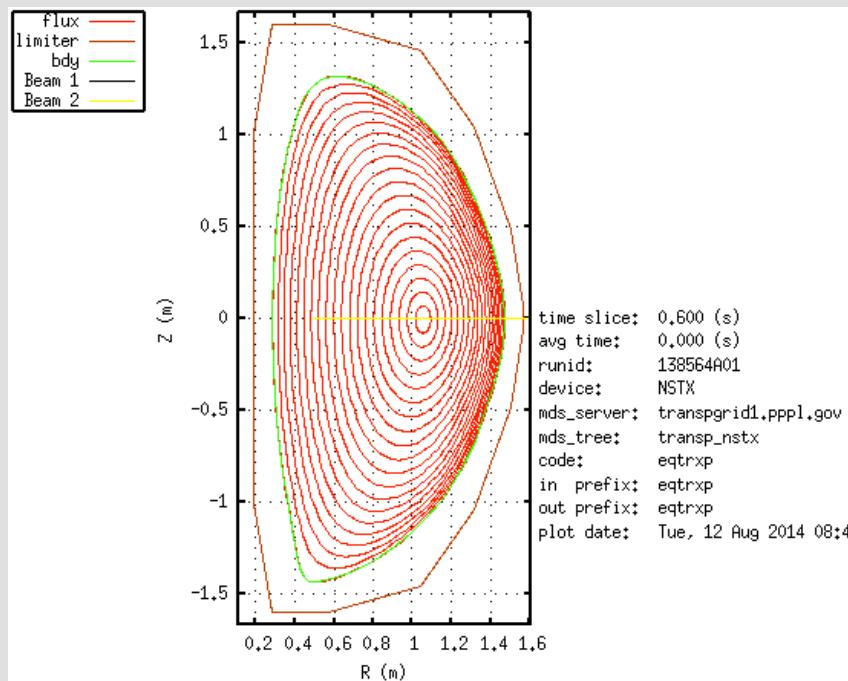


Why GTC-NEO?

- Ion thermal transport trend identified by comparison to NCLASS* model
 - Neoclassical models assume small orbit widths for trapped particles, paths bound to flux surfaces
- **GTC-NEO simulates the motion of a plasma to calculate transport quantities
 - Intrinsically includes finite orbit effects

