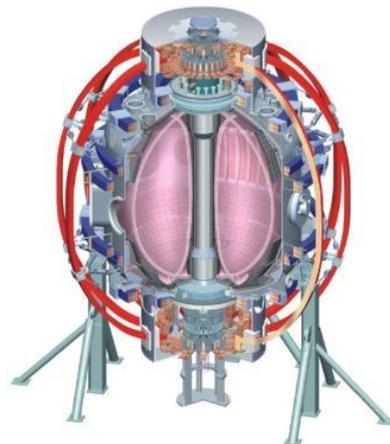


Energy Confinement Enhancement and Pedestal Growth Triggered by an ELM in NSTX

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U Wisconsin

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J.E. Menard, R.E. Bell, J.M. Canik, S.P. Gerhardt, S.M. Kaye, B.P.
 LeBlanc, T.H. Osborne, A. Diallo, E.D. Fredrickson, K.C. Lee, J.-K.
 Park, M. Podesta, S.A. Sabbagh, D.R. Smith,
and the NSTX Research Team

16th International Workshop on Spherical Torus
NIFS, Toki, Japan
Sept. 27-30, 2011



Culham Sci Ctr
U St. Andrews
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ENEA, Frascati
CEA, Cadarache
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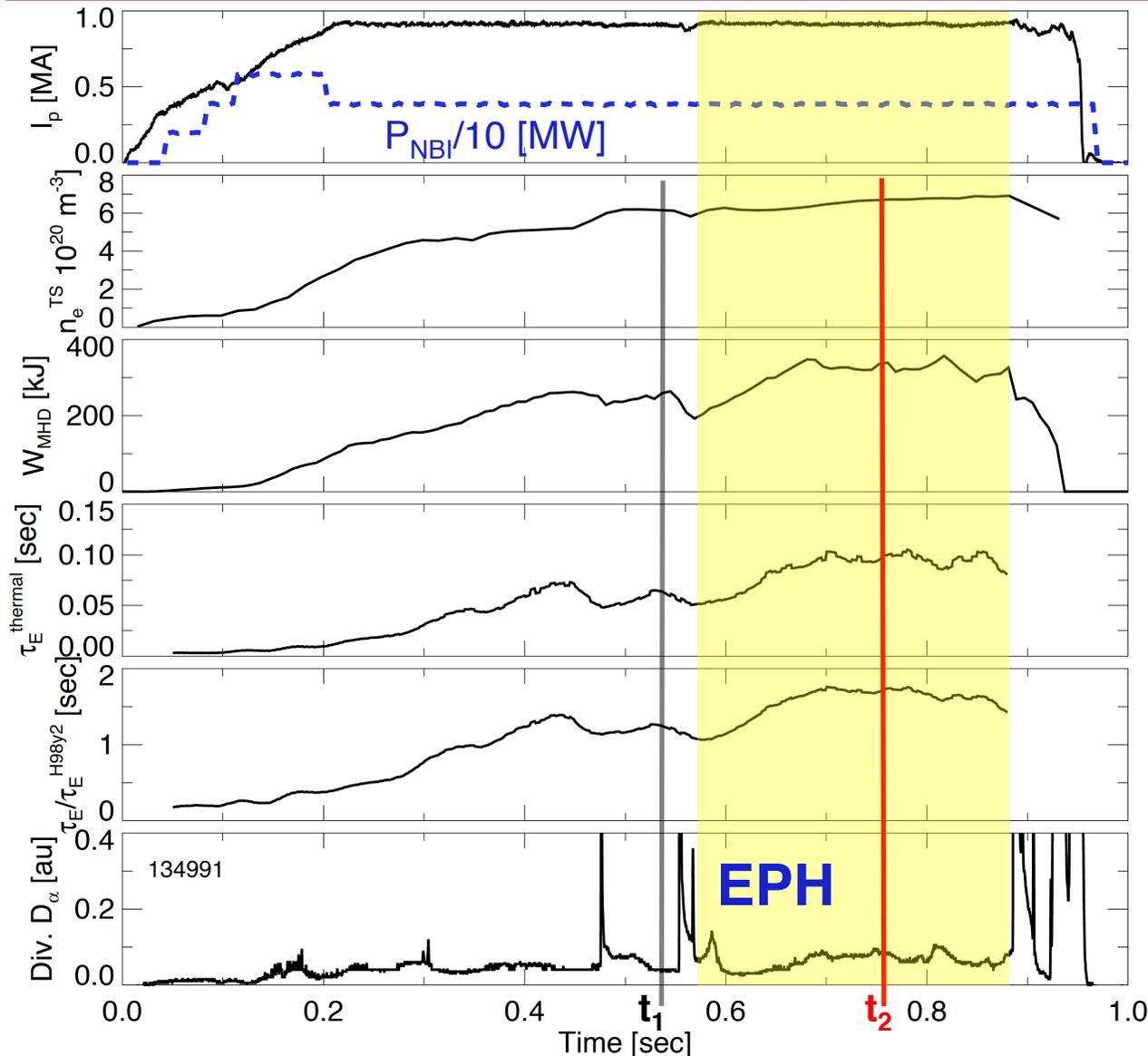
Confinement and Pedestal Temperature Enhancement Triggered by an ELM: the Enhanced Pedestal H-mode

- Energy confinement in NSTX H-modes is generally 0.7-1.1*
ITER98y2 scaling
 - H_{98y2} is $\sim 0.7-0.9$ without lithium, 1.0-1.1 with lithium
 - A few next step ST designs based on $\sim 50\%$ higher τ_E
- An improved confinement scenario with enhanced pedestal T_e , T_i in H-mode observed several few years ago
 - Triggered by large ELM, either naturally occurring or triggered with pulsed $n=3$ fields
 - Local v_ϕ drag near edge, leading to high E_r shear
 - Highest normalized τ_E in NSTX, with $H_{89P} \leq 3.5$ and $H_{98y2} \leq 1.7$ *when combined with lithium operation*
 - Pulse length up to 300 msec ($\sim 3 \tau_E$)
 - Density ramp arrested; possibly due to enhanced turbulence

OUTLINE

- Discharge characteristics and profile changes
- Changes to edge turbulence
- Prospect for reliable triggering, extension, and discussion

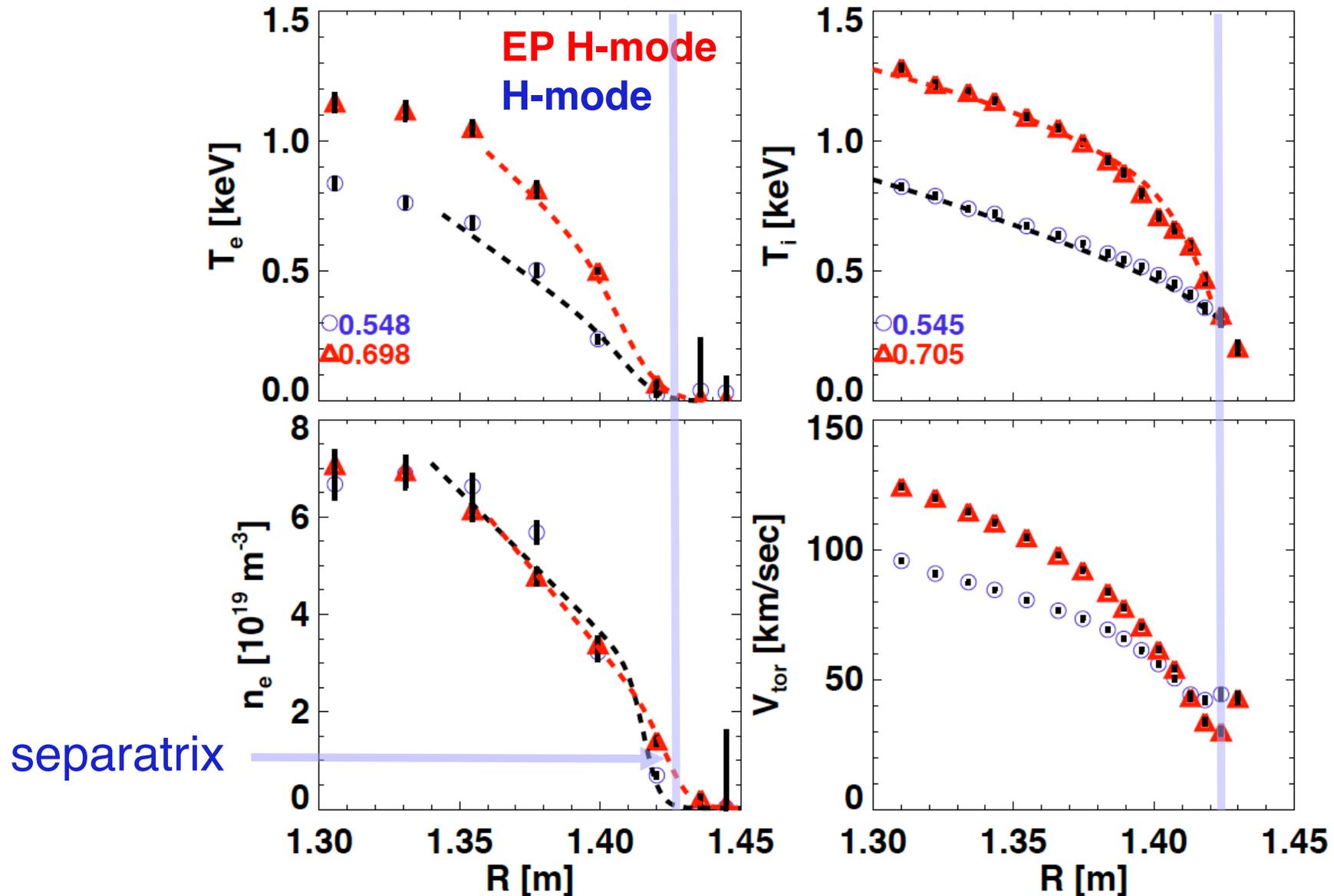
Long pulse EPH-mode phase observed for up to ~ 300 msec ($\sim 3 \tau_E$)



