

Supported by



Office of
Science



Discussion of NSTX Contributions to ITER-ITPA: Macroscopic Stability

College W&M
Colorado Sch Mines
Columbia U
Comp-X
General Atomics
INEL
Johns Hopkins U
LANL
LLNL
Lodestar
MIT
Nova Photonics
New York U
Old Dominion U
ORNL
PPPL
PSI
Princeton U
SNL
Think Tank, Inc.
UC Davis
UC Irvine
UCLA
UCSD
U Colorado
U Maryland
U Rochester
U Washington
U Wisconsin

S.A. Sabbagh, S.P. Gerhardt, J. Breslau

Macroscopic Stability Topical Science Group

NSTX ITER/ITPA Discussion Meeting
September 29th, 2008

PPPL

Culham Sci Ctr
U St. Andrews
York U
Chubu U
Fukui U
Hiroshima U
Hyogo U
Kyoto U
Kyushu U
Kyushu Tokai U
NIFS
Niigata U
U Tokyo
JAEA
Hebrew U
Ioffe Inst
RRC Kurchatov Inst
TRINITY
KBSI
KAIST
ENEA, Frascati
CEA, Cadarache
IPP, Jülich
IPP, Garching
ASCR, Czech Rep
U Quebec

NSTX Macro TSG Met to Address Contributions to ITER/ITPA

❑ Actions for Meeting (9/24/08)

- ❑ Discuss topics – experimental / theoretical / modeling perspectives
- ❑ Suggest priority given resources
- ❑ Identify personnel as responsible NSTX contacts

❑ Address Program Director's Questions

- ❑ “Which ITER and ITPA high priority areas should NSTX focus on?”
- ❑ “Which joint experiments should NSTX contribute to or lead?”
- ❑ “Should any new joint experiments be initiated?”
- ❑ “Are there joint experiments that should be discontinued?”



Which ITER/ITPA High-priority Topics Should Macro Focus On?

(Parallels recent guidance by ITPA MHD group leader, A. Sen)

❑ Disruption characteristics, mitigation

- ❑ Halo currents, peaking; power deposition, vessel forces, runaways (possible?)
 - Understand effect of disruptions(+ ELMS?) on divertor/first wall ('09 XP by SPG)
 - ??Interest in joint disruption modeling effort (NIMROD/M3D, halo currents; EU has program)
- ❑ ??Future: possible use of CT injection for mitigation (Raman, et al.)

❑ Disruption avoidance: plasma and mode control

- ❑ Plasma control requirements (vertical stability, shape, position) – joint w/ ISO?
 - Magnetic Diagnostics for ITER (SPG mentioned interest by JEM)
- ❑ NTM mitigation, avoidance of mode locking, role of error fields
- ❑ RWM active control – focus on low V_ϕ ?; future: non-magnetic diagnostics
- ❑ Resonant field amplification, multi-mode EF reduction, IPEC vs. vacuum
- ❑ ??ELM control (NTM/RWM seeding?, effect on V_ϕ , joint w/ boundary group)
- ❑ Rotation damping; control
 - Effects of 3-D fields/modes (NTV vs. δB , collisionality; ExB, etc.)

❑ Mode physics and stabilization

- ❑ NTM stability physics vs. A , marginal island width, ρ^* effects, V_ϕ , V_ϕ shear
- ❑ RWM stabilization physics – V_ϕ , collisionality, q ; focus on low V_ϕ ?



Which Joint Experiments should Macro Stability address/lead?

(S. Kaye suggests 20-30% XPs involve some ITER support; better future follow-up)

- MHD group NSTX contact identified
 - MDC-2: Joint Experiments on RWM Physics (SAS)
 - MDC-4: NTM Physics – aspect ratio comparison (EF => SPG, EF?)
 - ??MDC-5: Comparison of sawtooth control methods for NTM suppression (SPG)
 - MDC-12: Non-resonant magnetic braking (SAS)
 - MDC-13: Vertical stability physics and performance limits in highly elongated plasmas (DG => DG, SAS?)
 - MDC-14: V_ϕ effects on NTMs (SAS => SPG?)
- Potential new joint experiments (No joint XPs suggested to be closed, led)
 - Define one (or more) on stability aspects of hybrid operation
 - ??Effects of NTMs, ELMs, RWMs in Hybrid Scenarios, effect of plasma rotation, v^*
 - Note: Steady-State Operations has two joint XPs with potential overlap
 - SSO-2.2: MHD in hybrid scenarios and effects on q-profile (Kessel); also
 - SSO-2.3: ρ^* dependence on confinement/stability in hybrid scenarios
 - ??Possible joint XP on stability aspects of long pulse discharge reliability
 - Reliability aspect would make this distinct from aforementioned joint XP