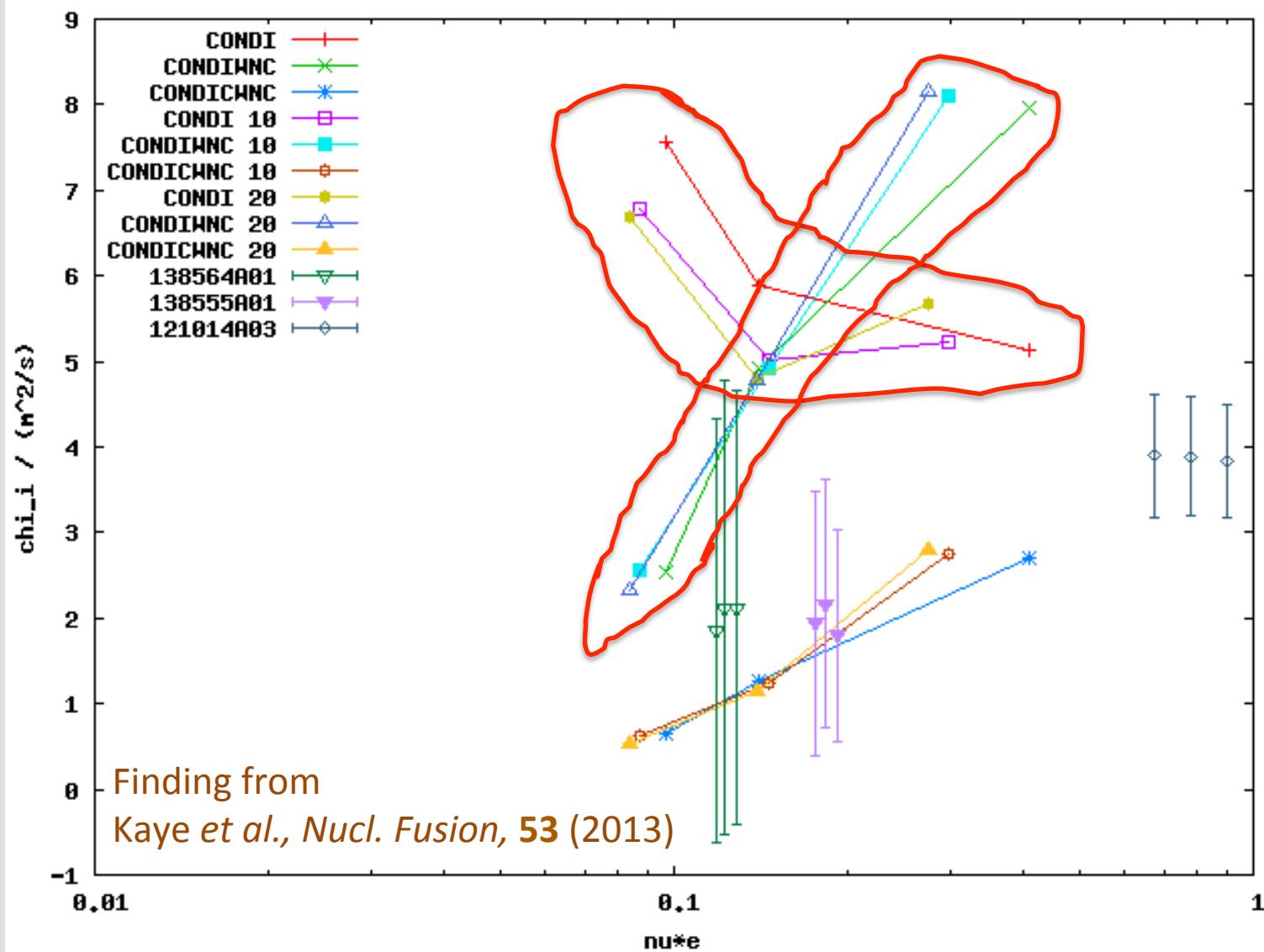
Simulation Results of GTC-NEO

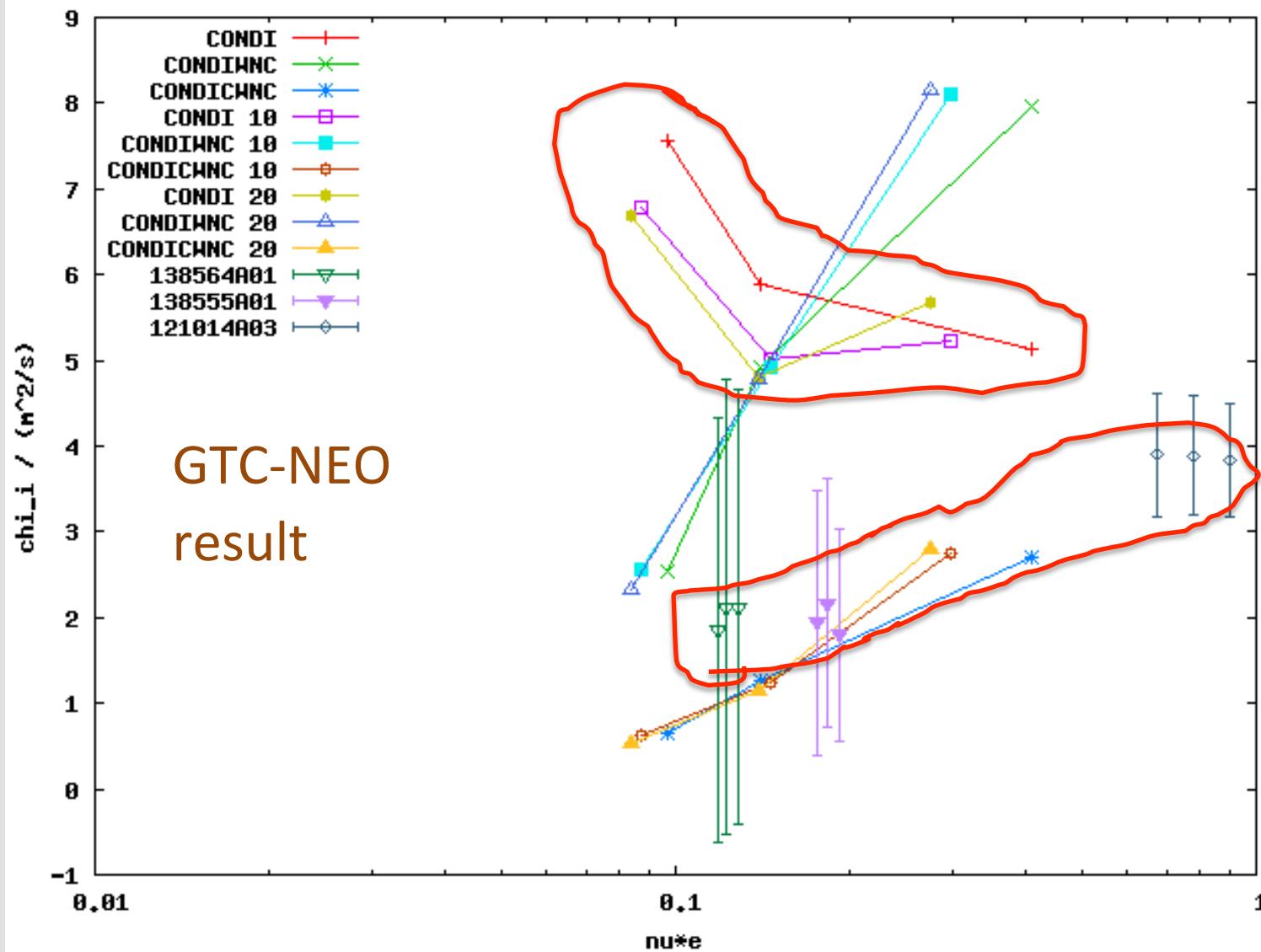
- Three H-mode shots, similar q and $\langle \beta_t \rangle$
- Data taken from TRANSP*