- $I_p = 0.9$ MA,
 $P_{\text{NBI}} = 3.8$ MW
- Nearly flat n_e
- $W_{\text{MHD}} \leq 350$ kJ
- $\tau_E \geq 80$ msec for 225 msec
- $H_{98y2} \leq 1.7$
- Natural ELM trigger for EPH

Maingi, PRL 2010
Maingi, JNM 2009

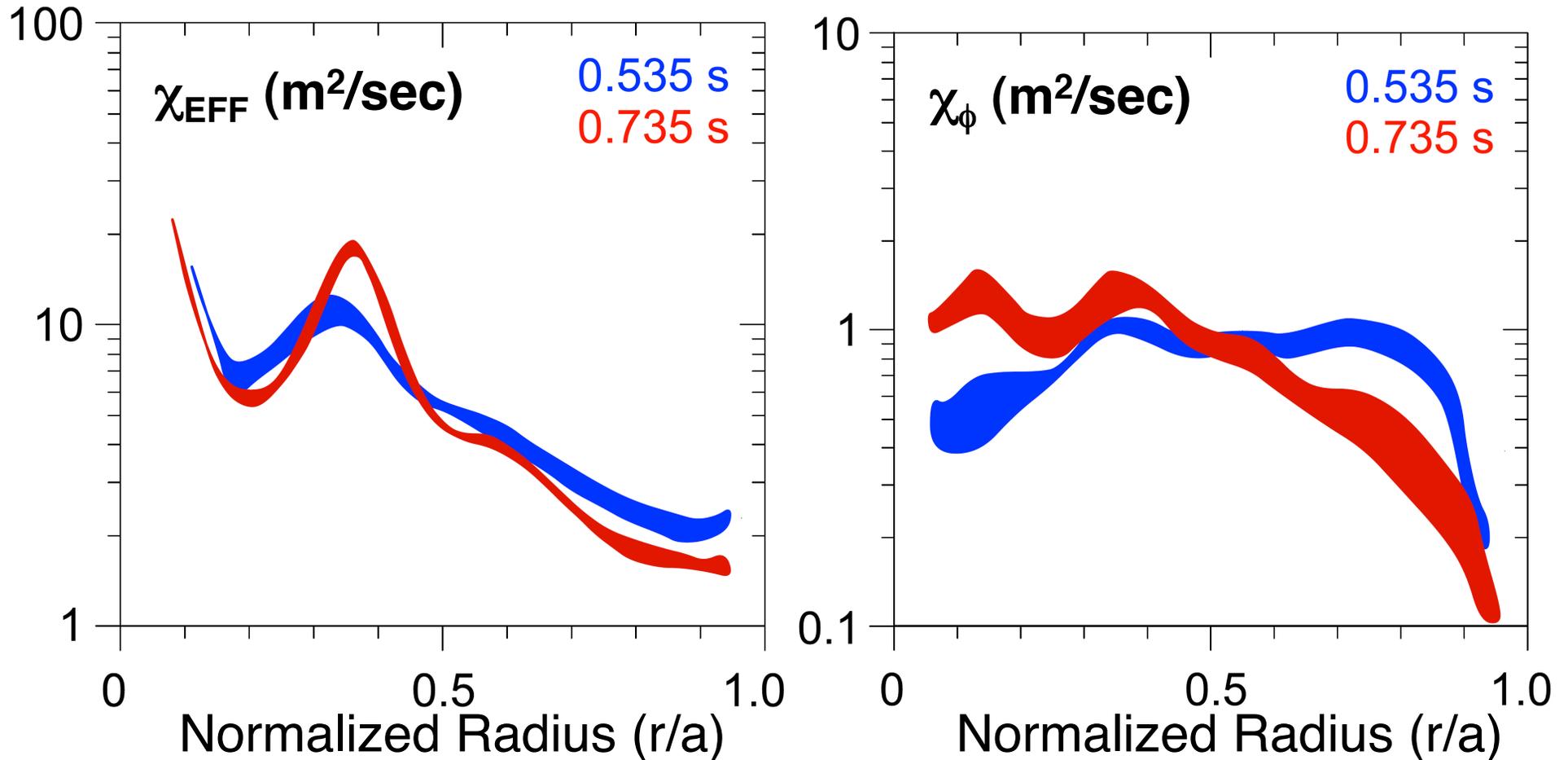
Thermal barrier: Edge T_e , T_i double, with a reduction in the edge n_e gradient, and an increase in v_ϕ shear



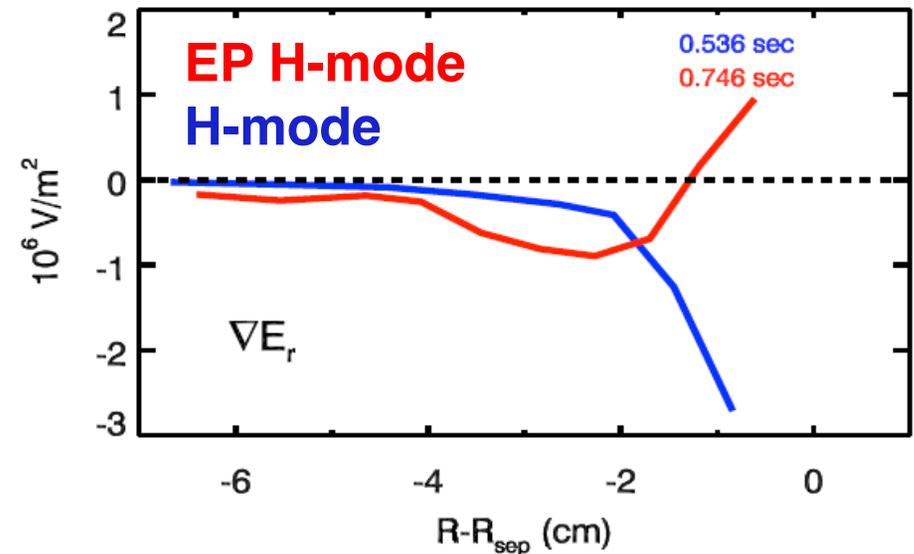
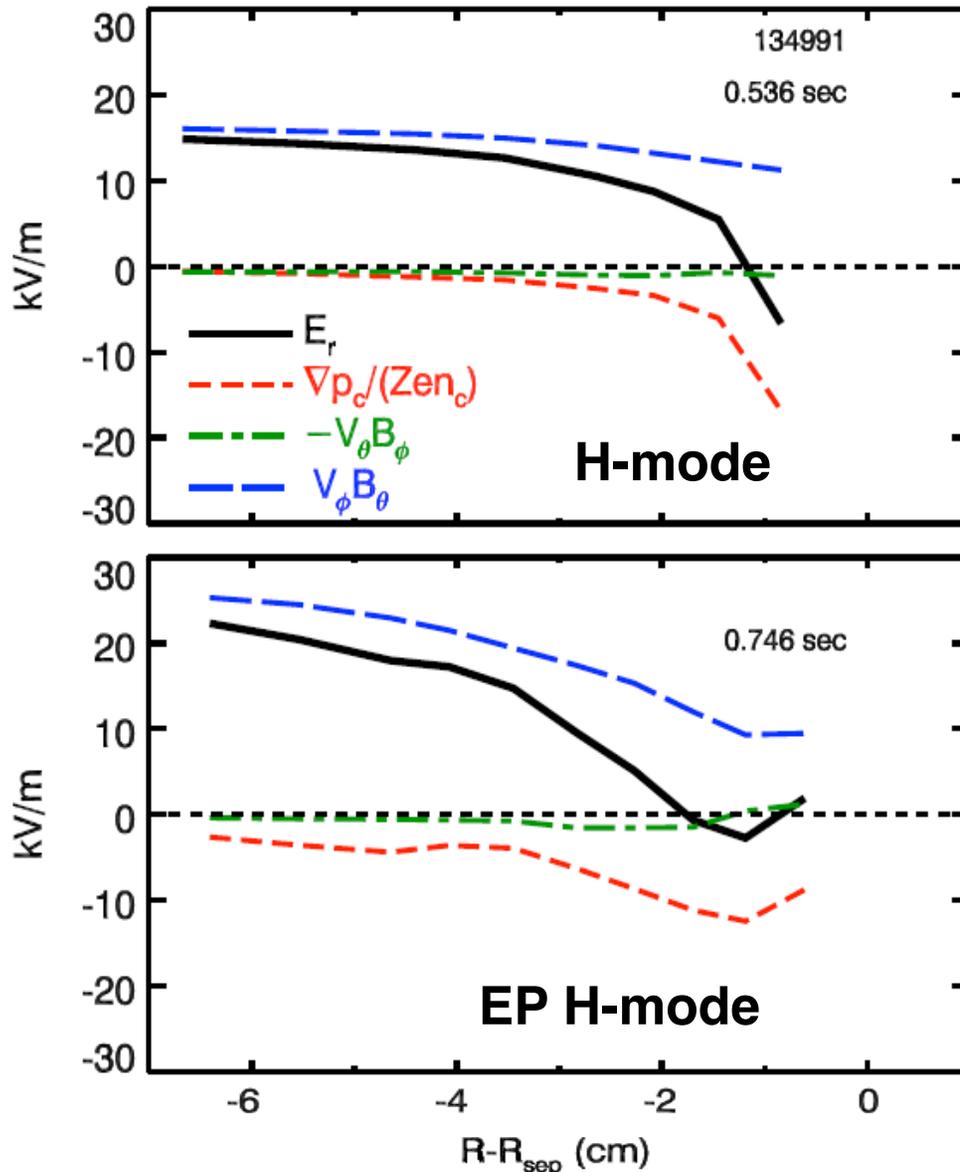
Thermal and angular momentum transport reduced in outer half of plasma

EP H-mode

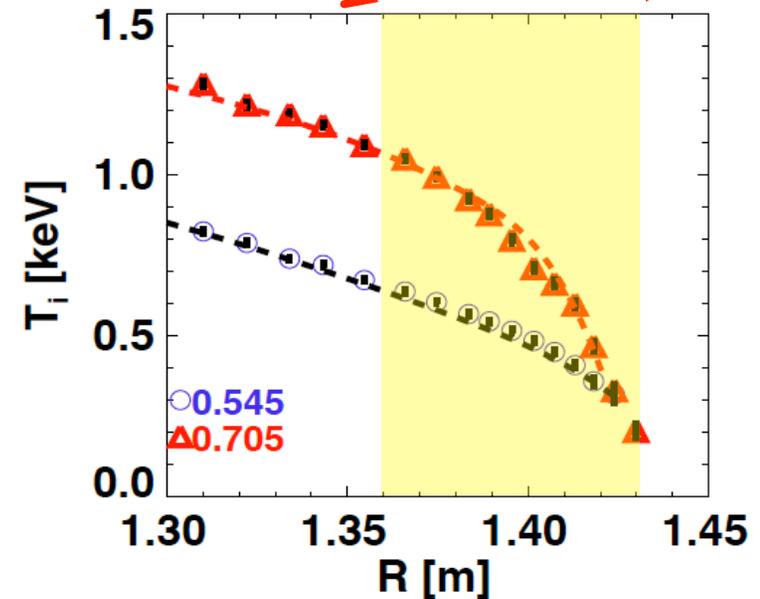
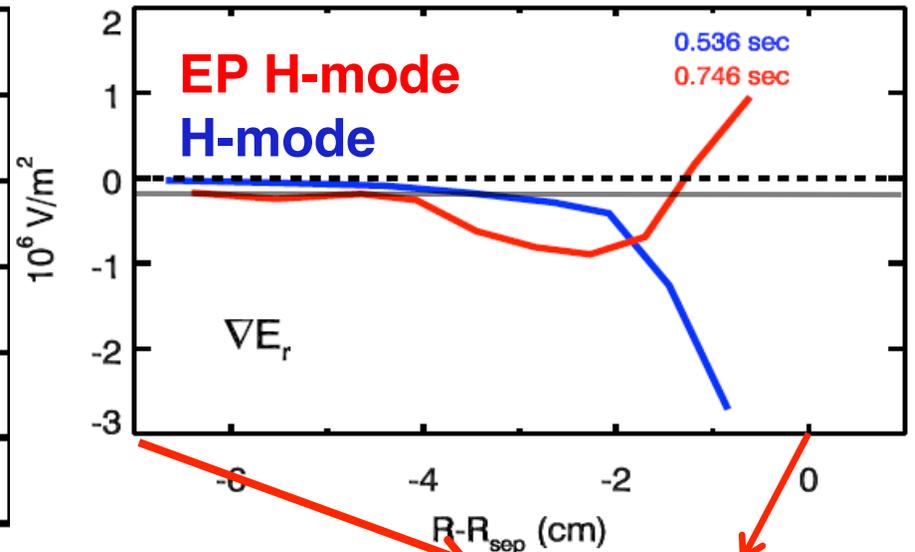
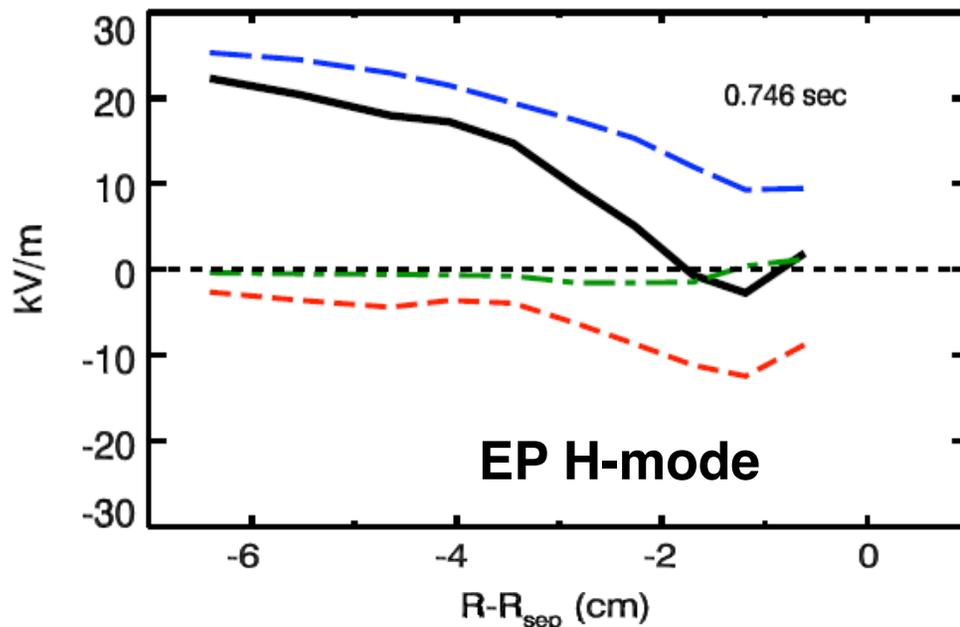
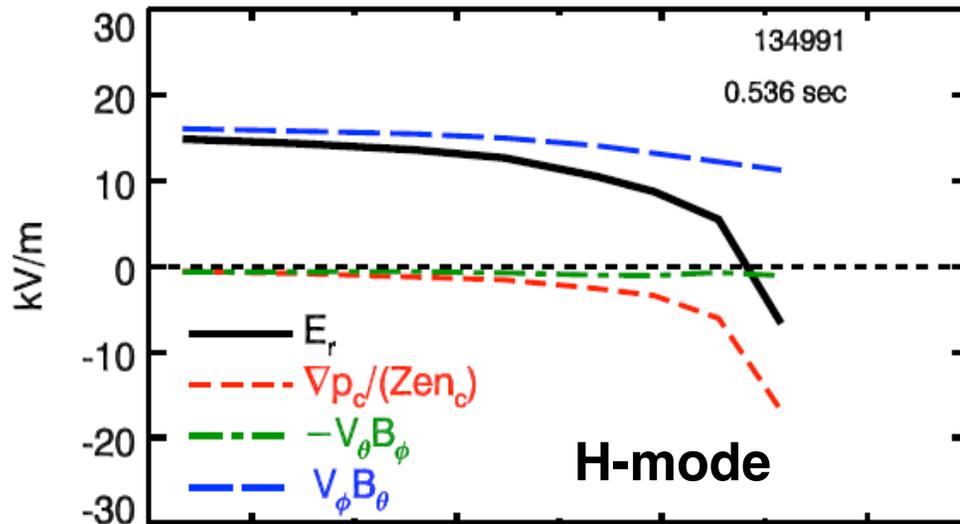
H-mode



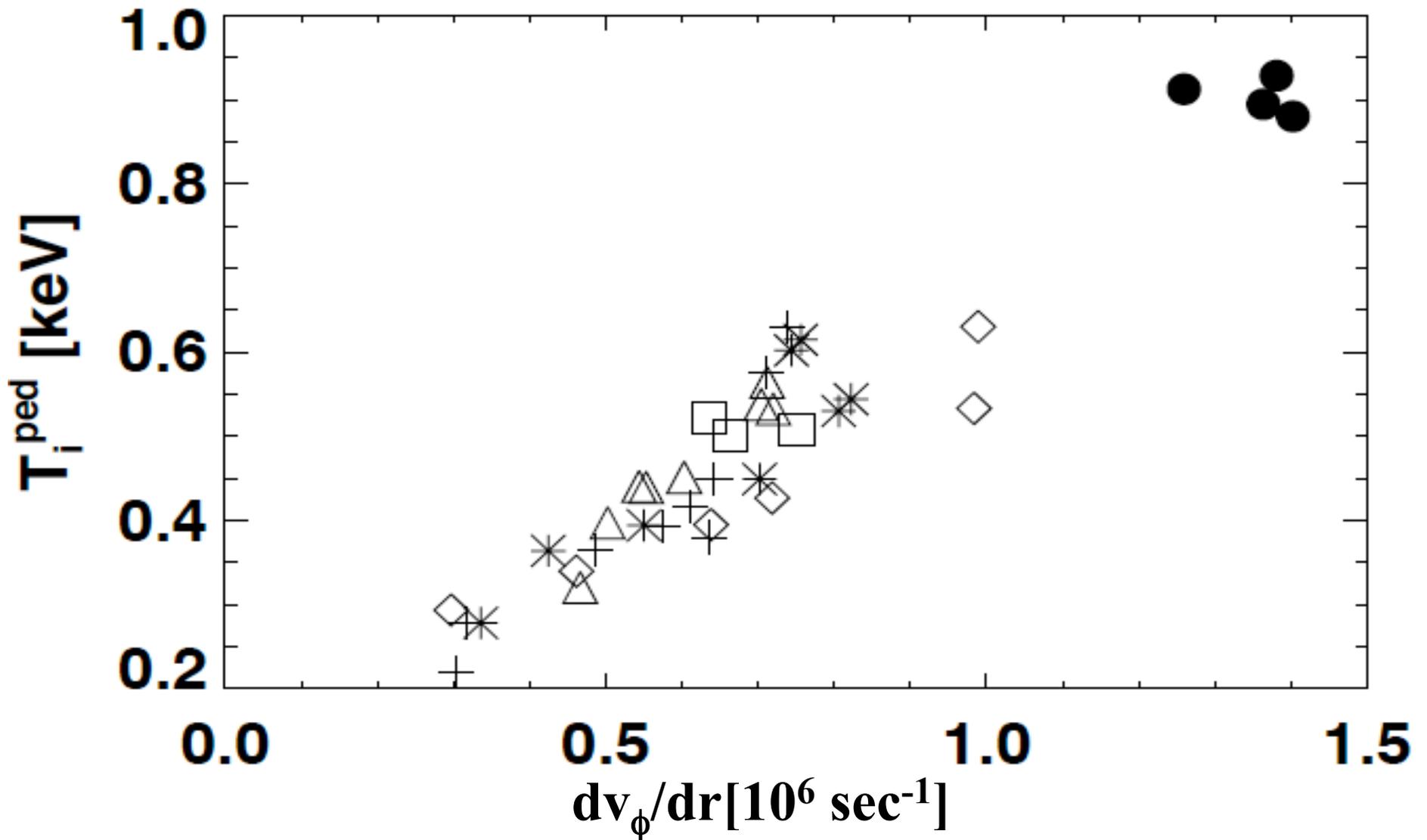
Radial shear in V_ϕ profile correlated with large region of E_r shear during EP H-mode



Radial shear in V_ϕ profile correlated with large region of E_r shear during EP H-mode