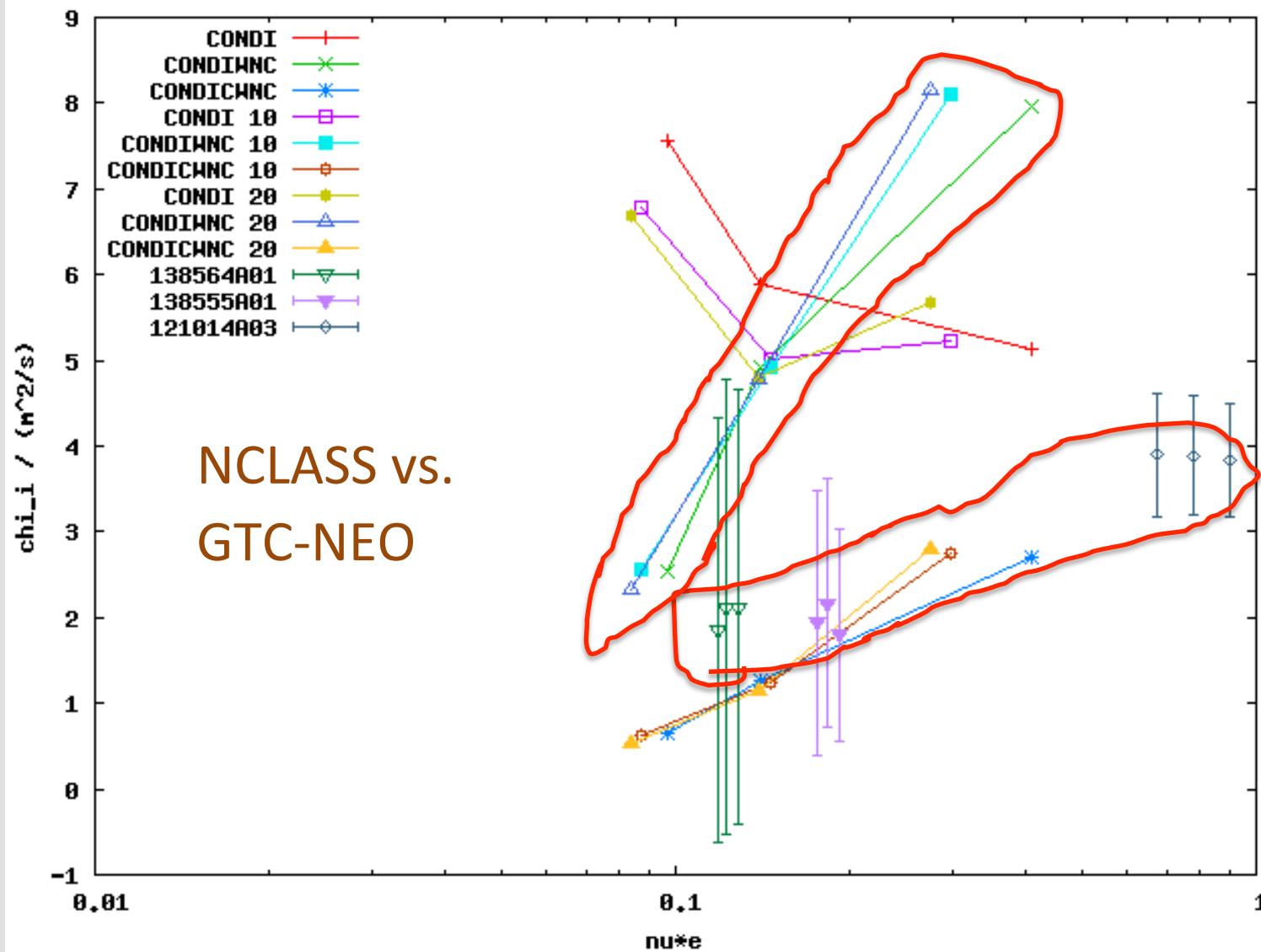


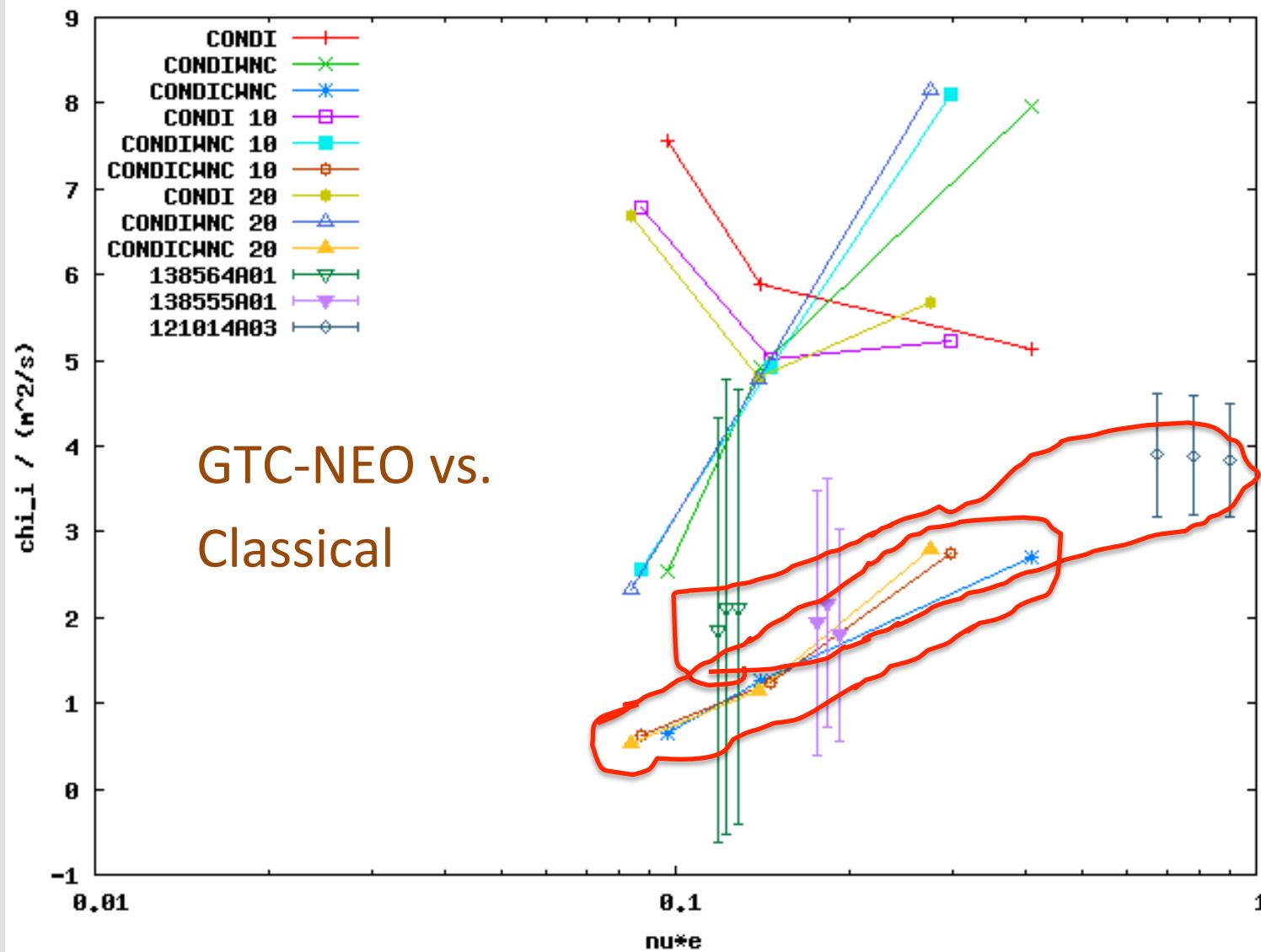
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Conclusions / Future Work

- Confirmed existence of anomalous ion thermal transport at low collisionality in NSTX
- Identified further questions regarding how close to classical levels the neoclassical transport is
- Run a turbulence code (e.g. GTS) to try to identify possible modes causing this transport
- Validation of bootstrap current models



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