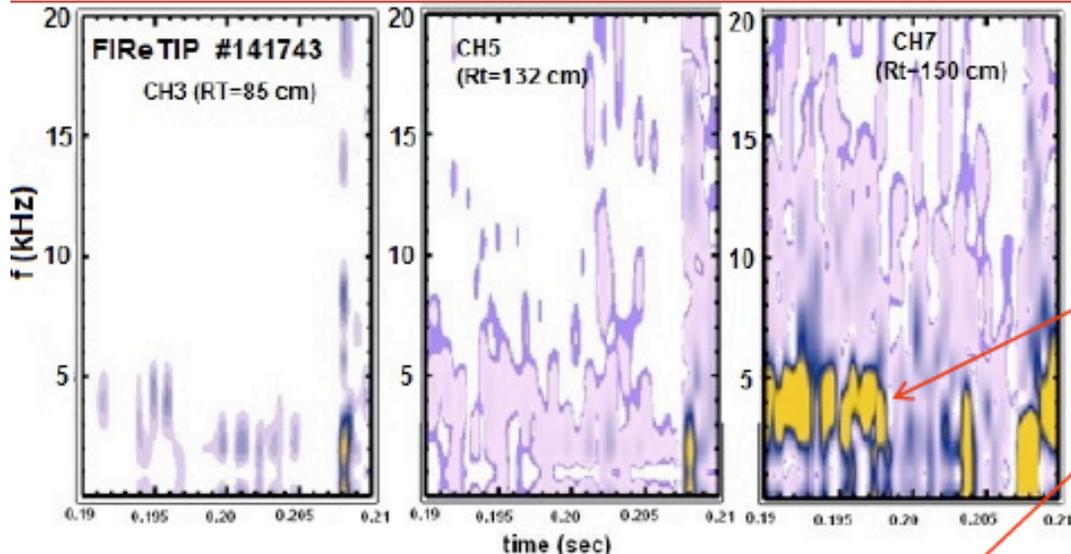
T_i pedestal height correlates with edge toroidal rotation shear



OUTLINE

- Discharge characteristics and profile changes
- Changes to edge turbulence
- Prospect for reliable triggering, extension, and discussion

Turbulence from interferometry drops after EP H-mode transition, similar to drop after L-H transition

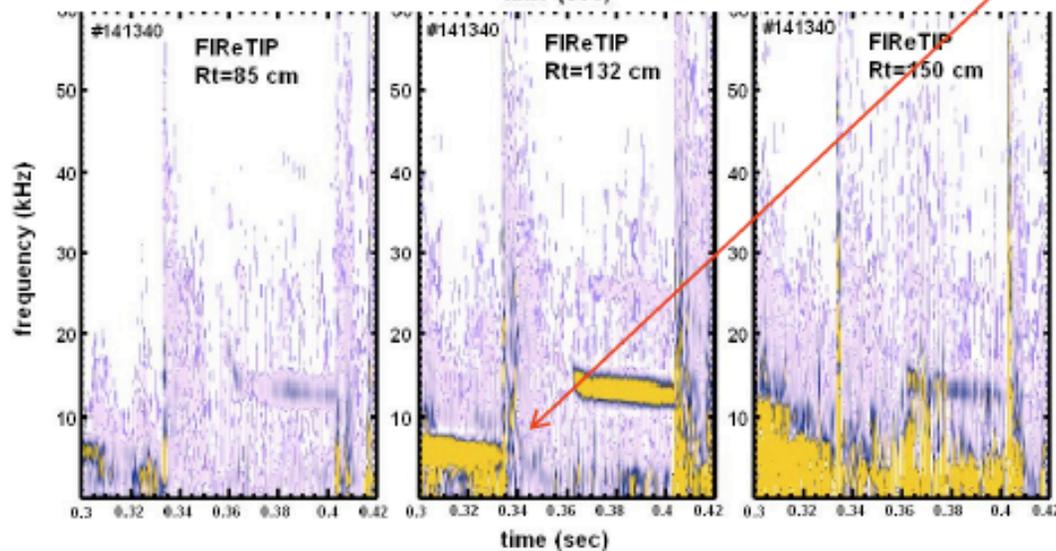


- FIRETIP n_e fluctuation spectrum
- H-mode vs. EPH-mode

• L\H transition

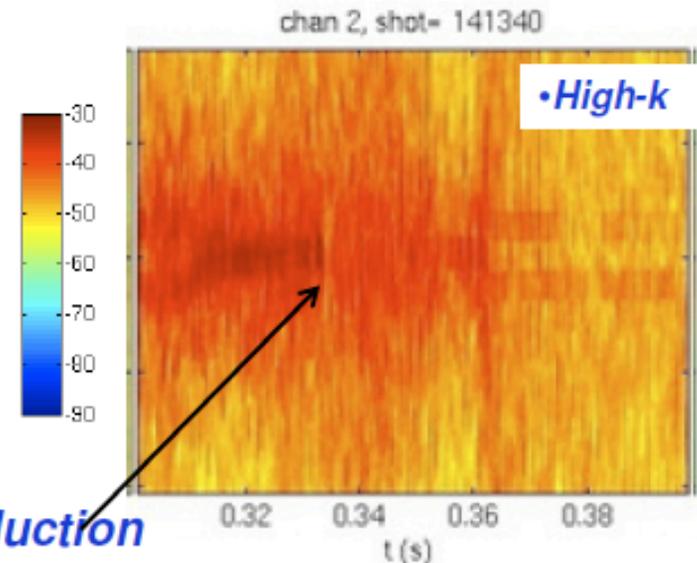
• EPH- mode transition

KCLee, NSTXRF 2011



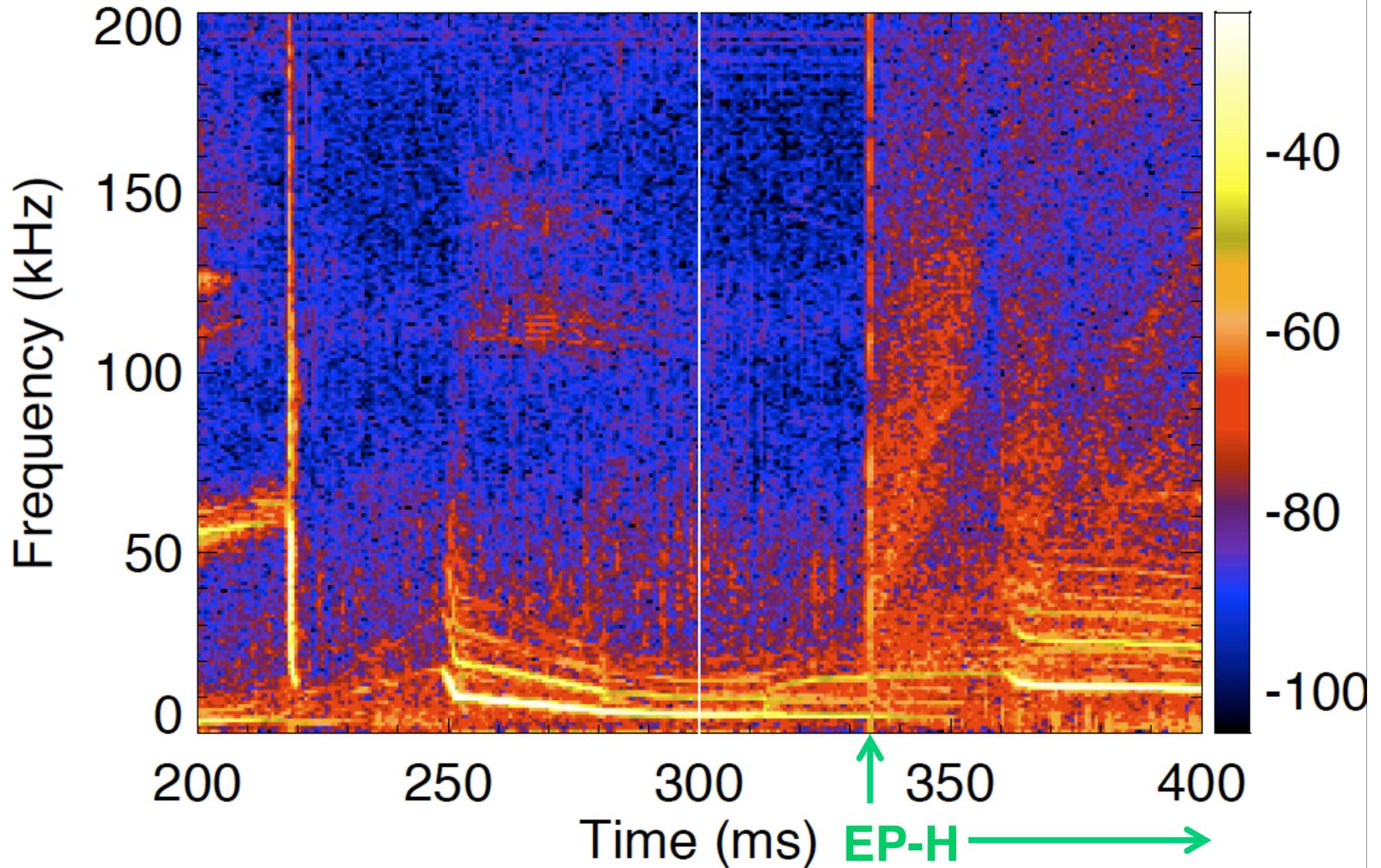
• Intensity : magenta < dark blue < yellow

- both reduced fluctuations
- but at different location



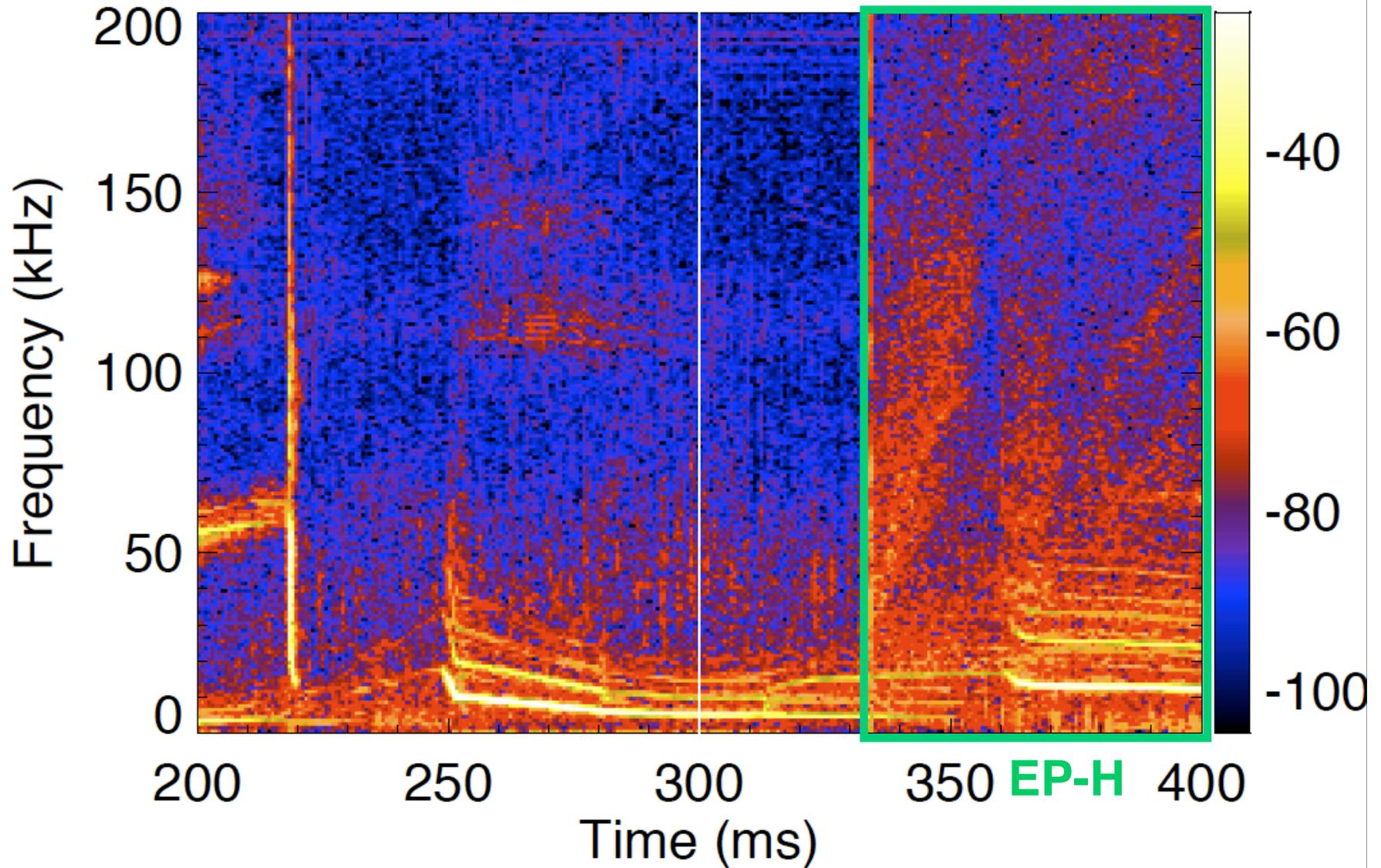
• reduction

Magnetic fluctuations increase after EP H-mode transition - cause dN/dt reduction?



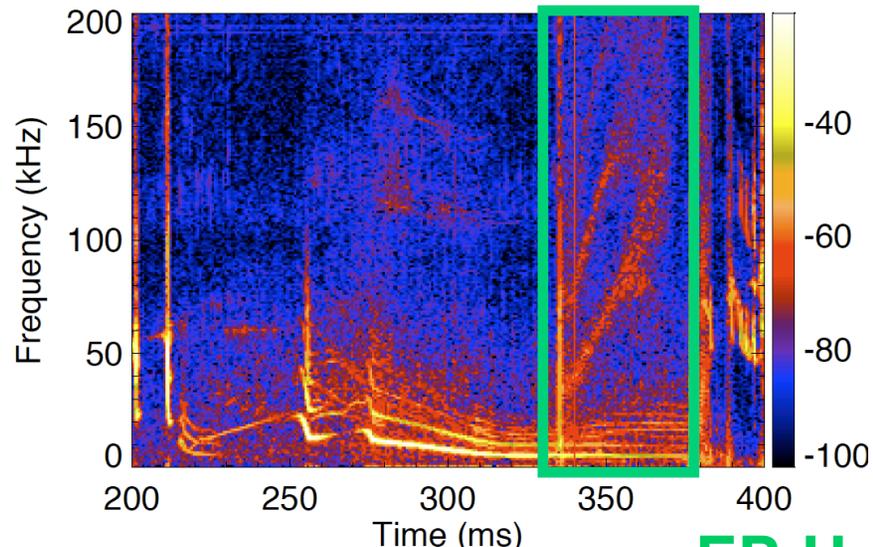
141340 nPts=8192 fres=0.6 kHz tres=1.6 ms

Magnetic fluctuations increase after EP H-mode transition - cause dN/dt reduction?

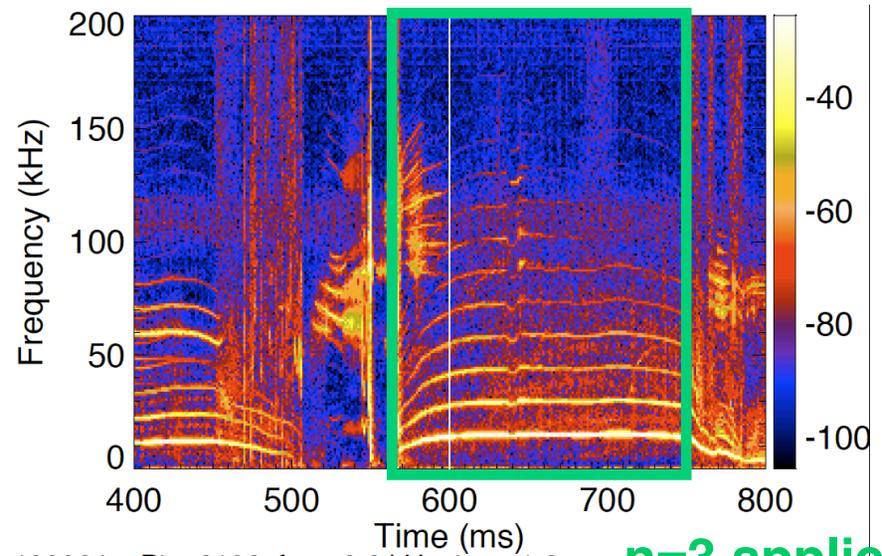
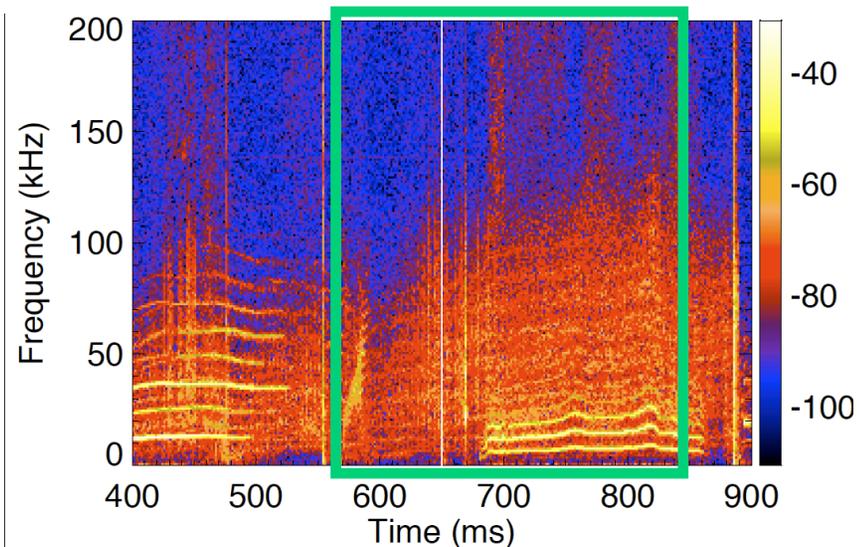
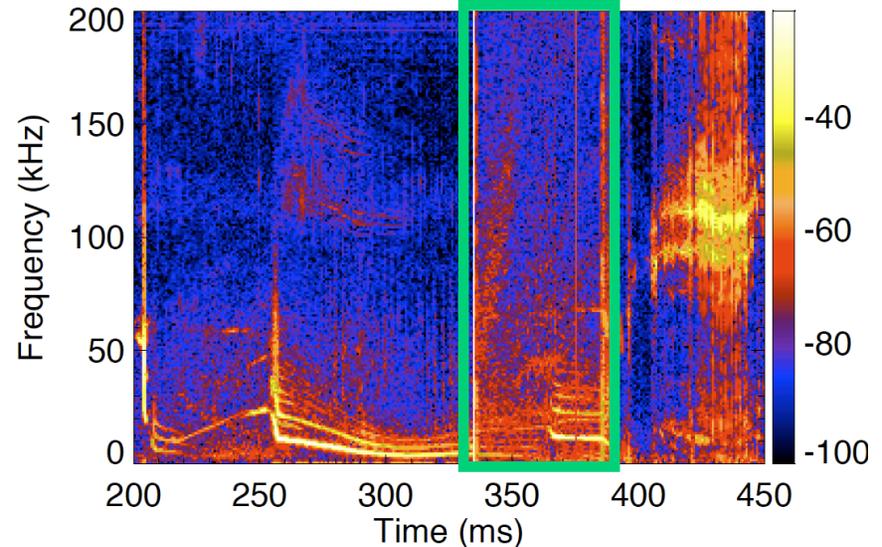


141340 nPts=8192 fres=0.6 kHz tres=1.6 ms

Common feature: magnetic fluctuations increase after EP H-mode transition



EP-H

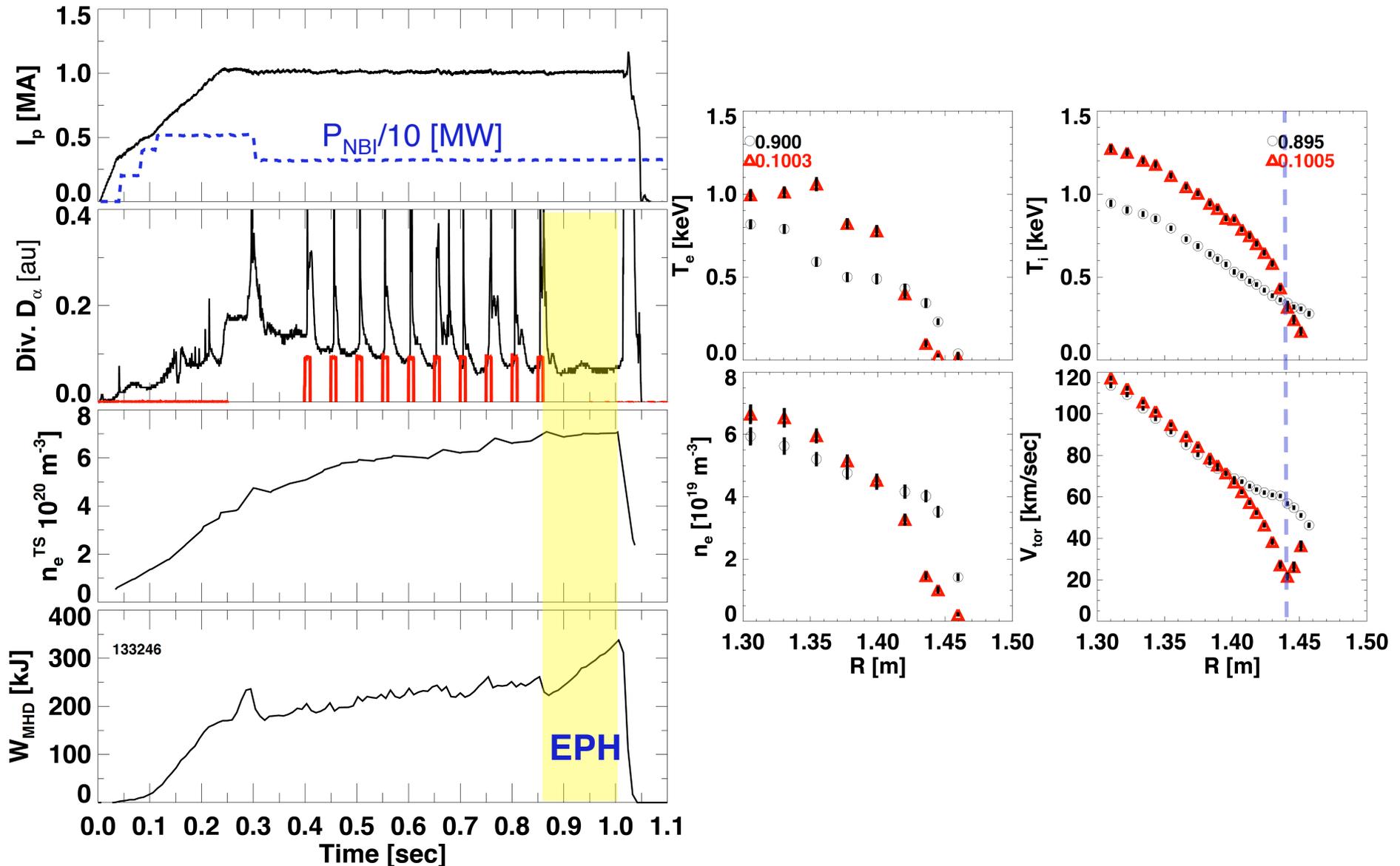


n=3 applied

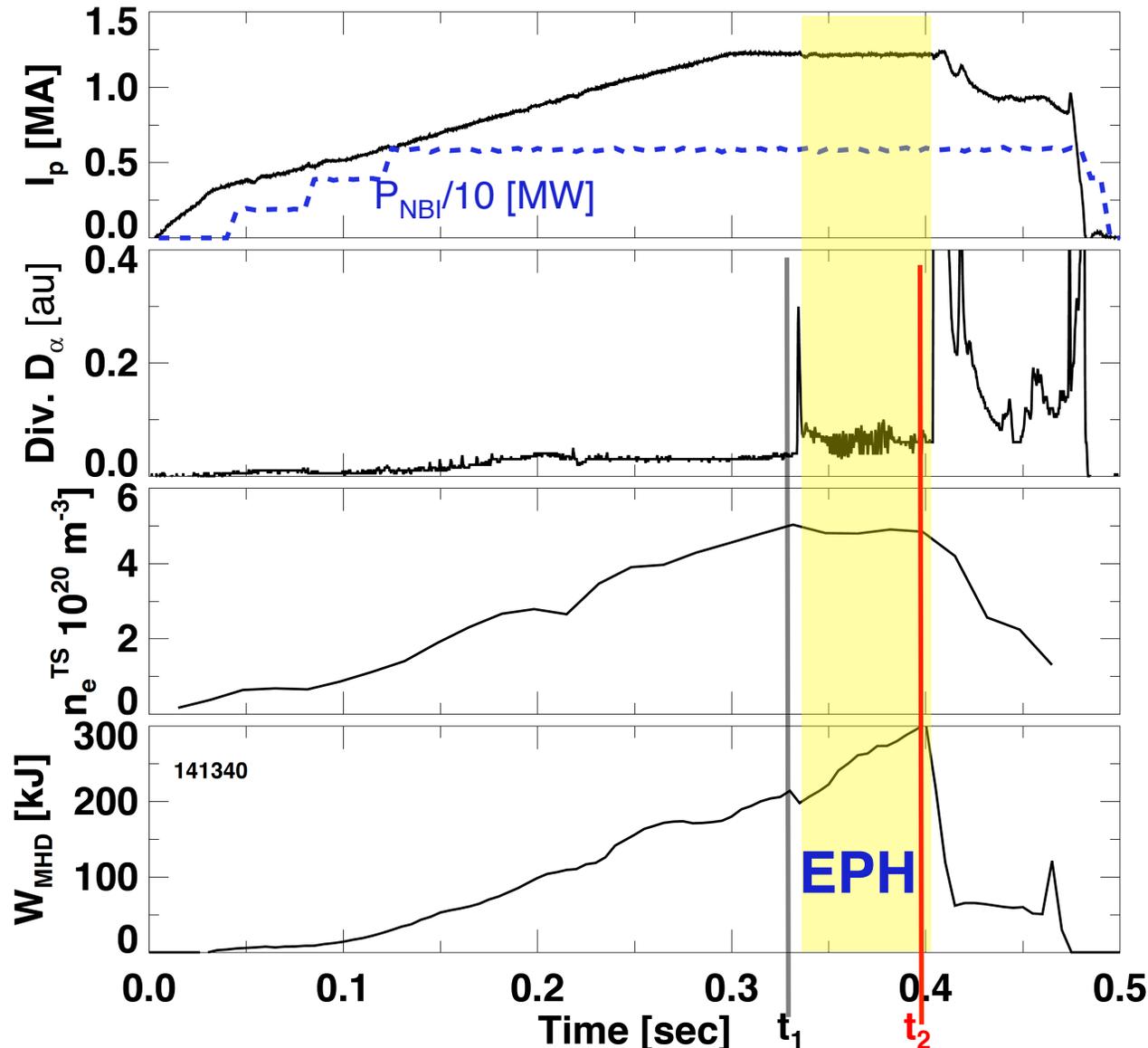
OUTLINE

- Discharge characteristics and profile changes
- Changes to edge turbulence
- Prospect for reliable triggering, extension, and discussion

3D fields used for ELM pace-making can trigger EP H after 3D fields switched off

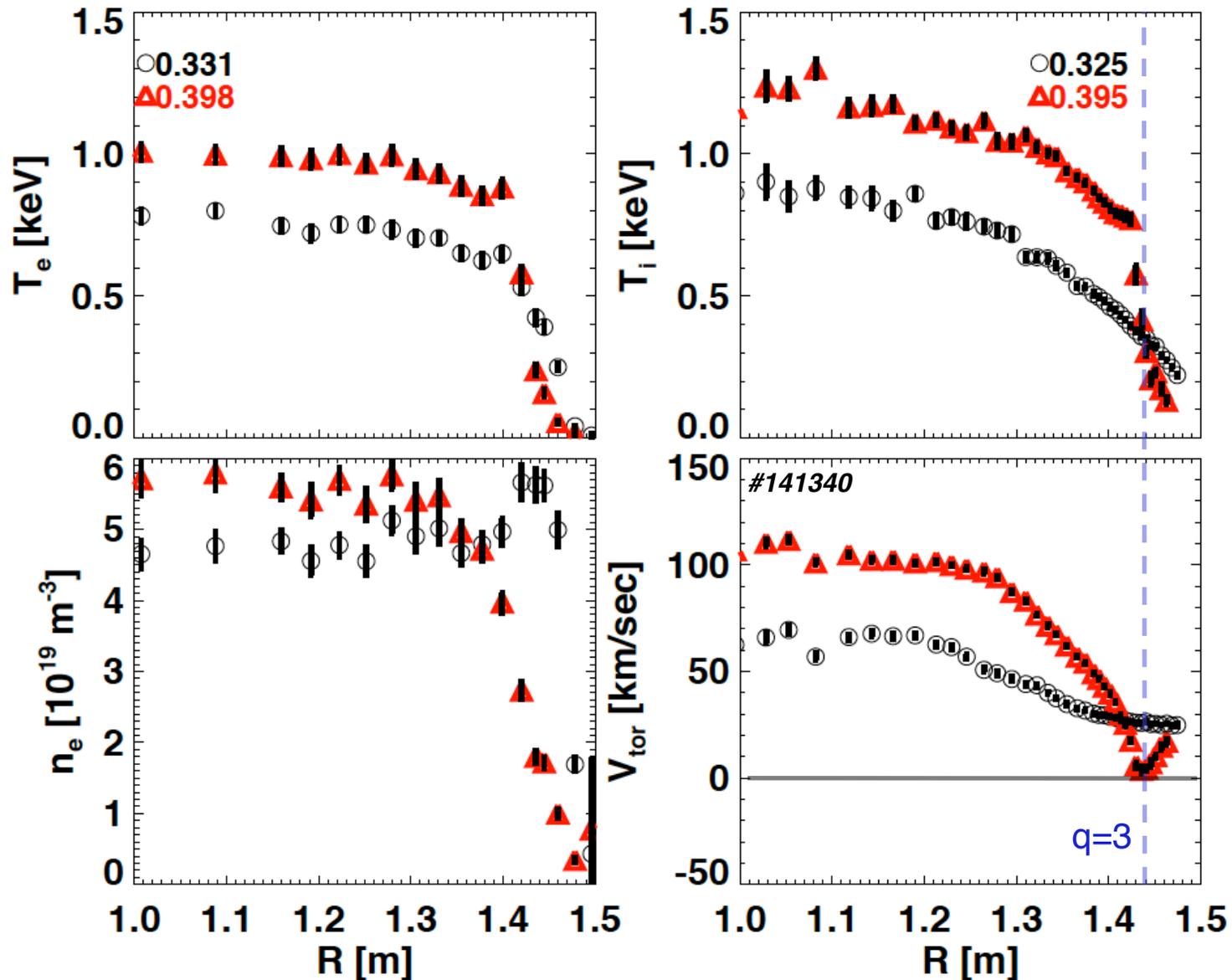


Reproducible access to EP H-modes observed in high I_p discharges, but duration $< \tau_E$

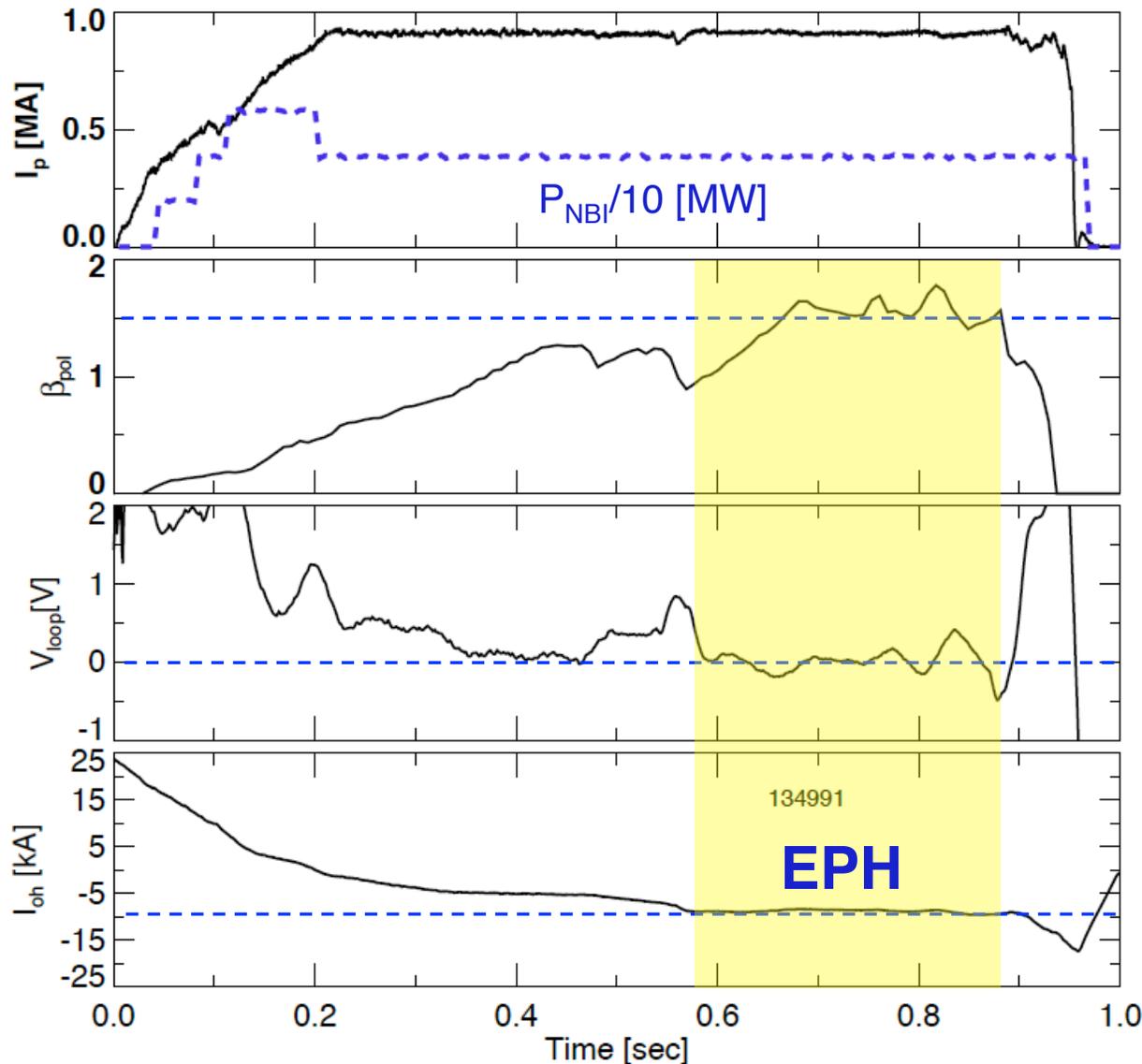


- $I_p = 1.3 \text{ MA}$,
 $P_{\text{NBI}} = 6 \text{ MW}$
- Natural ELM trigger for EPH
- Nearly flat n_e
- Ramping W_{MHD}

EP H-modes with sharp pedestal correlated with v_ϕ locked to zero near $q=3$ surface



High β_{pol} results in high bootstrap and non-inductive fraction ($f_{\text{NI}} \sim 0.65$ from TRANSP)



- $I_p = 0.9$ MA,
 $P_{\text{NBI}} = 3.8$ MW
- $\beta_p \sim 1.5$, very high for 0.9 MA
- Loop voltage low during EPH, due to high bootstrap
- Very little or no flux consumption

Comparisons with other enhanced confinement regimes

- Similarities and differences with VH-mode
 - ✓ Very large spatial region of high $E \times B$ shear
 - ✓ Comparable τ_E enhancement with respect to scalings
 - ✓ Low recycling ELM-free scenario, with relatively low impurity accumulation
 - X EP H-mode triggered by an ELM*
 - X EP H-mode often initiated with localized drag on v_ϕ (often @ $q=3$)*
- Comparison with QH-mode
 - Higher H-factor in EP H-mode
 - Turbulence does increase, but Edge Harmonic Oscillation (EHO) rare
- Comparison with I-mode
 - Both have enhanced thermal confinement but not enhanced particle confinement, and enhanced fluctuations
 - Access different: EP H transitions from H-mode, not L-mode
 - H98 up to 100% higher in EP H-mode

Many outstanding question on EP H-mode

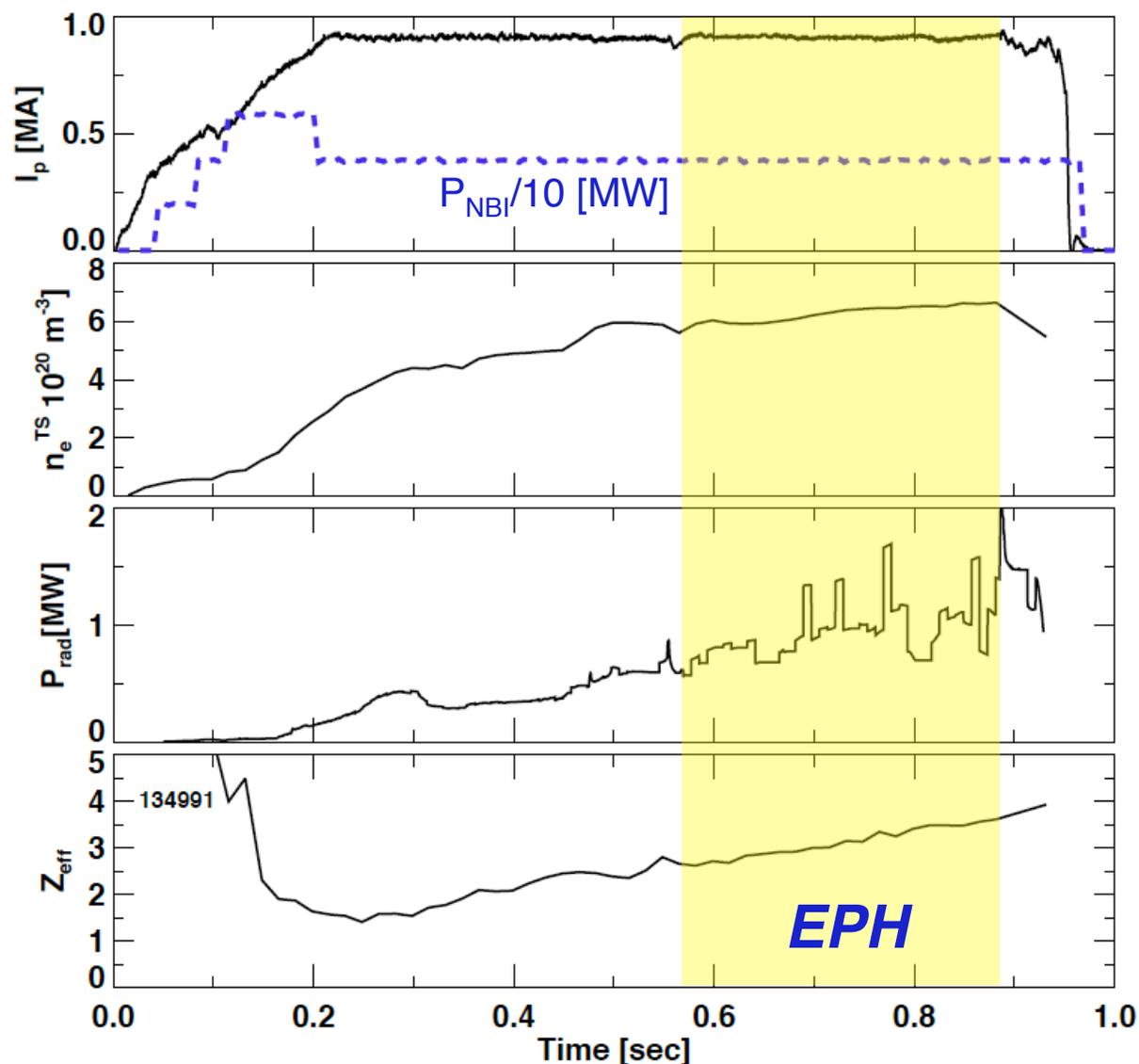
- Where and by how much does the turbulence change?
- Does lithium enable these in some way?
 - EP H is more frequent in past few years with increasing lithium usage
- What is the role of edge resonances?
 - $q=3$ special?
- Is EP H-mode some combination of VH-mode and QH-mode?
 - On occasion, Edge Harmonic Oscillation observed
- What is the limit on achievable ‘pedestal width’?
 - Should we be calling this a pedestal even?
- Does shrinking of the plasma boundary play a role?
- How can we reliably trigger on demand? Can we extend?
 - RMP with proper spectrum? Low q_{95} ?

The EP H-mode has an improved thermal barrier above H-mode, without an enhancement of particle confinement

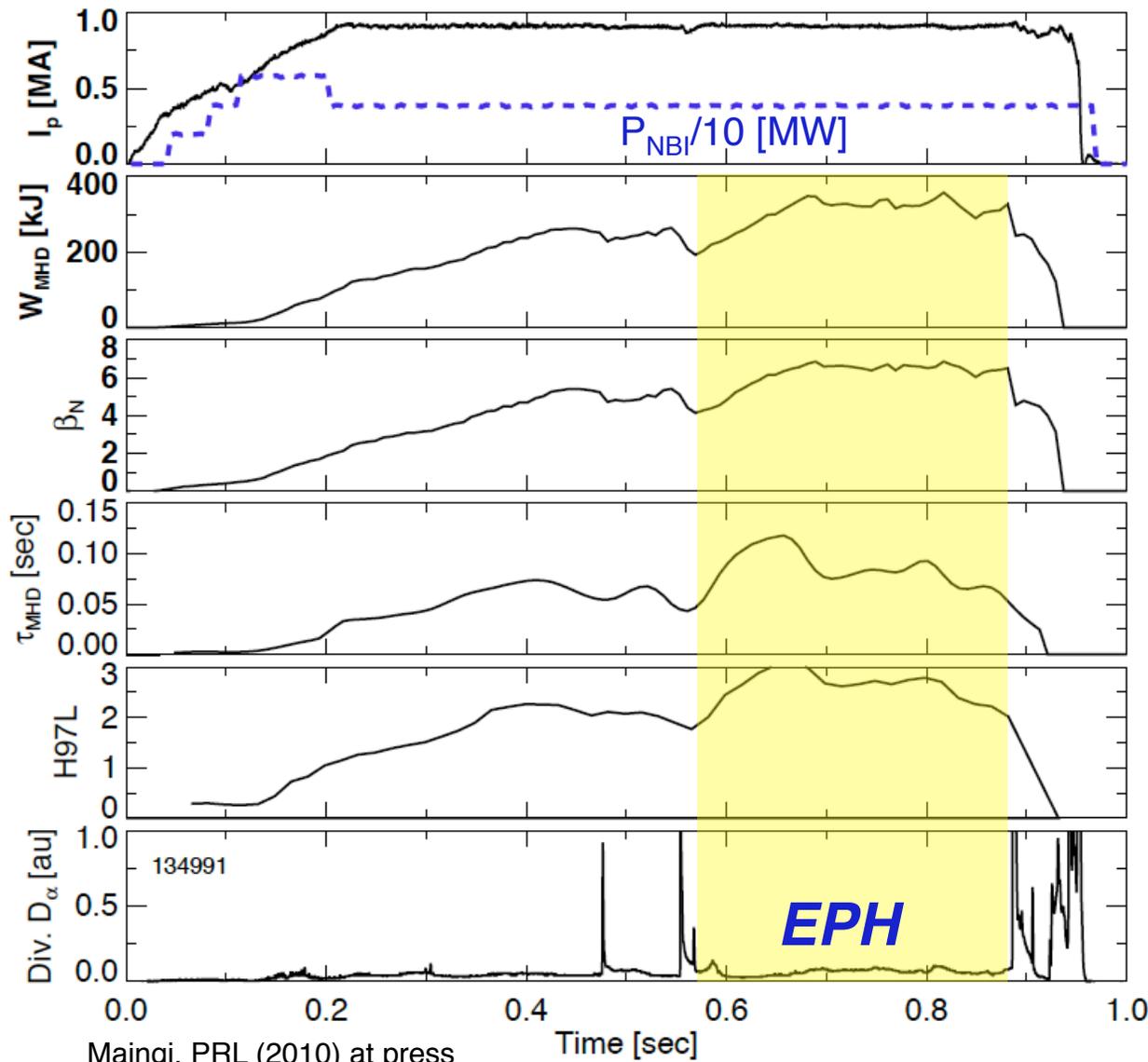
- A second transition to enhanced confinement and high pedestal T_e , $T_i \leq 950$ eV
 - Second transition after large natural or triggered ELM
 - $H_{98y2} \leq 1.7$, in an ELM-free regime
- Common feature: edge v_ϕ develops large gradient due to a large drag, often near the $q=3$ surface
 - Velocity minimum corresponds to center of T_i barrier
 - Large spatial region of high E_r shear
- Low loop voltage, high β_N (due partly to low pressure peaking factor)
 - ✓ *high performance, long pulse candidate (β_N feedback)*

Backup

Long pulse EPH – density still evolving slowly, Z_{eff} rising, but P_{rad} seems reasonable

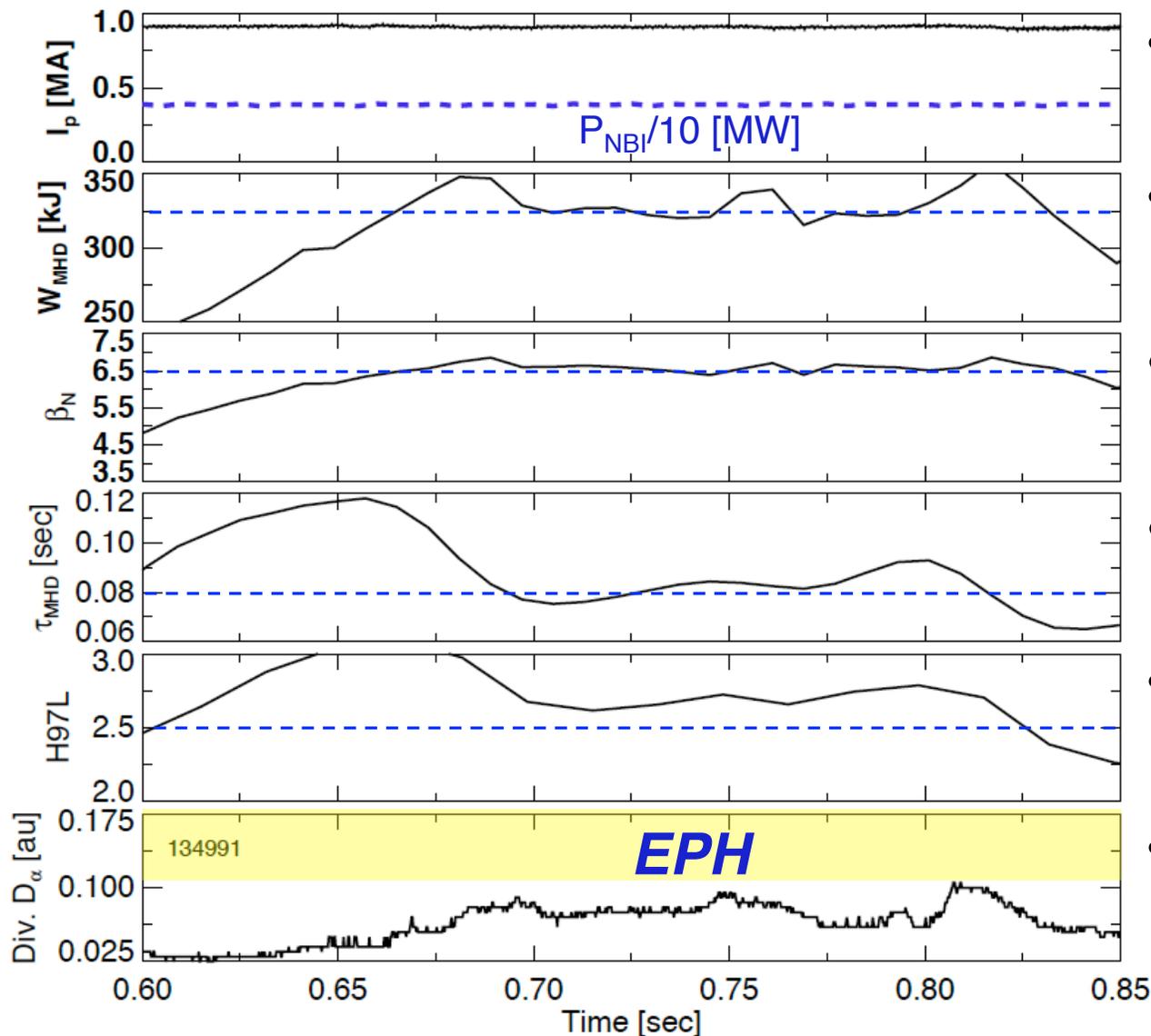


EPH-mode phases up to several hundred msec observed recently (more common with lithium?)



- $I_p = 0.9$ MA,
 $P_{\text{NBI}} = 3.8$ MW
- $W_{\text{MHD}} \leq 350$ kJ
- $\beta_N > 6.5$
- $\tau_E \geq 80$ msec for
225 msec
- $H_{97L} \leq 3$
- Natural ELM
trigger for EPH
- Not sure of termination
event

High β_N phase maintained for $2 \tau_E$



- $I_p = 0.9$ MA,
 $P_{\text{NBI}} = 3.8$ MW
- $W_{\text{MHD}} \simeq 325$ kJ
- $\beta_N \sim 6.5$
- $\tau_E \geq 80$ msec for
225 msec
- $H_{97L} \geq 2.5$
- EPH phase is
ELM-free

EP H-mode phases may occur naturally in recovery period following 3-D fields applied for ELM triggers

